STAT 2011 Q1 two dire Ai: get dasse 6 on ith nou $P(Ai) = \frac{1}{36}$ $P(\overline{Ai}) = \frac{35}{36}$ throw n times. IP(A)= IP(get at least one double 6 in n trails) = 1 - IP(no double 6 in all n trails) $= 1 - \left(\frac{35}{26}\right)^n \ge 0.5$ 0.5 > (35)n n = 24.6 ⇒ N = 35 Q3 V (8) ×3! ×6! ×2 = 483840 0 _ 0 0 0 _ 0 0

$$\binom{n}{0}^2 + \binom{n}{1}^2 + \ldots + \binom{n}{n}^2 = \binom{2n}{n}$$

$$\binom{0}{0}\binom{0}{0} + \binom{0}{0}\binom{0}{0} + \cdots + \binom{0}{0}\binom{0}{0}$$

$$= \binom{0}{n} \binom{u}{n} + \binom{1}{n} \binom{u-1}{n} + \binom{5}{n} \cdot \binom{u-5}{n} + \binom{k}{n} = \frac{k!(u-k)!}{n!}$$

$$\cdots$$
 \leftarrow $\binom{n}{n}\binom{0}{n}$

$$=\frac{(n-k)!k!}{(n-k)}$$

$$=\left(\frac{2n}{n}\right)$$

A: cut three Chips are White. B: wn sampled B tenth. P(A 1B) = 5 × 4 × 3 = = = P(B) = 1/10 $P(A|B) = \frac{3}{6} \times \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{20}$ P(BIA) = IP(BA) = P(A(B) · IP(B) IP(A(B) · IP(B) + IP(A(B) · IP(B) $= \frac{1/2 \times 1/10}{1/2 \times 1/10 + 1/20 \times 0/10}$ = 10/19 n-m functional Q (0 antennus defective.

N-m

 $\binom{n-m+1}{m}$