

Audit Report Shiba Inu GPT

April 2023

Network BSC

Address 0x5aa1c46a60525bffc8aa920b52c0912d4353b310

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Review

Contract Name	BEP20Token
Compiler Version	v0.5.16+commit.9c3226ce
Optimization	200 runs
Explorer	https://bscscan.com/address/0x5aa1c46a60525bffc8aa920b52 c0912d4353b310
Address	0x5aa1c46a60525bffc8aa920b52c0912d4353b310
Network	BSC
Symbol	SHIBGPT
Decimals	18
Total Supply	1,000,000,000,000

Audit Updates

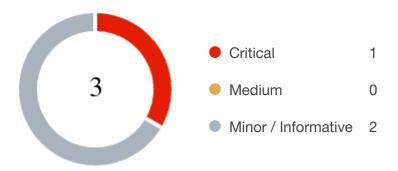
Initial Audit 14 Apr 2023	
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Source Files

Filename	SHA256
BEP20Token.sol	d543cf0df34b3b03b36da8f51420c5a93571fce366e74e61b2334120d9e 6bdf9



Findings Breakdown



Sev	rerity	Unresolved	Acknowledged	Resolved	Other
•	Critical	1	0	0	0
•	Medium	0	0	0	0
	Minor / Informative	2	0	0	0



Analysis

CriticalMediumMinor / InformativePass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	ST	Stops Transactions	Passed
•	OCTD	Transfers Contract's Tokens	Passed
•	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
•	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
•	ULTW	Transfers Liquidity to Team Wallet	Passed
•	MT	Mints Tokens	Unresolved
•	ВТ	Burns Tokens	Passed
•	ВС	Blacklists Addresses	Passed



MT - Mints Tokens

Criticality	Critical
Location	BEP20Token.sol#L501
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract owner has the authority to mint tokens. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the mint function. As a result, the contract tokens will be highly inflated.

```
function mint(uint256 amount) public onlyOwner returns (bool) {
   _mint(_msgSender(), amount);
   return true;
}
```

Recommendation

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. Some suggestions are:

- Introduce a time-locker mechanism with a reasonable delay.
- Introduce a multi-sign wallet so that many addresses will confirm the action.
- Introduce a governance model where users will vote about the actions.
- Renouncing the ownership will eliminate the threats but it is non-reversible.



Diagnostics

	Critical		Medium		Minor /	/ Informative
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Severity	Code	Description	Status
•	IDI	Immutable Declaration Improvement	Unresolved
•	L09	Dead Code Elimination	Unresolved



IDI - Immutable Declaration Improvement

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	BEP20Token.sol#L352,353,354
Status	Unresolved

Description

The contract is using variables that initialize them only in the constructor. The other functions are not mutating the variables. These variables are not defined as <code>immutable</code>.

```
_name
_symbol
_decimals
```

Recommendation

By declaring a variable as immutable, the Solidity compiler is able to make certain optimizations. This can reduce the amount of storage and computation required by the contract, and make it more gas-efficient.



L09 - Dead Code Elimination

Criticality	Minor / Informative
Location	BEP20Token.sol#L553,588
Status	Unresolved

Description

In Solidity, dead code is code that is written in the contract, but is never executed or reached during normal contract execution. Dead code can occur for a variety of reasons, such as:

- Conditional statements that are always false.
- Functions that are never called.
- Unreachable code (e.g., code that follows a return statement).

Dead code can make a contract more difficult to understand and maintain, and can also increase the size of the contract and the cost of deploying and interacting with it.

```
function _burn(address account, uint256 amount) internal {
    require(account != address(0), "BEP20: burn from the zero
address");

    _balances[account] = _balances[account].sub(amount, "BEP20:
burn amount exceeds balance");
    _totalSupply = _totalSupply.sub(amount);
    emit Transfer(account, address(0), amount);
}

function _burnFrom(address account, uint256 amount) internal {
    _burn(account, amount);
    _approve(account, _msgSender()),
    _allowances[account][_msgSender()].sub(amount, "BEP20: burn amount exceeds allowance"));
}
```

Recommendation



To avoid creating dead code, it's important to carefully consider the logic and flow of the contract and to remove any code that is not needed or that is never executed. This can help improve the clarity and efficiency of the contract.



Functions Analysis

Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
IBEP20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	decimals	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	name	External		-
	getOwner	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
Context	Implementation			
		Internal	✓	
	_msgSender	Internal		
	_msgData	Internal		
SafeMath	Library			
	add	Internal		



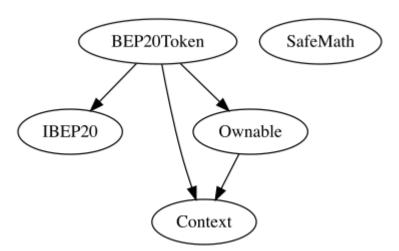
	sub	Internal		
	sub	Internal		
	mul	Internal		
	div	Internal		
	div	Internal		
	mod	Internal		
	mod	Internal		
Ownable	Implementation	Context		
		Internal	1	
	owner	Public		-
	renounceOwnership	Public	1	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	1	onlyOwner
	_transferOwnership	Internal	✓	
BEP20Token	Implementation	Context, IBEP20, Ownable		
		Public	✓	-
	getOwner	External		-
	decimals	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	name	External		-
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-



transfer	External	✓	-
allowance	External		-
approve	External	✓	-
transferFrom	External	✓	-
increaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
decreaseAllowance	Public	1	-
mint	Public	1	onlyOwner
_transfer	Internal	✓	
_mint	Internal	1	
_burn	Internal	1	
_approve	Internal	✓	

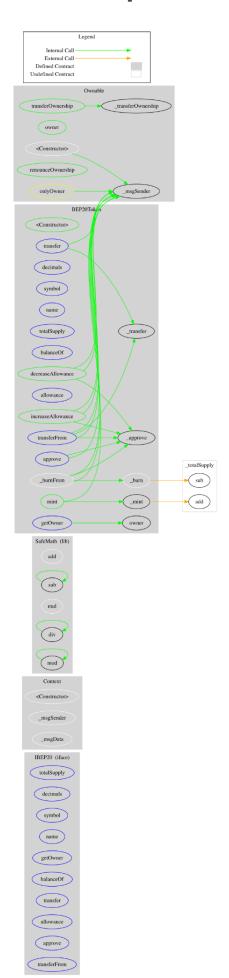


Inheritance Graph





Flow Graph





Summary

Shiba Inu GPT contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns and potential improvements. There are some functions that can be abused by the owner like mint tokens. if the contract owner abuses the mint functionality, then the contract will be highly inflated. A multi-wallet signing pattern will provide security against potential hacks. Temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership will eliminate all the contract threats.



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