

# Audit Report zoozToken

March 2023

Github https://github.com/coalichain/ZOOZToken/blob/main/contracts

Commit 3f1cacf62a5d372e80cc1e24978a79ec04b76ff4

Audited by © cyberscope



# **Table of Contents**

lable of Contents	1
Review	1
Audit Updates	1
Source Files	1
Roles	1
Analysis	3
BC - Blacklists Addresses	3
Description	4
Recommendation	5
Diagnostics	6
US - Untrusted Source	6
Description	6
Recommendation	6
MVN - Misleading Variables Naming	6
Description	6
Recommendation	9
Functions Analysis	9
Inheritance Graph	10
Flow Graph	10
Summary	10
Disclaimer	11
About Cyberscope	15



## Review

Contract Name	ZOOZToken
Repository	https://github.com/coalichain/ZOOZToken/blob/main/contracts
Commit	3f1cacf62a5d372e80cc1e24978a79ec04b76ff4
Testing Deploy	https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x6a15792f6c25efdc549330219a7 33e8ed460a6ab

# **Audit Updates**

Initial Audit	16 Feb 2023 https://github.com/cyberscope-io/audits/blob/main/zooz/v1/audit.pdf
Corrected Phase 2	01 Mar 2023

### Source Files

Filename	SHA256
contracts/ZOOZToken.sol	1f9681eb46946e1261e02d5073e28abab dead2c259176f39daf36460ee9a8ebd



## Roles

The contract consist of three roles. The owner, manager, and governor roles.

The Owner has the authority to

- Grant or revokes the governor and the manager role.
- Renounce or Transfer ownership.
- Set blacklisted addresses.
- Set excluded from fees addresses.

The Manager has the authority to

- Transfer the manager role.
- Configure reward address.

The Governor has the authority to

- Set blacklisted addresses.
- Set excluded from fees addresses.



# Analysis

Critical
 Medium
 Minor / Informative
 Pass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	ST	Stops Transactions	Passed
•	OCTD	Transfers Contract's Tokens	Passed
•	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
•	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
•	ULTW	Transfers Liquidity to Team Wallet	Passed
•	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
•	BT	Burns Tokens	Passed
•	ВС	Blacklists Addresses	Unresolved



#### BC - Blacklists Addresses

Criticality	Medium
Location	contracts/ZOOZToken.sol#L466
Status	Unresolved

#### Description

The contract owner has the authority to stop addresses from transactions. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the setBlockedAddress function.

```
function setBlockedAddress(address holderAddress, bool blocked) public
onlyGovernance() {
  require(holderAddress != address(0), "HolderAddress can't be the zero
  address");

  blockedAddresses[holderAddress][_msgSender()] = blocked;

  if(blocked) {
    emit AddressBlocked(holderAddress);
    return;
  }

  emit AddressUnblocked(holderAddress);
}
```

#### Recommendation

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. That risk can be prevented by temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership.



# Diagnostics

CriticalMediumMinor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	US	Untrusted Source	Unresolved
•	MVN	Misleading Variables Naming	Unresolved



#### **US - Untrusted Source**

Criticality	Critical
Location	contracts/ZOOZToken.sol#L203
Status	Unresolved

#### Description

The contract uses an external contract in order to determine the transaction's flow. The external contract is untrusted. As a result it may produce security issues and harm the transactions.

IPinkAntiBot public pinkAntiBot;

#### Recommendation

The contract should use a trusted external source. A trusted source could be either a commonly recognized or an audited contract. The pointing addresses should not be able to change after the initialization.



#### MVN - Misleading Variables Naming

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	contracts/ZOOZToken.sol#L210,383
Status	Unresolved

#### Description

Variables can have misleading names if their names do not accurately reflect the value they contain or the purpose they serve. The contract uses some variable names that are too generic or do not clearly convey the information stored in the variable. Misleading variable names can lead to confusion, making the code more difficult to read and understand.

The contract utilizes the variable botAddresses and the function \_isItBotAddress. These variables and the function implement an exclude from the fees mechanism.

#### Recommendation

It's always a good practice for the contract to contain variable names that are specific and descriptive. The team is advised to keep in mind the readability of the code.



# **Functions Analysis**

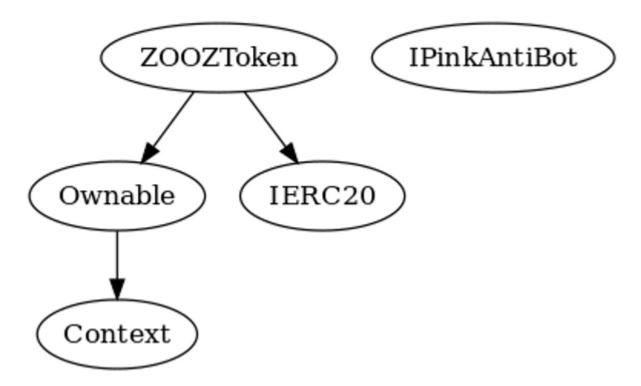
Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
Context	Implementation			
	_msgSender	Internal		
	_msgData	Internal		
Ownable	Implementation	Context		
		Public	✓	-
	owner	Public		-
	renounceOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_transferOwnership	Internal	1	
IERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	1	-
	transferFrom	External	1	-
IPinkAntiBot	Interface			
	setTokenOwner	External	1	-
	onPreTransferCheck	External	1	-



ZOOZToken	Implementation	Ownable, IERC20		
		Public	1	-
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	timestampOf	Public		-
	balancesOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	1	-
	allowance	Public		-
	approve	Public	1	-
	transferFrom	Public	1	-
	_approve	Private	1	
	_transfer	Private	1	
	_isBlockedAddress	Internal		
	_isItBotAddress	Internal		
	_getFees	Internal		
	_holdDateHook	Internal	<b>✓</b>	
	_stdTransfer	Private	<b>✓</b>	
	setManagerAddress	Public	✓	onlyManager
	setRewardsTeamAddress	Public	1	onlyManager
	setBlockedAddress	Public	✓	onlyGovernanc e
	setBotAddress	Public	✓	onlyGovernanc e
	setPair	Public	1	onlyManager
	setEnableAntiBot	External	1	onlyManager
	setGovernance	Public	1	onlyOwner

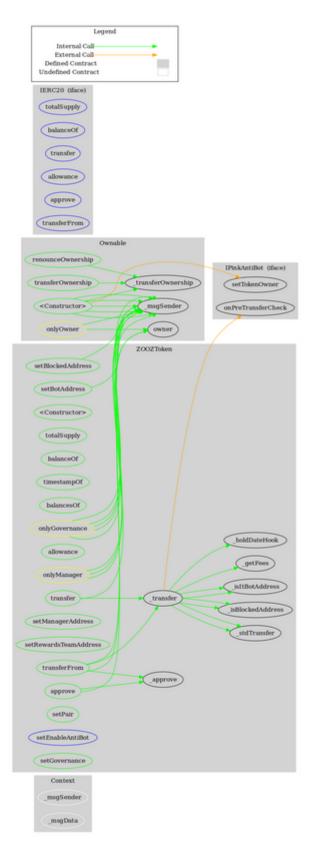


# Inheritance Graph





# Flow Graph





## Summary

There are some functions that can be abused by the owner like stopping transactions. A multi-wallet signing pattern will provide security against potential hacks. Temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership will eliminate all the contract threats. The fee percentage decreases over time, as the time elapsed since the last transaction of the holder. If the time elapsed is less than or equal to 1 week, the fee percentage is 14%. After 1 week, the fee percentage decreases to 10% for the next 3 weeks (1 month total). After 3 months, the fee percentage decreases again to 5%, and after 6 months, the fee percentage decreases to 2%. Eventually, after more than 6 months the fee percentage reaches 0.



#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this report does not constitute investment, financial or trading advice and you should not treat any of the document's content as such. This report may not be transmitted, disclosed, referred to or relied upon by any person for any purposes nor may copies be delivered to any other person other than the Company without Cyberscope's prior written consent. This report is not nor should be considered an "endorsement" or "disapproval" of any particular project or team. This report is not nor should be regarded as an indication of the economics or value of any "product" or "asset" created by any team or project that contracts Cyberscope to perform a security assessment. This document does not provide any warranty or guarantee regarding the absolute bug-free nature of the technology analyzed, nor do they provide any indication of the technologies proprietors' business, business model or legal compliance. This report should not be used in any way to make decisions around investment or involvement with any particular project. This report represents an extensive assessment process intending to help our customers increase the quality of their code while reducing the high level of risk presented by cryptographic tokens and blockchain technology.

Blockchain technology and cryptographic assets present a high level of ongoing risk Cyberscope's position is that each company and individual are responsible for their own due diligence and continuous security Cyberscope's goal is to help reduce the attack vectors and the high level of variance associated with utilizing new and consistently changing technologies and in no way claims any guarantee of security or functionality of the technology we agree to analyze. The assessment services provided by Cyberscope are subject to dependencies and are under continuing development. You agree that your access and/or use including but not limited to any services reports and materials will be at your sole risk on an as-is where-is and as-available basis Cryptographic tokens are emergent technologies and carry with them high levels of technical risk and uncertainty. The assessment reports could include false positives false negatives and other unpredictable results. The services may access and depend upon multiple layers of third parties.



# About Cyberscope

Cyberscope is a blockchain cybersecurity company that was founded with the vision to make web3.0 a safer place for investors and developers. Since its launch, it has worked with thousands of projects and is estimated to have secured tens of millions of investors' funds.

Cyberscope is one of the leading smart contract audit firms in the crypto space and has built a high-profile network of clients and partners.



The Cyberscope team

https://www.cyberscope.io