

# Audit Report LindaYacc CEO

May 2023

Network BSC

Address 0x58C764C18B6263cE97c8a22fec857E0139026B06

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## **Review**

Contract Name	LindaCEO
Compiler Version	v0.8.18+commit.87f61d96
Optimization	200 runs
Explorer	https://bscscan.com/address/0x58c764c18b6263ce97c8a22fec 857e0139026b06
Address	0x58c764c18b6263ce97c8a22fec857e0139026b06
Network	BSC
Symbol	LindaCEO
Decimals	9
Total Supply	69,000,000,000,000

## **Audit Updates**

Initial Audit	14 May 2023
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## **Source Files**

Filename	SHA256
LindaCEO.sol	d32c5ef2f089de2e2344dd9cfa2fe5bfb882344bb752811584205df37f8cf de5



# **Findings Breakdown**



Sev	rerity	Unresolved	Acknowledged	Resolved	Other	
•	Critical	0	0	0	0	
•	Medium	0	0	0	0	
	Minor / Informative	3	0	0	0	



# **Analysis**

CriticalMediumMinor / InformativePass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	ST	Stops Transactions	Passed
•	OCTD	Transfers Contract's Tokens	Passed
•	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
•	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
•	ULTW	Transfers Liquidity to Team Wallet	Passed
•	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
•	ВТ	Burns Tokens	Passed
•	ВС	Blacklists Addresses	Passed



# **Diagnostics**

Critical
 Medium
 Minor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	L09	Dead Code Elimination	Unresolved
•	L15	Local Scope Variable Shadowing	Unresolved
•	L19	Stable Compiler Version	Unresolved



#### L09 - Dead Code Elimination

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	LindaCEO.sol#L473
Status	Unresolved

#### Description

In Solidity, dead code is code that is written in the contract, but is never executed or reached during normal contract execution. Dead code can occur for a variety of reasons, such as:

- Conditional statements that are always false.
- Functions that are never called.
- Unreachable code (e.g., code that follows a return statement).

Dead code can make a contract more difficult to understand and maintain, and can also increase the size of the contract and the cost of deploying and interacting with it.

```
function _burn(address account, uint256 amount) internal virtual {
    require(account != address(0), "ERC20: burn from the zero
address");

    _beforeTokenTransfer(account, address(0), amount);

    uint256 accountBalance = _balances[account];
...
}
_totalSupply -= amount;

emit Transfer(account, address(0), amount);

_afterTokenTransfer(account, address(0), amount);
}
```



#### Recommendation

To avoid creating dead code, it's important to carefully consider the logic and flow of the contract and to remove any code that is not needed or that is never executed. This can help improve the clarity and efficiency of the contract.



## L15 - Local Scope Variable Shadowing

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	LindaCEO.sol#L561
Status	Unresolved

#### Description

Local scope variable shadowing occurs when a local variable with the same name as a variable in an outer scope is declared within a function or code block. When this happens, the local variable "shadows" the outer variable, meaning that it takes precedence over the outer variable within the scope in which it is declared.

uint256 \_totalSupply

#### Recommendation

It's important to be aware of shadowing when working with local variables, as it can lead to confusion and unintended consequences if not used correctly. It's generally a good idea to choose unique names for local variables to avoid shadowing outer variables and causing confusion.



#### L19 - Stable Compiler Version

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	LindaCEO.sol#L4,26,99,180,205,557
Status	Unresolved

#### Description

The symbol indicates that any version of Solidity that is compatible with the specified version (i.e., any version that is a higher minor or patch version) can be used to compile the contract. The version lock is a mechanism that allows the author to specify a minimum version of the Solidity compiler that must be used to compile the contract code. This is useful because it ensures that the contract will be compiled using a version of the compiler that is known to be compatible with the code.

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
```

#### Recommendation

The team is advised to lock the pragma to ensure the stability of the codebase. The locked pragma version ensures that the contract will not be deployed with an unexpected version. An unexpected version may produce vulnerabilities and undiscovered bugs. The compiler should be configured to the lowest version that provides all the required functionality for the codebase. As a result, the project will be compiled in a well-tested LTS (Long Term Support) environment.



# **Functions Analysis**

Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
Context	Implementation			
	_msgSender	Internal		
	_msgData	Internal		
Ownable	Implementation	Context		
		Public	✓	-
	owner	Public		-
	renounceOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_transferOwnership	Internal	✓	
IERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-



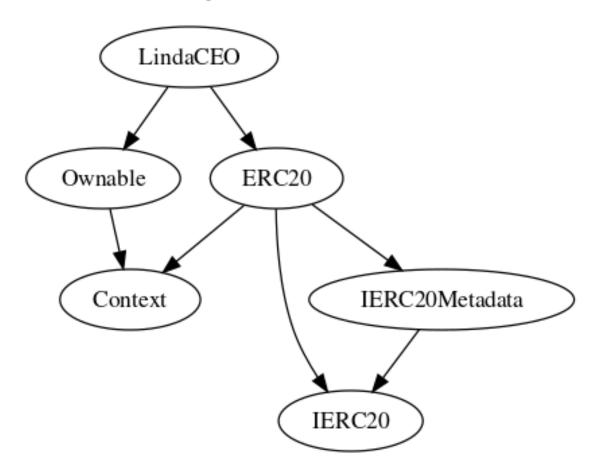
IERC20Metadat	Interface	IERC20		
	name	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	decimals	External		-
ERC20	Implementation	Context, IERC20, IERC20Meta data		
		Public	✓	-
	name	Public		-
	symbol	Public		-
	decimals	Public		-
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	✓	-
	allowance	Public		-
	approve	Public	✓	-
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	increaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	decreaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	_transfer	Internal	✓	
	_mint	Internal	✓	
	_burn	Internal	✓	



	_approve	Internal	✓	
	_beforeTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
	_afterTokenTransfer	Internal	1	
LindaCEO	Implementation	Ownable, ERC20		
		Public	✓	ERC20

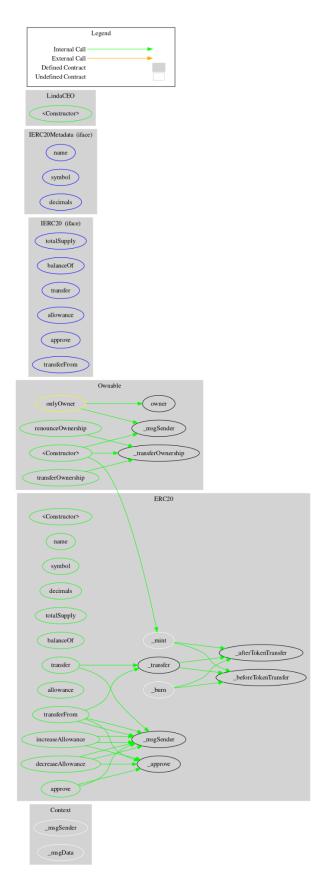


# **Inheritance Graph**





# Flow Graph





## **Summary**

LindaYacc CEO contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns, and potential improvements. LindaYacc CEO is an interesting project that has a friendly and growing community. The Smart Contract analysis reported no compiler errors or critical issues. The contract Owner can access some admin functions that can not be used in a malicious way to disturb the users' transactions.



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