

Audit Report **DumbMoney**

September 2023

Network ETH

Address 0xfc4b4ec763722b71eb1d729749b447a9645f5f30

Audited by © cyberscope



Analysis

CriticalMediumMinor / InformativePass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	ST	Stops Transactions	Passed
•	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
•	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
•	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
•	ВТ	Burns Tokens	Passed
•	ВС	Blacklists Addresses	Passed



Diagnostics

CriticalMediumMinor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	MEE	Missing Events Emission	Unresolved
•	RSML	Redundant SafeMath Library	Unresolved
•	IDI	Immutable Declaration Improvement	Unresolved
•	L02	State Variables could be Declared Constant	Unresolved
•	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions	Unresolved



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Review

Contract Name	DumbMoney
Compiler Version	v0.8.21+commit.d9974bed
Optimization	200 runs
Explorer	https://etherscan.io/address/0xfc4b4ec763722b71eb1d729749b447a9645f5f30
Address	0xfc4b4ec763722b71eb1d729749b447a9645f5f30
Network	ETH
Symbol	GME
Decimals	9
Total Supply	100,000,000

Audit Updates

Initial Audit	30 Sep 2023
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Source Files

Filename	SHA256
DumbMoney.sol	fa30856342f16a4d605268bb373ead42c74973e180af5ff57d809ddca99 a94c2



Findings Breakdown



Sev	erity	Unresolved	Acknowledged	Resolved	Other
•	Critical	0	0	0	0
•	Medium	0	0	0	0
	Minor / Informative	5	0	0	0



MEE - Missing Events Emission

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	DumbMoney.sol#L299DumbMoney.sol#L312
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract performs actions and state mutations from external methods that do not result in the emission of events. Emitting events for significant actions is important as it allows external parties, such as wallets or dApps, to track and monitor the activity on the contract. Without these events, it may be difficult for external parties to accurately determine the current state of the contract.

```
function ManualSwap() external {}
function openTrading() external onlyOwner() {}
```

Recommendation

It is recommended to include events in the code that are triggered each time a significant action is taking place within the contract. These events should include relevant details such as the user's address and the nature of the action taken. By doing so, the contract will be more transparent and easily auditable by external parties. It will also help prevent potential issues or disputes that may arise in the future.



RSML - Redundant SafeMath Library

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	DumbMoney.sol
Status	Unresolved

Description

SafeMath is a popular Solidity library that provides a set of functions for performing common arithmetic operations in a way that is resistant to integer overflows and underflows.

Starting with Solidity versions that are greater than or equal to 0.8.0, the arithmetic operations revert to underflow and overflow. As a result, the native functionality of the Solidity operations replaces the SafeMath library. Hence, the usage of the SafeMath library adds complexity, overhead and increases gas consumption unnecessarily.

```
library SafeMath {...}
```

Recommendation

The team is advised to remove the SafeMath library. Since the version of the contract is greater than 0.8.0 then the pure Solidity arithmetic operations produce the same result.

If the previous functionality is required, then the contract could exploit the unchecked { ... } statement.

Read more about the breaking change on https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.8.16/080-breaking-changes.html#solidity-v0-8-0-breaking-changes.



IDI - Immutable Declaration Improvement

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	DumbMoney.sol#L160
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract declares state variables that their value is initialized once in the constructor and are not modified afterwards. The <u>immutable</u> is a special declaration for this kind of state variables that saves gas when it is defined.

_taxWallet

Recommendation

By declaring a variable as immutable, the Solidity compiler is able to make certain optimizations. This can reduce the amount of storage and computation required by the contract, and make it more gas-efficient.



L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	DumbMoney.sol#L128,129,130,131,132,133,134,143,144
Status	Unresolved

Description

State variables can be declared as constant using the constant keyword. This means that the value of the state variable cannot be changed after it has been set. Additionally, the constant variables decrease gas consumption of the corresponding transaction.

```
uint256 private _initialBuyTax=19
uint256 private _initialSellTax=25
uint256 private _finalBuyTax=1
uint256 private _finalSellTax=1
uint256 private _reduceBuyTaxAt=35
uint256 private _reduceSellTaxAt=25
uint256 private _preventSwapBefore=10
uint256 public _taxSwapThreshold= 100000 * 10**_decimals
uint256 public _maxTaxSwap= 1000000 * 10**_decimals
```

Recommendation

Constant state variables can be useful when the contract wants to ensure that the value of a state variable cannot be changed by any function in the contract. This can be useful for storing values that are important to the contract's behavior, such as the contract's address or the maximum number of times a certain function can be called. The team is advised to add the constant keyword to state variables that never change.



L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	DumbMoney.sol#L108,137,138,139,140,141,142,143,144,308
Status	Unresolved

Description

The Solidity style guide is a set of guidelines for writing clean and consistent Solidity code. Adhering to a style guide can help improve the readability and maintainability of the Solidity code, making it easier for others to understand and work with.

The followings are a few key points from the Solidity style guide:

- 1. Use camelCase for function and variable names, with the first letter in lowercase (e.g., myVariable, updateCounter).
- 2. Use PascalCase for contract, struct, and enum names, with the first letter in uppercase (e.g., MyContract, UserStruct, ErrorEnum).
- 3. Use uppercase for constant variables and enums (e.g., MAX_VALUE, ERROR_CODE).
- 4. Use indentation to improve readability and structure.
- 5. Use spaces between operators and after commas.
- 6. Use comments to explain the purpose and behavior of the code.
- 7. Keep lines short (around 120 characters) to improve readability.

```
function WETH() external pure returns (address);
uint8 private constant _decimals = 9
uint256 private constant _tTotal = 1000000000 * 10**_decimals
string private constant _name = unicode"DumbMoney"
string private constant _symbol = unicode"GME"
uint256 public _maxTxAmount = 1000000 * 10**_decimals
uint256 public _maxWalletSize = 2000000 * 10**_decimals
uint256 public _taxSwapThreshold= 100000 * 10**_decimals
uint256 public _maxTaxSwap= 1000000 * 10**_decimals
```



Recommendation

By following the Solidity naming convention guidelines, the codebase increased the readability, maintainability, and makes it easier to work with.

Find more information on the Solidity documentation

https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.8.17/style-guide.html#naming-convention.



Functions Analysis

Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
Context	Implementation			
	_msgSender	Internal		
IERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	1	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
SafeMath	Library			
	add	Internal		
	sub	Internal		
	sub	Internal		
	mul	Internal		
	div	Internal		
	div	Internal		



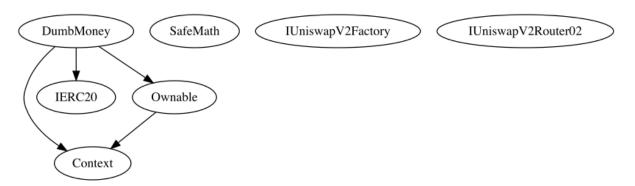
Ownable	Implementation	Context		
		Public	✓	-
	owner	Public		-
	renounceOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
IUniswapV2Fac tory	Interface			
	createPair	External	✓	-
IUniswapV2Rou ter02	Interface			
	swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFee OnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
	factory	External		-
	WETH	External		-
	addLiquidityETH	External	Payable	-
DumbMoney	Implementation	Context, IERC20, Ownable		
		Public	✓	-
	name	Public		-
	symbol	Public		-
	decimals	Public		-
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	✓	-



allowance	Public		-
approve	Public	✓	-
transferFrom	Public	1	-
_approve	Private	✓	
_transfer	Private	✓	
min	Private		
swapTokensForEth	Private	1	lockTheSwap
removeLimits	External	1	onlyOwner
sendETHToFee	Private	1	
openTrading	External	1	onlyOwner
	External	Payable	-
ManualSwap	External	✓	-

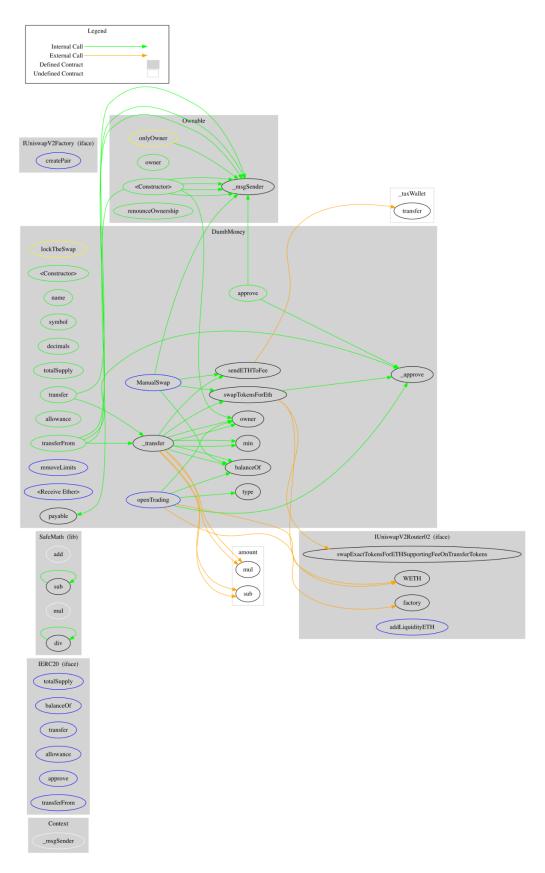


Inheritance Graph





Flow Graph





Summary

DumbMoney contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns and potential improvements. DumbMoney is an interesting project that has a friendly and growing community. The Smart Contract analysis reported no compiler error or critical issues. The contract Owner can access some admin functions that can not be used in a malicious way to disturb the users' transactions. The fees cannot be greater than 1% since the initial fee limits have expired.



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Blockchain technology and cryptographic assets present a high level of ongoing risk Cyberscope's position is that each company and individual are responsible for their own due diligence and continuous security Cyberscope's goal is to help reduce the attack vectors and the high level of variance associated with utilizing new and consistently changing technologies and in no way claims any guarantee of security or functionality of the technology we agree to analyze. The assessment services provided by Cyberscope are subject to dependencies and are under continuing development. You agree that your access and/or use including but not limited to any services reports and materials will be at your sole risk on an as-is where-is and as-available basis Cryptographic tokens are emergent technologies and carry with them high levels of technical risk and uncertainty. The assessment reports could include false positives false negatives and other unpredictable results. The services may access and depend upon multiple layers of third parties.

About Cyberscope

Cyberscope is a blockchain cybersecurity company that was founded with the vision to make web3.0 a safer place for investors and developers. Since its launch, it has worked with thousands of projects and is estimated to have secured tens of millions of investors' funds.

Cyberscope is one of the leading smart contract audit firms in the crypto space and has built a high-profile network of clients and partners.



The Cyberscope team

https://www.cyberscope.io