## hw4

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# Q1

```
Accuracy=0.553
## -- Attaching packages ------ ti
## v ggplot2 3.3.2
                v purrr
                         0.3.4
## v tibble 3.0.3
                 v dplyr
                        1.0.2
## v tidyr
        1.1.2
               v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr
         1.4.0
                v forcats 0.5.0
## -- Conflicts ------ tidyvers
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
               masks stats::lag()
## Loaded gbm 2.1.8
## Attaching package: 'MLmetrics'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
     Recall
## cols(
##
   Gender = col_character(),
   Height = col_double(),
##
##
   Weight = col_double(),
   Index = col_double()
##
## )
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
## # Groups: Gender [2]
##
   Gender exp_group
   <fct> <chr>
## 1 Female test
## 2 Female train
## 3 Female validate
                   85
## 4 Male
        test
                   81
                   82
## 5 Male
         train
## 6 Male
                   82
        validate
## [1] 0.5329341
```

#### $\mathbf{Q2}$

```
accuracy=0.443
## Using 100 trees...
## [1] 0.4431138
```

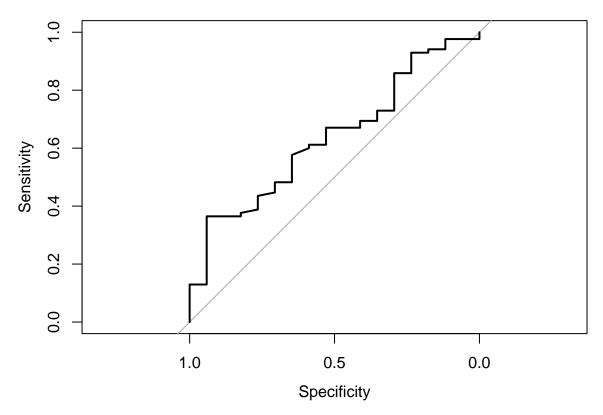
# Q3

```
F1 \text{ score}=0.89
## -- Column specification -------
    Gender = col_character(),
##
    Height = col_double(),
##
##
    Weight = col_double(),
    Index = col_double()
##
## )
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
## # Groups:
              Gender [2]
    Gender exp_group
##
##
    <chr> <chr>
                    <int>
## 1 Female test
                       85
## 2 Female train
                       85
## 3 Female validate
                       85
## 4 Male
                       16
           test
## 5 Male
           train
                       17
## 6 Male
           validate
                       17
## Using 100 trees...
## [1] 0.8950276
```

# Q4

ROC curve has limited area (AUC close to 0.5) under the curve. The ROC curve is plotted with TPR against the FPR where TPR is on y-axis and FPR is on the x-axis. ROC curve is a performance measurement for classification problem at various thresholds settings. ROC is a probability curve. It tells how much model is capable of distinguishing between classes. Higher the area under, better the model is at predicting 0s as 0s and 1s as 1s.

```
## Type 'citation("pROC")' for a citation.
##
## Attaching package: 'pROC'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
## cov, smooth, var
## Setting levels: control = 0, case = 1
## Setting direction: controls < cases</pre>
```



 $\#\mathrm{Q}5$  The first cluster is male , the second is female. Because the first cluster has overall heavier in weight, taller in height, and larger index. K Means gives assignments for each cluster as well as the N cluster centers and optimizes the sum of squared distances to the closest cluster center. The center can represent the character of the cluster in Kmeans.

## Weight Height Index ## 1 78.4664 169.8221 2.857708 ## 2 134.2024 170.0688 4.659919