

Audit Report ATM88

May 2023

Network BSC

Address 0xa4790d888647ca2a287ba648a28bcad7b66ec233

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Analysis

CriticalMediumMinor / InformativePass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	ST	Stops Transactions	Unresolved
•	OCTD	Transfers Contract's Tokens	Passed
•	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
•	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
•	ULTW	Transfers Liquidity to Team Wallet	Passed
•	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
•	ВТ	Burns Tokens	Passed
•	ВС	Blacklists Addresses	Unresolved



Diagnostics

CriticalMediumMinor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	MVN	Misleading Variables Naming	Unresolved
•	L02	State Variables could be Declared Constant	Unresolved
•	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions	Unresolved
•	L05	Unused State Variable	Unresolved
•	L07	Missing Events Arithmetic	Unresolved
•	L14	Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope	Unresolved
•	L20	Succeeded Transfer Check	Unresolved



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Review

Contract Name	ATM88Upgradeable
Compiler Version	v0.8.2+commit.661d1103
Optimization	150 runs
Explorer	https://bscscan.com/address/0xa4790d888647ca2a287ba648a 28bcad7b66ec233
Address	0xa4790d888647ca2a287ba648a28bcad7b66ec233
Network	BSC
Decimals	18

Audit Updates

Initial Audit	18 May 2023
Corrected Phase 2	21 May 2023

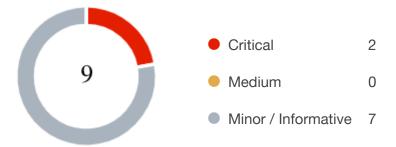


Source Files

Filename	SHA256
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/access/Ow nableUpgradeable.sol	f0cbb88e6cbc994b565645eabd4320d27d 529c7f1f4b3abb5fc263f3961c0a24
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/ Initializable.sol	6e058aaee8c641107b209b62c34d484f2f1 25a44ecb66f7204a701614dfc1d68
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/security/PausableUpgradeable.sol	8aecaaba0f09bc906c27867246210adfd19 230a3e4a209a1909045c633030476
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/token/ERC 20/ERC20Upgradeable.sol	a439a162881f7f36131b1fe307aa2a8dc98 ac3f01ac121ff92fbbc25d0d216b5
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/token/ERC 20/extensions/IERC20MetadataUpgradeable.sol	68bcca423fc72ec9625e219c9e36306c72 6a347e43f3711467c579bd3f6500c8
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/token/ERC 20/IERC20Upgradeable.sol	db1d80b38061ba675444e6ad861a621d9 9666042950278d6cdeae9a108afdd17
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/Addre ssUpgradeable.sol	44edc4d7099c781d11421cea2d82a52948 e738f5f6191c8ad01dfc0f9858549c
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/ContextUpgradeable.sol	5fb301961e45cb482fe4e05646d2f529aa4 49fe0e90c6671475d6a32356fa2d4
contracts/coin/ATM88.sol	2bbc4951c9d7db1c039d2284bfbf0628f8a aac44a8561436be2b089768ae7efc
contracts/interface/IFactory.sol	6d4372a8b92ad975c0f89034fea0c2e9ae0 72e72268c8439ebbd5eca6c8bd149
contracts/interface/IPinkAntiBot.sol	7225b28b58bf1954a21981e01b72ed6e8f 88595d1ad52672eabb1011fb7aca8b
contracts/interface/IRouter.sol	1327fa034fffa54c1f44f16fea2847eaaa77fe 85fa904591ee1451050534af06



Findings Breakdown



Sev	erity	Unresolved	Acknowledged	Resolved	Other
•	Critical	2	0	0	0
•	Medium	0	0	0	0
	Minor / Informative	7	0	0	0



ST - Stops Transactions

Criticality	Critical
Location	contracts/coin/ATM88.sol#L96,106
Status	Unresolved

Description

The transactions are initially disabled for all users excluding the authorized addresses. The owner can enable the transactions for all users. Once the transactions are enable the owner will not be able to disable them again.

```
if (!tradingEnabled) {
    require(
        isWhiteList[sender] && isWhiteList[recipient],
        "Not allow to trade"
    );
}
```

The contract owner has the authority to allow users to sell only when they hold a specific amount of Athos Meta (ATM) tokens. The maximum amount of tokens that can be set as a limit is 5,000 \$ATM.

The \$ATM address is:

https://www.bscscan.com/address/0xF02b31b0B6dCabd579e41A0250288608FA43F898

```
require(balanceOfATM >= minATM, "Hold ATM to sell");
```

Recommendation

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. Some suggestions are:

- Introduce a multi-sign wallet so that many addresses will confirm the action.
- Introduce a governance model where users will vote about the actions.



BC - Blacklists Addresses

Criticality	Critical
Location	contracts/coin/ATM88.sol#L165
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract owner has the authority to stop addresses from transactions. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the updateBlacklist function.

```
function updateBlacklist(address account, bool state) external
onlyOwner {
    require(account != address(0), "Invalid address");
    blackList[account] = state;
}
```

Recommendation

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. Some suggestions are:

- Introduce a time-locker mechanism with a reasonable delay.
- Introduce a multi-sign wallet so that many addresses will confirm the action.
- Introduce a governance model where users will vote about the actions.
- Renouncing the ownership will eliminate the threats but it is non-reversible.



MVN - Misleading Variables Naming

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	contracts/coin/ATM88.sol#L94
Status	Unresolved

Description

Variables can have misleading names if their names do not accurately reflect the value they contain or the purpose they serve. The contract uses some variable names that are too generic or do not clearly convey the information stored in the variable. Misleading variable names can lead to confusion, making the code more difficult to read and understand.

The variable feeSwap stores the fee amount that is added to the devWallet . The variable should be named devFee .

uint256 feeSwap;

Recommendation

It's always a good practice for the contract to contain variable names that are specific and descriptive. The team is advised to keep in mind the readability of the code.



L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	contracts/coin/ATM88.sol#L26,27,28
Status	Unresolved

Description

State variables can be declared as constant using the constant keyword. This means that the value of the state variable cannot be changed after it has been set. Additionally, the constant variables decrease gas consumption of the corresponding transaction.

```
uint256 public genesisBlock
uint256 private deadline
uint256 private launchtax
```

Recommendation

Constant state variables can be useful when the contract wants to ensure that the value of a state variable cannot be changed by any function in the contract. This can be useful for storing values that are important to the contract's behavior, such as the contract's address or the maximum number of times a certain function can be called. The team is advised to add the constant keyword to state variables that never change.



L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	contracts/coin/ATM88.sol#L50,57,124,128,133,138,155
Status	Unresolved

Description

The Solidity style guide is a set of guidelines for writing clean and consistent Solidity code. Adhering to a style guide can help improve the readability and maintainability of the Solidity code, making it easier for others to understand and work with.

The followings are a few key points from the Solidity style guide:

- 1. Use camelCase for function and variable names, with the first letter in lowercase (e.g., myVariable, updateCounter).
- 2. Use PascalCase for contract, struct, and enum names, with the first letter in uppercase (e.g., MyContract, UserStruct, ErrorEnum).
- 3. Use uppercase for constant variables and enums (e.g., MAX_VALUE, ERROR_CODE).
- 4. Use indentation to improve readability and structure.
- 5. Use spaces between operators and after commas.
- 6. Use comments to explain the purpose and behavior of the code.
- 7. Keep lines short (around 120 characters) to improve readability.

```
function __ATM_init() internal initializer {
     __ERC20_init("ATM88", "ATM88");
     __Ownable_init();
     __Pausable_init();
     __ATM_init_unchained();
}
```

Recommendation



By following the Solidity naming convention guidelines, the codebase increased the readability, maintainability, and makes it easier to work with.

Find more information on the Solidity documentation

https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.8.17/style-guide.html#naming-convention.



L05 - Unused State Variable

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	contracts/coin/ATM88.sol#L27,28
Status	Unresolved

Description

An unused state variable is a state variable that is declared in the contract, but is never used in any of the contract's functions. This can happen if the state variable was originally intended to be used, but was later removed or never used.

Unused state variables can create clutter in the contract and make it more difficult to understand and maintain. They can also increase the size of the contract and the cost of deploying and interacting with it.

```
uint256 private deadline
uint256 private launchtax
```

Recommendation

To avoid creating unused state variables, it's important to carefully consider the state variables that are needed for the contract's functionality, and to remove any that are no longer needed. This can help improve the clarity and efficiency of the contract.



L07 - Missing Events Arithmetic

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	contracts/coin/ATM88.sol#L130,135,143
Status	Unresolved

Description

Events are a way to record and log information about changes or actions that occur within a contract. They are often used to notify external parties or clients about events that have occurred within the contract, such as the transfer of tokens or the completion of a task.

It's important to carefully design and implement the events in a contract, and to ensure that all required events are included. It's also a good idea to test the contract to ensure that all events are being properly triggered and logged.

```
sellFee = _fee
buyFee = _fee
minATM = _minATM * 10 ** 18
```

Recommendation

By including all required events in the contract and thoroughly testing the contract's functionality, the contract ensures that it performs as intended and does not have any missing events that could cause issues with its arithmetic.



L14 - Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	contracts/coin/ATM88.sol#L94
Status	Unresolved

Description

Using an uninitialized local variable can lead to unpredictable behavior and potentially cause errors in the contract. It's important to always initialize local variables with appropriate values before using them.

uint256 feeSwap

Recommendation

By initializing local variables before using them, the contract ensures that the functions behave as expected and avoid potential issues.



L20 - Succeeded Transfer Check

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	contracts/coin/ATM88.sol#L178
Status	Unresolved

Description

According to the ERC20 specification, the transfer methods should be checked if the result is successful. Otherwise, the contract may wrongly assume that the transfer has been established.

```
IERC20Upgradeable(tokenAdd).transfer(devWallet, amount)
```

Recommendation

The contract should check if the result of the transfer methods is successful. The team is advised to check the SafeERC20 library from the Openzeppelin library.

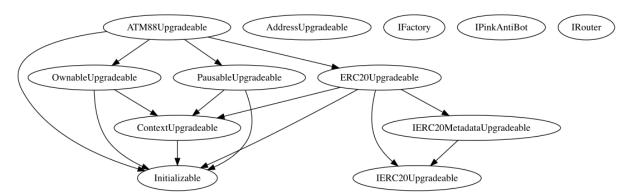


Functions Analysis

Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
ATM88Upgrade able	Implementation	Initializable, ERC20Upgra deable, OwnableUpg radeable, PausableUp gradeable		
	initialize	Public	✓	initializer
	ATM_init	Internal	✓	initializer
	ATM_init_unchained	Internal	✓	initializer
	_transfer	Internal	✓	
	setEnableAntiBot	External	✓	onlyOwner
	setSellFee	External	✓	onlyOwner
	setBuyFee	External	✓	onlyOwner
	setMinATM	External	✓	onlyOwner
	setEnableTrading	External	✓	onlyOwner
	updatelsWhileList	External	1	onlyOwner
	updateExemptFee	External	✓	onlyOwner
	updateDevWallet	External	✓	onlyOwner
	updateBlacklist	External	✓	onlyOwner
	rescueETH	External	✓	onlyOwner
	rescueTokenERC20	External	✓	onlyOwner

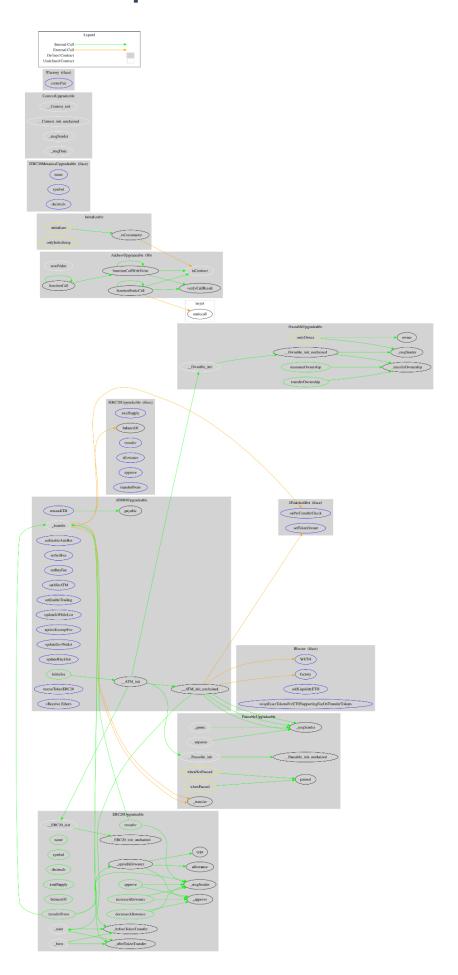


Inheritance Graph





Flow Graph





Summary

ATM88 - Casino Game Series contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns, and potential improvements. There are some functions that can be abused by the owner like stopping transactions and massively blacklist addresses. A multi-wallet signing pattern will provide security against potential hacks. Temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership will eliminate all the contract threats. There is also a limit of max 10% buy and sell fees.

Initial Audit, 18 May 2023

At the time of the audit report, the contract with address 0x52c9d415173489625de99dbbe4c7a79e90e9e1d0 is pointed by the following proxy address: 0xbc0640a9af9048385a241b899bb5184796ae0c98.

Corrected Phase 2, 21 May 2023

At the time of the audit report, the contract with address 0xa4790d888647ca2a287ba648a28bcad7b66ec233 is pointed by the following proxy address: 0xbc0640a9af9048385a241b899bb5184796ae0c98.



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