1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1

Image

1	0	-1
1	0	-1
1	0	-1

Vertical Edge Filter

0	0	0
1	1	1
-1	-1	-1

Horizontal Edge Filter

1	1 0	1 -	111	0 0	0	-1 <sub>1</sub>	1 1	0 1	-1			
1	1 0	1 -	111	0 0	0	<sup>-1</sup> 1	1 1	0 1	-1			
1	1 0	1 _	11	0 0	0	<u>-1</u> 1	1 1	0 1	-1			
1	0 0	0 -1	0	0 0	0	0	0	0		1	0	-1
1	0 0	0 -1	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	-	1	0	-1
1	1 0	1 -1	1 1	0 0	0	1	1	1	1 1	<u>1</u>	U	-1
1	1 0	1 _	111	0 0	Û	1	1	101	<u> </u>			
1	1 0	1 _	1 1	0 0	0	-11	1	01	-1			

Image with Vertical Edge Filter

1	0	<u>-1</u>	0	0	<mark>-1</mark>	1	0
1	0	<u>-1</u>	0	0	<mark>-1</mark>	1	0
1	0	<u>-1</u>	0	0	<mark>-1</mark>	1	0
0	0	0	0	O	0	0	0
O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	<b>-1</b>	0	O	<mark>-1</mark>	1	0
1	0	<u>-1</u>	0	0	<mark>-1</mark>	1	0
1	0	<u>-1</u>	0	0	<mark>-1</mark>	1	0

**Output Image** 

$$0 + (-3) + 3 = 0$$
  
 $0 + (-1) + 1 = 0$   
 $0 + (-2) + 2 = 0$   
Total = 0

I applied a 3×3 vertical edge detection filter and performed a convolution operation, multiplying and summing values at each step. Each row summed to 0, meaning this specific region of the image does not show a strong vertical edge, resulting in an output pixel of 0 (no change).

0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 1	1 1	0	0	0
1 1 1 1 1 1	1 0 1 0	1 1	1 1	1	1	1
-1 1 -1 1 -1 1	-10 -10	<b>-1</b> 1	1 1	-1	-1	-1
0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0			
0 1 0 1 0	1 0 1 0	1 0 1	0 1 0 1			
0 1 0 1 0 1	-10 -10	-1_1 -1	1 -11 -	1		
1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0	0 1 0	1 0 1 0			
-1 1 -1 1 -1 1	0 1 0	1 1 1	1 1 1			
	-1  -1	<del>-1</del>   -1	-1 -	1		

Image with Horizontal Edge Filter

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
<mark>-1</mark>	<mark>-1</mark>	<mark>-1</mark>	0	0	-1	<mark>-1</mark>	<mark>-1</mark>
O	O	O	0	0	O	0	0
0	O	O	0	0	O	0	0
<mark>-1</mark>	<b>-1</b>	<mark>-1</mark>	0	0	<mark>-1</mark>	<u>-1</u>	<mark>-1</mark>
0	0	0	0	0	O	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1

Output Image

$$0 + 0 + 0 = 0$$
  
 $(-3) + (-1) + (-1) = -6$   
 $3 + 1 + 2 = 6$   
Total = 0

I applied a 3×3 horizontal edge detection filter and performed a convolution operation, multiplying and summing values at each step. The first row summed to 0, meaning there is no change at the top. The second row summed to -6, indicating a strong negative response, which suggests a dark region in the middle. The third row summed to 6, indicating a strong positive response, which suggests a bright region at the bottom. Since the final output is 0, it means the changes are balanced, leading to cancellation when summed. The image doesn't contain a strong horizontal edge.