

Audit Report

Pepe Robot

May 2023

Network BSC

Address 0xaa1AeE569CFccc052be74f3159B581e0C89EC4F5

Audited by © cyberscope



Table of Contents

Table of Contents	1
Review	3
Audit Updates	3
Source Files	3
Findings Breakdown	4
Analysis	5
ST - Stops Transactions	6
Description	6
Recommendation	6
Diagnostics	7
RCS - Redundant Conditional Statement	8
Description	8
Recommendation	8
PTRP - Potential Transfer Revert Propagation	9
Description	9
Recommendation	9
IDI - Immutable Declaration Improvement	10
Description	10
Recommendation	10
L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant	11
Description	11
Recommendation	11
L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions	12
Description	12
Recommendation	13
L07 - Missing Events Arithmetic	14
Description	14
Recommendation	14
L13 - Divide before Multiply Operation	15
Description	15
Recommendation	15
L14 - Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope	16
Description	16
Recommendation	16
L19 - Stable Compiler Version	17
Description	17
Recommendation	17
L20 - Succeeded Transfer Check	18
Description	18



Recommendation	18
Functions Analysis	19
Inheritance Graph	23
Flow Graph	
Summary	25
Disclaimer	26
About Cyberscope	27



Review

Contract Name	PepeRobot
Compiler Version	v0.8.19+commit.7dd6d404
Optimization	200 runs
Explorer	https://bscscan.com/address/0xaa1aee569cfccc052be74f3159 b581e0c89ec4f5
Address	0xaa1aee569cfccc052be74f3159b581e0c89ec4f5
Network	BSC
Symbol	PEPER
Decimals	18
Total Supply	420,690,000,000,000

Audit Updates

Initial Audit	22 May 2023
---------------	-------------

Source Files

Filename	SHA256
PepeRobot.sol	ada3777c1460a6dbf743ddfb8cf6f49a22ba7a40ec3a363ab59273608c5 77bef



Findings Breakdown



Sev	verity	Unresolved	Acknowledged	Resolved	Other
•	Critical	0	0	0	0
•	Medium	0	0	0	0
	Minor / Informative	10	0	0	0



Analysis

CriticalMediumMinor / InformativePass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	ST	Stops Transactions	Unresolved
•	OCTD	Transfers Contract's Tokens	Passed
•	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
•	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
•	ULTW	Transfers Liquidity to Team Wallet	Passed
•	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
•	ВТ	Burns Tokens	Passed
•	ВС	Blacklists Addresses	Passed



ST - Stops Transactions

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	PepeRobot.sol#L560
Status	Unresolved

Description

Initially, the contract does not allow the non-excluded addresses to transfer tokens. The restriction can be resumed once the contract owner enables them.

```
if (!exemptFee[sender] && !exemptFee[recipient]) {
    require(tradingEnabled, "Trading not enabled");
}
```

Recommendation

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. Some suggestions are:

- Introduce a multi-sign wallet so that many addresses will confirm the action.
- Introduce a governance model where users will vote about the actions.



Diagnostics

CriticalMediumMinor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	RCS	Redundant Conditional Statement	Unresolved
•	PTRP	Potential Transfer Revert Propagation	Unresolved
•	IDI	Immutable Declaration Improvement	Unresolved
•	L02	State Variables could be Declared Constant	Unresolved
•	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions	Unresolved
•	L07	Missing Events Arithmetic	Unresolved
•	L13	Divide before Multiply Operation	Unresolved
•	L14	Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope	Unresolved
•	L19	Stable Compiler Version	Unresolved
•	L20	Succeeded Transfer Check	Unresolved



RCS - Redundant Conditional Statement

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	PepeRobot.sol#L616
Status	Unresolved

Description

There are code segments that could be optimized. A segment may be optimized so that it becomes a smaller size, consumes less memory, executes more rapidly, or performs fewer operations.

The variable tokenLiquidityThreshold is always greater than 1. As a result, the conditional statement is redundant.

```
if (tokenLiquidityThreshold > 1) {
   contractBalance = tokenLiquidityThreshold;
}
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to take these segments into consideration and rewrite them so the runtime will be more performant. That way it will improve the efficiency and performance of the source code and reduce the cost of executing it.



PTRP - Potential Transfer Revert Propagation

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	PepeRobot.sol#L640,645
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract sends funds to a marketingWallet and a devWallet as part of the transfer flow. These addresses can either be a wallet address or a contract. If the address belongs to a contract then it may revert from incoming payment. As a result, the error will propagate to the token's contract and revert the transfer.

```
payable(marketingWallet).sendValue(marketingAmt);
payable(devWallet).sendValue(devAmt);
```

Recommendation

The contract should tolerate the potential revert from the underlying contracts when the interaction is part of the main transfer flow. This could be achived by not allowing set contract addresses or by sending the funds in a non-revertable way.



IDI - Immutable Declaration Improvement

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	PepeRobot.sol#L483,484
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract is using variables that initialize them only in the constructor. The other functions are not mutating the variables. These variables are not defined as <code>immutable</code>.

router pair

Recommendation

By declaring a variable as immutable, the Solidity compiler is able to make certain optimizations. This can reduce the amount of storage and computation required by the contract, and make it more gas-efficient.



L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	PepeRobot.sol#L450
Status	Unresolved

Description

State variables can be declared as constant using the constant keyword. This means that the value of the state variable cannot be changed after it has been set. Additionally, the constant variables decrease gas consumption of the corresponding transaction.

```
uint256 private launchtax = 99
```

Recommendation

Constant state variables can be useful when the contract wants to ensure that the value of a state variable cannot be changed by any function in the contract. This can be useful for storing values that are important to the contract's behavior, such as the contract's address or the maximum number of times a certain function can be called. The team is advised to add the constant keyword to state variables that never change.



L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	PepeRobot.sol#L65,67,409,448,454,609,687,693,700,704,708,712,716,72 1,737,741,745,751
Status	Unresolved

Description

The Solidity style guide is a set of guidelines for writing clean and consistent Solidity code. Adhering to a style guide can help improve the readability and maintainability of the Solidity code, making it easier for others to understand and work with.

The followings are a few key points from the Solidity style guide:

- 1. Use camelCase for function and variable names, with the first letter in lowercase (e.g., myVariable, updateCounter).
- 2. Use PascalCase for contract, struct, and enum names, with the first letter in uppercase (e.g., MyContract, UserStruct, ErrorEnum).
- 3. Use uppercase for constant variables and enums (e.g., MAX_VALUE, ERROR_CODE).
- 4. Use indentation to improve readability and structure.
- 5. Use spaces between operators and after commas.
- 6. Use comments to explain the purpose and behavior of the code.
- 7. Keep lines short (around 120 characters) to improve readability.



Recommendation

By following the Solidity naming convention guidelines, the codebase increased the readability, maintainability, and makes it easier to work with.

Find more information on the Solidity documentation

https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.8.17/style-guide.html#naming-convention.



L07 - Missing Events Arithmetic

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	PepeRobot.sol#L690,724
Status	Unresolved

Description

Events are a way to record and log information about changes or actions that occur within a contract. They are often used to notify external parties or clients about events that have occurred within the contract, such as the transfer of tokens or the completion of a task.

It's important to carefully design and implement the events in a contract, and to ensure that all required events are included. It's also a good idea to test the contract to ensure that all events are being properly triggered and logged.

```
tokenLiquidityThreshold = new_amount * 10**decimals()
deadline = _deadline
```

Recommendation

By including all required events in the contract and thoroughly testing the contract's functionality, the contract ensures that it performs as intended and does not have any missing events that could cause issues with its arithmetic.



L13 - Divide before Multiply Operation

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	PepeRobot.sol#L630,631,638,643
Status	Unresolved

Description

It is important to be aware of the order of operations when performing arithmetic calculations. This is especially important when working with large numbers, as the order of operations can affect the final result of the calculation. Performing divisions before multiplications may cause loss of prediction.

```
uint256 unitBalance = deltaBalance / (denominator - swapTaxes.liquidity)
uint256 marketingAmt = unitBalance * 2 * swapTaxes.marketing
```

Recommendation

To avoid this issue, it is recommended to carefully consider the order of operations when performing arithmetic calculations in Solidity. It's generally a good idea to use parentheses to specify the order of operations. The basic rule is that the multiplications should be prior to the divisions.



L14 - Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	PepeRobot.sol#L564,565,567
Status	Unresolved

Description

Using an uninitialized local variable can lead to unpredictable behavior and potentially cause errors in the contract. It's important to always initialize local variables with appropriate values before using them.

uint256 feeswap
uint256 feesum
Taxes memory currentTaxes

Recommendation

By initializing local variables before using them, the contract ensures that the functions behave as expected and avoid potential issues.



L19 - Stable Compiler Version

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	PepeRobot.sol#L3
Status	Unresolved

Description

The _______ symbol indicates that any version of Solidity that is compatible with the specified version (i.e., any version that is a higher minor or patch version) can be used to compile the contract. The version lock is a mechanism that allows the author to specify a minimum version of the Solidity compiler that must be used to compile the contract code. This is useful because it ensures that the contract will be compiled using a version of the compiler that is known to be compatible with the code.

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.19;
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to lock the pragma to ensure the stability of the codebase. The locked pragma version ensures that the contract will not be deployed with an unexpected version. An unexpected version may produce vulnerabilities and undiscovered bugs. The compiler should be configured to the lowest version that provides all the required functionality for the codebase. As a result, the project will be compiled in a well-tested LTS (Long Term Support) environment.



L20 - Succeeded Transfer Check

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	PepeRobot.sol#L763
Status	Unresolved

Description

According to the ERC20 specification, the transfer methods should be checked if the result is successful. Otherwise, the contract may wrongly assume that the transfer has been established.

```
IERC20(tokenAdd).transfer(owner(), amount)
```

Recommendation

The contract should check if the result of the transfer methods is successful. The team is advised to check the SafeERC20 library from the Openzeppelin library.



Functions Analysis

Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
Context	Implementation			
	_msgSender	Internal		
	_msgData	Internal		
IERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	1	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
IERC20Metadat	Interface	IERC20		
	name	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	decimals	External		-



ERC20	Implementation	Context, IERC20, IERC20Meta data		
		Public	1	-
	name	Public		-
	symbol	Public		-
	decimals	Public		-
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	✓	-
	allowance	Public		-
	approve	Public	1	-
	transferFrom	Public	1	-
	increaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	decreaseAllowance	Public	1	-
	_transfer	Internal	1	
	_tokengeneration	Internal	✓	
	_approve	Internal	✓	
Address	Library			
	sendValue	Internal	✓	
Ownable	Implementation	Context		
		Public	✓	-



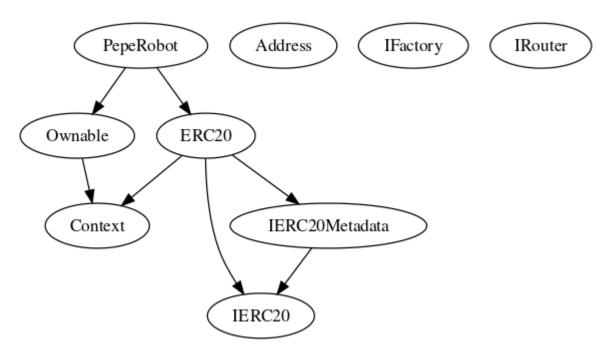
	owner	Public		-
	renounceOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_setOwner	Private	✓	
IFactory	Interface			
	createPair	External	✓	-
IRouter	Interface			
	factory	External		-
	WETH	External		-
	addLiquidityETH	External	Payable	-
	swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFee OnTransferTokens	External	1	-
PepeRobot	Implementation	ERC20, Ownable		
		Public	✓	ERC20
	approve	Public	✓	-
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	increaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	decreaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	transfer	Public	✓	-
	_transfer	Internal	✓	
	Liquify	Private	✓	lockTheSwap



swapTokensForETH	Private	✓	
addLiquidity	Private	✓	
updateLiquidityProvide	External	✓	onlyOwner
updateLiquidityTreshhold	External	✓	onlyOwner
EnableTrading	External	✓	onlyOwner
UpdateZeroBuyTax	External	✓	onlyOwner
UpdateZeroSellTax	External	✓	onlyOwner
SetBuyTax	External	✓	onlyOwner
SetSellTax	External	1	onlyOwner
UpdateTxTax	External	✓	onlyOwner
updatedeadline	External	✓	onlyOwner
updateMarketingWallet	External	1	onlyOwner
updateDevWallet	External	✓	onlyOwner
addExemptFee	External	1	onlyOwner
RemoveExemptFee	External	✓	onlyOwner
AddbulkExemptFee	External	✓	onlyOwner
RemovebulkExemptFee	External	✓	onlyOwner
rescueBNB	External	✓	onlyOwner
rescueBEP20	External	✓	onlyOwner
	External	Payable	-

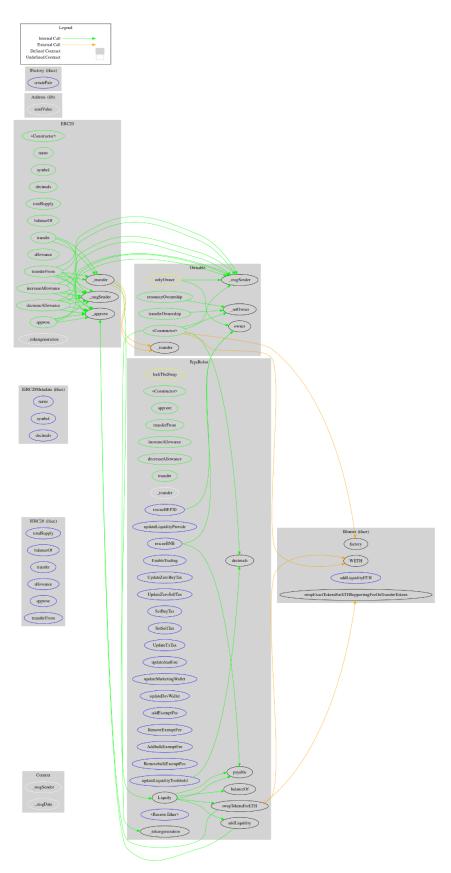


Inheritance Graph





Flow Graph





Summary

Pepe Robot contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns and potential improvements. There are some functions that can be abused by the owner like stop transactions. A multi-wallet signing pattern will provide security against potential hacks. There is also a limit of max 4% buy and sell fees. The fees are 99% for the first two blocks after launch.



Disclaimer

The information provided in this report does not constitute investment, financial or trading advice and you should not treat any of the document's content as such. This report may not be transmitted, disclosed, referred to or relied upon by any person for any purposes nor may copies be delivered to any other person other than the Company without Cyberscope's prior written consent. This report is not nor should be considered an "endorsement" or "disapproval" of any particular project or team. This report is not nor should be regarded as an indication of the economics or value of any "product" or "asset" created by any team or project that contracts Cyberscope to perform a security assessment. This document does not provide any warranty or guarantee regarding the absolute bug-free nature of the technology analyzed, nor do they provide any indication of the technologies proprietors' business, business model or legal compliance. This report should not be used in any way to make decisions around investment or involvement with any particular project. This report represents an extensive assessment process intending to help our customers increase the quality of their code while reducing the high level of risk presented by cryptographic tokens and blockchain technology.

Blockchain technology and cryptographic assets present a high level of ongoing risk Cyberscope's position is that each company and individual are responsible for their own due diligence and continuous security Cyberscope's goal is to help reduce the attack vectors and the high level of variance associated with utilizing new and consistently changing technologies and in no way claims any guarantee of security or functionality of the technology we agree to analyze. The assessment services provided by Cyberscope are subject to dependencies and are under continuing development. You agree that your access and/or use including but not limited to any services reports and materials will be at your sole risk on an as-is where-is and as-available basis Cryptographic tokens are emergent technologies and carry with them high levels of technical risk and uncertainty. The assessment reports could include false positives false negatives and other unpredictable results. The services may access and depend upon multiple layers of third parties.



About Cyberscope

Cyberscope is a blockchain cybersecurity company that was founded with the vision to make web3.0 a safer place for investors and developers. Since its launch, it has worked with thousands of projects and is estimated to have secured tens of millions of investors' funds.

Cyberscope is one of the leading smart contract audit firms in the crypto space and has built a high-profile network of clients and partners.

