Bike-sharing Case Study

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#Setting up my environment #Setting up my R environment by loading: tidyverse, ggplot2, dplyr, skimr, janitor, here

```
install.packages("tidyverse")
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
install.packages("ggplot2")
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
install.packages("dplyr")
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
install.packages("skimr")
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
install.packages("janitor")
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
install.packages("here")
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
install.packages("rmarkdown")
## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr 1.1.4 v readr 2.1.5
## v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr 1.5.1
## v ggplot2 3.4.4 v tibble 3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.3
                    v tidyr
                                 1.3.0
             1.0.2
## v purrr
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
```

```
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(skimr)
library(janitor)
##
## Attaching package: 'janitor'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       chisq.test, fisher.test
library(here)
## here() starts at /cloud/project
library(conflicted)
#STEP I: DATA COLLECTION #Step1: Data Collection
q1_2019<- read_csv("Divvy_Trips_2019_Q1.csv")
## Rows: 365069 Columns: 12
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (4): from_station_name, to_station_name, usertype, gender
## dbl (5): trip_id, bikeid, from_station_id, to_station_id, birthyear
## num (1): tripduration
## dttm (2): start_time, end_time
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
head(q1_2019)
## # A tibble: 6 x 12
##
     trip_id start_time
                                  end_time
                                                      bikeid tripduration
##
        <dbl> <dttm>
                                  <dttm>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                                    <dbl>
## 1 21742443 2019-01-01 00:04:37 2019-01-01 00:11:07 2167
                                                                       390
## 2 21742444 2019-01-01 00:08:13 2019-01-01 00:15:34 4386
                                                                      441
## 3 21742445 2019-01-01 00:13:23 2019-01-01 00:27:12 1524
                                                                       829
## 4 21742446 2019-01-01 00:13:45 2019-01-01 00:43:28
                                                         252
                                                                      1783
                                                       1170
## 5 21742447 2019-01-01 00:14:52 2019-01-01 00:20:56
                                                                       364
## 6 21742448 2019-01-01 00:15:33 2019-01-01 00:19:09 2437
                                                                       216
## # i 7 more variables: from_station_id <dbl>, from_station_name <chr>,
      to_station_id <dbl>, to_station_name <chr>, usertype <chr>, gender <chr>,
      birthyear <dbl>
q1_2020<- read_csv("Divvy_Trips_2020_Q1.csv")
## Rows: 426887 Columns: 13
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (5): ride_id, rideable_type, start_station_name, end_station_name, memb...
## dbl (6): start_station_id, end_station_id, start_lat, start_lng, end_lat, e...
```

```
## dttm (2): started_at, ended_at
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
head(q1_2020)
## # A tibble: 6 x 13
##
     ride_id
                      rideable_type started_at
                                                         ended at
##
     <chr>>
                                                         <dttm>
                      <chr>>
                                    <dttm>
## 1 EACB19130B0CDA4A docked bike
                                    2020-01-21 20:06:59 2020-01-21 20:14:30
                                    2020-01-30 14:22:39 2020-01-30 14:26:22
## 2 8FED874C809DC021 docked_bike
## 3 789F3C21E472CA96 docked bike
                                    2020-01-09 19:29:26 2020-01-09 19:32:17
                                    2020-01-06 16:17:07 2020-01-06 16:25:56
## 4 C9A388DAC6ABF313 docked_bike
## 5 943BC3CBECCFD662 docked_bike
                                    2020-01-30 08:37:16 2020-01-30 08:42:48
## 6 6D9C8A6938165C11 docked_bike
                                    2020-01-10 12:33:05 2020-01-10 12:37:54
## # i 9 more variables: start_station_name <chr>, start_station_id <dbl>,
       end_station_name <chr>, end_station_id <dbl>, start_lat <dbl>,
       start_lng <dbl>, end_lat <dbl>, end_lng <dbl>, member_casual <chr>
#Step2: comparing column names
colnames (q1_2019)
   [1] "trip_id"
                             "start_time"
                                                 "end_time"
##
##
   [4] "bikeid"
                             "tripduration"
                                                 "from_station_id"
  [7] "from_station_name" "to_station_id"
                                                 "to_station_name"
## [10] "usertype"
                             "gender"
                                                 "birthyear"
colnames (q1_2020)
   [1] "ride_id"
##
                              "rideable_type"
                                                   "started_at"
##
   [4] "ended_at"
                             "start_station_name" "start_station_id"
  [7] "end_station_name"
                              "end_station_id"
                                                   "start lat"
## [10] "start lng"
                              "end lat"
                                                   "end lng"
## [13] "member_casual"
#STEP II: WRANGLE DATA & COMBINE INTO A SINGLE FILE #Step1: Wrangling data & combine
into a single file #After comparing column names, we need to make them consistent (rename to make them
consistent)
q1_2019<-rename(q1_2019, ride_id= trip_id,
                 rideable type= bikeid,
                 started_at= start_time,
                 ended_at= end_time,
                 start_station_name=from_station_name,
                 start_station_id=from_station_id,
                 end_station_name= to_station_name,
                 end_station_id= to_station_id,
                 member_casual= usertype
q1_2019
## # A tibble: 365,069 x 12
                                                        rideable_type tripduration
##
       ride_id started_at
                                    ended_at
         <dbl> <dttm>
                                                                <dbl>
                                                                              <dbl>
## 1 21742443 2019-01-01 00:04:37 2019-01-01 00:11:07
                                                                                390
                                                                 2167
## 2 21742444 2019-01-01 00:08:13 2019-01-01 00:15:34
                                                                 4386
                                                                                441
```

```
## 3 21742445 2019-01-01 00:13:23 2019-01-01 00:27:12
                                                                1524
                                                                              829
## 4 21742446 2019-01-01 00:13:45 2019-01-01 00:43:28
                                                                 252
                                                                             1783
## 5 21742447 2019-01-01 00:14:52 2019-01-01 00:20:56
                                                                1170
                                                                              364
## 6 21742448 2019-01-01 00:15:33 2019-01-01 00:19:09
                                                                2437
                                                                              216
   7 21742449 2019-01-01 00:16:06 2019-01-01 00:19:03
                                                                2708
                                                                              177
## 8 21742450 2019-01-01 00:18:41 2019-01-01 00:20:21
                                                                2796
                                                                              100
## 9 21742451 2019-01-01 00:18:43 2019-01-01 00:47:30
                                                                6205
                                                                             1727
## 10 21742452 2019-01-01 00:19:18 2019-01-01 00:24:54
                                                                3939
                                                                              336
## # i 365,059 more rows
## # i 7 more variables: start_station_id <dbl>, start_station_name <chr>,
      end_station_id <dbl>, end_station_name <chr>, member_casual <chr>,
       gender <chr>, birthyear <dbl>
#Step2: Inspecting the dataframes and checks for incongruencies
str(q1_2019)
## spc_tbl_ [365,069 x 12] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ ride_id
                       : num [1:365069] 21742443 21742444 21742445 21742446 21742447 ...
                       : POSIXct[1:365069], format: "2019-01-01 00:04:37" "2019-01-01 00:08:13" ...
## $ started_at
## $ ended_at
                       : POSIXct[1:365069], format: "2019-01-01 00:11:07" "2019-01-01 00:15:34" ...
                       : num [1:365069] 2167 4386 1524 252 1170 ...
## $ rideable_type
                       : num [1:365069] 390 441 829 1783 364 ...
## $ tripduration
## $ start_station_id : num [1:365069] 199 44 15 123 173 98 98 211 150 268 ...
## $ start station name: chr [1:365069] "Wabash Ave & Grand Ave" "State St & Randolph St" "Racine Ave
                       : num [1:365069] 84 624 644 176 35 49 49 142 148 141 ...
## $ end_station_id
   $ end_station_name : chr [1:365069] "Milwaukee Ave & Grand Ave" "Dearborn St & Van Buren St (*)" "
##
                       : chr [1:365069] "Subscriber" "Subscriber" "Subscriber" "Subscriber" ...
## $ member casual
                        : chr [1:365069] "Male" "Female" "Female" "Male" ...
## $ gender
                        : num [1:365069] 1989 1990 1994 1993 1994 ...
##
   $ birthyear
##
   - attr(*, "spec")=
##
     .. cols(
##
         trip_id = col_double(),
##
         start_time = col_datetime(format = ""),
     . .
##
         end_time = col_datetime(format = ""),
##
         bikeid = col_double(),
##
         tripduration = col_number(),
##
         from_station_id = col_double(),
##
         from_station_name = col_character(),
##
        to_station_id = col_double(),
     . .
##
         to_station_name = col_character(),
##
         usertype = col_character(),
     . .
##
          gender = col_character(),
         birthyear = col_double()
##
     . .
##
   - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
str(q1 2020)
## spc_tbl_ [426,887 x 13] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
                       : chr [1:426887] "EACB19130B0CDA4A" "8FED874C809DC021" "789F3C21E472CA96" "C9A3
## $ ride_id
                       : chr [1:426887] "docked_bike" "docked_bike" "docked_bike" ...
## $ rideable_type
                       : POSIXct[1:426887], format: "2020-01-21 20:06:59" "2020-01-30 14:22:39" ...
## $ started_at
                       : POSIXct[1:426887], format: "2020-01-21 20:14:30" "2020-01-30 14:26:22" ...
## $ start_station_name: chr [1:426887] "Western Ave & Leland Ave" "Clark St & Montrose Ave" "Broadway
```

\$ start_station_id : num [1:426887] 239 234 296 51 66 212 96 96 212 38 ...

```
## $ end_station_name : chr [1:426887] "Clark St & Leland Ave" "Southport Ave & Irving Park Rd" "Wilt
## $ end_station_id : num [1:426887] 326 318 117 24 212 96 212 212 96 100 ...
## $ start lat
                        : num [1:426887] 42 42 41.9 41.9 41.9 ...
                        : num [1:426887] -87.7 -87.7 -87.6 -87.6 -87.6 ...
## $ start_lng
## $ end_lat
                        : num [1:426887] 42 42 41.9 41.9 41.9 ...
## $ end lng
                        : num [1:426887] -87.7 -87.7 -87.6 -87.6 ...
                        : chr [1:426887] "member" "member" "member" "member" ...
## $ member casual
   - attr(*, "spec")=
##
     .. cols(
##
##
          ride_id = col_character(),
##
         rideable_type = col_character(),
##
         started_at = col_datetime(format = ""),
##
         ended_at = col_datetime(format = ""),
     . .
##
       start_station_name = col_character(),
##
         start_station_id = col_double(),
##
         end_station_name = col_character(),
     . .
##
         end_station_id = col_double(),
##
       start_lat = col_double(),
     . .
        start_lng = col_double(),
##
##
     . .
         end_lat = col_double(),
##
          end_lng = col_double(),
##
          member_casual = col_character()
     . .
     ..)
##
   - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
#Step3: Convert ride_id and rideable_type to character, so they can stack correctly
q1 2019 - mutate(q1 2019, ride id= as.character(ride id),
                 rideable_type= as.character(rideable_type))
#Step4: Stack individual quarters data frames into one big #data frames
all_trips <- bind_rows(q1_2019, q1_2020)
head(all_trips)
## # A tibble: 6 x 16
                                                       rideable_type tripduration
     ride id started at
                                  ended at
##
     <chr>>
              <dttm>
                                  <dttm>
                                                                             <dbl>
## 1 21742443 2019-01-01 00:04:37 2019-01-01 00:11:07 2167
                                                                               390
## 2 21742444 2019-01-01 00:08:13 2019-01-01 00:15:34 4386
                                                                               441
## 3 21742445 2019-01-01 00:13:23 2019-01-01 00:27:12 1524
                                                                               829
## 4 21742446 2019-01-01 00:13:45 2019-01-01 00:43:28 252
                                                                              1783
## 5 21742447 2019-01-01 00:14:52 2019-01-01 00:20:56 1170
                                                                               364
## 6 21742448 2019-01-01 00:15:33 2019-01-01 00:19:09 2437
                                                                               216
## # i 11 more variables: start_station_id <dbl>, start_station_name <chr>,
       end_station_id <dbl>, end_station_name <chr>, member_casual <chr>,
       gender <chr>, birthyear <dbl>, start_lat <dbl>, start_lng <dbl>,
       end lat <dbl>, end lng <dbl>
## #
#Step5: Remove lat, long, birthday and gender fields as the fields were dropped beginning 2020
all trips <-all trips %>%
  select(-c(start_lat, start_lng, end_lat, end_lng,
            birthyear, gender, "tripduration"))
```

#STEP III: CLEAN UP AND ADD DATA TO PREPARE FOR ANALYSIS #Step1:Inspect the new table that has just been crreated.

```
colnames(all_trips)
## [1] "ride_id"
                            "started_at"
                                                 "ended_at"
## [4] "rideable_type"
                            "start_station_id"
                                                 "start_station_name"
## [7] "end_station_id"
                            "end_station_name"
                                                 "member_casual"
nrow(all_trips)
## [1] 791956
ncol(all_trips)
## [1] 9
dim(all_trips)
## [1] 791956
                   9
head(all_trips)
## # A tibble: 6 x 9
    ride_id started_at
                                                    rideable_type start_station_id
                                 ended_at
     <chr>
           <dttm>
                                 < dt.t.m>
                                                                              <dbl>
## 1 217424~ 2019-01-01 00:04:37 2019-01-01 00:11:07 2167
                                                                                199
## 2 217424~ 2019-01-01 00:08:13 2019-01-01 00:15:34 4386
                                                                                 44
## 3 217424~ 2019-01-01 00:13:23 2019-01-01 00:27:12 1524
                                                                                 15
## 4 217424~ 2019-01-01 00:13:45 2019-01-01 00:43:28 252
                                                                                123
## 5 217424~ 2019-01-01 00:14:52 2019-01-01 00:20:56 1170
                                                                                173
## 6 217424~ 2019-01-01 00:15:33 2019-01-01 00:19:09 2437
                                                                                 98
## # i 4 more variables: start_station_name <chr>, end_station_id <dbl>,
       end_station_name <chr>, member_casual <chr>
str(all_trips)
## tibble [791,956 x 9] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
                       : chr [1:791956] "21742443" "21742444" "21742445" "21742446" ...
## $ ride_id
## $ started_at
                       : POSIXct[1:791956], format: "2019-01-01 00:04:37" "2019-01-01 00:08:13" ...
                       : POSIXct[1:791956], format: "2019-01-01 00:11:07" "2019-01-01 00:15:34" ...
## $ ended_at
## $ rideable_type : chr [1:791956] "2167" "4386" "1524" "252" ...
## $ start_station_id : num [1:791956] 199 44 15 123 173 98 98 211 150 268 ...
## $ start_station_name: chr [1:791956] "Wabash Ave & Grand Ave" "State St & Randolph St" "Racine Ave
## $ end_station_id : num [1:791956] 84 624 644 176 35 49 49 142 148 141 ...
## $ end_station_name : chr [1:791956] "Milwaukee Ave & Grand Ave" "Dearborn St & Van Buren St (*)" "
                        : chr [1:791956] "Subscriber" "Subscriber" "Subscriber" "...
## $ member_casual
summary(all_trips)
##
     ride_id
                        started at
##
  Length:791956
                             :2019-01-01 00:04:37.00
                      Min.
                      1st Qu.:2019-02-28 17:04:04.75
  Class :character
  Mode :character
                      Median :2020-01-07 12:48:50.50
##
                              :2019-09-01 11:58:08.35
##
                      Mean
##
                       3rd Qu.:2020-02-19 19:31:54.75
##
                             :2020-03-31 23:51:34.00
##
##
       ended at
                                    rideable_type
                                                        start_station_id
          :2019-01-01 00:11:07.00
                                    Length: 791956
                                                       Min. : 2.0
   1st Qu.:2019-02-28 17:15:58.75
                                    Class:character 1st Qu.: 77.0
```

```
## Median :2020-01-07 13:02:50.00
                                    Mode :character
                                                      Median :174.0
         :2019-09-01 12:17:52.17
                                                      Mean :204.4
## Mean
## 3rd Qu.:2020-02-19 19:51:54.50
                                                      3rd Qu.:291.0
## Max.
          :2020-05-19 20:10:34.00
                                                      Max.
                                                             :675.0
##
## start station name end station id end station name
                                                        member casual
## Length:791956
                      Min.
                            : 2.0
                                      Length: 791956
                                                        Length: 791956
                      1st Qu.: 77.0
## Class :character
                                      Class :character
                                                        Class : character
## Mode :character
                      Median :174.0
                                      Mode :character
                                                        Mode : character
##
                      Mean
                           :204.4
##
                      3rd Qu.:291.0
##
                             :675.0
                      Max.
##
                      NA's
                             :1
```

Step2: In the "member_casual" column, there are two names for members (

```
#"member and "Subscriber") and two names for casual riders ("Customer" and "casual").
table(all_trips$member_casual)
##
##
       casual
                 Customer
                               member Subscriber
##
        48480
                    23163
                               378407
                                           341906
#Step3: Replace Subscriber with member and Customer" with "casual
all_trips<- all_trips %>%
  mutate(member casual= recode(member casual,
                                  "Subscriber" = "member",
                                  "Customer" = "casual"))
table(all_trips$member_casual)
## casual member
## 71643 720313
#Step4: Add columns that list the date, month, day and year of each ride
all_trips$date<- as.Date(all_trips$started_at)</pre>
all_trips$month<- format(as.Date(all_trips$date), "%m")</pre>
all_trips$day<- format(as.Date(all_trips$date), "%d")</pre>
all_trips$year<- format(as.Date(all_trips$date), "%Y")</pre>
all_trips$day_of_week<- format(as.Date(all_trips$date), "%A")
#Step5: Add ride length calculation to all trips(in seconds)
all_trips$ride_length<- difftime(all_trips$ended_at,
                                    all_trips\started_at)
#Step6: Inspect the structure of the columns
str(all_trips)
## tibble [791,956 x 15] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
```

\$ ride_id

\$ ended at

\$ started at

: chr [1:791956] "21742443" "21742444" "21742445" "21742446" ...

: POSIXct[1:791956], format: "2019-01-01 00:04:37" "2019-01-01 00:08:13" ...

: POSIXct[1:791956], format: "2019-01-01 00:11:07" "2019-01-01 00:15:34" ...

```
## $ rideable_type : chr [1:791956] "2167" "4386" "1524" "252" ...
## $ start_station_id : num [1:791956] 199 44 15 123 173 98 98 211 150 268 ...
## $ start station name: chr [1:791956] "Wabash Ave & Grand Ave" "State St & Randolph St" "Racine Ave
## $ end_station_id : num [1:791956] 84 624 644 176 35 49 49 142 148 141 ...
## $ end_station_name : chr [1:791956] "Milwaukee Ave & Grand Ave" "Dearborn St & Van Buren St (*)" "
## $ member casual : chr [1:791956] "member" "member" "member" "member" ...
                        : Date[1:791956], format: "2019-01-01" "2019-01-01" ...
## $ date
                        : chr [1:791956] "01" "01" "01" "01" ...
## $ month
## $ day
                        : chr [1:791956] "01" "01" "01" "01" ...
                        : chr [1:791956] "2019" "2019" "2019" "2019" ...
## $ year
## $ day_of_week
                        : chr [1:791956] "Tuesday" "Tuesday" "Tuesday" "Tuesday" ...
                        : 'difftime' num [1:791956] 390 441 829 1783 ...
## $ ride_length
    ..- attr(*, "units")= chr "secs"
#Step7: Convert ride_length from factor to numeric to run calculations on the data
is.factor(all_trips$ride_length)
## [1] FALSE
all_trips$ride_length<- as.numeric(as.character(
  all_trips$ride_length))
is.numeric(all_trips$ride_length)
## [1] TRUE
#Step8: remove where ride length is zero(0). We'll create a new dataframe since we're removing data and
assign it to all trips v2
all_trips_v2<- all_trips[!(all_trips$start_station_name==
                              "HQ QR" |all_trips$ride_length<0),]
nrow(all_trips_v2)
## [1] 788189
#STEP IV: CONDUCT DESCRIPTIVE ANALYSIS #Step1: Descriptive analysis on ride_length(all figures
in seconds) #(a) straight average (total ride length / rides)
mean(all_trips_v2$ride_length)
## [1] 1189.459
#(b) mid point no in the ascending array of ride length
median(all_trips_v2$ride_length)
## [1] 539
#(c) longest ride
max(all_trips_v2$ride_length)
## [1] 10632022
\#(d) shortest ride
min(all_trips_v2$ride_length)
## [1] 1
#all four lines above can be joined with summary
```

```
summary(all_trips_v2$ride_length)
##
                        Median
       Min.
             1st Qu.
                                    Mean
                                          3rd Qu.
                                                       Max.
##
                           539
                                    1189
                                              912 10632022
          1
                  331
#Step2: Comparing members and casual users
aggregate(all_trips_v2$ride_length~
            all_trips_v2$member_casual, FUN = mean)
##
     all_trips_v2$member_casual all_trips_v2$ride_length
## 1
                                                 5372.7839
                          casual
                                                  795.2523
## 2
                          member
aggregate(all trips v2$ride length~
            all_trips_v2$member_casual, FUN = median)
     all_trips_v2$member_casual all_trips_v2$ride_length
## 1
                          casual
                                                       1393
## 2
                          member
                                                        508
aggregate(all_trips_v2\ride_length~
            all_trips_v2$member_casual, FUN = max)
##
     all_trips_v2$member_casual all_trips_v2$ride_length
## 1
                                                  10632022
                          casual
## 2
                                                    6096428
                          member
aggregate(all_trips_v2$ride_length~
            all_trips_v2$member_casual, FUN = min)
##
     all_trips_v2$member_casual all_trips_v2$ride_length
## 1
                          casual
                                                          2
## 2
                          member
                                                          1
#Step 3: Average ride time by each day for members & casual users
aggregate(all_trips_v2$ride_length~
            all_trips_v2$member_casual +
            all_trips_v2$day_of_week, FUN= mean)
      all_trips_v2$member_casual all_trips_v2$day_of_week all_trips_v2$ride_length
##
## 1
                           casual
                                                      Friday
                                                                             6090.7373
## 2
                           member
                                                      Friday
                                                                              796.7338
## 3
                           casual
                                                      Monday
                                                                             4752.0504
## 4
                           member
                                                                              822.3112
                                                      Monday
## 5
                           casual
                                                    Saturday
                                                                             4950.7708
## 6
                           member
                                                    Saturday
                                                                              974.0730
## 7
                           casual
                                                      Sunday
                                                                             5061.3044
## 8
                           member
                                                      Sunday
                                                                              972.9383
## 9
                                                                             8451.6669
                           casual
                                                    Thursday
## 10
                           member
                                                    Thursday
                                                                              707.2093
## 11
                           casual
                                                    Tuesday
                                                                             4561.8039
## 12
                           member
                                                     Tuesday
                                                                              769.4416
## 13
                           casual
                                                  Wednesday
                                                                             4480.3724
## 14
                           member
                                                  Wednesday
                                                                              711.9838
```

#Step 4: Days of the week are out of order, let's fix it

#We can rerun average ride time by each day of the week

```
aggregate(all_trips_v2$ride_length~
        all_trips_v2$member_casual +
        all_trips_v2$day_of_week, FUN= mean)
```

```
##
      all_trips_v2$member_casual all_trips_v2$day_of_week all_trips_v2$ride_length
## 1
                           casual
                                                      Sunday
                                                                             5061.3044
## 2
                           member
                                                      Sunday
                                                                               972.9383
## 3
                           casual
                                                      Monday
                                                                             4752.0504
## 4
                           member
                                                      Monday
                                                                              822.3112
## 5
                           casual
                                                     Tuesday
                                                                             4561.8039
## 6
                           member
                                                     Tuesday
                                                                              769.4416
## 7
                           casual
                                                   Wednesday
                                                                             4480.3724
## 8
                           member
                                                   Wednesday
                                                                              711.9838
## 9
                           casual
                                                      Friday
                                                                             6090.7373
## 10
                                                      Friday
                                                                              796.7338
                           member
## 11
                           casual
                                                    Saturday
                                                                             4950.7708
## 12
                                                                              974.0730
                           member
                                                    Saturday
```

#Step 5: Analyse ridership data by type and weekday #(a) create weekday field using wday() #(b) Group the usertype and weekday #(c) Calculate the no of rides and average duration

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'member_casual'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
```

```
## # A tibble: 14 x 4
```

Groups: member_casual [2]

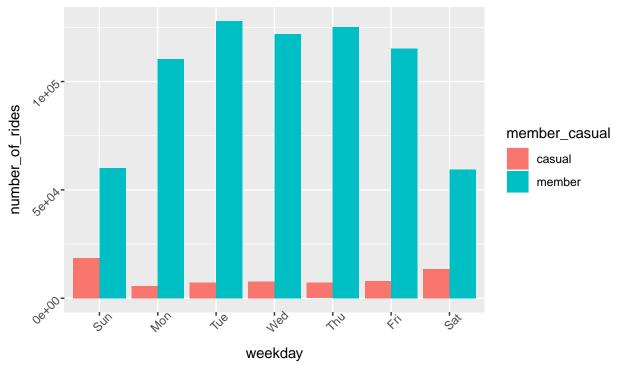
##		$member_casual$	weekday	number_of_rides	average_duration
##		<chr></chr>	<ord></ord>	<int></int>	<dbl></dbl>
##	1	casual	Sun	18652	5061.
##	2	casual	Mon	5591	4752.
##	3	casual	Tue	7311	4562.
##	4	casual	Wed	7690	4480.
##	5	casual	Thu	7147	8452.
##	6	casual	Fri	8013	6091.
##	7	casual	Sat	13473	4951.
##	8	member	Sun	60197	973.
##	9	member	Mon	110430	822.
##	10	member	Tue	127974	769.
##	11	member	Wed	121902	712.
##	12	member	Thu	125228	707.
##	13	member	Fri	115168	797.
##	14	member	Sat	59413	974.

#Step6: Visualizing the number of rides by rider type

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'member_casual'. You can override using the
`.groups` argument.

Number of Rides by Rider-type

Relationship between the number of rides and rider type



Data collected by Cyclstic and analyzed by Chinonso

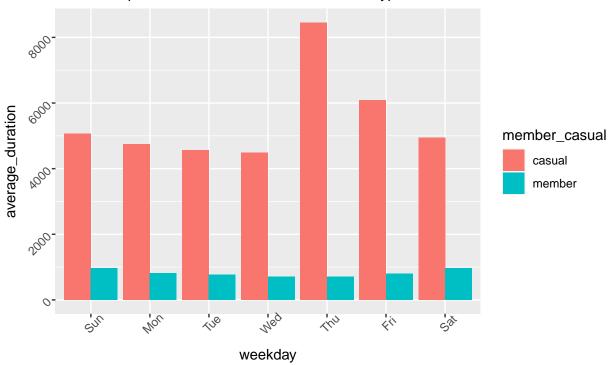
#Step7: Visualizing the ride duration by weekdays

```
labs(title = "Ride-duration by Rider-type",
    subtitle = "Relationship between the ride-duration and rider type",
    caption = "Data collected by Cyclstic and analyzed by Chinonso")
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'member_casual'. You can override using the
`.groups` argument.

Ride-duration by Rider-type

Relationship between the ride-duration and rider type



Data collected by Cyclstic and analyzed by Chinonso

#CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#Conclusions 1. The graph of the number of rides and rider-type by weekdays shows that member riders engage averagely in more rides than casual riders. Members had more average rides on Monday to Friday with the peak (highest) on Tuesdays and Thursdays while weekends (Saturday and Sunday) had the least patronage. The casual rides had a fewer number of rides compared to the member riders. The casual riders had their most rides on average on weekends (Saturdays and Sundays) with the highest rides on Sundays. The casual riders had their lowest rides on weekdays which directly opposite of member riders.

2. The graph of average duration and rider-type by weekdays shows casual riders had longer rides averagely compared to the member riders. Casual riders had the longest rides on Thursday while member riders had the shortest average ride-duration on the same day (Thursday).

#Recommendations 1. Casual riders can be made to see the benefits of being members and the lots of discounts associated with longer rides for members. 2. Since casual riders engaged in longer rides on Thursday, they could be given smooth transmission to members on Thursday after covering a specific duration with lots of benefits. 3. Creation of loyalty program that rewards casual riders when they take more rides, this will increase their number of rides. 4. Creation of a seamless upgrade process. We could make it easy for casual riders to upgrade to members without hassle.