# Computing Oak Divergence Using MUMMER Alignments

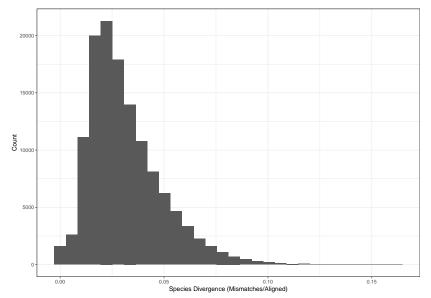
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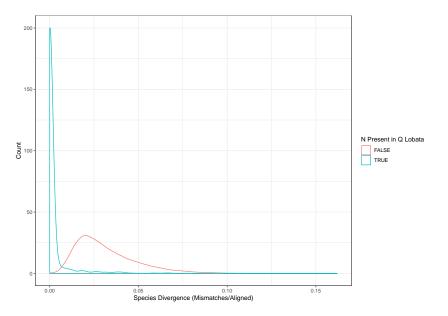
### Processing of Data

- Used .coords file and Sorel's "chromosome name to scaffold and orientation table" to convert 2017 Q Lobata alignment coordinates to 2018 Q Lobata alignment coordinates
- 2. Removed all alignments that weren't on chromosomes
- Used remaining alignment coordinates to extract nucleotide sequences from Q Robur and Q Lobata
- 4. Nucleotide sequences were differing lengths because of indels, so globally aligned sequence pairs using NW algorithm. Insertions were indicated with "\_". Now Sequences are the same length and have 1-1 alignment.
- 5. Currently 128,513 Alignment pairs out of 129,162 finished computing (99.5%). 30 Pairs were too large for NW align.

## There's some variability of divergence across alignment coordinates



#### I think runs of N's contribute to this



Aligned N's Count as matches. Only last 6 bases are nucleotides.

## NNNCAAATCT

### Divergence Estimates by N

Total Divergence for everything: 0.0275034

Table 1: Table continues below

NPresent	Divergence	Alignments	${\sf TotalLength}$	NumberOfMatches
FALSE	0.02758	126917	498540988	484790888
TRUE	0.002726	1596	1554477	1550239

 $\frac{\text{NumberOfMismatches}}{13750100} \\ 4238$ 

#### Next Steps

- 1. Remove Repeats, SNPs near Runs of Ns, and CDS.
- Sorel also has GATK called variants where Q Robur and Q Lobata were aligned to a reference genome. I think Computing divergence for this should be easier because scripts exist.