

Audit Report **Lassie Inu**

May 2023

Network BSC

Address 0x835678028D6d0ad91AE7BB13aA5458D187304589

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Table of Contents

Table of Contents	1
Review	2
Audit Updates	2
Source Files	2
Findings Breakdown	3
Analysis	4
Diagnostics	5
L09 - Dead Code Elimination	6
Description	6
Recommendation	7
L19 - Stable Compiler Version	8
Description	8
Recommendation	8
L22 - Potential Locked Ether	9
Description	9
Recommendation	9
Functions Analysis	10
Inheritance Graph	13
Flow Graph	14
Summary	15
Disclaimer	16
About Cyberscope	17



Review

Contract Name	Lassielnu
Compiler Version	v0.8.18+commit.87f61d96
Optimization	200 runs
Explorer	https://bscscan.com/address/0x835678028d6d0ad91ae7bb13a a5458d187304589
Address	0x835678028d6d0ad91ae7bb13aa5458d187304589
Network	BSC
Symbol	LASSIE
Decimals	18
Total Supply	1,000,000,000,000

Audit Updates

Initial Audit	09 May 2023
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Source Files

Filename	SHA256
Lassielnu.sol	e931d838dd45e8179d7f1a637f54020478334b2142c91e72f35f929c84d 6362f

Findings Breakdown



Sev	verity	Unresolved	Acknowledged	Resolved	Other
•	Critical	0	0	0	0
•	Medium	0	0	0	0
	Minor / Informative	3	0	0	0



Analysis

CriticalMediumMinor / InformativePass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	ST	Stops Transactions	Passed
•	OCTD	Transfers Contract's Tokens	Passed
•	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
•	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
•	ULTW	Transfers Liquidity to Team Wallet	Passed
•	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
•	ВТ	Burns Tokens	Passed
•	ВС	Blacklists Addresses	Passed

Diagnostics

CriticalMediumMinor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	L09	Dead Code Elimination	Unresolved
•	L19	Stable Compiler Version	Unresolved
•	L22	Potential Locked Ether	Unresolved



L09 - Dead Code Elimination

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	Lassielnu.sol#L181
Status	Unresolved

Description

In Solidity, dead code is code that is written in the contract, but is never executed or reached during normal contract execution. Dead code can occur for a variety of reasons, such as:

- Conditional statements that are always false.
- Functions that are never called.
- Unreachable code (e.g., code that follows a return statement).

Dead code can make a contract more difficult to understand and maintain, and can also increase the size of the contract and the cost of deploying and interacting with it.

```
function _burn(address account, uint256 amount) internal virtual {
    require(account != address(0), "ERC20: burn from the zero
address");

    _beforeTokenTransfer(account, address(0), amount);

    uint256 accountBalance = _balances[account];
...
}
_totalSupply -= amount;

emit Transfer(account, address(0), amount);

_afterTokenTransfer(account, address(0), amount);
}
```



Recommendation

To avoid creating dead code, it's important to carefully consider the logic and flow of the contract and to remove any code that is not needed or that is never executed. This can help improve the clarity and efficiency of the contract.



L19 - Stable Compiler Version

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	Lassielnu.sol#L3
Status	Unresolved

Description

The _______ symbol indicates that any version of Solidity that is compatible with the specified version (i.e., any version that is a higher minor or patch version) can be used to compile the contract. The version lock is a mechanism that allows the author to specify a minimum version of the Solidity compiler that must be used to compile the contract code. This is useful because it ensures that the contract will be compiled using a version of the compiler that is known to be compatible with the code.

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to lock the pragma to ensure the stability of the codebase. The locked pragma version ensures that the contract will not be deployed with an unexpected version. An unexpected version may produce vulnerabilities and undiscovered bugs. The compiler should be configured to the lowest version that provides all the required functionality for the codebase. As a result, the project will be compiled in a well-tested LTS (Long Term Support) environment.



L22 - Potential Locked Ether

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	Lassielnu.sol#L230
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract contains Ether that has been placed into a Solidity contract and is unable to be transferred. Thus, it is impossible to access the locked Ether. This may produce a financial loss for the users that have called the payable method.

Recommendation

The team is advised to either remove the payable method or add a withdraw functionality. it is important to carefully consider the risks and potential issues associated with locked Ether.



Functions Analysis

Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
IERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
IERC20Metadat	Interface	IERC20		
	name	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	decimals	External		-
Context	Implementation			
	_msgSender	Internal		
	_msgData	Internal		
Ownable	Implementation	Context		



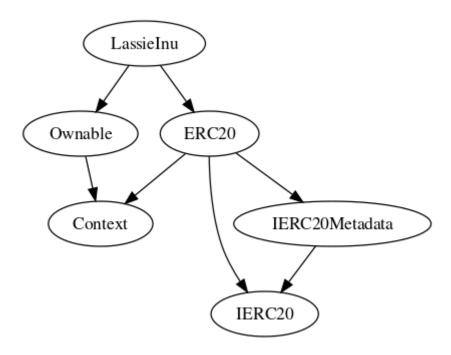
		Public	✓	-
	owner	Public		-
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
ERC20	Implementation	Context, IERC20, IERC20Meta data		
		Public	✓	-
	name	Public		-
	symbol	Public		-
	decimals	Public		-
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	✓	-
	allowance	Public		-
	approve	Public	✓	-
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	increaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	decreaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	_transfer	Internal	✓	
	_mint	Internal	✓	
	_burn	Internal	✓	
	_approve	Internal	✓	
	_beforeTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	



	_afterTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
Lassielnu	Implementation	ERC20, Ownable		
		Public	✓	ERC20
		External	Payable	-

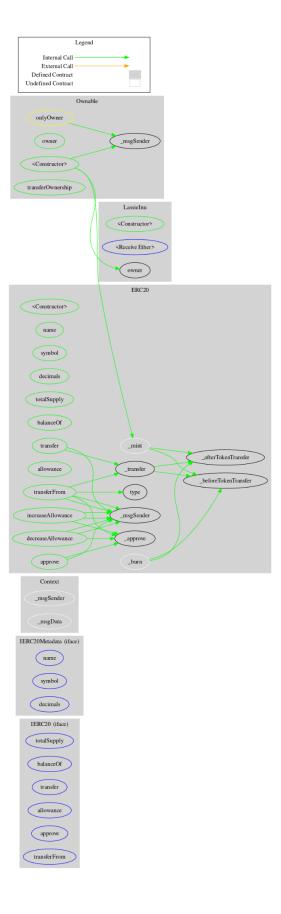


Inheritance Graph





Flow Graph





Summary

Lassie Inu contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns, and potential improvements. Lassie Inu is an interesting project that has a friendly and growing community. The Smart Contract analysis reported no compiler errors or critical issues. The contract Owner can access some admin functions that can not be used in a malicious way to disturb the users' transactions.



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Cyberscope is one of the leading smart contract audit firms in the crypto space and has built a high-profile network of clients and partners.

