Here is the Title of Your Paper

Your name*

Abstract

Here comes your abstract.

This is a template for documents prepared with LYX for the journal Economics-The Open Access, Open Assessment E-Journal (www.economics-ejournal.org).

You find further instructions in the Introduction on the next page. Please read them.

Keywords: Insert the keywords here, separated by commas.
Journal of Economic Literature Classification: Insert the classification numbers, such as J7, B54, etc. here.

Introduction

Here the text of your introduction.

Some further notes:

This template is developed for LYX (www.lyx.org). For proper output you need to put the graphic `EconEpsilon.jpg` either in the folder containing your active document, or in the subfolder "images" of your local LYX user directory. (The user directory is displayed if you click *Help→ About* in LYX.) Currently the file should be located in the directory of the current document.

Make sure that you compile with pdflatex. (View and print as PDF (pdflatex), *View→PDF (pdflatex)*). If it works, save this file under another name in the same directory. Then play around with it. If it does not work, check you installation for LYX and LATEX. In the worst case, reinstall.

1   Here the Title of Your First Section

Here your first Section, but I insert here some further instructions instead.

Very important: LYX has a very good documentation in several languages. Become acquainted with it and use it.
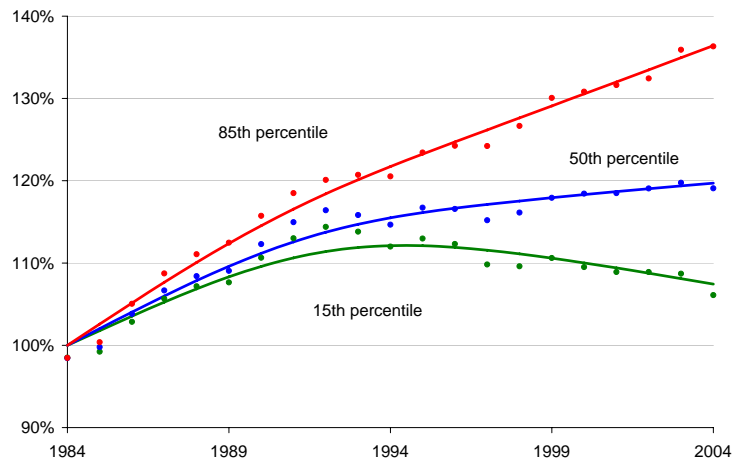
For the bibliography, use the Economics E-Journal style sheet `EconEJ.bst` contained in this package. You can place it in the current document's directory or in the local `texmf` directory (such as `C:\Users\<your name>\AppData\Local\MiKTEX\local\bibtex`).

This note contains a bibliography right at the bottom that uses the style sheet `EconEJ.bst` and the bibliography `EconEJ.bib`. (If you want to add a biography to a new paper, use *Insert→List/TOC→BibTEX Bibliography* and make sure that *Document→Settings→Bibliography* is set to *Natbib author-year.*)
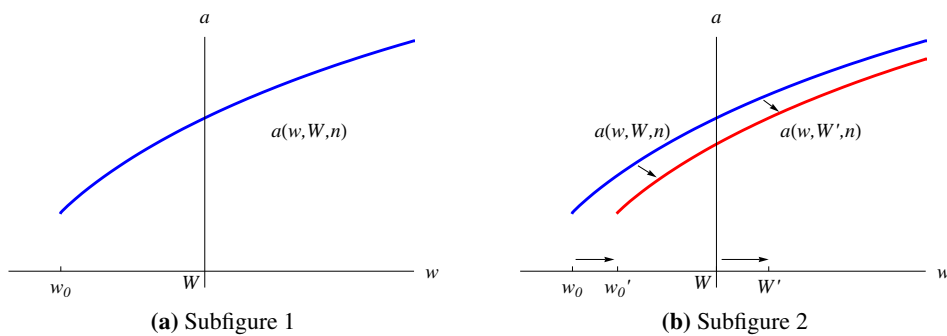
To add citations, do *Insert→Citation*. Try it.

Regarding figures, use *Insert→Float→Figure* rather than *Insert→Graphics*. Type in the legend for your figure, place the cursor before "Figure" at the beginning of the line and now do *Insert→Graphics*, select the graphics you want. Place the cursor just behind the figure and do *Edit→Paragraph Settings...→Alignment Center*. To control the placement of the figure, you right-click on the grayed field named "float:Figure." For Economics E-Journal default placement, clear the mark at "Use default placement" and tick the mark "Top of page." For preferred sizing of the graph, double-click on the preview of the figure and do *Set Width 80 Column Width %*. To give the figure a label, *right-click at the* beginning of the legend and do *Insert→Label...* and name it. Figure 1 has been labeled "fig:Example figure", for instance, and the reference has been made by doing *Insert→Cross-Reference....*

If you want to place two figures side by side in one float, do the following. Do *Insert→Float→Figure*. Type the legend for your figure. Place the cursor at the beginning of the line and do *Edit→Paragraph Settings...→Alignment Center*. Do *Insert→Float→Figure* again for the box of your first subfigure. Type the legend for

Figure 1: This is a graphic from Schlicht (2007)

(a) Subfigure 1   **(b)** Subfigure 2

Figure 2: This is an example for a float with two subfigures.

your first subfigure, place the cursor left of "Sub-Figure" and do _Insert→Graphics_, select the graphics you want for your first subfigure. Right-click on the preview of your subfigure, select _Settings_ and set _Set Width 45 Column Width %_. Move the cursor to the right of the subfigure box and do _Insert→Formatting→Horizontal Space→Horizontal Fill._ Then do _Insert→Float→Figure_ to for your second subfigure, also re-sized to 45% of column width. Figure 2 illustrates that.

Tables are done in a similar way. The only difference is that you _Insert→Float→Table_ instead of _Insert→Float→Figure_ and _Insert→Table_ instead of _Insert→Graphics_. In a table you can control various things like borders and grid lines through the menu that appears when you right-click on the table.

There are various shortcuts and menu bars available to speed up your work, and you can create those you miss yourself. Have a look at LyX _Help_.

References

Schlicht, E. (2007). Wage Dispersion, Over-Qualification, and Reder Competition. *Economics: The Open-Access, Open-Assessment E-Journal*, 1(2007-13). URL http://www.economics-ejournal.org/economics/journalarticles/2007-13.