Package 'pingers'

August 21, 2018

Type Package

Title Identify, Ping, and Log ISP Connection Data
Description The goal of pingers is to assist you with troubleshooting ISP connection issues and assist isolating packet loss. It does this by allowing you to retrieve the top traceroute destinations your ISP uses, and recursively ping each server a seres of time capturing the results. Each iteration it goes and queries the destinations again, before shuffling the sequence to ensure the analysis is unbiased and consistent across each trace route.
Version 0.1.0
Maintainer Jesse Vent <cryptopackage@icloud.com></cryptopackage@icloud.com>
<pre>URL https://github.com/JesseVent/pinger</pre>
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/JesseVent/pinger/issues</pre>
Depends R (>= 3.4.0)
License MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
Imports dplyr, stringr, tibble, tictoc, tidyselect, data.table
RoxygenNote 6.1.0
NeedsCompilation no
Author Jesse Vent [aut, cre]
R topics documented:
capture_logs
Index

2 get_destinations

capture_logs	Capture ISP network logs

Description

Repeat capturing network logs with parameters you specify from ping_capture and get_destinations. This will output a csv file with your ping results displaying packet loss and average ping across the defined periods.

Usage

```
capture_logs(destinations = 9, pings = 50, log_path = NULL,
    sleep = NULL)
```

Arguments

destinations Retrieve the first n addresses in your ISP destinations

pings Number of times to ping server

log_path Optional: The path and filename to save the result set sleep Optional: Seconds to sleep for throughout iterations

Value

csv file with captured network log information

Note

If the log_path parameter is not provided, it will default to saving a csv file in the current working directory called network_logs.csv prefixed with the current timestamp in the format '

Examples

```
## Not run:
capture_logs(destinations = 3, pings = 10, log_path = log, sleep = 20)
## End(Not run)
```

get_destinations
Get ISP destinations

Description

Traceroute google and grab the top n servers to assist isolating issues with individual nodes for your ISP.

Usage

```
get_destinations(keyword = NULL, top_n = NULL)
```

ping_capture 3

Arguments

keyword Keyword to search for i.e. 'AAT' top_n Retrieve the first n addresses

Value

dataframe with server and IP range

Examples

```
{
dest <- get_destinations(top_n = 1)
}</pre>
```

ping_capture

Ping Server

Description

Ping a server to capture response details

Usage

```
ping_capture(server, count)
```

Arguments

server IP address or URL of server count Number of times to ping server

Value

dataframe with ping results

Examples

```
{
dest <- get_destinations(top_n = 1)
ping_res <- ping_capture(dest$ip[1], 1)
}</pre>
```

4 shuffle

shuffle

Shuffle dataframe rows randomely

Description

Randomly reorder the rows of a dataframe

Usage

```
shuffle(data)
```

Arguments

data

dataframe to shuffle

Value

reordered dataframe

Examples

```
{
  ordered_df <- tibble::tibble(V1=1:26,V2=letters)
  shuffled_df <- shuffle(ordered_df)
}</pre>
```

Index

```
capture_logs, 2
get_destinations, 2, 2
ping_capture, 2, 3
shuffle, 4
```