

Audit Report Tribe Digital Ventures

May 2023





Analysis

CriticalMediumMinor / InformativePass

| Severity | Code | Description | Status |
|----------|------|------------------------------------|------------|
| • | ST | Stops Transactions | Passed |
| • | OCTD | Transfers Contract's Tokens | Passed |
| • | OTUT | Transfers User's Tokens | Passed |
| • | ELFM | Exceeds Fees Limit | Passed |
| • | ULTW | Transfers Liquidity to Team Wallet | Passed |
| • | MT | Mints Tokens | Unresolved |
| • | ВТ | Burns Tokens | Passed |
| • | ВС | Blacklists Addresses | Passed |



Diagnostics

CriticalMediumMinor / Informative

| Severity | Code | Description | Status |
|----------|------|--|------------|
| • | L02 | State Variables could be Declared Constant | Unresolved |
| • | L04 | Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions | Unresolved |
| • | L16 | Validate Variable Setters | Unresolved |
| • | L19 | Stable Compiler Version | Unresolved |



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Review

| Contract Name | TDV |
|------------------|---|
| Compiler Version | v0.8.7+commit.e28d00a7 |
| Optimization | 200 runs |
| Explorer | https://explorer-mumbai.maticvigil.com/address/0x0b9f7bebef2d28cde1a2edde61eb2b667bd841e5 |
| Address | 0x0b9f7bebef2d28cde1a2edde61eb2b667bd841e5 |
| Network | POLYGON_MUMBAI |
| Symbol | TDV |
| Decimals | 18 |
| Total Supply | 5.000.000 |

Audit Updates

| Initial Audit | 31 May 2023 |
|---------------|-------------|
| | |

Source Files

| Filename | SHA256 |
|----------|--|
| TDV.sol | f053d3781243b33692af78a347de2f5edfe396757d7141400014fd9bedc 87db2 |



Findings Breakdown



| Severity | Unresolved | Acknowledged | Resolved | Other |
|----------------------------|------------|--------------|----------|-------|
| Critical | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Medium | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Minor / Informative | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |



MT - Mints Tokens

| Criticality | Critical |
|-------------|--------------|
| Location | TDV.sol#L264 |
| Status | Unresolved |

Description

The contract owner has the authority to mint tokens. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the mint function. As a result, the contract tokens will be highly inflated.

```
function mint(uint256 amount) public onlyOwner virtual {
   _mint(_msgSender(), amount);
}
```

Recommendation

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. Some suggestions are:

- Introduce a time-locker mechanism with a reasonable delay.
- Introduce a multi-sign wallet so that many addresses will confirm the action.
- Introduce a governance model where users will vote about the actions.
- Renouncing the ownership will eliminate the threats but it is non-reversible.



L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant

| Criticality | Minor / Informative |
|-------------|---------------------|
| Location | TDV.sol#L77,78,79 |
| Status | Unresolved |

Description

State variables can be declared as constant using the constant keyword. This means that the value of the state variable cannot be changed after it has been set. Additionally, the constant variables decrease gas consumption of the corresponding transaction.

```
uint256 private _maxSupply = 5000000*10**18
string private _name = "TribeDigitalVentures"
string private _symbol = "TDV"
```

Recommendation

Constant state variables can be useful when the contract wants to ensure that the value of a state variable cannot be changed by any function in the contract. This can be useful for storing values that are important to the contract's behavior, such as the contract's address or the maximum number of times a certain function can be called. The team is advised to add the constant keyword to state variables that never change.



L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

| Criticality | Minor / Informative |
|-------------|---------------------|
| Location | TDV.sol#L55,59,63 |
| Status | Unresolved |

Description

The Solidity style guide is a set of guidelines for writing clean and consistent Solidity code. Adhering to a style guide can help improve the readability and maintainability of the Solidity code, making it easier for others to understand and work with.

The followings are a few key points from the Solidity style guide:

- 1. Use camelCase for function and variable names, with the first letter in lowercase (e.g., myVariable, updateCounter).
- 2. Use PascalCase for contract, struct, and enum names, with the first letter in uppercase (e.g., MyContract, UserStruct, ErrorEnum).
- Use uppercase for constant variables and enums (e.g., MAX_VALUE, ERROR_CODE).
- 4. Use indentation to improve readability and structure.
- 5. Use spaces between operators and after commas.
- 6. Use comments to explain the purpose and behavior of the code.
- 7. Keep lines short (around 120 characters) to improve readability.



```
function check_owner() public view returns (address) {
    return _owner;
}

function transfer_ownership(address newOwner) public onlyOwner returns
(bool) {
    _tempOwner = newOwner;
...

function accept_ownership() public returns (bool) {
    require(msg.sender == _tempOwner);
    _owner = _tempOwner;
    _tempOwner = address(0);
    return true;
}
```

Recommendation

By following the Solidity naming convention guidelines, the codebase increased the readability, maintainability, and makes it easier to work with.

Find more information on the Solidity documentation

https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.8.17/style-guide.html#naming-convention.



L16 - Validate Variable Setters

| Criticality | Minor / Informative |
|-------------|---------------------|
| Location | TDV.sol#L60 |
| Status | Unresolved |

Description

The contract performs operations on variables that have been configured on user-supplied input. These variables are missing of proper check for the case where a value is zero. This can lead to problems when the contract is executed, as certain actions may not be properly handled when the value is zero.

```
_tempOwner = newOwner
```

Recommendation

By adding the proper check, the contract will not allow the variables to be configured with zero value. This will ensure that the contract can handle all possible input values and avoid unexpected behavior or errors. Hence, it can help to prevent the contract from being exploited or operating unexpectedly.



L19 - Stable Compiler Version

| Criticality | Minor / Informative |
|-------------|---------------------|
| Location | TDV.sol#L4 |
| Status | Unresolved |

Description

The symbol indicates that any version of Solidity that is compatible with the specified version (i.e., any version that is a higher minor or patch version) can be used to compile the contract. The version lock is a mechanism that allows the author to specify a minimum version of the Solidity compiler that must be used to compile the contract code. This is useful because it ensures that the contract will be compiled using a version of the compiler that is known to be compatible with the code.

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.7;
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to lock the pragma to ensure the stability of the codebase. The locked pragma version ensures that the contract will not be deployed with an unexpected version. An unexpected version may produce vulnerabilities and undiscovered bugs. The compiler should be configured to the lowest version that provides all the required functionality for the codebase. As a result, the project will be compiled in a well-tested LTS (Long Term Support) environment.



Functions Analysis

| Contract | Туре | Bases | | |
|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| | Function Name | Visibility | Mutability | Modifiers |
| | | | | |
| IERC20 | Interface | | | |
| | totalSupply | External | | - |
| | maxSupply | External | | - |
| | balanceOf | External | | - |
| | transfer | External | ✓ | - |
| | allowance | External | | - |
| | approve | External | ✓ | - |
| | transferFrom | External | ✓ | - |
| | | | | |
| IERC20Metadat | Interface | IERC20 | | |
| | name | External | | - |
| | symbol | External | | - |
| | decimals | External | | - |
| | | | | |
| Context | Implementation | | | |
| | _msgSender | Internal | | |
| | _msgData | Internal | | |
| | | | | |



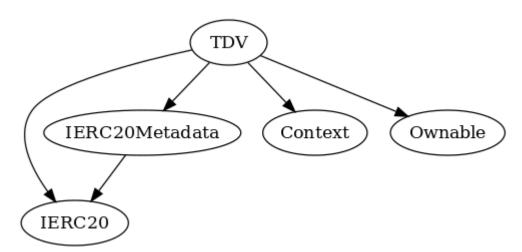
| Ownable | Implementation | | | |
|---------|--------------------|---|----------|-----------|
| | | Public | ✓ | - |
| | isOwner | Public | | - |
| | check_owner | Public | | - |
| | transfer_ownership | Public | ✓ | onlyOwner |
| | accept_ownership | Public | ✓ | - |
| | | | | |
| TDV | Implementation | Context, IERC20, IERC20Meta data, Ownable | | |
| | | Public | ✓ | - |
| | name | Public | | - |
| | symbol | Public | | - |
| | decimals | Public | | - |
| | totalSupply | Public | | - |
| | maxSupply | Public | | - |
| | balanceOf | Public | | - |
| | transfer | Public | ✓ | - |
| | allowance | Public | | - |
| | approve | Public | ✓ | - |
| | transferFrom | Public | ✓ | - |
| | increaseAllowance | Public | ✓ | - |
| | decreaseAllowance | Public | ✓ | - |
| | _transfer | Internal | ✓ | |



| _burn | Internal | ✓ | |
|----------------------|----------|---|-----------|
| _mint | Internal | 1 | |
| _approve | Internal | ✓ | |
| _spendAllowance | Internal | 1 | |
| _beforeTokenTransfer | Internal | 1 | |
| _afterTokenTransfer | Internal | 1 | |
| burn | Public | ✓ | onlyOwner |
| mint | Public | ✓ | onlyOwner |

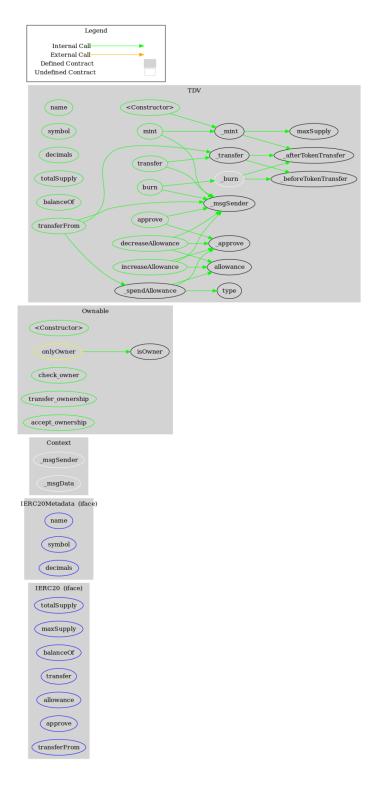


Inheritance Graph





Flow Graph





Summary

Tribe Digital Ventures contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns and potential improvements. There are some functions that can be abused by the owner like mint tokens. if the contract owner abuses the mint functionality, then the contract will be highly inflated. A multi-wallet signing pattern will provide security against potential hacks. Temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership will eliminate all the contract threats.



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About Cyberscope

Cyberscope is a blockchain cybersecurity company that was founded with the vision to make web3.0 a safer place for investors and developers. Since its launch, it has worked with thousands of projects and is estimated to have secured tens of millions of investors' funds.

Cyberscope is one of the leading smart contract audit firms in the crypto space and has built a high-profile network of clients and partners.

