

Audit Report **YetiChain**

February 2023

SHA256

6c8e060495fd88e10d74a11e1af7d8a52dce8422f7ae9b7dc81f3dd032899419

Audted by © cyberscope



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Review

Contract Name	YetiGrinder
Testing Deploy	https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0xd9fbc221391b2aad06e158243a7a64caf08df30d
Symbol	YET
Decimals	9
Total Supply	3,000,000,000

Audit Updates

Initial Audit	17 Jan 2023 https://github.com/cyberscope-io/audits/blob/main/yeti/v1/audit.pdf
Corrected Phase 2	09 Feb 2023

Source Files

Filename	SHA256
contracts/1-1-2023_Yeti_Chain.sol	6c8e060495fd88e10d74a11e1af7d8a52d ce8422f7ae9b7dc81f3dd032899419



Analysis

CriticalMediumMinor / InformativePass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	ST	Stops Transactions	Passed
•	OCTD	Transfers Contract's Tokens	Passed
•	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
•	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
•	ULTW	Transfers Liquidity to Team Wallet	Passed
•	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
•	BT	Burns Tokens	Passed
•	ВС	Blacklists Addresses	Passed



Diagnostics

CriticalMediumMinor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	L02	State Variables could be Declared Constant	Unresolved
•	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions	Unresolved
•	L07	Missing Events Arithmetic	Unresolved
•	L09	Dead Code Elimination	Unresolved
•	L12	Using Variables before Declaration	Unresolved
•	L13	Divide before Multiply Operation	Unresolved
•	L14	Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope	Unresolved
•	L16	Validate Variable Setters	Unresolved
•	L20	Succeeded Transfer Check	Unresolved



L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	contracts/1-1-2022 Yeti Chain.sol#L185
Status	Unresolved

Description

State variables can be declared as constant using the constant keyword. This means that the value of the state variable cannot be changed after it has been set. Additionally, the constant variables decrease gas consumption of the corresponding transaction.

address public BUSD = 0xe9e7CEA3DedcA5984780Bafc599bD69ADd087D56

Recommendation

Constant state variables can be useful when the contract wants to ensure that the value of a state variable cannot be changed by any function in the contract. This can be useful for storing values that are important to the contract's behavior, such as the contract's address or the maximum number of times a certain function can be called. The team is advised to add the constant keyword to state variables that never change.



L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	1-1-2023_Yeti_Chain.sol#L68,195,198,207,208,209,210,235,237,245,255,256,257,2 62,271,293,625,626,749,750
Status	Unresolved

Description

The Solidity style guide is a set of guidelines for writing clean and consistent Solidity code. Adhering to a style guide can help improve the readability and maintainability of the Solidity code, making it easier for others to understand and work with.

The followings are a few key points from the Solidity style guide:

- 1. Use camelCase for function and variable names, with the first letter in lowercase (e.g., myVariable, updateCounter).
- 2. Use PascalCase for contract, struct, and enum names, with the first letter in uppercase (e.g., MyContract, UserStruct, ErrorEnum).
- Use uppercase for constant variables and enums (e.g., MAX_VALUE, ERROR_CODE).
- 4. Use indentation to improve readability and structure.
- 5. Use spaces between operators and after commas.
- 6. Use comments to explain the purpose and behavior of the code.
- 7. Keep lines short (around 120 characters) to improve readability.

```
function WETH() external pure returns (address);
mapping(address => uint256) _tOwned
mapping(address => mapping(address => uint256)) _allowances
uint256 private constant startingSupply = 3_000_000_000
string private constant _name = "YETI Chain"
string private constant _symbol = "YET"
uint8 private constant _decimals = 9
Fees public _taxRates = Fees({ buyFee: 100, sellFee: 100, transferFee: 0 })
...
```



Recommendation

By following the Solidity naming convention guidelines, the codebase increased the readability, maintainability, and makes it easier to work with.

Find more information on the Solidity documentation https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.8.17/style-guide.html#naming-convention.



L07 - Missing Events Arithmetic

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	1-1-2023_Yeti_Chain.sol#L679,690,713,734,759
Status	Unresolved

Description

Events are a way to record and log information about changes or actions that occur within a contract. They are often used to notify external parties or clients about events that have occurred within the contract, such as the transfer of tokens or the completion of a task.

It's important to carefully design and implement the events in a contract, and to ensure that all required events are included. It's also a good idea to test the contract to ensure that all events are being properly triggered and logged.

```
_maxTxAmount = (_tTotal * percent) / divisor
_maxWalletSize = (_tTotal * percent) / divisor
swapThreshold = (_tTotal * thresholdPercent) / thresholdDivisor
piSwapPercent = priceImpactSwapPercent
cashierGas = gas
```

Recommendation

By including all required events in the contract and thoroughly testing the contract's functionality, the contract ensures that it performs as intended and does not have any missing events that could cause issues with its arithmetic.



L09 - Dead Code Elimination

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	1-1-2023_Yeti_Chain.sol#L823
Status	Unresolved

Description

In Solidity, dead code is code that is written in the contract, but is never executed or reached during normal contract execution. Dead code can occur for a variety of reasons, such as:

- Conditional statements that are always false.
- Functions that are never called.
- Unreachable code (e.g., code that follows a return statement).

Dead code can make a contract more difficult to understand and maintain, and can also increase the size of the contract and the cost of deploying and interacting with it.

```
function basicTransfer(
   address from,
   address to,
   uint256 amount
  ) internal returns (bool) {
   tOwned[from] -= amount;
    _tOwned[to] += amount;
   emit Transfer(from, to, amount);
   return true;
```

Recommendation

To avoid creating dead code, it's important to carefully consider the logic and flow of the contract and to remove any code that is not needed or that is never executed. This can help improve the clarity and efficiency of the contract.



L12 - Using Variables before Declaration

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	1-1-2023_Yeti_Chain.sol#L1014
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract is using a variable before the declaration. This is usually happening either if it has not been declared yet or if the variable has been declared in a different scope. It is not a good practice to use a local variable before it has been declared.

bool check

Recommendation

By declaring local variables before using them, contract ensures that it operates correctly. It's important to be aware of this rule when working with local variables, as using a variable before it has been declared can lead to unexpected behavior and can be difficult to debug.



L13 - Divide before Multiply Operation

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	1-1-2023_Yeti_Chain.sol#L1105,1111,1112
Status	Unresolved

Description

It is important to be aware of the order of operations when performing arithmetic calculations. This is especially important when working with large numbers, as the order of operations can affect the final result of the calculation. Performing divisions before multiplications may cause loss of prediction.

```
uint256 feeAmount = (amount * currentFee) / masterTaxDivisor
uint256 swapAmt = (feeAmount * swapRatio) / masterTaxDivisor
```

Recommendation

To avoid this issue, it is recommended to carefully consider the order of operations when performing arithmetic calculations in Solidity. It's generally a good idea to use parentheses to specify the order of operations. The basic rule is that the multiplications should be prior to the divisions.



L14 - Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	1-1-2023_Yeti_Chain.sol#L1013,1014,1077,1078
Status	Unresolved

Description

Using an uninitialized local variable can lead to unpredictable behavior and potentially cause errors in the contract. It's important to always initialize local variables with appropriate values before using them.

```
bool checked
bool check
uint16 swapRatio
uint16 devRatio
```

Recommendation

By initializing local variables before using them, the contract ensures that the functions behave as expected and avoid potential issues.



L16 - Validate Variable Setters

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	1-1-2023_Yeti_Chain.sol#L425
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract performs operations on variables that have been configured on user-supplied input. These variables are missing of proper check for the case where a value is zero. This can lead to problems when the contract is executed, as certain actions may not be properly handled when the value is zero.

operator = newOperator

Recommendation

By adding the proper check, the contract will not allow the variables to be configured with zero value. This will ensure that the contract can handle all possible input values and avoid unexpected behavior or errors. Hence, it can help to prevent the contract from being exploited or operating unexpectedly.



L20 - Succeeded Transfer Check

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	1-1-2023_Yeti_Chain.sol#L953,959,1163
Status	Unresolved

Description

According to the ERC20 specification, the transfer methods should be checked if the result is successful. Otherwise, the contract may wrongly assume that the transfer has been established.

Recommendation

The contract should check if the result of the transfer methods is successful. The team is advised to check the SafeERC20 library from the Openzeppelin library.



Functions Analysis

Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
IERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	decimals	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	name	External		-
	getOwner	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	1	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	1	-
	transferFrom	External	1	-
IFactoryV2	Interface			
	getPair	External		-
	createPair	External	1	-
IV2Pair	Interface			
	factory	External		-
	getReserves	External		-
	sync	External	1	-
IRouter01	Interface			
	factory	External		-
	WETH	External		-



	addLiquidityETH	External	Payable	-
	addLiquidity	External	1	-
	swapExactETHForTokens	External	Payable	-
	getAmountsOut	External		-
	getAmountsIn	External		-
IRouter02	Interface	IRouter01		
	swapExactTokensForETHSupporting FeeOnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
	swapExactETHForTokensSupporting FeeOnTransferTokens	External	Payable	-
	swapExactTokensForTokensSupporti ngFeeOnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
	swapExactTokensForTokens	External	1	-
Protections	Interface			
	checkUser	External	✓	-
	setLaunch	External	✓	-
	setLpPair	External	1	-
	setProtections	External	1	-
	removeSniper	External	✓	-
Cashier	Interface			
	setRewardsProperties	External	1	-
	tally	External	1	-
	load	External	Payable	-
	cashout	External	1	-
	giveMeWelfarePlease	External	1	-
	getTotalDistributed	External		-
	getUserInfo	External		-
	getUserRealizedRewards	External		-



	getPendingRewards	External		-
	initialize	External	✓	-
	getCurrentReward	External		-
YetiGrinder	Implementation	IERC20		
		Public	Payable	-
	transferOwner	External	1	onlyOwner
	renounceOwnership	External	1	onlyOwner
	setOperator	Public	1	-
	renounceOriginalDeployer	External	✓	-
		External	Payable	-
	totalSupply	External		-
	decimals	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	name	External		-
	getOwner	External		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	1	-
	_approve	Internal	1	
	approveContractContingency	Public	1	onlyOwner
	transfer	External	1	-
	transferFrom	External	1	-
	setNewRouter	External	1	onlyOwner
	setLpPair	External	1	onlyOwner
	setInitializers	External	✓	onlyOwner
	isExcludedFromFees	External		-
	isExcludedFromDividends	External		-
	isExcludedFromProtection	External		-



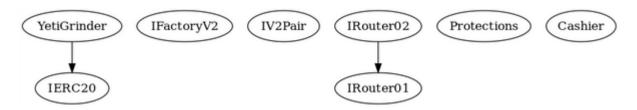
isExcludedFromLimits External - setExcludedFromLimits External / onlyOwner setExcludedFromFees Public / onlyOwner setExcludedFromFees Public / onlyOwner setExcludedFromProtection External / onlyOwner setExcludedFromProtection External / onlyOwner setProtectionSettings External / onlyOwner setWallets External / onlyOwner lockTaxes External / onlyOwner setTaxes External / onlyOwner setRatios External / onlyOwner setMaxTxPercent External / onlyOwner setMaxTxPercent External / onlyOwner setMaxTX Public - getMaxTX Public - getMaxWalletSize External / onlyOwner setSwapSettings External / onlyOwner setSwapSettings External / onlyOwner setPriceImpactSwapAmount External / onlyOwner setPriceImpactSwapAmount External / onlyOwner setRewardsProperties External / onlyOwner setRemardsProperties External / onlyOwner				
setDividendExcluded Public	isExcludedFromLimits	External		-
setExcludedFromFees Public	setExcludedFromLimits	External	✓	onlyOwner
setExcludedFromProtection External	setDividendExcluded	Public	✓	onlyOwner
removeSniper External	setExcludedFromFees	Public	✓	onlyOwner
setProtectionSettings	setExcludedFromProtection	External	✓	onlyOwner
setWallets External ✓ onlyOwner lockTaxes External ✓ onlyOwner setTaxes External ✓ onlyOwner setRatios External ✓ onlyOwner setMaxTxPercent External ✓ onlyOwner setMaxWalletSize External ✓ onlyOwner getMaxTX Public - getMaxWallet Public - getTokenAmountAtPriceImpact External ✓ onlyOwner setSwapSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setPriceImpactSwapAmount External ✓ onlyOwner setContractSwapEnabled External ✓ onlyOwner setReflectorSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setReflectorSettings External ✓ onlyOwner excludePresaleAddresses External ✓ onlyOwner	removeSniper	External	✓	onlyOwner
lockTaxes	setProtectionSettings	External	✓	onlyOwner
setTaxes External	setWallets	External	✓	onlyOwner
setRatios External	lockTaxes	External	✓	onlyOwner
setMaxTxPercent External ✓ onlyOwner setMaxWalletSize External ✓ onlyOwner getMaxTX Public - getMaxWallet Public - getTokenAmountAtPriceImpact External - setSwapSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setPriceImpactSwapAmount External ✓ onlyOwner setContractSwapEnabled External ✓ onlyOwner setRewardsProperties External ✓ onlyOwner setReflectorSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setGenerationRatios External ✓ onlyOwner excludePresaleAddresses External ✓ onlyOwner	setTaxes	External	✓	onlyOwner
setMaxWalletSize External ✓ onlyOwner getMaxTX Public - getMaxWallet Public - getTokenAmountAtPriceImpact External - setSwapSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setPriceImpactSwapAmount External ✓ onlyOwner setContractSwapEnabled External ✓ onlyOwner setRewardsProperties External ✓ onlyOwner setReflectorSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setGenerationRatios External ✓ onlyOwner excludePresaleAddresses External ✓ onlyOwner	setRatios	External	✓	onlyOwner
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getTokenAmountAtPriceImpact External - setSwapSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setPriceImpactSwapAmount External ✓ onlyOwner setContractSwapEnabled External ✓ onlyOwner setRewardsProperties External ✓ onlyOwner setReflectorSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setGenerationRatios External ✓ onlyOwner excludePresaleAddresses External ✓ onlyOwner	getMaxTX	Public		-
setSwapSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setPriceImpactSwapAmount External ✓ onlyOwner setContractSwapEnabled External ✓ onlyOwner setRewardsProperties External ✓ onlyOwner setReflectorSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setGenerationRatios External ✓ onlyOwner excludePresaleAddresses External ✓ onlyOwner	getMaxWallet	Public		-
setPriceImpactSwapAmount External ✓ onlyOwner setContractSwapEnabled External ✓ onlyOwner setRewardsProperties External ✓ onlyOwner setReflectorSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setGenerationRatios External ✓ onlyOwner excludePresaleAddresses External ✓ onlyOwner	getTokenAmountAtPriceImpact	External		-
setContractSwapEnabled External ✓ onlyOwner setRewardsProperties External ✓ onlyOwner setReflectorSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setGenerationRatios External ✓ onlyOwner excludePresaleAddresses External ✓ onlyOwner	setSwapSettings	External	✓	onlyOwner
setRewardsProperties External ✓ onlyOwner setReflectorSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setGenerationRatios External ✓ onlyOwner excludePresaleAddresses External ✓ onlyOwner	setPriceImpactSwapAmount	External	✓	onlyOwner
setReflectorSettings External ✓ onlyOwner setGenerationRatios External ✓ onlyOwner excludePresaleAddresses External ✓ onlyOwner	setContractSwapEnabled	External	✓	onlyOwner
setGenerationRatios External ✓ onlyOwner excludePresaleAddresses External ✓ onlyOwner	setRewardsProperties	External	✓	onlyOwner
excludePresaleAddresses External ✓ onlyOwner	setReflectorSettings	External	✓	onlyOwner
	setGenerationRatios	External	✓	onlyOwner
_hasLimits Internal	excludePresaleAddresses	External	✓	onlyOwner
	_hasLimits	Internal		
_basicTransfer Internal ✓	_basicTransfer	Internal	✓	
_transfer Internal ✓	_transfer	Internal	✓	
contractSwap Internal ✓ inSwapFlag	contractSwap	Internal	✓	inSwapFlag
_checkLiquidityAdd Private ✓	_checkLiquidityAdd	Private	√	
enableTrading Public ✓ onlyOwner	enableTrading	Public	✓	onlyOwner



finalizeTransfer	Internal	✓	
processRewards	Internal	✓	
manualProcess	External	✓	-
takeTaxes	Internal	✓	
multiSendTokens	External	✓	onlyOwner
manualDeposit	External	✓	onlyOwner
sweepContingency	External	✓	onlyOwner
sweepExternalTokens	External	✓	onlyOwner
claimPendingRewards	External	✓	-
getTotalReflected	External		-
getUserInfo	External		-
getUserRealizedGains	External		-
getUserUnpaidEarnings	External		-
getCurrentReward	External		-

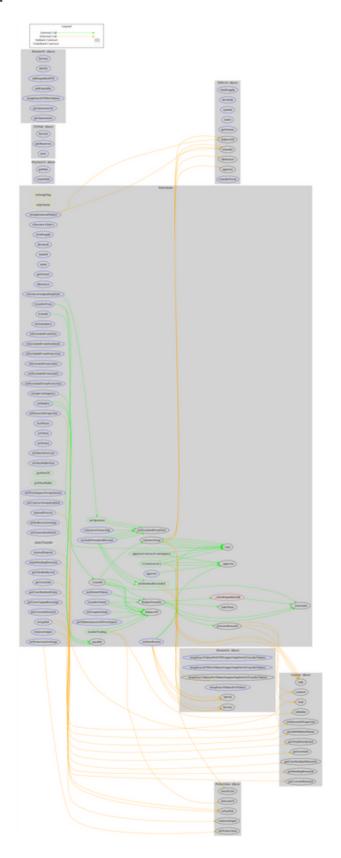


Inheritance Graph





Flow Graph





Summary

YetiChain is an interesting project with a friendly and growing community. The Smart Contract analysis reported no compiler errors or critical issues. The Contract Owner can access some admin functions that can not be used in a malicious way to disturb the users' transactions. There is also a limit of max 1% fee.



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The Cyberscope team

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