

Creacion de un algoritmo para reconocer gestos dinámicos en el LeapMotion Documentation

1.0

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Chapter 1

Deprecated List

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2.1.6

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2.1.6

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2.1.1

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2.0

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File Index

4.1 File List

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sourcecode/ tools.cpp	Archivo que contiene funciones utiles para el main	244

Chapter 5

Class Documentation

5.1 Leap::Arm Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Arm:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Arm:

Public Member Functions

- **Arm** (HandImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT **Arm** ()
- LEAP_EXPORT float **width** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT **Vector** **direction** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT **Matrix** **basis** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT **Vector** **elbowPosition** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT **Vector** **wristPosition** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT **Vector** **center** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool **isValid** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool **operator==** (const **Arm** &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool **operator!=** (const **Arm** &) const
- std::string **toString** () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const **Arm** & **invalid** ()

Friends

- LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream & **operator<<** (std::ostream &, const **Arm** &)

Additional Inherited Members

5.1.1 Detailed Description

The [Arm](#) class represents the forearm.

5.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.1.2.1 Arm()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Arm::Arm ( )
```

Constructs an invalid [Arm](#) object.

Get valid [Arm](#) objects from a [Hand](#) object.

Since

2.0.3

5.1.3 Member Function Documentation

5.1.3.1 basis()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Matrix Leap::Arm::basis ( ) const
```

The orthonormal basis vectors for the [Arm](#) bone as a [Matrix](#).

Basis vectors specify the orientation of a bone.

xBasis Perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the bone; exits the arm laterally through the sides of the wrist.

yBasis or up vector Perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the bone; exits the top and bottom of the arm. More positive in the upward direction.

zBasis Aligned with the longitudinal axis of the arm bone. More positive toward the wrist.

The bases provided for the right arm use the right-hand rule; those for the left arm use the left-hand rule. Thus, the positive direction of the x-basis is to the right for the right arm and to the left for the left arm. You can change from right-hand to left-hand rule by multiplying the z basis vector by -1.

Note that converting the basis vectors directly into a quaternion representation is not mathematically valid. If you use quaternions, create them from the derived rotation matrix not directly from the bases.

Returns

The basis of the arm bone as a matrix.

Since

2.0.3

5.1.3.2 center()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Arm::center ( ) const
```

The center of the forearm.

This location represents the midpoint of the arm between the wrist position and the elbow position.

Since

2.1.0

5.1.3.3 direction()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Arm::direction ( ) const
```

The normalized direction in which the arm is pointing (from elbow to wrist).

Since

2.0.3

5.1.3.4 elbowPosition()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Arm::elbowPosition ( ) const
```

The position of the elbow.

If not in view, the elbow position is estimated based on typical human anatomical proportions.

Since

2.0.3

5.1.3.5 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const Arm& Leap::Arm::invalid ( ) [static]
```

Returns an invalid [Arm](#) object.

Returns

The invalid [Arm](#) instance.

Since

2.0.3

5.1.3.6 isValid()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Arm::isValid ( ) const
```

Reports whether this is a valid [Arm](#) object.

Returns

True, if this [Arm](#) object contains valid tracking data.

Since

2.0.3

5.1.3.7 operator!=()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Arm::operator!= (
    const Arm & ) const
```

Compare [Arm](#) object inequality.

Two [Arm](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Arm](#) objects represent the exact same physical arm in the same frame and both [Arm](#) objects are valid.

Since

2.0.3

5.1.3.8 operator==()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Arm::operator== (
    const Arm & ) const
```

Compare [Arm](#) object equality.

Two [Arm](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Arm](#) objects represent the exact same physical arm in the same frame and both [Arm](#) objects are valid.

Since

2.0.3

5.1.3.9 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Arm::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

A string containing a brief, human readable description of the [Arm](#) object.

Returns

A description of the [Arm](#) object as a string.

Since

2.0.3

5.1.3.10 width()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Arm::width ( ) const
```

The average width of the arm.

Since

2.0.3

5.1.3.11 wristPosition()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Arm::wristPosition ( ) const
```

The position of the wrist.

Note that the wrist position is not collocated with the end of any bone in the hand. There is a gap of a few centimeters since the carpal bones are not included in the skeleton model.

Since

2.0.3

5.1.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.1.4.1 operator<<

```
LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & ,
    const Arm & ) [friend]
```

Writes a brief, human readable description of the [Arm](#) object to an output stream.

Since

2.0.3

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [sample/include/Leap.h](#)

5.2 Leap::Bone Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Bone:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Bone:

Public Types

- enum [Type](#) { [TYPE_METACARPAL](#) = 0, [TYPE_PROXIMAL](#) = 1, [TYPE_INTERMEDIATE](#) = 2, [TYPE_DISTAL](#) = 3 }

Public Member Functions

- **Bone** (BoneImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Bone](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [prevJoint](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [nextJoint](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [center](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [direction](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [length](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [width](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Type](#) [type](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Matrix](#) [basis](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isValid](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator==](#) (const [Bone](#) &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator!=](#) (const [Bone](#) &) const
- std::string [toString](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [Bone](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Friends

- LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &, const [Bone](#) &)

Additional Inherited Members

5.2.1 Detailed Description

The [Bone](#) class represents a tracked bone.

All fingers contain 4 bones that make up the anatomy of the finger. Get valid [Bone](#) objects from a [Finger](#) object.

Bones are ordered from base to tip, indexed from 0 to 3. Additionally, the bone's [Type](#) enum may be used to index a specific bone anatomically.

The thumb does not have a base metacarpal bone and therefore contains a valid, zero length bone at that location.

Note that [Bone](#) objects can be invalid, which means that they do not contain valid tracking data and do not correspond to a physical bone. Invalid [Bone](#) objects can be the result of asking for a [Bone](#) object from an invalid finger, indexing a bone out of range, or constructing a new bone. Test for validity with the [Bone::isValid\(\)](#) function.

Since

2.0

5.2.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.2.2.1 Type

enum `Leap::Bone::Type`

Enumerates the names of the bones.

Members of this enumeration are returned by `Bone::type()` to identify a `Bone` object.

Since

2.0

Enumerator

TYPE_METACARPAL	<code>Bone</code> connected to the wrist inside the palm
TYPE_PROXIMAL	<code>Bone</code> connecting to the palm
TYPE_INTERMEDIATE	<code>Bone</code> between the tip and the base
TYPE_DISTAL	<code>Bone</code> at the tip of the finger

5.2.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.2.3.1 `Bone()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Bone::Bone ( )
```

Constructs an invalid `Bone` object.

Get valid `Bone` objects from a `Finger` object.

Since

2.0

5.2.4 Member Function Documentation

5.2.4.1 basis()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Matrix Leap::Bone::basis ( ) const
```

The orthonormal basis vectors for this [Bone](#) as a [Matrix](#).

Basis vectors specify the orientation of a bone.

xBasis Perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the bone; exits the sides of the finger.

yBasis or up vector Perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the bone; exits the top and bottom of the finger. More positive in the upward direction.

zBasis Aligned with the longitudinal axis of the bone. More positive toward the base of the finger.

The bases provided for the right hand use the right-hand rule; those for the left hand use the left-hand rule. Thus, the positive direction of the x-basis is to the right for the right hand and to the left for the left hand. You can change from right-hand to left-hand rule by multiplying the z basis vector by -1.

You can use the basis vectors for such purposes as measuring complex finger poses and skeletal animation.

Note that converting the basis vectors directly into a quaternion representation is not mathematically valid. If you use quaternions, create them from the derived rotation matrix not directly from the bases.

Returns

The basis of the bone as a matrix.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.2 center()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Bone::center ( ) const
```

The midpoint of the bone.

Returns

The midpoint in the center of the bone.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.3 direction()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Bone::direction ( ) const
```

The normalized direction of the bone from base to tip.

Returns

The normalized direction of the bone from base to tip.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.4 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const Bone& Leap::Bone::invalid ( ) [static]
```

Returns an invalid [Bone](#) object.

You can use the instance returned by this function in comparisons testing whether a given [Bone](#) instance is valid or invalid. (You can also use the [Bone::isValid\(\)](#) function.)

Returns

The invalid [Bone](#) instance.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.5 isValid()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Bone::isValid ( ) const
```

Reports whether this is a valid [Bone](#) object.

Returns

True, if this [Bone](#) object contains valid tracking data.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.6 length()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Bone::length ( ) const
```

The estimated length of the bone in millimeters.

Returns

The length of the bone in millimeters.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.7 nextJoint()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Bone::nextJoint ( ) const
```

The end of the bone, closest to the finger tip.

In anatomical terms, this is the distal end of the bone.

Returns

The [Vector](#) containing the coordinates of the next joint position.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.8 operator!=()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Bone::operator!= (
    const Bone & ) const
```

Compare [Bone](#) object inequality.

Two [Bone](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Bone](#) objects represent the exact same physical bone in the same frame and both [Bone](#) objects are valid.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.9 operator==()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Bone::operator== (
    const Bone & ) const
```

Compare [Bone](#) object equality.

Two [Bone](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Bone](#) objects represent the exact same physical bone in the same frame and both [Bone](#) objects are valid.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.10 prevJoint()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Bone::prevJoint ( ) const
```

The base of the bone, closest to the wrist.

In anatomical terms, this is the proximal end of the bone.

Returns

The [Vector](#) containing the coordinates of the previous joint position.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.11 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Bone::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

A string containing a brief, human readable description of the [Bone](#) object.

Returns

A description of the [Bone](#) object as a string.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.12 type()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Type Leap::Bone::type ( ) const
```

The name of this bone.

Returns

The anatomical type of this bone as a member of the [Bone::Type](#) enumeration.

Since

2.0

5.2.4.13 width()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Bone::width ( ) const
```

The average width of the flesh around the bone in millimeters.

Returns

The width of the flesh around the bone in millimeters.

Since

2.0

5.2.5 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.2.5.1 operator<<

```
LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & ,
    const Bone & ) [friend]
```

Writes a brief, human readable description of the [Bone](#) object to an output stream.

Since

2.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.3 Leap::BugReport Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for Leap::BugReport:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::BugReport:

Public Member Functions

- **BugReport** (BugReportImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT bool **beginRecording** ()
- LEAP_EXPORT void **endRecording** ()
- LEAP_EXPORT bool **isActive** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float **progress** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float **duration** () const

Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.4 Leap::CircleGesture Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::CircleGesture:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::CircleGesture:

Public Member Functions

- LEAP_EXPORT [CircleGesture](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT [CircleGesture](#) (const [Gesture](#) &rhs)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [center](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [normal](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [progress](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [radius](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Pointable](#) [pointable](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static [Type](#) [classType](#) ()

Additional Inherited Members

5.4.1 Detailed Description

The [CircleGesture](#) classes represents a circular finger movement.

A circle movement is recognized when the tip of a finger draws a circle within the Leap Motion [Controller](#) field of view.

Important: To use circle gestures in your application, you must enable recognition of the circle gesture. You can enable recognition with:

Circle gestures are continuous. The [CircleGesture](#) objects for the gesture have three possible states:

State::STATE_START – The circle gesture has just started. The movement has progressed far enough for the recognizer to classify it as a circle.

State::STATE_UPDATE – The circle gesture is continuing.

State::STATE_STOP – The circle gesture is finished.

You can set the minimum radius and minimum arc length required for a movement to be recognized as a circle using the config attribute of a connected [Controller](#) object. Use the following keys to configure circle recognition:

Default	value	Units	Key string	Value type
Gesture.Circle.MinRadius	float 5.0	mm	Gesture.Circle.MinArc	float 1.5 * pi radians

The following example demonstrates how to set the circle configuration parameters:

The [Controller](#) object must be connected to the Leap Motion service/daemon before setting the configuration parameters.

Since

1.0

5.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.4.2.1 CircleGesture() [1/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::CircleGesture::CircleGesture ( )
```

Constructs a new [CircleGesture](#) object.

An uninitialized [CircleGesture](#) object is considered invalid. Get valid instances of the [CircleGesture](#) class from a [Frame](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.4.2.2 CircleGesture() [2/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::CircleGesture::CircleGesture (
    const Gesture & rhs )
```

Constructs a [CircleGesture](#) object from an instance of the [Gesture](#) class.

Parameters

<i>rhs</i>	The Gesture instance to specialize. This Gesture instance must be a CircleGesture object.
------------	---

Since

1.0

5.4.3 Member Function Documentation

5.4.3.1 center()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::CircleGesture::center ( ) const
```

The center point of the circle within the Leap Motion frame of reference.

Returns

[Vector](#) The center of the circle in mm from the Leap Motion origin.

Since

1.0

5.4.3.2 classType()

```
static Type Leap::CircleGesture::classType ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The circle gesture type.

Returns

Type The type value designating a circle gesture.

Since

1.0

5.4.3.3 normal()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::CircleGesture::normal ( ) const
```

Returns the normal vector for the circle being traced.

If you draw the circle clockwise, the normal vector points in the same general direction as the pointable object drawing the circle. If you draw the circle counterclockwise, the normal points back toward the pointable. If the angle between the normal and the pointable object drawing the circle is less than 90 degrees, then the circle is clockwise.

Returns

Vector the normal vector for the circle being traced

Since

1.0

5.4.3.4 pointable()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Pointable Leap::CircleGesture::pointable ( ) const
```

The finger performing the circle gesture.

Returns

Pointable A Pointable object representing the circling finger.

Since

1.0

5.4.3.5 progress()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::CircleGesture::progress ( ) const
```

The number of times the finger tip has traversed the circle.

Progress is reported as a positive number of the number. For example, a progress value of .5 indicates that the finger has gone halfway around, while a value of 3 indicates that the finger has gone around the the circle three times.

Progress starts where the circle gesture began. Since the circle must be partially formed before the Leap Motion software can recognize it, progress will be greater than zero when a circle gesture first appears in the frame.

Returns

float A positive number indicating the gesture progress.

Since

1.0

5.4.3.6 radius()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::CircleGesture::radius ( ) const
```

The radius of the circle.

Returns

The circle radius in mm.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.5 Leap::Config Class Reference

#include <Leap.h>

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Config:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Config:

Public Types

- enum [ValueType](#) {
[TYPE_UNKNOWN](#) = 0, [TYPE_BOOLEAN](#) = 1, [TYPE_INT32](#) = 2, [TYPE_FLOAT](#) = 6,
[TYPE_STRING](#) = 8 }

Public Member Functions

- LEAP_EXPORT [Config](#) ()
- [ValueType](#) [type](#) (const std::string &key) const
- bool [getBool](#) (const std::string &key) const
- bool [setBool](#) (const std::string &key, bool value)
- int32_t [getInt32](#) (const std::string &key) const
- bool [setInt32](#) (const std::string &key, int32_t value)
- float [getFloat](#) (const std::string &key) const
- bool [setFloat](#) (const std::string &key, float value)
- std::string [getString](#) (const std::string &key) const
- bool [setString](#) (const std::string &key, const std::string &value)
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [save](#) ()

Additional Inherited Members

5.5.1 Detailed Description

The [Config](#) class provides access to Leap Motion system configuration information.

You can get and set gesture configuration parameters using the [Config](#) object obtained from a connected [Controller](#) object. The key strings required to identify a configuration parameter include:

```
===== Key string Value type
Default value Units =====
Gesture.Circle.MinRadius float 5.0 mm Gesture.Circle.MinArc float 1.5 * pi radians Gesture.Swipe.MinLength float 150 mm
Gesture.Swipe.MinVelocity float 1000 mm/s Gesture.KeyTap.MinDownVelocity float 50 mm/s Gesture.KeyTap.HistorySeconds float 0.1 s
Gesture.KeyTap.MinDistance float 3.0 mm Gesture.ScreenTap.MinForwardVelocity float 50 mm/s Gesture.ScreenTap.HistorySeconds float 0.1 s
Gesture.ScreenTap.MinDistance float 5.0 mm
=====
```

After setting a configuration value, you must call the [Config::save\(\)](#) method to commit the changes. You can save after the [Controller](#) has connected to the Leap Motion service/daemon. In other words, after the [Controller](#) has dispatched the serviceConnected or connected events or [Controller::isConnected](#) is true. The configuration value changes are not persistent; your application needs to set the values every time it runs.

See also

[CircleGesture](#)
[KeyTapGesture](#)
[ScreenTapGesture](#)
[SwipeGesture](#)

Since

1.0

5.5.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.5.2.1 ValueType

enum `Leap::Config::ValueType`

Enumerates the possible data types for configuration values.

The `Config::type()` function returns an item from the `ValueType` enumeration.

Since

1.0

Enumerator

TYPE_UNKNOWN	The data type is unknown. Since 1.0
TYPE_BOOLEAN	A boolean value. Since 1.0
TYPE_INT32	A 32-bit integer. Since 1.0
TYPE_FLOAT	A floating-point number. Since 1.0
TYPE_STRING	A string of characters. Since 1.0

5.5.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.5.3.1 Config()

`LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Config::Config ()`

Constructs a [Config](#) object. Do not create your own [Config](#) objects. Get a [Config](#) object using the [Controller::config\(\)](#) function.

Since

1.0

5.5.4 Member Function Documentation

5.5.4.1 getBool()

```
bool Leap::Config::getBool (
    const std::string & key ) const [inline]
```

Gets the boolean representation for the specified key.

Since

1.0

5.5.4.2 getFloat()

```
float Leap::Config::getFloat (
    const std::string & key ) const [inline]
```

Gets the floating point representation for the specified key.

Since

1.0

5.5.4.3 getInt32()

```
int32_t Leap::Config::getInt32 (
    const std::string & key ) const [inline]
```

Gets the 32-bit integer representation for the specified key.

Since

1.0

5.5.4.4 getString()

```
std::string Leap::Config::getString (
    const std::string & key ) const [inline]
```

Gets the string representation for the specified key.

Since

1.0

5.5.4.5 save()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Config::save ( )
```

Saves the current state of the config.

Call `save()` after making a set of configuration changes. The `save()` function transfers the configuration changes to the Leap Motion service. You can save after the [Controller](#) has connected to the Leap Motion service/daemon. In other words, after the [Controller](#) has dispatched the `serviceConnected` or `connected` events or [Controller::isConnected](#) is true. The configuration value changes are not persistent; your application must set the values every time it runs.

Returns

true on success, false on failure.

Since

1.0

5.5.4.6 setBool()

```
bool Leap::Config::setBool (
    const std::string & key,
    bool value ) [inline]
```

Sets the boolean representation for the specified key.

Returns

true on success, false on failure.

Since

1.0

5.5.4.7 setFloat()

```
bool Leap::Config::setFloat (
    const std::string & key,
    float value ) [inline]
```

Sets the floating point representation for the specified key.

Returns

true on success, false on failure.

Since

1.0

5.5.4.8 setInt32()

```
bool Leap::Config::setInt32 (
    const std::string & key,
    int32_t value ) [inline]
```

Sets the 32-bit integer representation for the specified key.

Returns

true on success, false on failure.

Since

1.0

5.5.4.9 setString()

```
bool Leap::Config::setString (
    const std::string & key,
    const std::string & value ) [inline]
```

Sets the string representation for the specified key.

Returns

true on success, false on failure.

Since

1.0

5.5.4.10 type()

```
ValueType Leap::Config::type (
    const std::string & key ) const [inline]
```

Reports the natural data type for the value related to the specified key.

Parameters

key	The key for the looking up the value in the configuration dictionary.
-----	---

Returns

The native data type of the value, that is, the type that does not require a data conversion.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.6 Leap::ConstListIterator< L, T > Class Template Reference

Public Types

- typedef std::ptrdiff_t **difference_type**
- typedef T **value_type**
- typedef const T * **pointer**
- typedef const T & **reference**
- typedef std::forward_iterator_tag **iterator_category**

Public Member Functions

- **ConstListIterator** (const L &list, int index)
- const T **operator*** () const
- const [ConstListIterator](#)< L, T > **operator++** (int)
- const [ConstListIterator](#)< L, T > & **operator++** ()
- bool **operator!=** (const [ConstListIterator](#)< L, T > &rhs) const
- bool **operator==** (const [ConstListIterator](#)< L, T > &rhs) const

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.7 Leap::Controller Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Controller:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Controller:

Public Types

- enum [PolicyFlag](#) { [POLICY_DEFAULT](#) = 0, [POLICY_BACKGROUND_FRAMES](#) = (1 << 0), [POLICY_IMAGES](#) = (1 << 1), [POLICY_OPTIMIZE_HMD](#) = (1 << 2) }

Public Member Functions

- **Controller** (ControllerImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Controller](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT [Controller](#) ([Listener](#) &listener)
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isConnected](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isServiceConnected](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [hasFocus](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [PolicyFlag](#) [policyFlags](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT void [setPolicyFlags](#) ([PolicyFlag](#) flags) const
- LEAP_EXPORT void [setPolicy](#) ([PolicyFlag](#) policy) const
- LEAP_EXPORT void [clearPolicy](#) ([PolicyFlag](#) policy) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isPolicySet](#) ([PolicyFlag](#) policy) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [addListener](#) ([Listener](#) &listener)
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [removeListener](#) ([Listener](#) &listener)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Frame](#) [frame](#) (int history=0) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [ImageList](#) [images](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Config](#) [config](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [DeviceList](#) [devices](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [ScreenList](#) [locatedScreens](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [BugReport](#) [bugReport](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT void [enableGesture](#) ([Gesture::Type](#) type, bool enable=true) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isGestureEnabled](#) ([Gesture::Type](#) type) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [TrackedQuad](#) [trackedQuad](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int64_t [now](#) () const

Additional Inherited Members

5.7.1 Detailed Description

The [Controller](#) class is your main interface to the Leap Motion [Controller](#).

Create an instance of this [Controller](#) class to access frames of tracking data and configuration information. [Frame](#) data can be polled at any time using the [Controller::frame\(\)](#) function. Call [frame\(\)](#) or [frame\(0\)](#) to get the most recent frame. Set the history parameter to a positive integer to access previous frames. A controller stores up to 60 frames in its frame history.

Polling is an appropriate strategy for applications which already have an intrinsic update loop, such as a game. You can also add an instance of a subclass of [Leap::Listener](#) to the controller to handle events as they occur. The [Controller](#) dispatches events to the listener upon initialization and exiting, on connection changes, when the application gains and loses the OS input focus, and when a new frame of tracking data is available. When these events occur, the controller object invokes the appropriate callback function defined in your subclass of [Listener](#).

To access frames of tracking data as they become available:

1. Implement a subclass of the [Listener](#) class and override the [Listener::onFrame\(\)](#) function.
2. In your [Listener::onFrame\(\)](#) function, call the [Controller::frame\(\)](#) function to access the newest frame of tracking data.
3. To start receiving frames, create a [Controller](#) object and add an instance of the [Listener](#) subclass to the [Controller::addListener\(\)](#) function.

When an instance of a [Listener](#) subclass is added to a [Controller](#) object, it calls the [Listener::onInit\(\)](#) function when the listener is ready for use. When a connection is established between the controller and the Leap Motion software, the controller calls the [Listener::onConnect\(\)](#) function. At this point, your application will start receiving frames of data. The controller calls the [Listener::onFrame\(\)](#) function each time a new frame is available. If the controller loses its connection with the Leap Motion software or device for any reason, it calls the [Listener::onDisconnect\(\)](#) function. If the listener is removed from the controller or the controller is destroyed, it calls the [Listener::onExit\(\)](#) function. At that point, unless the listener is added to another controller again, it will no longer receive frames of tracking data.

The [Controller](#) object is multithreaded and calls the [Listener](#) functions on its own thread, not on an application thread.

Since

1.0

5.7.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.7.2.1 PolicyFlag

```
enum Leap::Controller::PolicyFlag
```

The supported controller policies.

The supported policy flags are:

POLICY_BACKGROUND_FRAMES – requests that your application receives frames when it is not the foreground application for user input.

The background frames policy determines whether an application receives frames of tracking data while in the background. By default, the Leap Motion software only sends tracking data to the foreground application. Only applications that need this ability should request the background frames policy. The "Allow Background Apps" checkbox must be enabled in the Leap Motion Control Panel or this policy will be denied.

POLICY_IMAGES – request that your application receives images from the device cameras. The "Allow Images" checkbox must be enabled in the Leap Motion Control Panel or this policy will be denied.

The images policy determines whether an application receives image data from the Leap Motion sensors which each frame of data. By default, this data is not sent. Only applications that use the image data should request this policy.

POLICY_OPTIMIZE_HMD – request that the tracking be optimized for head-mounted tracking.

The optimize HMD policy improves tracking in situations where the Leap Motion hardware is attached to a head-mounted display. This policy is not granted for devices that cannot be mounted to an HMD, such as Leap Motion controllers embedded in a laptop or keyboard.

Some policies can be denied if the user has disabled the feature on their Leap Motion control panel.

Since

1.0

Enumerator

POLICY_DEFAULT	The default policy. Since 1.0
POLICY_BACKGROUND_FRAMES	Receive background frames. Since 1.0
POLICY_IMAGES	Receive raw images from sensor cameras. Since 2.1.0
POLICY_OPTIMIZE_HMD	Optimize the tracking for head-mounted device. Since 2.1.2

5.7.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.7.3.1 Controller() [1/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Controller::Controller ( )
```

Constructs a [Controller](#) object.

When creating a [Controller](#) object, you may optionally pass in a reference to an instance of a subclass of [Leap::Listener](#). Alternatively, you may add a listener using the [Controller::addListener\(\)](#) function.

Since

1.0

5.7.3.2 Controller() [2/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Controller::Controller (
    Listener & listener )
```

Constructs a [Controller](#) object.

When creating a [Controller](#) object, you may optionally pass in a reference to an instance of a subclass of [Leap::Listener](#). Alternatively, you may add a listener using the [Controller::addListener\(\)](#) function.

Parameters

<i>listener</i>	An instance of Leap::Listener implementing the callback functions for the Leap Motion events you want to handle in your application.
-----------------	--

Since

1.0

5.7.4 Member Function Documentation

5.7.4.1 addListener()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Controller::addListener (
    Listener & listener )
```

Adds a listener to this [Controller](#).

The [Controller](#) dispatches Leap Motion events to each associated listener. The order in which listener callback functions are invoked is arbitrary. If you pass a listener to the [Controller](#)'s constructor function, it is automatically added to the list and can be removed with the [Controller::removeListener\(\)](#) function.

The [Controller](#) does not keep a strong reference to the [Listener](#) instance. Ensure that you maintain a reference until the listener is removed from the controller.

Parameters

<i>listener</i>	A subclass of Leap::Listener implementing the callback functions for the Leap Motion events you want to handle in your application.
-----------------	---

Returns

Whether or not the listener was successfully added to the list of listeners.

Since

1.0

5.7.4.2 clearPolicy()

```
LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Controller::clearPolicy (
    PolicyFlag policy ) const
```

Requests clearing a policy.

Policy changes are completed asynchronously and, because they are subject to user approval or system compatibility checks, may not complete successfully. Call [Controller::isPolicySet\(\)](#) after a suitable interval to test whether the change was accepted.

Parameters

<i>flags</i>	A PolicyFlag value indicating the policy to request.
--------------	--

Since

2.1.6

5.7.4.3 config()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Config Leap::Controller::config ( ) const
```

Returns a [Config](#) object, which you can use to query the Leap Motion system for configuration information.

Returns

The [Controller's Config](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.7.4.4 devices()

```
LEAP_EXPORT DeviceList Leap::Controller::devices ( ) const
```

The list of currently attached and recognized Leap Motion controller devices.

The [Device](#) objects in the list describe information such as the range and tracking volume.

Currently, the Leap Motion [Controller](#) only allows a single active device at a time, however there may be multiple devices physically attached and listed here. Any active device(s) are guaranteed to be listed first, however order is not determined beyond that.

Returns

The list of Leap Motion controllers.

Since

1.0

5.7.4.5 enableGesture()

```
LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Controller::enableGesture (
    Gesture::Type type,
    bool enable = true ) const
```

Enables or disables reporting of a specified gesture type.

By default, all gesture types are disabled. When disabled, gestures of the disabled type are never reported and will not appear in the frame gesture list.

As a performance optimization, only enable recognition for the types of movements that you use in your application.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	The type of gesture to enable or disable. Must be a member of the Gesture::Type enumeration.
<i>enable</i>	True, to enable the specified gesture type; False, to disable.

See also

[Controller::isGestureEnabled\(\)](#)

Since

1.0

5.7.4.6 frame()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Frame Leap::Controller::frame (
    int history = 0 ) const
```

Returns a frame of tracking data from the Leap Motion software. Use the optional history parameter to specify which frame to retrieve. Call [frame\(\)](#) or [frame\(0\)](#) to access the most recent frame; call [frame\(1\)](#) to access the previous frame, and so on. If you use a history value greater than the number of stored frames, then the controller returns an invalid frame.

You can call this function in your [Listener](#) implementation to get frames at the Leap Motion frame rate:

Parameters

<i>history</i>	The age of the frame to return, counting backwards from the most recent frame (0) into the past and up to the maximum age (59).
----------------	---

Returns

The specified frame; or, if no history parameter is specified, the newest frame. If a frame is not available at the specified history position, an invalid [Frame](#) is returned.

Since

1.0

5.7.4.7 hasFocus()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Controller::hasFocus ( ) const
```

Reports whether this application is the focused, foreground application.

By default, your application only receives tracking information from the Leap Motion controller when it has the operating system input focus. To receive tracking data when your application is in the background, the background frames policy flag must be set.

Returns

True, if application has focus; false otherwise.

See also

[Controller::setPolicyFlags\(\)](#)

Since

1.0

5.7.4.8 images()

```
LEAP_EXPORT ImageList Leap::Controller::images ( ) const
```

The most recent set of images from the Leap Motion cameras.

Depending on timing and the current processing frame rate, the images obtained with this function can be newer than images obtained from the current frame of tracking data.

Returns

An [ImageList](#) object containing the most recent camera images.

Since

2.2.1

5.7.4.9 isConnected()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Controller::isConnected ( ) const
```

Reports whether this [Controller](#) is connected to the Leap Motion service and the Leap Motion hardware is plugged in.

When you first create a [Controller](#) object, [isConnected\(\)](#) returns false. After the controller finishes initializing and connects to the Leap Motion software and if the Leap Motion hardware is plugged in, [isConnected\(\)](#) returns true.

You can either handle the onConnect event using a [Listener](#) instance or poll the [isConnected\(\)](#) function if you need to wait for your application to be connected to the Leap Motion software before performing some other operation.

Returns

True, if connected; false otherwise.

Since

1.0

5.7.4.10 isGestureEnabled()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Controller::isGestureEnabled (
    Gesture::Type type ) const
```

Reports whether the specified gesture type is enabled.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	The type of gesture to check; a member of the Gesture::Type enumeration.
-------------	--

Returns

True, if the specified type is enabled; false, otherwise.

See also

[Controller::enableGesture\(\)](#)

Since

1.0

5.7.4.11 isPolicySet()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Controller::isPolicySet (
    PolicyFlag policy ) const
```

Gets the active setting for a specific policy.

Keep in mind that setting a policy flag is asynchronous, so changes are not effective immediately after calling `setPolicyFlag()`. In addition, a policy request can be declined by the user. You should always set the policy flags required by your application at startup and check that the policy change request was successful after an appropriate interval.

If the controller object is not connected to the Leap Motion software, then the default state for the selected policy is returned.

Parameters

<i>flags</i>	A <code>PolicyFlag</code> value indicating the policy to query.
--------------	---

Returns

A boolean indicating whether the specified policy has been set.

Since

2.1.6

5.7.4.12 `isServiceConnected()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Controller::isServiceConnected ( ) const
```

Reports whether your application has a connection to the Leap Motion daemon/service. Can be true even if the Leap Motion hardware is not available.

Since

1.2

5.7.4.13 `now()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT int64_t Leap::Controller::now ( ) const
```

Returns a timestamp value as close as possible to the current time. Values are in microseconds, as with all the other timestamp values.

Since

2.2.7

5.7.4.14 `policyFlags()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT PolicyFlag Leap::Controller::policyFlags ( ) const
```

This function has been deprecated. Use `isPolicySet()` instead.

Deprecated 2.1.6

5.7.4.15 `removeListener()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Controller::removeListener (
    Listener & listener )
```

Remove a listener from the list of listeners that will receive Leap Motion events. A listener must be removed if its lifetime is shorter than the controller to which it is listening.

Parameters

<i>listener</i>	The listener to remove.
-----------------	-------------------------

Returns

Whether or not the listener was successfully removed from the list of listeners.

Since

1.0

5.7.4.16 setPolicy()

```
LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Controller::setPolicy (
    PolicyFlag policy ) const
```

Requests setting a policy.

A request to change a policy is subject to user approval and a policy can be changed by the user at any time (using the Leap Motion settings dialog). The desired policy flags must be set every time an application runs.

Policy changes are completed asynchronously and, because they are subject to user approval or system compatibility checks, may not complete successfully. Call [Controller::isPolicySet\(\)](#) after a suitable interval to test whether the change was accepted.

Parameters

<i>policy</i>	A PolicyFlag value indicating the policy to request.
---------------	--

Since

2.1.6

5.7.4.17 setPolicyFlags()

```
LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Controller::setPolicyFlags (
    PolicyFlag flags ) const
```

This function has been deprecated. Use [setPolicy\(\)](#) and [clearPolicy\(\)](#) instead.

Deprecated 2.1.6

5.7.4.18 trackedQuad()

```
LEAP_EXPORT TrackedQuad Leap::Controller::trackedQuad ( ) const
```

Note: This class is an experimental API for internal use only. It may be removed without warning.

Returns information about the currently detected quad in the scene.

If no quad is being tracked, then an invalid [TrackedQuad](#) is returned.

Since

2.2.6

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.8 Leap::Device Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Device:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Device:

Public Types

- enum [Type](#) { [TYPE_PERIPHERAL](#) = 1, [TYPE_LAPTOP](#), [TYPE_KEYBOARD](#) }

Public Member Functions

- **Device** (DeviceImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Device](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT float [horizontalViewAngle](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [verticalViewAngle](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [range](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [baseline](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [distanceToBoundary](#) (const [Vector](#) &position) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isEmbedded](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isStreaming](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isFlipped](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Type](#) [type](#) () const
- std::string [serialNumber](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [position](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Matrix](#) [orientation](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isValid](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator==](#) (const [Device](#) &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator!=](#) (const [Device](#) &) const
- std::string [toString](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [Device](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Friends

- LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &, const [Device](#) &)

Additional Inherited Members

5.8.1 Detailed Description

The [Device](#) class represents a physically connected device.

The [Device](#) class contains information related to a particular connected device such as device id, field of view relative to the device, and the position and orientation of the device in relative coordinates.

The position and orientation describe the alignment of the device relative to the user. The alignment relative to the user is only descriptive. Aligning devices to users provides consistency in the parameters that describe user interactions.

Note that [Device](#) objects can be invalid, which means that they do not contain valid device information and do not correspond to a physical device. Test for validity with the [Device::isValid\(\)](#) function.

Since

1.0

5.8.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.8.2.1 Type

```
enum Leap::Device::Type
```

The available types of Leap Motion controllers.

Since

1.2

Enumerator

TYPE_PERIPHERAL	A standalone USB peripheral. The original Leap Motion controller device. Since 1.2
TYPE_LAPTOP	A controller embedded in a keyboard. Since 1.2
TYPE_KEYBOARD	A controller embedded in a laptop computer.

5.8.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.8.3.1 Device()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Device::Device ( )
```

Constructs a [Device](#) object.

An uninitialized device is considered invalid. Get valid [Device](#) objects from a [DeviceList](#) object obtained using the [Controller::devices\(\)](#) method.

Since

1.0

5.8.4 Member Function Documentation

5.8.4.1 baseline()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Device::baseline ( ) const
```

The distance between the center points of the stereo sensors.

The baseline value, together with the maximum resolution, influence the maximum range.

Returns

The separation distance between the center of each sensor, in mm.

Since

2.2.5

5.8.4.2 distanceToBoundary()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Device::distanceToBoundary (
    const Vector & position ) const
```

The distance to the nearest edge of the Leap Motion controller's view volume.

The view volume is an axis-aligned, inverted pyramid centered on the device origin and extending upward to the range limit. The walls of the pyramid are described by the `horizontalViewAngle` and `verticalViewAngle` and the roof by the `range`. This function estimates the distance between the specified input position and the nearest wall or roof of the view volume.

Parameters

<i>position</i>	The point to use for the distance calculation.
-----------------	--

Returns

The distance in millimeters from the input position to the nearest boundary.

Since

1.0

5.8.4.3 horizontalViewAngle()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Device::horizontalViewAngle ( ) const
```

The angle of view along the x axis of this device.

The Leap Motion controller scans a region in the shape of an inverted pyramid centered at the device's center and extending upwards. The horizontalViewAngle reports the view angle along the long dimension of the device.

Returns

The horizontal angle of view in radians.

Since

1.0

5.8.4.4 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const Device& Leap::Device::invalid ( ) [static]
```

Returns an invalid [Device](#) object.

You can use the instance returned by this function in comparisons testing whether a given [Device](#) instance is valid or invalid. (You can also use the [Device::isValid\(\)](#) function.)

Returns

The invalid [Device](#) instance.

Since

1.0

5.8.4.5 isEmbedded()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Device::isEmbedded ( ) const
```

Reports whether this device is embedded in another computer or computer peripheral.

Returns

True, if this device is embedded in a laptop, keyboard, or other computer component; false, if this device is a standalone controller.

Since

1.2

5.8.4.6 isFlipped()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Device::isFlipped ( ) const
```

Deprecated. Always reports false.

Since

2.1

Deprecated 2.1.1

5.8.4.7 isStreaming()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Device::isStreaming ( ) const
```

Reports whether this device is streaming data to your application.

Currently only one controller can provide data at a time.

Since

1.2

5.8.4.8 isValid()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Device::isValid ( ) const
```

Reports whether this is a valid [Device](#) object.

Returns

True, if this [Device](#) object contains valid data.

Since

1.0

5.8.4.9 operator!=(())

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Device::operator!= (
    const Device & ) const
```

Compare [Device](#) object inequality.

Two [Device](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Device](#) objects represent the exact same [Device](#) and both Devices are valid.

Since

1.0

5.8.4.10 operator==(())

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Device::operator== (
    const Device & ) const
```

Compare [Device](#) object equality.

Two [Device](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Device](#) objects represent the exact same [Device](#) and both Devices are valid.

Since

1.0

5.8.4.11 range()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Device::range ( ) const
```

The maximum reliable tracking range from the center of this device.

The range reports the maximum recommended distance from the device center for which tracking is expected to be reliable. This distance is not a hard limit. Tracking may be still be functional above this distance or begin to degrade slightly before this distance depending on calibration and extreme environmental conditions.

Returns

The recommended maximum range of the device in mm.

Since

1.0

5.8.4.12 serialNumber()

```
std::string Leap::Device::serialNumber ( ) const [inline]
```

An alphanumeric serial number unique to each device.

Consumer device serial numbers consist of 2 letters followed by 11 digits.

When using multiple devices, the serial number provides an unambiguous identifier for each device.

Since

2.2.2

5.8.4.13 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Device::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

A string containing a brief, human readable description of the [Device](#) object.

Returns

A description of the [Device](#) as a string.

Since

1.0

5.8.4.14 type()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Type Leap::Device::type ( ) const
```

The device type.

Use the device type value in the (rare) circumstances that you have an application feature which relies on a particular type of device. Current types of device include the original Leap Motion peripheral, keyboard-embedded controllers, and laptop-embedded controllers.

Returns

The physical device type as a member of the DeviceType enumeration.

Since

1.2

5.8.4.15 verticalViewAngle()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Device::verticalViewAngle ( ) const
```

The angle of view along the z axis of this device.

The Leap Motion controller scans a region in the shape of an inverted pyramid centered at the device's center and extending upwards. The verticalViewAngle reports the view angle along the short dimension of the device.

Returns

The vertical angle of view in radians.

Since

1.0

5.8.5 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.8.5.1 operator<<

```
LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & ,
    const Device & ) [friend]
```

Writes a brief, human readable description of the [Device](#) object.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [sample/include/Leap.h](#)

5.9 Leap::DeviceList Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::DeviceList:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::DeviceList:

Public Types

- typedef [ConstListIterator](#)< [DeviceList](#), [Device](#) > [const_iterator](#)

Public Member Functions

- **DeviceList** (const [ListBaseImplementation](#)< [Device](#) > &)
- LEAP_EXPORT [DeviceList](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int [count](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isEmpty](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Device operator\[\]](#) (int index) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [DeviceList](#) & [append](#) (const [DeviceList](#) &other)
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator begin](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator end](#) () const

Additional Inherited Members

5.9.1 Detailed Description

The [DeviceList](#) class represents a list of [Device](#) objects.

Get a [DeviceList](#) object by calling [Controller::devices\(\)](#).

Since

1.0

5.9.2 Member Typedef Documentation

5.9.2.1 const_iterator

```
typedef ConstListIterator<DeviceList, Device> Leap::DeviceList::const\_iterator
```

A C++ iterator type for this [DeviceList](#) objects.

Since

1.0

5.9.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.9.3.1 DeviceList()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::DeviceList::DeviceList ( )
```

Constructs an empty list of devices.

Since

1.0

5.9.4 Member Function Documentation

5.9.4.1 append()

```
LEAP_EXPORT DeviceList& Leap::DeviceList::append (  
    const DeviceList & other )
```

Appends the members of the specified [DeviceList](#) to this [DeviceList](#).

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A DeviceList object containing Device objects to append to the end of this DeviceList .
--------------	---

Since

1.0

5.9.4.2 begin()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::DeviceList::begin ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the beginning of this [DeviceList](#).

Since

1.0

5.9.4.3 count()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::DeviceList::count ( ) const
```

Returns the number of devices in this list.

Returns

The number of devices in this list.

Since

1.0

5.9.4.4 end()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::DeviceList::end ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the end of this [DeviceList](#).

Since

1.0

5.9.4.5 isEmpty()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::DeviceList::isEmpty ( ) const
```

Reports whether the list is empty.

Returns

True, if the list has no members.

Since

1.0

5.9.4.6 operator[]()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Device Leap::DeviceList::operator[] (
    int index ) const
```

Access a list member by its position in the list.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	The zero-based list position index.
--------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

The [Device](#) object at the specified index.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.10 Leap::Finger Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Finger:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Finger:

Public Types

- enum [Joint](#) { [JOINT_MCP](#) = 0, [JOINT_PIP](#) = 1, [JOINT_DIP](#) = 2, [JOINT_TIP](#) = 3 }
- enum [Type](#) {
[TYPE_THUMB](#) = 0, [TYPE_INDEX](#) = 1, [TYPE_MIDDLE](#) = 2, [TYPE_RING](#) = 3,
[TYPE_PINKY](#) = 4 }

Public Member Functions

- **Finger** (FingerImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Finger](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT [Finger](#) (const [Pointable](#) &)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [jointPosition](#) ([Joint](#) jointIx) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Bone](#) [bone](#) ([Bone::Type](#) boneIx) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Type](#) [type](#) () const
- std::string [toString](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [Finger](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Additional Inherited Members

5.10.1 Detailed Description

The [Finger](#) class represents a tracked finger.

Fingers are [Pointable](#) objects that the Leap Motion software has classified as a finger. Get valid [Finger](#) objects from a [Frame](#) or a [Hand](#) object.

Fingers may be permanently associated to a hand. In this case the angular order of the finger IDs will be invariant. As fingers move in and out of view it is possible for the guessed ID of a finger to be incorrect. Consequently, it may be necessary for finger IDs to be exchanged. All tracked properties, such as velocity, will remain continuous in the API. However, quantities that are derived from the API output (such as a history of positions) will be discontinuous unless they have a corresponding ID exchange.

Note that [Finger](#) objects can be invalid, which means that they do not contain valid tracking data and do not correspond to a physical finger. Invalid [Finger](#) objects can be the result of asking for a [Finger](#) object using an ID from an earlier frame when no [Finger](#) objects with that ID exist in the current frame. A [Finger](#) object created from the [Finger](#) constructor is also invalid. Test for validity with the [Finger::isValid\(\)](#) function.

Since

1.0

5.10.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.10.2.1 Joint

enum `Leap::Finger::Joint`

Deprecated as of version 2.0

5.10.2.2 Type

enum `Leap::Finger::Type`

Enumerates the names of the fingers.

Members of this enumeration are returned by `Finger::type()` to identify a `Finger` object.

Since

2.0

Enumerator

TYPE_THUMB	The thumb
TYPE_INDEX	The index or fore-finger
TYPE_MIDDLE	The middle finger
TYPE_RING	The ring finger
TYPE_PINKY	The pinky or little finger

5.10.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.10.3.1 `Finger()` [1/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Finger::Finger ( )
```

Constructs a `Finger` object.

An uninitialized finger is considered invalid. Get valid `Finger` objects from a `Frame` or a `Hand` object.

Since

1.0

5.10.3.2 Finger() [2/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Finger::Finger (
    const Pointable & ) [explicit]
```

If the specified [Pointable](#) object represents a finger, creates a copy of it as a [Finger](#) object; otherwise, creates an invalid [Finger](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.10.4 Member Function Documentation

5.10.4.1 bone()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Bone Leap::Finger::bone (
    Bone::Type boneIx ) const
```

The bone at a given bone index on this finger.

Parameters

<i>boneIx</i>	An index value from the Bone::Type enumeration identifying the bone of interest.
---------------	--

Returns

The [Bone](#) that has the specified bone type.

Since

2.0

5.10.4.2 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const Finger& Leap::Finger::invalid ( ) [static]
```

Returns an invalid [Finger](#) object.

You can use the instance returned by this function in comparisons testing whether a given [Finger](#) instance is valid or invalid. (You can also use the [Finger::isValid\(\)](#) function.)

Returns

The invalid [Finger](#) instance.

Since

1.0

5.10.4.3 jointPosition()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Finger::jointPosition (
    Joint jointIx ) const
```

Deprecated as of version 2.0 Use 'bone' method instead.

5.10.4.4 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Finger::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

A string containing a brief, human readable description of the [Finger](#) object.

Returns

A description of the [Finger](#) object as a string.

Since

1.0

5.10.4.5 type()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Type Leap::Finger::type ( ) const
```

The name of this finger.

Returns

The anatomical type of this finger as a member of the [Finger::Type](#) enumeration.

Since

2.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.11 Leap::FingerList Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::FingerList:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::FingerList:

Public Types

- typedef [ConstListIterator](#)< [FingerList](#), [Finger](#) > [const_iterator](#)

Public Member Functions

- **FingerList** (const [ListBaseImplementation](#)< [Finger](#) > &)
- LEAP_EXPORT [FingerList](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int [count](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isEmpty](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Finger operator\[\]](#) (int index) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [FingerList](#) & [append](#) (const [FingerList](#) &other)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Finger](#) [leftmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Finger](#) [rightmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Finger](#) [frontmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [FingerList](#) [extended](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [FingerList](#) [fingerType](#) ([Finger::Type](#) type) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [begin](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [end](#) () const

Additional Inherited Members

5.11.1 Detailed Description

The [FingerList](#) class represents a list of [Finger](#) objects.

Get a [FingerList](#) object by calling [Frame::fingers\(\)](#).

Since

1.0

5.11.2 Member Typedef Documentation

5.11.2.1 `const_iterator`

```
typedef ConstListIterator<FingerList, Finger> Leap::FingerList::const\_iterator
```

A C++ iterator type for [FingerList](#) objects.

Since

1.0

5.11.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.11.3.1 `FingerList()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::FingerList::FingerList ( )
```

Constructs an empty list of fingers.

Since

1.0

5.11.4 Member Function Documentation

5.11.4.1 `append()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT FingerList& Leap::FingerList::append (  
    const FingerList & other )
```

Appends the members of the specified [FingerList](#) to this [FingerList](#).

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A FingerList object containing Finger objects to append to the end of this FingerList .
--------------	---

Since

1.0

5.11.4.2 begin()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::FingerList::begin ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the beginning of this [FingerList](#).

Since

1.0

5.11.4.3 count()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::FingerList::count ( ) const
```

Returns the number of fingers in this list.

Returns

The number of fingers in this list.

Since

1.0

5.11.4.4 end()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::FingerList::end ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the end of this [FingerList](#).

Since

1.0

5.11.4.5 extended()

```
LEAP_EXPORT FingerList Leap::FingerList::extended ( ) const
```

Returns a new list containing those fingers in the current list that are extended.

Returns

The list of extended fingers from the current list.

Since

2.0

5.11.4.6 fingerType()

```
LEAP_EXPORT FingerList Leap::FingerList::fingerType (
    Finger::Type type ) const
```

Returns a list containing fingers from the current list of a given finger type by modifying the existing list.

Returns

The list of matching fingers from the current list.

Since

2.0

5.11.4.7 frontmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Finger Leap::FingerList::frontmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the front within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the smallest Z coordinate).

Returns

The frontmost finger, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

5.11.4.8 isEmpty()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::FingerList::isEmpty ( ) const
```

Reports whether the list is empty.

Returns

True, if the list has no members.

Since

1.0

5.11.4.9 leftmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Finger Leap::FingerList::leftmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the left within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the smallest X coordinate).

Returns

The leftmost finger, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

5.11.4.10 operator[]()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Finger Leap::FingerList::operator[] (
    int index ) const
```

Access a list member by its position in the list.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	The zero-based list position index.
--------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

The [Finger](#) object at the specified index.

Since

1.0

5.11.4.11 rightmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Finger Leap::FingerList::rightmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the right within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the largest X coordinate).

Returns

The rightmost finger, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.12 Leap::FloatArray Struct Reference

```
#include <LeapMath.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- float & [operator\[\]](#) (unsigned int index)
- [operator float *](#) ()
- [operator const float *](#) () const

Public Attributes

- float [m_array](#) [16]

5.12.1 Detailed Description

The [FloatArray](#) struct is used to allow the returning of native float arrays without requiring dynamic memory allocation. It represents a matrix with a size up to 4x4.

Since

1.0

5.12.2 Member Function Documentation

5.12.2.1 operator const float *()

```
Leap::FloatArray::operator const float * ( ) const [inline]
```

Use the Float Array anywhere a const float pointer can be used.

Since

1.0

5.12.2.2 operator float *()

```
Leap::FloatArray::operator float * ( ) [inline]
```

Use the Float Array anywhere a float pointer can be used.

Since

1.0

5.12.2.3 operator[]()

```
float& Leap::FloatArray::operator[] (
    unsigned int index ) [inline]
```

Access the elements of the float array exactly like a native array.

Since

1.0

5.12.3 Member Data Documentation

5.12.3.1 m_array

```
float Leap::FloatArray::m_array[16]
```

An array containing up to 16 entries of the matrix.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/LeapMath.h

5.13 Leap::Frame Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Frame:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Frame:

Public Member Functions

- **Frame** (FrameImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Frame](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int64_t [id](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int64_t [timestamp](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [HandList](#) [hands](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Hand](#) [hand](#) (int32_t [id](#)) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [PointableList](#) [pointables](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Pointable](#) [pointable](#) (int32_t [id](#)) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [FingerList](#) [fingers](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Finger](#) [finger](#) (int32_t [id](#)) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [ToolList](#) [tools](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Tool](#) [tool](#) (int32_t [id](#)) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Gesture](#) [gesture](#) (int32_t [id](#)) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [GestureList](#) [gestures](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [GestureList](#) [gestures](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [ImageList](#) [images](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [translation](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [translationProbability](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [rotationAxis](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [rotationAngle](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [rotationAngle](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame, const [Vector](#) &axis) const

- LEAP_EXPORT [Matrix](#) [rotationMatrix](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [rotationProbability](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [scaleFactor](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [scaleProbability](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [InteractionBox](#) [interactionBox](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [currentFramesPerSecond](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isValid](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator==](#) (const [Frame](#) &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator!=](#) (const [Frame](#) &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [TrackedQuad](#) [trackedQuad](#) () const
- std::string [serialize](#) () const
- void [deserialize](#) (const std::string &str)
- void [serialize](#) (unsigned char *ptr) const
- int [serializeLength](#) () const
- void [deserialize](#) (const unsigned char *ptr, int length)
- std::string [toString](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [Frame](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Friends

- LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &, const [Frame](#) &)

Additional Inherited Members

5.13.1 Detailed Description

The [Frame](#) class represents a set of hand and finger tracking data detected in a single frame.

The Leap Motion software detects hands, fingers and tools within the tracking area, reporting their positions, orientations, gestures, and motions in frames at the Leap Motion frame rate.

Access [Frame](#) objects through an instance of the [Controller](#) class:

Implement a [Listener](#) subclass to receive a callback event when a new [Frame](#) is available.

Since

1.0

5.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.13.2.1 Frame()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Frame::Frame ( )
```

Constructs a [Frame](#) object.

[Frame](#) instances created with this constructor are invalid. Get valid [Frame](#) objects by calling the [Controller::frame\(\)](#) function.

The only time you should use this constructor is before deserializing serialized frame data. Call `Frame↵::deserialize(string)` to recreate a saved [Frame](#).

Since

1.0

5.13.3 Member Function Documentation

5.13.3.1 currentFramesPerSecond()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Frame::currentFramesPerSecond ( ) const
```

The instantaneous framerate.

The rate at which the Leap Motion software is providing frames of data (in frames per second). The framerate can fluctuate depending on available computing resources, activity within the device field of view, software tracking settings, and other factors.

Returns

An estimate of frames per second of the Leap Motion [Controller](#).

Since

1.0

5.13.3.2 deserialize()

```
void Leap::Frame::deserialize (
    const std::string & str ) [inline]
```

Decodes a byte string to replace the properties of this [Frame](#).

A [Controller](#) object must be instantiated for this function to succeed, but it does not need to be connected. To extract gestures from the deserialized frame, you must enable the appropriate gestures first.

Any existing data in the frame is destroyed. If you have references to child objects (hands, fingers, etc.), these are preserved as long as the references remain in scope.

Note: The behavior when calling functions which take another [Frame](#) object as a parameter is undefined when either frame has been deserialized. For example, calling `gestures(sinceFrame)` on a deserialized frame or with a deserialized frame as parameter (or both) does not necessarily return all gestures that occurred between the two frames. Motion functions, like `scaleFactor(startFrame)`, are more likely to return reasonable results, but could return anomalous values in some cases.

Parameters

<i>str</i>	A std:string object containing the serialized bytes of a frame.
------------	---

Since

2.1.0

5.13.3.3 finger()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Finger Leap::Frame::finger (
    int32_t id ) const
```

The [Finger](#) object with the specified ID in this frame.

Use the [Frame::finger\(\)](#) function to retrieve the [Finger](#) object from this frame using an ID value obtained from a previous frame. This function always returns a [Finger](#) object, but if no finger with the specified ID is present, an invalid [Finger](#) object is returned.

Note that ID values persist across frames, but only until tracking of a particular object is lost. If tracking of a finger is lost and subsequently regained, the new [Finger](#) object representing that physical finger may have a different ID than that representing the finger in an earlier frame.

Parameters

<i>id</i>	The ID value of a Finger object from a previous frame.
-----------	--

Returns

The [Finger](#) object with the matching ID if one exists in this frame; otherwise, an invalid [Finger](#) object is returned.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.4 fingers()

```
LEAP_EXPORT FingerList Leap::Frame::fingers ( ) const
```

The list of [Finger](#) objects detected in this frame, given in arbitrary order. The list can be empty if no fingers are detected.

Use [PointableList::extended\(\)](#) to remove non-extended fingers from the list.

Returns

The [FingerList](#) containing all [Finger](#) objects detected in this frame.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.5 gesture()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Gesture Leap::Frame::gesture (
    int32_t id ) const
```

The [Gesture](#) object with the specified ID in this frame.

Use the [Frame::gesture\(\)](#) function to return a [Gesture](#) object in this frame using an ID obtained in an earlier frame. The function always returns a [Gesture](#) object, but if there was no update for the gesture in this frame, then an invalid [Gesture](#) object is returned.

All [Gesture](#) objects representing the same recognized movement share the same ID.

Parameters

<i>id</i>	The ID of an Gesture object from a previous frame.
-----------	--

Returns

The [Gesture](#) object in the frame with the specified ID if one exists; Otherwise, an Invalid [Gesture](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.6 gestures() [1/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT GestureList Leap::Frame::gestures ( ) const
```

The gestures recognized or continuing in this frame.

Circle and swipe gestures are updated every frame. Tap gestures only appear in the list for a single frame.

Returns

[GestureList](#) the list of gestures.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.7 gestures() [2/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT GestureList Leap::Frame::gestures (  
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

Returns a [GestureList](#) containing all gestures that have occurred since the specified frame.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	An earlier Frame object. The starting frame must still be in the frame history cache, which has a default length of 60 frames.
-------------------	--

Returns

[GestureList](#) The list of the [Gesture](#) objects that have occurred since the specified frame.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.8 hand()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Hand Leap::Frame::hand (  
    int32_t id ) const
```

The [Hand](#) object with the specified ID in this frame.

Use the [Frame::hand\(\)](#) function to retrieve the [Hand](#) object from this frame using an ID value obtained from a previous frame. This function always returns a [Hand](#) object, but if no hand with the specified ID is present, an invalid [Hand](#) object is returned.

Note that ID values persist across frames, but only until tracking of a particular object is lost. If tracking of a hand is lost and subsequently regained, the new [Hand](#) object representing that physical hand may have a different ID than that representing the physical hand in an earlier frame.

Parameters

<i>id</i>	The ID value of a Hand object from a previous frame.
-----------	--

Returns

The [Hand](#) object with the matching ID if one exists in this frame; otherwise, an invalid [Hand](#) object is returned.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.9 hands()

```
LEAP_EXPORT HandList Leap::Frame::hands ( ) const
```

The list of [Hand](#) objects detected in this frame, given in arbitrary order. The list can be empty if no hands are detected.

Returns

The [HandList](#) containing all [Hand](#) objects detected in this frame.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.10 id()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int64_t Leap::Frame::id ( ) const
```

A unique ID for this [Frame](#).

Consecutive frames processed by the Leap Motion software have consecutive increasing values. You can use the frame ID to avoid processing the same [Frame](#) object twice:

As well as to make sure that your application processes every frame:

Returns

The frame ID.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.11 images()

```
LEAP_EXPORT ImageList Leap::Frame::images ( ) const
```

The list of images from the Leap Motion cameras.

Returns

An [ImageList](#) object containing the camera images analyzed to create this [Frame](#).

Since

2.1

5.13.3.12 interactionBox()

```
LEAP_EXPORT InteractionBox Leap::Frame::interactionBox ( ) const
```

The current [InteractionBox](#) for the frame. See the [InteractionBox](#) class documentation for more details on how this class should be used.

Returns

The current [InteractionBox](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.13 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const Frame& Leap::Frame::invalid ( ) [static]
```

Returns an invalid [Frame](#) object.

You can use the instance returned by this function in comparisons testing whether a given [Frame](#) instance is valid or invalid. (You can also use the [Frame::isValid\(\)](#) function.)

Returns

The invalid [Frame](#) instance.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.14 isValid()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Frame::isValid ( ) const
```

Reports whether this [Frame](#) instance is valid.

A valid [Frame](#) is one generated by the [Leap::Controller](#) object that contains tracking data for all detected entities. An invalid [Frame](#) contains no actual tracking data, but you can call its functions without risk of a null pointer exception. The invalid [Frame](#) mechanism makes it more convenient to track individual data across the frame history. For example, you can invoke:

for an arbitrary [Frame](#) history value, "n", without first checking whether frame(n) returned a null object. (You should still check that the returned [Finger](#) instance is valid.)

Returns

True, if this is a valid [Frame](#) object; false otherwise.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.15 operator!=()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Frame::operator!= (
    const Frame & ) const
```

Compare [Frame](#) object inequality.

Two [Frame](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Frame](#) objects represent the exact same frame of tracking data and both [Frame](#) objects are valid.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.16 operator==()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Frame::operator== (
    const Frame & ) const
```

Compare [Frame](#) object equality.

Two [Frame](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Frame](#) objects represent the exact same frame of tracking data and both [Frame](#) objects are valid.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.17 pointable()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Pointable Leap::Frame::pointable (
    int32_t id ) const
```

The [Pointable](#) object with the specified ID in this frame.

Use the [Frame::pointable\(\)](#) function to retrieve the [Pointable](#) object from this frame using an ID value obtained from a previous frame. This function always returns a [Pointable](#) object, but if no finger or tool with the specified ID is present, an invalid [Pointable](#) object is returned.

Note that ID values persist across frames, but only until tracking of a particular object is lost. If tracking of a finger or tool is lost and subsequently regained, the new [Pointable](#) object representing that finger or tool may have a different ID than that representing the finger or tool in an earlier frame.

Parameters

<i>id</i>	The ID value of a Pointable object from a previous frame.
-----------	---

Returns

The [Pointable](#) object with the matching ID if one exists in this frame; otherwise, an invalid [Pointable](#) object is returned.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.18 pointables()

```
LEAP_EXPORT PointableList Leap::Frame::pointables ( ) const
```

The list of [Pointable](#) objects (fingers and tools) detected in this frame, given in arbitrary order. The list can be empty if no fingers or tools are detected.

Use [PointableList::extended\(\)](#) to remove non-extended fingers from the list.

Returns

The [PointableList](#) containing all [Pointable](#) objects detected in this frame.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.19 rotationAngle() [1/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Frame::rotationAngle (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The angle of rotation around the rotation axis derived from the overall rotational motion between the current frame and the specified frame.

The returned angle is expressed in radians measured clockwise around the rotation axis (using the right-hand rule) between the start and end frames. The value is always between 0 and pi radians (0 and 180 degrees).

The Leap Motion software derives frame rotation from the relative change in position and orientation of all objects detected in the field of view.

If either this frame or sinceFrame is an invalid [Frame](#) object, then the angle of rotation is zero.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative rotation.
-------------------	---

Returns

A positive value containing the heuristically determined rotational change between the current frame and that specified in the sinceFrame parameter.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.20 rotationAngle() [2/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Frame::rotationAngle (
    const Frame & sinceFrame,
    const Vector & axis ) const
```

The angle of rotation around the specified axis derived from the overall rotational motion between the current frame and the specified frame.

The returned angle is expressed in radians measured clockwise around the rotation axis (using the right-hand rule) between the start and end frames. The value is always between -pi and pi radians (-180 and 180 degrees).

The Leap Motion software derives frame rotation from the relative change in position and orientation of all objects detected in the field of view.

If either this frame or sinceFrame is an invalid [Frame](#) object, then the angle of rotation is zero.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative rotation.
<i>axis</i>	The axis to measure rotation around.

Returns

A value containing the heuristically determined rotational change between the current frame and that specified in the sinceFrame parameter around the given axis.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.21 rotationAxis()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Frame::rotationAxis (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The axis of rotation derived from the overall rotational motion between the current frame and the specified frame.

The returned direction vector is normalized.

The Leap Motion software derives frame rotation from the relative change in position and orientation of all objects detected in the field of view.

If either this frame or sinceFrame is an invalid [Frame](#) object, or if no rotation is detected between the two frames, a zero vector is returned.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative rotation.
-------------------	---

Returns

A normalized direction [Vector](#) representing the axis of the heuristically determined rotational change between the current frame and that specified in the *sinceFrame* parameter.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.22 rotationMatrix()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Matrix Leap::Frame::rotationMatrix (  
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The transform matrix expressing the rotation derived from the overall rotational motion between the current frame and the specified frame.

The Leap Motion software derives frame rotation from the relative change in position and orientation of all objects detected in the field of view.

If either this frame or *sinceFrame* is an invalid [Frame](#) object, then this method returns an identity matrix.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative rotation.
-------------------	---

Returns

A transformation [Matrix](#) containing the heuristically determined rotational change between the current frame and that specified in the *sinceFrame* parameter.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.23 rotationProbability()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Frame::rotationProbability (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The estimated probability that the overall motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a rotating motion.

If either this frame or sinceFrame is an invalid [Frame](#) object, then this method returns zero.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative rotation.
-------------------	---

Returns

A value between 0 and 1 representing the estimated probability that the overall motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a rotating motion.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.24 scaleFactor()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Frame::scaleFactor (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The scale factor derived from the overall motion between the current frame and the specified frame.

The scale factor is always positive. A value of 1.0 indicates no scaling took place. Values between 0.0 and 1.0 indicate contraction and values greater than 1.0 indicate expansion.

The Leap Motion software derives scaling from the relative inward or outward motion of all objects detected in the field of view (independent of translation and rotation).

If either this frame or sinceFrame is an invalid [Frame](#) object, then this method returns 1.0.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative scaling.
-------------------	--

Returns

A positive value representing the heuristically determined scaling change ratio between the current frame and that specified in the `sinceFrame` parameter.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.25 `scaleProbability()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Frame::scaleProbability (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The estimated probability that the overall motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a scaling motion.

If either this frame or `sinceFrame` is an invalid [Frame](#) object, then this method returns zero.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative scaling.
-------------------	--

Returns

A value between 0 and 1 representing the estimated probability that the overall motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a scaling motion.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.26 `serialize()`

```
std::string Leap::Frame::serialize ( ) const [inline]
```

Encodes this [Frame](#) object as a byte string.

Returns

The serialized string encoding the data for this frame.

Since

2.1.0

5.13.3.27 timestamp()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int64_t Leap::Frame::timestamp ( ) const
```

The frame capture time in microseconds elapsed since an arbitrary point in time in the past.

Use [Controller::now\(\)](#) to calculate the age of the frame.

Returns

The timestamp in microseconds.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.28 tool()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Tool Leap::Frame::tool (
    int32_t id ) const
```

The [Tool](#) object with the specified ID in this frame.

Use the [Frame::tool\(\)](#) function to retrieve the [Tool](#) object from this frame using an ID value obtained from a previous frame. This function always returns a [Tool](#) object, but if no tool with the specified ID is present, an invalid [Tool](#) object is returned.

Note that ID values persist across frames, but only until tracking of a particular object is lost. If tracking of a tool is lost and subsequently regained, the new [Tool](#) object representing that tool may have a different ID than that representing the tool in an earlier frame.

Parameters

<i>id</i>	The ID value of a Tool object from a previous frame.
-----------	--

Returns

The [Tool](#) object with the matching ID if one exists in this frame; otherwise, an invalid [Tool](#) object is returned.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.29 tools()

```
LEAP_EXPORT ToolList Leap::Frame::tools ( ) const
```

The list of [Tool](#) objects detected in this frame, given in arbitrary order. The list can be empty if no tools are detected.

Returns

The [ToolList](#) containing all [Tool](#) objects detected in this frame.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.30 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Frame::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

A string containing a brief, human readable description of the [Frame](#) object.

Returns

A description of the [Frame](#) as a string.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.31 trackedQuad()

```
LEAP_EXPORT TrackedQuad Leap::Frame::trackedQuad ( ) const
```

Note: This class is an experimental API for internal use only. It may be removed without warning.

Returns information about the currently detected quad in the scene.

If no quad is being tracked, then an invalid [TrackedQuad](#) is returned.

Since

2.2.6

5.13.3.32 translation()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Frame::translation (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The change of position derived from the overall linear motion between the current frame and the specified frame.

The returned translation vector provides the magnitude and direction of the movement in millimeters.

The Leap Motion software derives frame translation from the linear motion of all objects detected in the field of view.

If either this frame or sinceFrame is an invalid [Frame](#) object, then this method returns a zero vector.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative translation.
-------------------	--

Returns

A [Vector](#) representing the heuristically determined change in position of all objects between the current frame and that specified in the *sinceFrame* parameter.

Since

1.0

5.13.3.33 translationProbability()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Frame::translationProbability (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The estimated probability that the overall motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a translating motion.

If either this frame or *sinceFrame* is an invalid [Frame](#) object, then this method returns zero.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the translation.
-------------------	---

Returns

A value between 0 and 1 representing the estimated probability that the overall motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a translating motion.

Since

1.0

5.13.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.13.4.1 operator<<

```
LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & ,
    const Frame & ) [friend]
```

Writes a brief, human readable description of the [Frame](#) object to an output stream.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [sample/include/Leap.h](#)

5.14 Leap::Gesture Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Gesture:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Gesture:

Public Types

- enum [Type](#) {
 [TYPE_INVALID](#) = -1, [TYPE_SWIPE](#) = 1, [TYPE_CIRCLE](#) = 4, [TYPE_SCREEN_TAP](#) = 5,
 [TYPE_KEY_TAP](#) = 6 }
- enum [State](#) { [STATE_INVALID](#) = -1, [STATE_START](#) = 1, [STATE_UPDATE](#) = 2, [STATE_STOP](#) = 3 }

Public Member Functions

- **Gesture** (GestureImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Gesture](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT [Gesture](#) (const [Gesture](#) &rhs)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Type](#) type () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [State](#) state () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int32_t id () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int64_t duration () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float durationSeconds () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Frame](#) frame () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [HandList](#) hands () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [PointableList](#) pointables () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool isValid () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool operator== (const [Gesture](#) &rhs) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool operator!= (const [Gesture](#) &rhs) const
- std::string toString () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [Gesture](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Additional Inherited Members

5.14.1 Detailed Description

The [Gesture](#) class represents a recognized movement by the user.

The Leap Motion [Controller](#) watches the activity within its field of view for certain movement patterns typical of a user gesture or command. For example, a movement from side to side with the hand can indicate a swipe gesture, while a finger poking forward can indicate a screen tap gesture.

When the Leap Motion software recognizes a gesture, it assigns an ID and adds a [Gesture](#) object to the frame gesture list. For continuous gestures, which occur over many frames, the Leap Motion software updates the gesture by adding a [Gesture](#) object having the same ID and updated properties in each subsequent frame.

Important: Recognition for each type of gesture must be enabled using the [Controller::enableGesture\(\)](#) function; otherwise **no gestures are recognized or reported**.

Subclasses of [Gesture](#) define the properties for the specific movement patterns recognized by the Leap Motion software.

The [Gesture](#) subclasses include:

[CircleGesture](#) – A circular movement by a finger.

[SwipeGesture](#) – A straight line movement by the hand with fingers extended.

[ScreenTapGesture](#) – A forward tapping movement by a finger.

[KeyTapGesture](#) – A downward tapping movement by a finger.

Circle and swipe gestures are continuous and these objects can have a state of start, update, and stop.

The screen tap gesture is a discrete gesture. The Leap Motion software only creates a single [ScreenTapGesture](#) object for each tap and it always has a stop state.

Get valid [Gesture](#) instances from a [Frame](#) object. You can get a list of gestures with the [Frame::gestures\(\)](#) method. You can get a list of gestures since a specified frame with the [Frame::gestures\(const Frame&\)](#) method. You can also use the [Frame::gesture\(\)](#) method to find a gesture in the current frame using an ID value obtained in a previous frame.

[Gesture](#) objects can be invalid. For example, when you get a gesture by ID using [Frame::gesture\(\)](#), and there is no gesture with that ID in the current frame, then [gesture\(\)](#) returns an Invalid [Gesture](#) object (rather than a null value). Always check object validity in situations where a gesture might be invalid.

The following keys can be used with the [Config](#) class to configure the gesture recognizer:

```
===== Key string Value type
Default value Units =====
Gesture.Circle.MinRadius float 5.0 mm Gesture.Circle.MinArc float 1.5 * pi radians
Gesture.Swipe.MinLength float 150 mm Gesture.Swipe.MinVelocity float 1000 mm/s
Gesture.KeyTap.MinDownVelocity float 50 mm/s Gesture.KeyTap.HistorySeconds float 0.1 s
Gesture.KeyTap.MinDistance float 3.0 mm Gesture.ScreenTap.MinForwardVelocity float 50 mm/s
Gesture.ScreenTap.HistorySeconds float 0.1 s Gesture.ScreenTap.MinDistance float 5.0 mm
=====
```

Since

1.0

5.14.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.14.2.1 State

enum `Leap::Gesture::State`

The possible gesture states.

Since

1.0

Enumerator

STATE_INVALID	An invalid state Since 1.0
STATE_START	The gesture is starting. Just enough has happened to recognize it. Since 1.0
STATE_UPDATE	The gesture is in progress. (Note: not all gestures have updates). Since 1.0
STATE_STOP	The gesture has completed or stopped. Since 1.0

5.14.2.2 Type

enum `Leap::Gesture::Type`

The supported types of gestures.

Since

1.0

Enumerator

TYPE_INVALID	An invalid type. Since 1.0
TYPE_SWIPE	A straight line movement by the hand with fingers extended. Since 1.0
TYPE_CIRCLE	A circular movement by a finger. Since 1.0
TYPE_SCREEN_TAP	A forward tapping movement by a finger. Since 1.0
TYPE_KEY_TAP	A downward tapping movement by a finger. Since 1.0

5.14.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.14.3.1 Gesture() [1/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Gesture::Gesture ( )
```

Constructs a new [Gesture](#) object.

An uninitialized [Gesture](#) object is considered invalid. Get valid instances of the [Gesture](#) class, which will be one of the [Gesture](#) subclasses, from a [Frame](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.14.3.2 `Gesture()` [2/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Gesture::Gesture (
    const Gesture & rhs )
```

Constructs a new copy of an [Gesture](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.14.4 Member Function Documentation

5.14.4.1 `duration()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT int64_t Leap::Gesture::duration ( ) const
```

The elapsed duration of the recognized movement up to the frame containing this [Gesture](#) object, in microseconds.

The duration reported for the first [Gesture](#) in the sequence (with the `STATE_START` state) will typically be a small positive number since the movement must progress far enough for the Leap Motion software to recognize it as an intentional gesture.

Returns

`int64_t` the elapsed duration in microseconds.

Since

1.0

5.14.4.2 `durationSeconds()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Gesture::durationSeconds ( ) const
```

The elapsed duration in seconds.

See also

[duration\(\)](#)

Returns

`float` the elapsed duration in seconds.

Since

1.0

5.14.4.3 frame()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Frame Leap::Gesture::frame ( ) const
```

The [Frame](#) containing this [Gesture](#) instance.

—

Returns

[Frame](#) The parent [Frame](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.14.4.4 hands()

```
LEAP_EXPORT HandList Leap::Gesture::hands ( ) const
```

The list of hands associated with this [Gesture](#), if any.

If no hands are related to this gesture, the list is empty.

Returns

[HandList](#) the list of related [Hand](#) objects.

Since

1.0

5.14.4.5 id()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int32_t Leap::Gesture::id ( ) const
```

The gesture ID.

All [Gesture](#) objects belonging to the same recognized movement share the same ID value. Use the ID value with the [Frame::gesture\(\)](#) method to find updates related to this [Gesture](#) object in subsequent frames.

Returns

int32_t the ID of this [Gesture](#).

Since

1.0

5.14.4.6 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const Gesture& Leap::Gesture::invalid ( ) [static]
```

Returns an invalid [Gesture](#) object.

You can use the instance returned by this function in comparisons testing whether a given [Gesture](#) instance is valid or invalid. (You can also use the [Gesture::isValid\(\)](#) function.)

Returns

The invalid [Gesture](#) instance.

Since

1.0

5.14.4.7 isValid()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Gesture::isValid ( ) const
```

Reports whether this [Gesture](#) instance represents a valid [Gesture](#).

An invalid [Gesture](#) object does not represent a snapshot of a recognized movement. Invalid [Gesture](#) objects are returned when a valid object cannot be provided. For example, when you get an gesture by ID using [Frame::gesture\(\)](#), and there is no gesture with that ID in the current frame, then `gesture()` returns an Invalid [Gesture](#) object (rather than a null value). Always check object validity in situations where an gesture might be invalid.

Returns

bool True, if this is a valid [Gesture](#) instance; false, otherwise.

Since

1.0

5.14.4.8 operator!=(())

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Gesture::operator!= (
    const Gesture & rhs ) const
```

Compare [Gesture](#) object inequality.

Two Gestures are equal only if they represent the same snapshot of the same recognized movement.

Since

1.0

5.14.4.9 operator==(())

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Gesture::operator== (
    const Gesture & rhs ) const
```

Compare [Gesture](#) object equality.

Two Gestures are equal if they represent the same snapshot of the same recognized movement.

Since

1.0

5.14.4.10 pointables()

```
LEAP_EXPORT PointableList Leap::Gesture::pointables ( ) const
```

The list of fingers and tools associated with this [Gesture](#), if any.

If no [Pointable](#) objects are related to this gesture, the list is empty.

Returns

[PointableList](#) the list of related [Pointable](#) objects.

Since

1.0

5.14.4.11 state()

```
LEAP_EXPORT State Leap::Gesture::state ( ) const
```

The gesture state.

Recognized movements occur over time and have a beginning, a middle, and an end. The '[state\(\)](#)' attribute reports where in that sequence this [Gesture](#) object falls.

Returns

[Gesture::State](#) A value from the [Gesture::State](#) enumeration.

Since

1.0

5.14.4.12 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Gesture::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

A string containing a brief, human-readable description of this [Gesture](#).

Since

1.0

5.14.4.13 type()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Type Leap::Gesture::type ( ) const
```

The gesture type.

Returns

[Gesture::Type](#) A value from the [Gesture::Type](#) enumeration.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.15 Leap::GestureList Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::GestureList:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::GestureList:

Public Types

- typedef [ConstListIterator](#)< [GestureList](#), [Gesture](#) > [const_iterator](#)

Public Member Functions

- **GestureList** (const [ListBaseImplementation](#)< [Gesture](#) > &)
- LEAP_EXPORT [GestureList](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int [count](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isEmpty](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Gesture operator\[\]](#) (int index) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [GestureList](#) & [append](#) (const [GestureList](#) &other)
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [begin](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [end](#) () const

Additional Inherited Members

5.15.1 Detailed Description

The [GestureList](#) class represents a list of [Gesture](#) objects.

Get a [GestureList](#) object from a [Frame](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.15.2 Member Typedef Documentation

5.15.2.1 `const_iterator`

```
typedef ConstListIterator<GestureList, Gesture> Leap::GestureList::const\_iterator
```

A C++ iterator type for [GestureList](#) objects.

Since

1.0

5.15.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.15.3.1 `GestureList()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::GestureList::GestureList ( )
```

Constructs an empty gesture list.

Since

1.0

5.15.4 Member Function Documentation

5.15.4.1 `append()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT GestureList& Leap::GestureList::append (  
    const GestureList & other )
```

Appends the members of the specified [GestureList](#) to this [GestureList](#).

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A GestureList object containing Gesture objects to append to the end of this GestureList .
--------------	--

Since

1.0

5.15.4.2 `begin()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::GestureList::begin ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the beginning of this [GestureList](#).

Since

1.0

5.15.4.3 `count()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::GestureList::count ( ) const
```

The length of this list.

Returns

The number of gestures in this list.

Since

1.0

5.15.4.4 end()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::GestureList::end ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the end of this [GestureList](#).

Since

1.0

5.15.4.5 isEmpty()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::GestureList::isEmpty ( ) const
```

Reports whether the list is empty.

Returns

True, if the list has no members.

Since

1.0

5.15.4.6 operator[]()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Gesture Leap::GestureList::operator[] (
    int index ) const
```

Access a list member by its position in the list.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	The zero-based list position index.
--------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

The [Gesture](#) object at the specified index.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.16 Leap::Hand Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Hand:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Hand:

Public Member Functions

- **Hand** (HandImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Hand](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int32_t [id](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Frame](#) [frame](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [PointableList](#) [pointables](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Pointable](#) [pointable](#) (int32_t [id](#)) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [FingerList](#) [fingers](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Finger](#) [finger](#) (int32_t [id](#)) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [ToolList](#) [tools](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Tool](#) [tool](#) (int32_t [id](#)) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [palmPosition](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [stabilizedPalmPosition](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [palmVelocity](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [palmNormal](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [palmWidth](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [direction](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Matrix](#) [basis](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Arm](#) [arm](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [wristPosition](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [sphereCenter](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [sphereRadius](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [pinchStrength](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [grabStrength](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [translation](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [translationProbability](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [rotationAxis](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [rotationAngle](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [rotationAngle](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame, const [Vector](#) &axis) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Matrix](#) [rotationMatrix](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const

- LEAP_EXPORT float [rotationProbability](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [scaleFactor](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [scaleProbability](#) (const [Frame](#) &sinceFrame) const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [timeVisible](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [confidence](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isLeft](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isRight](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isValid](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator==](#) (const [Hand](#) &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator!=](#) (const [Hand](#) &) const
- std::string [toString](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [Hand](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Friends

- LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &, const [Hand](#) &)

Additional Inherited Members

5.16.1 Detailed Description

The [Hand](#) class reports the physical characteristics of a detected hand.

[Hand](#) tracking data includes a palm position and velocity; vectors for the palm normal and direction to the fingers; properties of a sphere fit to the hand; and lists of the attached fingers.

Get [Hand](#) objects from a [Frame](#) object:

Note that [Hand](#) objects can be invalid, which means that they do not contain valid tracking data and do not correspond to a physical entity. Invalid [Hand](#) objects can be the result of asking for a [Hand](#) object using an ID from an earlier frame when no [Hand](#) objects with that ID exist in the current frame. A [Hand](#) object created from the [Hand](#) constructor is also invalid. Test for validity with the [Hand::isValid\(\)](#) function.

Since

1.0

5.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.16.2.1 Hand()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Hand::Hand ( )
```

Constructs a [Hand](#) object.

An uninitialized hand is considered invalid. Get valid [Hand](#) objects from a [Frame](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.16.3 Member Function Documentation

5.16.3.1 arm()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Arm Leap::Hand::arm ( ) const
```

The arm to which this hand is attached.

If the arm is not completely in view, [Arm](#) attributes are estimated based on the attributes of entities that are in view combined with typical human anatomy.

Returns

The [Arm](#) object for this hand.

Since

2.0.3

5.16.3.2 basis()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Matrix Leap::Hand::basis ( ) const
```

The orientation of the hand as a basis matrix.

The basis is defined as follows:

xAxis Positive in the direction of the pinky

yAxis Positive above the hand

zAxis Positive in the direction of the wrist

Note: Since the left hand is a mirror of the right hand, the basis matrix will be left-handed for left hands.

Returns

The basis of the hand as a matrix.

Since

2.0

5.16.3.3 confidence()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::confidence ( ) const
```

How confident we are with a given hand pose.

The confidence level ranges between 0.0 and 1.0 inclusive.

Since

2.0

5.16.3.4 direction()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Hand::direction ( ) const
```

The direction from the palm position toward the fingers.

The direction is expressed as a unit vector pointing in the same direction as the directed line from the palm position to the fingers.

You can use the palm direction vector to compute the pitch and yaw angles of the palm with respect to the horizontal plane:

Returns

The [Vector](#) pointing from the palm position toward the fingers.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.5 finger()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Finger Leap::Hand::finger (
    int32_t id ) const
```

The [Finger](#) object with the specified ID attached to this hand.

Use the [Hand::finger\(\)](#) function to retrieve a [Finger](#) object attached to this hand using an ID value obtained from a previous frame. This function always returns a [Finger](#) object, but if no finger with the specified ID is present, an invalid [Finger](#) object is returned.

Note that ID values persist across frames, but only until tracking of a particular object is lost. If tracking of a finger is lost and subsequently regained, the new [Finger](#) object representing that finger may have a different ID than that representing the finger in an earlier frame.

Parameters

<i>id</i>	The ID value of a Finger object from a previous frame.
-----------	--

Returns

The [Finger](#) object with the matching ID if one exists for this hand in this frame; otherwise, an invalid [Finger](#) object is returned.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.6 fingers()

```
LEAP_EXPORT FingerList Leap::Hand::fingers ( ) const
```

The list of [Finger](#) objects detected in this frame that are attached to this hand, given in order from thumb to pinky. The list cannot be empty.

Use [PointableList::extended\(\)](#) to remove non-extended fingers from the list.

Returns

The [FingerList](#) containing all [Finger](#) objects attached to this hand.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.7 frame()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Frame Leap::Hand::frame ( ) const
```

The [Frame](#) associated with this [Hand](#).

Returns

The associated [Frame](#) object, if available; otherwise, an invalid [Frame](#) object is returned.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.8 grabStrength()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::grabStrength ( ) const
```

The strength of a grab hand pose.

The strength is zero for an open hand, and blends to 1.0 when a grabbing hand pose is recognized.

Returns

A float value in the [0..1] range representing the holding strength of the pose.

Since

2.0

5.16.3.9 id()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int32_t Leap::Hand::id ( ) const
```

A unique ID assigned to this [Hand](#) object, whose value remains the same across consecutive frames while the tracked hand remains visible. If tracking is lost (for example, when a hand is occluded by another hand or when it is withdrawn from or reaches the edge of the Leap Motion [Controller](#) field of view), the Leap Motion software may assign a new ID when it detects the hand in a future frame.

Use the ID value with the [Frame::hand\(\)](#) function to find this [Hand](#) object in future frames:

Returns

The ID of this hand.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.10 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const Hand& Leap::Hand::invalid ( ) [static]
```

Returns an invalid [Hand](#) object.

You can use the instance returned by this function in comparisons testing whether a given [Hand](#) instance is valid or invalid. (You can also use the [Hand::isValid\(\)](#) function.)

Returns

The invalid [Hand](#) instance.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.11 isLeft()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Hand::isLeft ( ) const
```

Identifies whether this [Hand](#) is a left hand.

Returns

True if the hand is identified as a left hand.

Since

2.0

5.16.3.12 isRight()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Hand::isRight ( ) const
```

Identifies whether this [Hand](#) is a right hand.

Returns

True if the hand is identified as a right hand.

Since

2.0

5.16.3.13 isValid()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Hand::isValid ( ) const
```

Reports whether this is a valid [Hand](#) object.

Returns

True, if this [Hand](#) object contains valid tracking data.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.14 operator!=(())

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Hand::operator!= (
    const Hand & ) const
```

Compare [Hand](#) object inequality.

Two [Hand](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Hand](#) objects represent the exact same physical hand in the same frame and both [Hand](#) objects are valid.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.15 operator==(())

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Hand::operator== (
    const Hand & ) const
```

Compare [Hand](#) object equality.

Two [Hand](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Hand](#) objects represent the exact same physical hand in the same frame and both [Hand](#) objects are valid.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.16 `palmNormal()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Hand::palmNormal ( ) const
```

The normal vector to the palm. If your hand is flat, this vector will point downward, or "out" of the front surface of your palm.

The direction is expressed as a unit vector pointing in the same direction as the palm normal (that is, a vector orthogonal to the palm).

You can use the palm normal vector to compute the roll angle of the palm with respect to the horizontal plane:

Returns

The [Vector](#) normal to the plane formed by the palm.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.17 `palmPosition()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Hand::palmPosition ( ) const
```

The center position of the palm in millimeters from the Leap Motion [Controller](#) origin.

Returns

The [Vector](#) representing the coordinates of the palm position.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.18 palmVelocity()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Hand::palmVelocity ( ) const
```

The rate of change of the palm position in millimeters/second.

Returns

The [Vector](#) representing the coordinates of the palm velocity.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.19 palmWidth()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::palmWidth ( ) const
```

The estimated width of the palm when the hand is in a flat position.

Returns

The width of the palm in millimeters

Since

2.0

5.16.3.20 pinchStrength()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::pinchStrength ( ) const
```

The holding strength of a pinch hand pose.

The strength is zero for an open hand, and blends to 1.0 when a pinching hand pose is recognized. Pinching can be done between the thumb and any other finger of the same hand.

Returns

A float value in the [0..1] range representing the holding strength of the pinch pose.

Since

2.0

5.16.3.21 `pointable()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT Pointable Leap::Hand::pointable (
    int32_t id ) const
```

The [Pointable](#) object with the specified ID associated with this hand.

Use the [Hand::pointable\(\)](#) function to retrieve a [Pointable](#) object associated with this hand using an ID value obtained from a previous frame. This function always returns a [Pointable](#) object, but if no finger with the specified ID is present, an invalid [Pointable](#) object is returned.

Note that the ID values assigned to fingers are based on the hand ID. [Hand](#) IDs persist across frames, but only until tracking of that hand is lost. If tracking of the hand is lost and subsequently regained, the new [Hand](#) object and its child [Finger](#) objects will have a different ID than in an earlier frame.

Parameters

<i>id</i>	The ID value of a Pointable object from a previous frame.
-----------	---

Returns

The [Pointable](#) object with the matching ID if one exists for this hand in this frame; otherwise, an invalid [Pointable](#) object is returned.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.22 `pointables()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT PointableList Leap::Hand::pointables ( ) const
```

The list of [Pointable](#) objects detected in this frame that are associated with this hand, given in arbitrary order. The list will always contain 5 fingers.

Use [PointableList::extended\(\)](#) to remove non-extended fingers from the list.

Returns

The [PointableList](#) containing all [Pointable](#) objects associated with this hand.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.23 `rotationAngle()` [1/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::rotationAngle (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The angle of rotation around the rotation axis derived from the change in orientation of this hand, and any associated fingers, between the current frame and the specified frame.

The returned angle is expressed in radians measured clockwise around the rotation axis (using the right-hand rule) between the start and end frames. The value is always between 0 and pi radians (0 and 180 degrees).

If a corresponding [Hand](#) object is not found in sinceFrame, or if either this frame or sinceFrame are invalid [Frame](#) objects, then the angle of rotation is zero.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative rotation.
-------------------	---

Returns

A positive value representing the heuristically determined rotational change of the hand between the current frame and that specified in the sinceFrame parameter.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.24 `rotationAngle()` [2/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::rotationAngle (
    const Frame & sinceFrame,
    const Vector & axis ) const
```

The angle of rotation around the specified axis derived from the change in orientation of this hand, and any associated fingers, between the current frame and the specified frame.

The returned angle is expressed in radians measured clockwise around the rotation axis (using the right-hand rule) between the start and end frames. The value is always between -pi and pi radians (-180 and 180 degrees).

If a corresponding [Hand](#) object is not found in sinceFrame, or if either this frame or sinceFrame are invalid [Frame](#) objects, then the angle of rotation is zero.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative rotation.
<i>axis</i>	The axis to measure rotation around.

Returns

A value representing the heuristically determined rotational change of the hand between the current frame and that specified in the *sinceFrame* parameter around the specified axis.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.25 rotationAxis()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Hand::rotationAxis (  
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The axis of rotation derived from the change in orientation of this hand, and any associated fingers, between the current frame and the specified frame.

The returned direction vector is normalized.

If a corresponding [Hand](#) object is not found in *sinceFrame*, or if either this frame or *sinceFrame* are invalid [Frame](#) objects, then this method returns a zero vector.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative rotation.
-------------------	---

Returns

A normalized direction [Vector](#) representing the heuristically determined axis of rotational change of the hand between the current frame and that specified in the *sinceFrame* parameter.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.26 rotationMatrix()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Matrix Leap::Hand::rotationMatrix (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The transform matrix expressing the rotation derived from the change in orientation of this hand, and any associated fingers, between the current frame and the specified frame.

If a corresponding [Hand](#) object is not found in sinceFrame, or if either this frame or sinceFrame are invalid [Frame](#) objects, then this method returns an identity matrix.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative rotation.
-------------------	---

Returns

A transformation [Matrix](#) representing the heuristically determined rotational change of the hand between the current frame and that specified in the sinceFrame parameter.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.27 rotationProbability()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::rotationProbability (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The estimated probability that the hand motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a rotating motion.

If a corresponding [Hand](#) object is not found in sinceFrame, or if either this frame or sinceFrame are invalid [Frame](#) objects, then this method returns zero.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative rotation.
-------------------	---

Returns

A value between 0 and 1 representing the estimated probability that the hand motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a rotating motion.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.28 scaleFactor()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::scaleFactor (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The scale factor derived from this hand's motion between the current frame and the specified frame.

The scale factor is always positive. A value of 1.0 indicates no scaling took place. Values between 0.0 and 1.0 indicate contraction and values greater than 1.0 indicate expansion.

The Leap Motion software derives scaling from the relative inward or outward motion of a hand and its associated fingers (independent of translation and rotation).

If a corresponding [Hand](#) object is not found in sinceFrame, or if either this frame or sinceFrame are invalid [Frame](#) objects, then this method returns 1.0.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative scaling.
-------------------	--

Returns

A positive value representing the heuristically determined scaling change ratio of the hand between the current frame and that specified in the sinceFrame parameter.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.29 scaleProbability()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::scaleProbability (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The estimated probability that the hand motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a scaling motion.

If a corresponding [Hand](#) object is not found in sinceFrame, or if either this frame or sinceFrame are invalid [Frame](#) objects, then this method returns zero.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the relative scaling.
-------------------	--

Returns

A value between 0 and 1 representing the estimated probability that the hand motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a scaling motion.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.30 sphereCenter()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Hand::sphereCenter ( ) const
```

The center of a sphere fit to the curvature of this hand.

This sphere is placed roughly as if the hand were holding a ball.

Returns

The [Vector](#) representing the center position of the sphere.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.31 sphereRadius()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::sphereRadius ( ) const
```

The radius of a sphere fit to the curvature of this hand.

This sphere is placed roughly as if the hand were holding a ball. Thus the size of the sphere decreases as the fingers are curled into a fist.

Returns

The radius of the sphere in millimeters.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.32 stabilizedPalmPosition()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Hand::stabilizedPalmPosition ( ) const
```

The stabilized palm position of this [Hand](#).

Smoothing and stabilization is performed in order to make this value more suitable for interaction with 2D content. The stabilized position lags behind the palm position by a variable amount, depending primarily on the speed of movement.

Returns

A modified palm position of this [Hand](#) object with some additional smoothing and stabilization applied.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.33 timeVisible()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::timeVisible ( ) const
```

The duration of time this [Hand](#) has been visible to the Leap Motion [Controller](#).

Returns

The duration (in seconds) that this [Hand](#) has been tracked.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.34 tool()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Tool Leap::Hand::tool (
    int32_t id ) const
```

Tools are not associated with hands in version 2+. This function always returns an invalid [Tool](#) object.

Deprecated 2.0

5.16.3.35 tools()

```
LEAP_EXPORT ToolList Leap::Hand::tools ( ) const
```

Tools are not associated with hands in version 2+. This list is always empty.

Deprecated 2.0

5.16.3.36 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Hand::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

A string containing a brief, human readable description of the [Hand](#) object.

Returns

A description of the [Hand](#) as a string.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.37 translation()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Hand::translation (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The change of position of this hand between the current frame and the specified frame.

The returned translation vector provides the magnitude and direction of the movement in millimeters.

If a corresponding [Hand](#) object is not found in `sinceFrame`, or if either this frame or `sinceFrame` are invalid [Frame](#) objects, then this method returns a zero vector.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the translation.
-------------------	---

Returns

A [Vector](#) representing the heuristically determined change in hand position between the current frame and that specified in the `sinceFrame` parameter.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.38 translationProbability()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Hand::translationProbability (
    const Frame & sinceFrame ) const
```

The estimated probability that the hand motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a translating motion.

If a corresponding [Hand](#) object is not found in `sinceFrame`, or if either this frame or `sinceFrame` are invalid [Frame](#) objects, then this method returns zero.

Parameters

<i>sinceFrame</i>	The starting frame for computing the translation.
-------------------	---

Returns

A value between 0 and 1 representing the estimated probability that the hand motion between the current frame and the specified frame is intended to be a translating motion.

Since

1.0

5.16.3.39 wristPosition()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Hand::wristPosition ( ) const
```

The position of the wrist of this hand.

Returns

A vector containing the coordinates of the wrist position in millimeters.

Since

2.0.3

5.16.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.16.4.1 operator<<

```
LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & ,
    const Hand & ) [friend]
```

Writes a brief, human readable description of the [Hand](#) object to an output stream.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.17 Leap::HandList Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::HandList:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::HandList:

Public Types

- typedef [ConstListIterator](#)< [HandList](#), [Hand](#) > [const_iterator](#)

Public Member Functions

- **HandList** (const [ListBaseImplementation](#)< [Hand](#) > &)
- LEAP_EXPORT [HandList](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int [count](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isEmpty](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Hand operator\[\]](#) (int index) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [HandList](#) & [append](#) (const [HandList](#) &other)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Hand leftmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Hand rightmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Hand frontmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator begin](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator end](#) () const

Additional Inherited Members

5.17.1 Detailed Description

The [HandList](#) class represents a list of [Hand](#) objects.

Get a [HandList](#) object by calling [Frame::hands\(\)](#).

Since

1.0

5.17.2 Member Typedef Documentation

5.17.2.1 `const_iterator`

```
typedef ConstListIterator<HandList, Hand> Leap::HandList::const\_iterator
```

A C++ iterator type for this [HandList](#) objects.

Since

1.0

5.17.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.17.3.1 `HandList()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::HandList::HandList ( )
```

Constructs an empty list of hands.

Since

1.0

5.17.4 Member Function Documentation

5.17.4.1 `append()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT HandList& Leap::HandList::append (  
    const HandList & other )
```

Appends the members of the specified [HandList](#) to this [HandList](#).

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A HandList object containing Hand objects to append to the end of this HandList .
--------------	---

5.17.4.2 begin()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::HandList::begin ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the beginning of this [HandList](#).

Since

1.0

5.17.4.3 count()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::HandList::count ( ) const
```

Returns the number of hands in this list.

Returns

The number of hands in this list.

Since

1.0

5.17.4.4 end()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::HandList::end ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the end of this [HandList](#).

Since

1.0

5.17.4.5 frontmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Hand Leap::HandList::frontmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the front within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the smallest Z coordinate).

Returns

The frontmost hand, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

5.17.4.6 isEmpty()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::HandList::isEmpty ( ) const
```

Reports whether the list is empty.

Returns

True, if the list has no members.

Since

1.0

5.17.4.7 leftmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Hand Leap::HandList::leftmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the left within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the smallest X coordinate).

Note: to determine whether a hand is the left hand, use the [Hand::isLeft\(\)](#) function.

Returns

The leftmost hand, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

5.17.4.8 operator[]()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Hand Leap::HandList::operator[] (
    int index ) const
```

Access a list member by its position in the list.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	The zero-based list position index.
--------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

The [Hand](#) object at the specified index.

Since

1.0

5.17.4.9 rightmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Hand Leap::HandList::rightmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the right within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the largest X coordinate).

Note: to determine whether a hand is the right hand, use the [Hand::isRight\(\)](#) function.

Returns

The rightmost hand, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.18 Leap::Image Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Image:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Image:

Public Types

- enum [FormatType](#) { **INFRARED** = 0 }

Public Member Functions

- **Image** (ImageImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Image](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int64_t [sequenceId](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int32_t [id](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT const unsigned char * [data](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT const float * [distortion](#) () const
- void **data** (unsigned char *dst) const
- void **distortion** (float *dst) const
- void * **dataPointer** () const
- void * **distortionPointer** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int [width](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int [height](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int [bytesPerPixel](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [FormatType](#) [format](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int [distortionWidth](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int [distortionHeight](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [rayOffsetX](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [rayOffsetY](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [rayScaleX](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [rayScaleY](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [rectify](#) (const [Vector](#) &uv) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [warp](#) (const [Vector](#) &xy) const
- LEAP_EXPORT int64_t [timestamp](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isValid](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator==](#) (const [Image](#) &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator!=](#) (const [Image](#) &) const
- std::string [toString](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [Image](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Friends

- LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &, const [Image](#) &)

Additional Inherited Members

5.18.1 Detailed Description

The [Image](#) class represents a single image from one of the Leap Motion cameras.

In addition to image data, the [Image](#) object provides a distortion map for correcting lens distortion.

Note that [Image](#) objects can be invalid, which means that they do not contain valid image data. Get valid [Image](#) objects from [Frame::frames\(\)](#). Test for validity with the [Image::isValid\(\)](#) function.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.18.2.1 FormatType

```
enum Leap::Image::FormatType
```

Enumerates the possible image formats.

The [Image::format\(\)](#) function returns an item from the FormatType enumeration.

Since

2.2.0

5.18.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.18.3.1 Image()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Image::Image ( )
```

Constructs a [Image](#) object.

An uninitialized image is considered invalid. Get valid [Image](#) objects from a [ImageList](#) object obtained from the [Frame::images\(\)](#) method.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4 Member Function Documentation

5.18.4.1 bytesPerPixel()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::Image::bytesPerPixel ( ) const
```

The number of bytes per pixel.

Use this value along with [Image::width\(\)](#) and [Image::height\(\)](#) to calculate the size of the data buffer.

Since

2.2.0

5.18.4.2 data()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const unsigned char* Leap::Image::data ( ) const
```

The image data.

The image data is a set of 8-bit intensity values. The buffer is `Image::width() * Image::height() * Image::bytesPerPixel()` bytes long.

Returns

The array of unsigned char containing the sensor brightness values.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.3 distortion()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const float* Leap::Image::distortion ( ) const
```

The distortion calibration map for this image.

The calibration map is a 64x64 grid of points. Each point is defined by a pair of 32-bit floating point values. Each point in the map represents a ray projected into the camera. The value of a grid point defines the pixel in the image data containing the brightness value produced by the light entering along the corresponding ray. By interpolating between grid data points, you can find the brightness value for any projected ray. Grid values that fall outside the range [0..1] do not correspond to a value in the image data and those points should be ignored.

The calibration map can be used to render an undistorted image as well as to find the true angle from the camera to a feature in the raw image. The distortion map itself is designed to be used with GLSL shader programs. In non-realtime contexts, it may be more convenient to use the `Image::rectify()` and `Image::warp()` functions.

If using shaders is not possible, you can use the distortion map directly. This can be faster than using the `warp()` function, if carefully optimized:

Distortion is caused by the lens geometry as well as imperfections in the lens and sensor window. The calibration map is created by the calibration process run for each device at the factory (and which can be rerun by the user).

Note, in a future release, there may be two distortion maps per image; one containing the horizontal values and the other containing the vertical values.

Returns

The float array containing the camera lens distortion map.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.4 distortionHeight()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::Image::distortionHeight ( ) const
```

The distortion map height.

Currently fixed at 64.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.5 distortionWidth()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::Image::distortionWidth ( ) const
```

The stride of the distortion map.

Since each point on the 64x64 element distortion map has two values in the buffer, the stride is 2 times the size of the grid. (Stride is currently fixed at $2 * 64 = 128$).

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.6 format()

```
LEAP_EXPORT FormatType Leap::Image::format ( ) const
```

The image format.

Since

2.2.0

5.18.4.7 height()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::Image::height ( ) const
```

The image height.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.8 id()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int32_t Leap::Image::id ( ) const
```

The image ID.

Images with ID of 0 are from the left camera; those with an ID of 1 are from the right camera (with the device in its standard operating position with the green LED facing the operator).

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.9 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const Image& Leap::Image::invalid ( ) [static]
```

Returns an invalid [Image](#) object.

You can use the instance returned by this function in comparisons testing whether a given [Image](#) instance is valid or invalid. (You can also use the [Image::isValid\(\)](#) function.)

Returns

The invalid [Image](#) instance.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.10 isValid()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Image::isValid ( ) const
```

Reports whether this [Image](#) instance contains valid data.

Returns

true, if and only if the image is valid.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.11 operator!=(())

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Image::operator!= (
    const Image & ) const
```

Compare [Image](#) object inequality.

Two [Image](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Image](#) objects represent the exact same [Image](#) and both Images are valid.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.12 operator==(())

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Image::operator== (
    const Image & ) const
```

Compare [Image](#) object equality.

Two [Image](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Image](#) objects represent the exact same [Image](#) and both Images are valid.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.13 rayOffsetX()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Image::rayOffsetX ( ) const
```

The horizontal ray offset.

Used to convert between normalized coordinates in the range [0..1] and the ray slope range [-4..4].

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.14 rayOffsetY()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Image::rayOffsetY ( ) const
```

The vertical ray offset.

Used to convert between normalized coordinates in the range [0..1] and the ray slope range [-4..4].

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.15 rayScaleX()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Image::rayScaleX ( ) const
```

The horizontal ray scale factor.

Used to convert between normalized coordinates in the range [0..1] and the ray slope range [-4..4].

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.16 rayScaleY()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Image::rayScaleY ( ) const
```

The vertical ray scale factor.

Used to convert between normalized coordinates in the range [0..1] and the ray slope range [-4..4].

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.17 rectify()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Image::rectify (
    const Vector & uv ) const
```

Provides the corrected camera ray intercepting the specified point on the image.

Given a point on the image, `rectify()` corrects for camera distortion and returns the true direction from the camera to the source of that image point within the Leap Motion field of view.

This direction vector has an x and y component [x, y, 0], with the third element always zero. Note that this vector uses the 2D camera coordinate system where the x-axis parallels the longer (typically horizontal) dimension and the y-axis parallels the shorter (vertical) dimension. The camera coordinate system does not correlate to the 3D Leap Motion coordinate system.

Parameters

<i>uv</i>	A Vector containing the position of a pixel in the image.
-----------	---

Returns

A [Vector](#) containing the ray direction (the z-component of the vector is always 0).

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.18 sequenceId()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int64_t Leap::Image::sequenceId ( ) const
```

The image sequence ID.

Since

2.2.1

5.18.4.19 timestamp()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int64_t Leap::Image::timestamp ( ) const
```

Returns a timestamp indicating when this frame began being captured on the device.

Since

2.2.7

5.18.4.20 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Image::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

A string containing a brief, human readable description of the [Image](#) object.

Returns

A description of the [Image](#) as a string.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.21 warp()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Image::warp (
    const Vector & xy ) const
```

Provides the point in the image corresponding to a ray projecting from the camera.

Given a ray projected from the camera in the specified direction, [warp\(\)](#) corrects for camera distortion and returns the corresponding pixel coordinates in the image.

The ray direction is specified in relationship to the camera. The first vector element corresponds to the "horizontal" view angle; the second corresponds to the "vertical" view angle.

The [warp\(\)](#) function returns pixel coordinates outside of the image bounds if you project a ray toward a point for which there is no recorded data.

[warp\(\)](#) is typically not fast enough for realtime distortion correction. For better performance, use a shader program executed on a GPU.

Parameters

<i>xy</i>	A Vector containing the ray direction.
-----------	--

Returns

A [Vector](#) containing the pixel coordinates [x, y, 0] (with z always zero).

Since

2.1.0

5.18.4.22 width()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::Image::width ( ) const
```

The image width.

Since

2.1.0

5.18.5 Friends And Related Function Documentation**5.18.5.1 operator<<**

```
LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & ,
    const Image & ) [friend]
```

Writes a brief, human readable description of the [Image](#) object.

Since

2.1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.19 Leap::ImageList Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::ImageList:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::ImageList:

Public Types

- typedef [ConstListIterator](#)< [ImageList](#), [Image](#) > [const_iterator](#)

Public Member Functions

- **ImageList** (const [ListBaseImplementation](#)< [Image](#) > &)
- LEAP_EXPORT [ImageList](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int [count](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isEmpty](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Image operator\[\]](#) (int index) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [ImageList](#) & [append](#) (const [ImageList](#) &other)
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [begin](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [end](#) () const

Additional Inherited Members

5.19.1 Detailed Description

The [ImageList](#) class represents a list of [Image](#) objects.

Get the [ImageList](#) object associated with the a [Frame](#) of tracking data by calling [Frame::images\(\)](#). Get the most recent set of images, which can be newer than the images used to create the current frame, by calling [Controller↵::images\(\)](#).

Since

2.1.0

5.19.2 Member Typedef Documentation

5.19.2.1 const_iterator

```
typedef ConstListIterator<ImageList, Image> Leap::ImageList::const\_iterator
```

A C++ iterator type for this [ImageList](#) objects.

Since

2.1.0

5.19.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.19.3.1 ImageList()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::ImageList::ImageList ( )
```

Constructs an empty list of images.

Since

2.1.0

5.19.4 Member Function Documentation

5.19.4.1 append()

```
LEAP_EXPORT ImageList& Leap::ImageList::append (
    const ImageList & other )
```

Appends the members of the specified [ImageList](#) to this [ImageList](#).

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A ImageList object containing Image objects to append to the end of this ImageList .
--------------	--

Since

2.1.0

5.19.4.2 begin()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::ImageList::begin ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the beginning of this [ImageList](#).

Since

2.1.0

5.19.4.3 count()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::ImageList::count ( ) const
```

The number of images in this list.

Returns

The number of images in this list.

Since

2.1.0

5.19.4.4 end()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::ImageList::end ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the end of this [ImageList](#).

Since

2.1.0

5.19.4.5 isEmpty()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::ImageList::isEmpty ( ) const
```

Reports whether the list is empty.

Returns

True, if the list has no members.

Since

2.1.0

5.19.4.6 operator[]()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Image Leap::ImageList::operator[] (
    int index ) const
```

Access a list member by its position in the list.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	The zero-based list position index.
--------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

The [Image](#) object at the specified index.

Since

2.1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.20 Leap::Interface::Implementation Struct Reference

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.21 Leap::InteractionBox Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::InteractionBox:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::InteractionBox:

Public Member Functions

- **InteractionBox** (InteractionBoxImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [normalizePoint](#) (const [Vector](#) &position, bool clamp=true) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [denormalizePoint](#) (const [Vector](#) &normalizedPosition) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [center](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [width](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [height](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [depth](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isValid](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator==](#) (const [InteractionBox](#) &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator!=](#) (const [InteractionBox](#) &) const
- std::string [toString](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [InteractionBox](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Friends

- LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &, const [InteractionBox](#) &)

Additional Inherited Members

5.21.1 Detailed Description

The [InteractionBox](#) class represents a box-shaped region completely within the field of view of the Leap Motion controller.

The interaction box is an axis-aligned rectangular prism and provides normalized coordinates for hands, fingers, and tools within this box. The [InteractionBox](#) class can make it easier to map positions in the Leap Motion coordinate system to 2D or 3D coordinate systems used for application drawing.

The [InteractionBox](#) region is defined by a center and dimensions along the x, y, and z axes.

Get an [InteractionBox](#) object from a [Frame](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.21.2 Member Function Documentation

5.21.2.1 center()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::InteractionBox::center ( ) const
```

The center of the [InteractionBox](#) in device coordinates (millimeters). This point is equidistant from all sides of the box.

Returns

The [InteractionBox](#) center in device coordinates.

Since

1.0

5.21.2.2 denormalizePoint()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::InteractionBox::denormalizePoint (
    const Vector & normalizedPosition ) const
```

Converts a position defined by normalized [InteractionBox](#) coordinates into device coordinates in millimeters.

This function performs the inverse of [normalizePoint\(\)](#).

Parameters

<i>normalizedPosition</i>	The input position in InteractionBox coordinates.
---------------------------	---

Returns

The corresponding denormalized position in device coordinates.

Since

1.0

5.21.2.3 depth()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::InteractionBox::depth ( ) const
```

The depth of the [InteractionBox](#) in millimeters, measured along the z-axis.

Returns

The [InteractionBox](#) depth in millimeters.

Since

1.0

5.21.2.4 height()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::InteractionBox::height ( ) const
```

The height of the [InteractionBox](#) in millimeters, measured along the y-axis.

Returns

The [InteractionBox](#) height in millimeters.

Since

1.0

5.21.2.5 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const InteractionBox& Leap::InteractionBox::invalid ( ) [static]
```

Returns an invalid [InteractionBox](#) object.

You can use the instance returned by this function in comparisons testing whether a given [InteractionBox](#) instance is valid or invalid. (You can also use the [InteractionBox::isValid\(\)](#) function.)

Returns

The invalid [InteractionBox](#) instance.

Since

1.0

5.21.2.6 isValid()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::InteractionBox::isValid ( ) const
```

Reports whether this is a valid [InteractionBox](#) object.

Returns

True, if this [InteractionBox](#) object contains valid data.

Since

1.0

5.21.2.7 normalizePoint()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::InteractionBox::normalizePoint (
    const Vector & position,
    bool clamp = true ) const
```

Normalizes the coordinates of a point using the interaction box.

Coordinates from the Leap Motion frame of reference (millimeters) are converted to a range of [0..1] such that the minimum value of the [InteractionBox](#) maps to 0 and the maximum value of the [InteractionBox](#) maps to 1.

Parameters

<i>position</i>	The input position in device coordinates.
<i>clamp</i>	Whether or not to limit the output value to the range [0,1] when the input position is outside the InteractionBox . Defaults to true.

Returns

The normalized position.

Since

1.0

5.21.2.8 operator!=()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::InteractionBox::operator!= (
    const InteractionBox & ) const
```

Compare [InteractionBox](#) object inequality.

Two [InteractionBox](#) objects are equal if and only if both [InteractionBox](#) objects represent the exact same [InteractionBox](#) and both InteractionBoxes are valid.

Since

1.0

5.21.2.9 operator==()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::InteractionBox::operator== (
    const InteractionBox & ) const
```

Compare [InteractionBox](#) object equality.

Two [InteractionBox](#) objects are equal if and only if both [InteractionBox](#) objects represent the exact same [InteractionBox](#) and both InteractionBoxes are valid.

Since

1.0

5.21.2.10 toString()

```
std::string Leap::InteractionBox::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

A string containing a brief, human readable description of the [InteractionBox](#) object.

Returns

A description of the [InteractionBox](#) as a string.

Since

1.0

5.21.2.11 width()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::InteractionBox::width ( ) const
```

The width of the [InteractionBox](#) in millimeters, measured along the x-axis.

Returns

The [InteractionBox](#) width in millimeters.

Since

1.0

5.21.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.21.3.1 operator<<

```
LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & ,
    const InteractionBox & ) [friend]
```

Writes a brief, human readable description of the [InteractionBox](#) object.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.22 Leap::Interface Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Interface:

Classes

- struct [Implementation](#)

Protected Member Functions

- LEAP_EXPORT **Interface** (void *owner)
- LEAP_EXPORT **Interface** ([Implementation](#) *reference, void *owner)
- LEAP_EXPORT **Interface** (const [Interface](#) &rhs)
- **Interface** (class SharedObject *object)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Interface](#) & **operator=** (const [Interface](#) &rhs)
- template<typename T >
T * **get** () const

Static Protected Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT void **deleteCString** (const char *cstr)

Protected Attributes

- class SharedObject * **m_object**

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.23 Leap::KeyTapGesture Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::KeyTapGesture:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::KeyTapGesture:

Public Member Functions

- LEAP_EXPORT [KeyTapGesture](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT [KeyTapGesture](#) (const [Gesture](#) &rhs)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector position](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector direction](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [progress](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Pointable pointable](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static [Type](#) [classType](#) ()

Additional Inherited Members

5.23.1 Detailed Description

The [KeyTapGesture](#) class represents a tapping gesture by a finger or tool.

A key tap gesture is recognized when the tip of a finger rotates down toward the palm and then springs back to approximately the original position, as if tapping. The tapping finger must pause briefly before beginning the tap.

Important: To use key tap gestures in your application, you must enable recognition of the key tap gesture. You can enable recognition with:

Key tap gestures are discrete. The [KeyTapGesture](#) object representing a tap always has the state, STATE_STOP. Only one [KeyTapGesture](#) object is created for each key tap gesture recognized.

You can set the minimum finger movement and velocity required for a movement to be recognized as a key tap as well as adjust the detection window for evaluating the movement using the config attribute of a connected [Controller](#) object. Use the following configuration keys to configure key tap recognition:

Default	value	Units	Key	string	Value	type
Gesture.KeyTap.MinDownVelocity	float 50	mm/s	Gesture.KeyTap.HistorySeconds	float 0.1	s	Gesture.KeyTap.MinDistance
float 3.0	mm					

The following example demonstrates how to set the key tap configuration parameters:

The [Controller](#) object must be connected to the Leap Motion service/daemon before setting the configuration parameters.

Since

1.0

5.23.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.23.2.1 KeyTapGesture() [1/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::KeyTapGesture::KeyTapGesture ( )
```

Constructs a new [KeyTapGesture](#) object.

An uninitialized [KeyTapGesture](#) object is considered invalid. Get valid instances of the [KeyTapGesture](#) class from a [Frame](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.23.2.2 KeyTapGesture() [2/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::KeyTapGesture::KeyTapGesture (
    const Gesture & rhs )
```

Constructs a [KeyTapGesture](#) object from an instance of the [Gesture](#) class.

Parameters

<i>rhs</i>	The Gesture instance to specialize. This Gesture instance must be a KeyTapGesture object.
------------	---

Since

1.0

5.23.3 Member Function Documentation

5.23.3.1 classType()

```
static Type Leap::KeyTapGesture::classType ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The key tap gesture type.

Returns

Type The type value designating a key tap gesture.

Since

1.0

5.23.3.2 direction()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::KeyTapGesture::direction ( ) const
```

The direction of finger tip motion.

Returns

[Vector](#) A unit direction vector if the finger tip is moving; otherwise, a zero-vector.

Since

1.0

5.23.3.3 pointable()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Pointable Leap::KeyTapGesture::pointable ( ) const
```

The finger performing the key tap gesture.

Returns

[Pointable](#) A [Pointable](#) object representing the tapping finger.

Since

1.0

5.23.3.4 position()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::KeyTapGesture::position ( ) const
```

The position where the key tap is registered.

Returns

[Vector](#) A [Vector](#) containing the coordinates of tap location.

Since

1.0

5.23.3.5 progress()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::KeyTapGesture::progress ( ) const
```

The progress value is always 1.0 for a key tap gesture.

Returns

float The value 1.0.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.24 Leap::ListBaseImplementation< T > Class Template Reference

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.25 Leap::Listener Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Listener:

Public Member Functions

- LEAP_EXPORT [Listener](#) ()
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT [~Listener](#) ()
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT void [onInit](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT void [onConnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT void [onDisconnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT void [onExit](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT void [onFrame](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT void [onFocusGained](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT void [onFocusLost](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT void [onServiceConnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT void [onServiceDisconnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT void [onDeviceChange](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual LEAP_EXPORT void [onImages](#) (const [Controller](#) &)

5.25.1 Detailed Description

The [Listener](#) class defines a set of callback functions that you can override in a subclass to respond to events dispatched by the [Controller](#) object.

To handle Leap Motion events, create an instance of a [Listener](#) subclass and assign it to the [Controller](#) instance. The [Controller](#) calls the relevant [Listener](#) callback function when an event occurs, passing in a reference to itself. You do not have to implement callbacks for events you do not want to handle.

The [Controller](#) object calls these [Listener](#) functions from a thread created by the Leap Motion library, not the thread used to create or set the [Listener](#) instance.

Since

1.0

5.25.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.25.2.1 Listener()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Listener::Listener ( ) [inline]
```

Constructs a [Listener](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.25.2.2 ~Listener()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Listener::~~Listener ( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Destroys this [Listener](#) object.

5.25.3 Member Function Documentation

5.25.3.1 onConnect()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Listener::onConnect (
    const Controller & ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Called when the [Controller](#) object connects to the Leap Motion software and the Leap Motion hardware device is plugged in, or when this [Listener](#) object is added to a [Controller](#) that is already connected.

When this callback is invoked, [Controller::isServiceConnected](#) is true, [Controller::devices\(\)](#) is not empty, and, for at least one of the [Device](#) objects in the list, [Device::isStreaming\(\)](#) is true.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented in [SampleListener](#), and [SampleListener](#).

5.25.3.2 onDeviceChange()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Listener::onDeviceChange (
    const Controller & ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Called when a Leap Motion controller plugged in, unplugged, or the device changes state.

State changes include changes in frame rate and entering or leaving "robust" mode. Note that there is currently no way to query whether a device is in robust mode. You can use `Frame::currentFramerate()` to get the framerate.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.2

Reimplemented in [SampleListener](#), and [SampleListener](#).

5.25.3.3 onDisconnect()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Listener::onDisconnect (
    const Controller & ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Called when the [Controller](#) object disconnects from the Leap Motion software or the Leap Motion hardware is unplugged. The controller can disconnect when the Leap Motion device is unplugged, the user shuts the Leap Motion software down, or the Leap Motion software encounters an unrecoverable error.

Note: When you launch a Leap-enabled application in a debugger, the Leap Motion library does not disconnect from the application. This is to allow you to step through code without losing the connection because of time outs.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented in [SampleListener](#), and [SampleListener](#).

5.25.3.4 onExit()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Listener::onExit (  
    const Controller & ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Called when this [Listener](#) object is removed from the [Controller](#) or the [Controller](#) instance is destroyed.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented in [SampleListener](#), and [SampleListener](#).

5.25.3.5 onFocusGained()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Listener::onFocusGained (  
    const Controller & ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Called when this application becomes the foreground application.

Only the foreground application receives tracking data from the Leap Motion [Controller](#). This function is only called when the controller object is in a connected state.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented in [SampleListener](#), and [SampleListener](#).

5.25.3.6 onFocusLost()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Listener::onFocusLost (
    const Controller & ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Called when this application loses the foreground focus.

Only the foreground application receives tracking data from the Leap Motion [Controller](#). This function is only called when the controller object is in a connected state.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented in [SampleListener](#), and [SampleListener](#).

5.25.3.7 onFrame()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Listener::onFrame (
    const Controller & ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Called when a new frame of hand and finger tracking data is available. Access the new frame data using the [Controller::frame\(\)](#) function.

Note, the [Controller](#) skips any pending onFrame events while your onFrame handler executes. If your implementation takes too long to return, one or more frames can be skipped. The [Controller](#) still inserts the skipped frames into the frame history. You can access recent frames by setting the history parameter when calling the [Controller::frame\(\)](#) function. You can determine if any pending onFrame events were skipped by comparing the ID of the most recent frame with the ID of the last received frame.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented in [SampleListener](#), and [SampleListener](#).

5.25.3.8 onImages()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Listener::onImages (  
    const Controller & ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Called when new images are available. Access the new frame data using the [Controller::images\(\)](#) function.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

2.2.1

5.25.3.9 onInit()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Listener::onInit (  
    const Controller & ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Called once, when this [Listener](#) object is newly added to a [Controller](#).

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented in [SampleListener](#), and [SampleListener](#).

5.25.3.10 onServiceConnect()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Listener::onServiceConnect (
    const Controller & ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Called when the Leap Motion daemon/service connects to your application [Controller](#).

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.2

Reimplemented in [SampleListener](#), and [SampleListener](#).

5.25.3.11 onServiceDisconnect()

```
virtual LEAP_EXPORT void Leap::Listener::onServiceDisconnect (
    const Controller & ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Called if the Leap Motion daemon/service disconnects from your application [Controller](#).

Normally, this callback is not invoked. It is only called if some external event or problem shuts down the service or otherwise interrupts the connection.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.2

Reimplemented in [SampleListener](#), and [SampleListener](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.26 Leap::Mask Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Mask:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Mask:

Public Member Functions

- **Mask** (MaskImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Mask](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int64_t [sequenceId](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int32_t [id](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT const unsigned char * [data](#) () const
- void **data** (unsigned char *dst) const
- void * **dataPointer** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int [width](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int [height](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int [offsetX](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int [offsetY](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isValid](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator==](#) (const [Mask](#) &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator!=](#) (const [Mask](#) &) const
- std::string **toString** () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [Mask](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Friends

- LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &, const [Mask](#) &)

Additional Inherited Members

5.26.1 Detailed Description

Note: This class is an experimental API for internal use only. It may be removed without warning.

A bitmap mask defining areas of an image in which a finger or part of a hand is in front of the tracked quad. The mask is a subset of the camera image containing a the region including the quad. Pixels in the mask representing the hand have the value 255. Pixels in the rest of the mask have the value 0.

Two masks are provided for every Leap Motion frame. The mask with the id of 0 is for the left image. The right image has id 1.

The mask corresponds to the uncorrected image from the camera sensor. If you correct the image for distortion before displaying it, you should also correct the mask.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.26.2.1 Mask()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Mask::Mask ( )
```

Constructs a new [Mask](#) object. Do not use. Get [Mask](#) objects from [TrackedQuad](#).

Since

2.2.6

5.26.3 Member Function Documentation

5.26.3.1 data()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const unsigned char* Leap::Mask::data ( ) const
```

The pixels of the mask.

Pixels with the value of 255 represent areas of the image where a finger or part of a hand is in front of the quad. The rest of the mask has the value 0.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.3.2 height()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::Mask::height ( ) const
```

The height of the mask in [Image](#) pixels.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.3.3 id()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int32_t Leap::Mask::id ( ) const
```

An id indicating whether the mask goes with the left (0) or right (1) image.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.3.4 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const Mask& Leap::Mask::invalid ( ) [static]
```

An invalid [Mask](#) object.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.3.5 isValid()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Mask::isValid ( ) const
```

Reports whether this is a valid [Mask](#) object.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.3.6 offsetX()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::Mask::offsetX ( ) const
```

The offset of the mask from the left edge of the [Image](#) in pixels.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.3.7 offsetY()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::Mask::offsetY ( ) const
```

The offset of the mask from the top edge of the [Image](#) in pixels.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.3.8 operator!=()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Mask::operator!= (
    const Mask & ) const
```

Compares two [Mask](#) objects for inequality.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.3.9 operator==()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Mask::operator==(
    const Mask & ) const
```

Compares two [Mask](#) objects for equality.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.3.10 sequenceId()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int64_t Leap::Mask::sequenceId ( ) const
```

An id value based on the sequence in which the mask is produced. Corresponds to the [Image](#) sequence id.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.3.11 width()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::Mask::width ( ) const
```

The width of the mask in [Image](#) pixels.

Since

2.2.6

5.26.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.26.4.1 operator<<

```
LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & ,
    const Mask & ) [friend]
```

Writes a brief, human readable description of the [Mask](#) object.

Since

2.2.6

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.27 Leap::MaskList Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::MaskList:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::MaskList:

Public Types

- typedef [ConstListIterator](#)< [MaskList](#), [Mask](#) > **const_iterator**

Public Member Functions

- **MaskList** (const [ListBaseImplementation](#)< [Mask](#) > &)
- LEAP_EXPORT [MaskList](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int [count](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isEmpty](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Mask operator\[\]](#) (int index) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [MaskList](#) & [append](#) (const [MaskList](#) &other)
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [begin](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [end](#) () const

Additional Inherited Members

5.27.1 Detailed Description

Note: This class is an experimental API for internal use only. It may be removed without warning.

A list containing [Mask](#) objects.

Since

2.2.6

5.27.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.27.2.1 MaskList()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::MaskList::MaskList ( )
```

Constructs an empty list for [Mask](#) objects.

Since

2.2.6

5.27.3 Member Function Documentation

5.27.3.1 append()

```
LEAP_EXPORT MaskList& Leap::MaskList::append (
    const MaskList & other )
```

Appends the contents of another list of masks to this one.

Since

2.2.6

5.27.3.2 begin()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::MaskList::begin ( ) const
```

A list iterator set to the beginning of the list.

Since

2.2.6

5.27.3.3 count()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::MaskList::count ( ) const
```

The number of masks in this list.

Since

2.2.6

5.27.3.4 end()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::MaskList::end ( ) const
```

A list iterator set to the end of the list.

Since

2.2.6

5.27.3.5 isEmpty()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::MaskList::isEmpty ( ) const
```

Reports whether this list is empty.

Since

2.2.6

5.27.3.6 operator[]()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Mask Leap::MaskList::operator[] (
    int index ) const
```

The [MaskList](#) supports array indexing.

Since

2.2.6

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.28 Leap::Matrix Struct Reference

```
#include <LeapMath.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Matrix:

Public Member Functions

- [Matrix](#) ()
- [Matrix](#) (const [Matrix](#) &other)
- [Matrix](#) (const [Vector](#) &_xBasis, const [Vector](#) &_yBasis, const [Vector](#) &_zBasis)
- [Matrix](#) (const [Vector](#) &_xBasis, const [Vector](#) &_yBasis, const [Vector](#) &_zBasis, const [Vector](#) &_origin)
- [Matrix](#) (const [Vector](#) &axis, float angleRadians)
- [Matrix](#) (const [Vector](#) &axis, float angleRadians, const [Vector](#) &translation)
- void [setRotation](#) (const [Vector](#) &axis, float angleRadians)
- [Vector](#) [transformPoint](#) (const [Vector](#) &in) const
- [Vector](#) [transformDirection](#) (const [Vector](#) &in) const
- [Matrix](#) [rigidInverse](#) () const
- [Matrix](#) [operator*](#) (const [Matrix](#) &other) const
- [Matrix](#) & [operator*=\[Matrix\]\(#\)](#) (const [Matrix](#) &other)
- bool [operator==](#) (const [Matrix](#) &other) const
- bool [operator!=](#) (const [Matrix](#) &other) const
- template<typename Matrix3x3Type >
const Matrix3x3Type [toMatrix3x3](#) () const
- template<typename Matrix4x4Type >
const Matrix4x4Type [toMatrix4x4](#) () const
- template<typename T >
T * [toArray3x3](#) (T *output) const
- [FloatArray](#) [toArray3x3](#) () const
- template<typename T >
T * [toArray4x4](#) (T *output) const
- [FloatArray](#) [toArray4x4](#) () const
- std::string [toString](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static const [Matrix](#) & [identity](#) ()

Public Attributes

- [Vector](#) [xBasis](#)
- [Vector](#) [yBasis](#)
- [Vector](#) [zBasis](#)
- [Vector](#) [origin](#)

Friends

- `std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &out, const Matrix &matrix)`

5.28.1 Detailed Description

The [Matrix](#) struct represents a transformation matrix.

To use this struct to transform a [Vector](#), construct a matrix containing the desired transformation and then use the [Matrix::transformPoint\(\)](#) or [Matrix::transformDirection\(\)](#) functions to apply the transform.

Transforms can be combined by multiplying two or more transform matrices using the `*` operator.

Since

1.0

5.28.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.28.2.1 [Matrix](#)() [1/6]

```
Leap::Matrix::Matrix ( ) [inline]
```

Constructs an identity transformation matrix.

Since

1.0

5.28.2.2 `Matrix()` [2/6]

```
Leap::Matrix::Matrix (
    const Matrix & other ) [inline]
```

Constructs a copy of the specified [Matrix](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.28.2.3 `Matrix()` [3/6]

```
Leap::Matrix::Matrix (
    const Vector & _xBasis,
    const Vector & _yBasis,
    const Vector & _zBasis ) [inline]
```

Constructs a transformation matrix from the specified basis vectors.

Parameters

<code>_xBasis</code>	A Vector specifying rotation and scale factors for the x-axis.
<code>_yBasis</code>	A Vector specifying rotation and scale factors for the y-axis.
<code>_zBasis</code>	A Vector specifying rotation and scale factors for the z-axis.

Since

1.0

5.28.2.4 `Matrix()` [4/6]

```
Leap::Matrix::Matrix (
    const Vector & _xBasis,
    const Vector & _yBasis,
    const Vector & _zBasis,
    const Vector & _origin ) [inline]
```

Constructs a transformation matrix from the specified basis and translation vectors.

Parameters

<i>_xBasis</i>	A Vector specifying rotation and scale factors for the x-axis.
<i>_yBasis</i>	A Vector specifying rotation and scale factors for the y-axis.
<i>_zBasis</i>	A Vector specifying rotation and scale factors for the z-axis.
<i>_origin</i>	A Vector specifying translation factors on all three axes.

Since

1.0

5.28.2.5 `Matrix()` [5/6]

```
Leap::Matrix::Matrix (
    const Vector & axis,
    float angleRadians ) [inline]
```

Constructs a transformation matrix specifying a rotation around the specified vector.

Parameters

<i>axis</i>	A Vector specifying the axis of rotation.
<i>angleRadians</i>	The amount of rotation in radians.

Since

1.0

5.28.2.6 `Matrix()` [6/6]

```
Leap::Matrix::Matrix (
    const Vector & axis,
    float angleRadians,
    const Vector & translation ) [inline]
```

Constructs a transformation matrix specifying a rotation around the specified vector and a translation by the specified vector.

Parameters

<i>axis</i>	A Vector specifying the axis of rotation.
<i>angleRadians</i>	The angle of rotation in radians.
<i>translation</i>	A Vector representing the translation part of the transform.

Since

1.0

5.28.3 Member Function Documentation

5.28.3.1 identity()

```
static const Matrix& Leap::Matrix::identity ( ) [inline], [static]
```

Returns the identity matrix specifying no translation, rotation, and scale.

Returns

The identity matrix.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.2 operator!=(())

```
bool Leap::Matrix::operator!= (
    const Matrix & other ) const [inline]
```

Compare [Matrix](#) inequality component-wise.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.3 operator*()

```
Matrix Leap::Matrix::operator* (
    const Matrix & other ) const [inline]
```

Multiply transform matrices.

Combines two transformations into a single equivalent transformation.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A Matrix to multiply on the right hand side.
--------------	--

Returns

A new [Matrix](#) representing the transformation equivalent to applying the other transformation followed by this transformation.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.4 `operator*=()`

```
Matrix& Leap::Matrix::operator*= (
    const Matrix & other ) [inline]
```

Multiply transform matrices and assign the product.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.5 `operator==()`

```
bool Leap::Matrix::operator== (
    const Matrix & other ) const [inline]
```

Compare [Matrix](#) equality component-wise.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.6 rigidInverse()

```
Matrix Leap::Matrix::rigidInverse ( ) const [inline]
```

Performs a matrix inverse if the matrix consists entirely of rigid transformations (translations and rotations). If the matrix is not rigid, this operation will not represent an inverse.

Note that all matrices that are directly returned by the API are rigid.

Returns

The rigid inverse of the matrix.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.7 setRotation()

```
void Leap::Matrix::setRotation (
    const Vector & axis,
    float angleRadians ) [inline]
```

Sets this transformation matrix to represent a rotation around the specified vector.

This function erases any previous rotation and scale transforms applied to this matrix, but does not affect translation.

Parameters

<i>axis</i>	A Vector specifying the axis of rotation.
<i>angleRadians</i>	The amount of rotation in radians.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.8 toArray3x3() [1/2]

```
template<typename T >
T* Leap::Matrix::toArray3x3 (
    T * output ) const [inline]
```

Writes the 3x3 [Matrix](#) object to a 9 element row-major float or double array.

Translation factors are discarded.

Returns a pointer to the same data.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.9 `toArray3x3()` [2/2]

```
FloatArray Leap::Matrix::toArray3x3 ( ) const [inline]
```

Convert a 3x3 [Matrix](#) object to a 9 element row-major float array.

Translation factors are discarded.

Returns a [FloatArray](#) struct to avoid dynamic memory allocation.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.10 `toArray4x4()` [1/2]

```
template<typename T >
T* Leap::Matrix::toArray4x4 (
    T * output ) const [inline]
```

Writes the 4x4 [Matrix](#) object to a 16 element row-major float or double array.

Returns a pointer to the same data.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.11 toArray4x4() [2/2]

```
FloatArray Leap::Matrix::toArray4x4 ( ) const [inline]
```

Convert a 4x4 [Matrix](#) object to a 16 element row-major float array.

Returns a [FloatArray](#) struct to avoid dynamic memory allocation.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.12 toMatrix3x3()

```
template<typename Matrix3x3Type >  
const Matrix3x3Type Leap::Matrix::toMatrix3x3 ( ) const [inline]
```

Convert a [Leap::Matrix](#) object to another 3x3 matrix type.

The new type must define a constructor function that takes each matrix element as a parameter in row-major order.

Translation factors are discarded.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.13 toMatrix4x4()

```
template<typename Matrix4x4Type >  
const Matrix4x4Type Leap::Matrix::toMatrix4x4 ( ) const [inline]
```

Convert a [Leap::Matrix](#) object to another 4x4 matrix type.

The new type must define a constructor function that takes each matrix element as a parameter in row-major order.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.14 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Matrix::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

Write the matrix to a string in a human readable format.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.15 transformDirection()

```
Vector Leap::Matrix::transformDirection (
    const Vector & in ) const [inline]
```

Transforms a vector with this matrix by transforming its rotation and scale only.

Parameters

<i>in</i>	The Vector to transform.
-----------	--

Returns

A new [Vector](#) representing the transformed original.

Since

1.0

5.28.3.16 transformPoint()

```
Vector Leap::Matrix::transformPoint (
    const Vector & in ) const [inline]
```

Transforms a vector with this matrix by transforming its rotation, scale, and translation.

Translation is applied after rotation and scale.

Parameters

<i>in</i>	The Vector to transform.
-----------	--

Returns

A new [Vector](#) representing the transformed original.

Since

1.0

5.28.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.28.4.1 operator<<

```
std::ostream& operator<< (  
    std::ostream & out,  
    const Matrix & matrix ) [friend]
```

Write the matrix to an output stream in a human readable format.

Since

1.0

5.28.5 Member Data Documentation

5.28.5.1 origin

[Vector](#) Leap::Matrix::origin

The translation factors for all three axes.

Since

1.0

5.28.5.2 xBasis

`Vector Leap::Matrix::xBasis`

The basis vector for the x-axis.

Since

1.0

5.28.5.3 yBasis

`Vector Leap::Matrix::yBasis`

The basis vector for the y-axis.

Since

1.0

5.28.5.4 zBasis

`Vector Leap::Matrix::zBasis`

The basis vector for the z-axis.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/LeapMath.h`

5.29 Leap::Pointable Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Pointable:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Pointable:

Public Types

- enum [Zone](#) { [ZONE_NONE](#) = 0, [ZONE_HOVERING](#) = 1, [ZONE_TOUCHING](#) = 2 }

Public Member Functions

- **Pointable** (PointableImplementation *)
- **Pointable** (FingerImplementation *)
- **Pointable** (ToolImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Pointable](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int32_t [id](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Frame](#) [frame](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Hand](#) [hand](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [tipPosition](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [tipVelocity](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [direction](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [width](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [length](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isFinger](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isTool](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isExtended](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isValid](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Zone](#) [touchZone](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [touchDistance](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [stabilizedTipPosition](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [timeVisible](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator==](#) (const [Pointable](#) &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator!=](#) (const [Pointable](#) &) const
- std::string [toString](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [Pointable](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Friends

- LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &, const [Pointable](#) &)

Additional Inherited Members

5.29.1 Detailed Description

The [Pointable](#) class reports the physical characteristics of a detected finger or tool.

Both fingers and tools are classified as [Pointable](#) objects. Use the [Pointable::isFinger\(\)](#) function to determine whether a [Pointable](#) object represents a finger. Use the [Pointable::isTool\(\)](#) function to determine whether a [Pointable](#) object represents a tool. The Leap Motion software classifies a detected entity as a tool when it is thinner, straighter, and longer than a typical finger.

To provide touch emulation, the Leap Motion software associates a floating touch plane that adapts to the user's finger movement and hand posture. The Leap Motion interprets purposeful movements toward this plane as potential touch points. The [Pointable](#) class reports touch state with the touchZone and touchDistance values.

Note that [Pointable](#) objects can be invalid, which means that they do not contain valid tracking data and do not correspond to a physical entity. Invalid [Pointable](#) objects can be the result of asking for a [Pointable](#) object using an ID from an earlier frame when no [Pointable](#) objects with that ID exist in the current frame. A [Pointable](#) object created from the [Pointable](#) constructor is also invalid. Test for validity with the [Pointable::isValid\(\)](#) function.

Since

1.0

5.29.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.29.2.1 Zone

```
enum Leap::Pointable::Zone
```

Defines the values for reporting the state of a [Pointable](#) object in relation to an adaptive touch plane.

Since

1.0

Enumerator

ZONE_NONE	<p>The Pointable object is too far from the plane to be considered hovering or touching.</p> <p>Since</p> <p>1.0</p>
ZONE_HOVERING	<p>The Pointable object is close to, but not touching the plane.</p> <p>Since</p> <p>1.0</p>
ZONE_TOUCHING	<p>The Pointable has penetrated the plane.</p> <p>Since</p> <p>1.0</p>

5.29.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.29.3.1 Pointable()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Pointable::Pointable ( )
```

Constructs a [Pointable](#) object.

An uninitialized pointable is considered invalid. Get valid [Pointable](#) objects from a [Frame](#) or a [Hand](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.29.4 Member Function Documentation

5.29.4.1 direction()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Pointable::direction ( ) const
```

The direction in which this finger or tool is pointing.

The direction is expressed as a unit vector pointing in the same direction as the tip.

Returns

The [Vector](#) pointing in the same direction as the tip of this [Pointable](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.2 frame()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Frame Leap::Pointable::frame ( ) const
```

The [Frame](#) associated with this [Pointable](#) object.

Returns

The associated [Frame](#) object, if available; otherwise, an invalid [Frame](#) object is returned.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.3 hand()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Hand Leap::Pointable::hand ( ) const
```

The [Hand](#) associated with a finger.

Not that in version 2+, tools are not associated with hands. For tools, this function always returns an invalid [Hand](#) object.

Returns

The associated [Hand](#) object, if available; otherwise, an invalid [Hand](#) object is returned.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.4 id()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int32_t Leap::Pointable::id ( ) const
```

A unique ID assigned to this [Pointable](#) object, whose value remains the same across consecutive frames while the tracked finger or tool remains visible. If tracking is lost (for example, when a finger is occluded by another finger or when it is withdrawn from the Leap Motion [Controller](#) field of view), the Leap Motion software may assign a new ID when it detects the entity in a future frame.

Use the ID value with the [Frame::pointable\(\)](#) function to find this [Pointable](#) object in future frames.

IDs should be from 1 to 100 (inclusive). If more than 100 objects are tracked an IDs of -1 will be used until an ID in the defined range is available.

Returns

The ID assigned to this [Pointable](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.5 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const Pointable& Leap::Pointable::invalid ( ) [static]
```

Returns an invalid [Pointable](#) object.

You can use the instance returned by this function in comparisons testing whether a given [Pointable](#) instance is valid or invalid. (You can also use the [Pointable::isValid\(\)](#) function.)

Returns

The invalid [Pointable](#) instance.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.6 isExtended()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Pointable::isExtended ( ) const
```

Whether or not this [Pointable](#) is in an extended posture.

A finger is considered extended if it is extended straight from the hand as if pointing. A finger is not extended when it is bent down and curled towards the palm. Tools are always extended.

Returns

True, if the pointable is extended.

Since

2.0

5.29.4.7 isFinger()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Pointable::isFinger ( ) const
```

Whether or not this [Pointable](#) is classified as a finger.

Returns

True, if this [Pointable](#) is classified as a finger.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.8 isTool()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Pointable::isTool ( ) const
```

Whether or not this [Pointable](#) is classified as a tool.

Returns

True, if this [Pointable](#) is classified as a tool.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.9 isValid()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Pointable::isValid ( ) const
```

Reports whether this is a valid [Pointable](#) object.

Returns

True, if this [Pointable](#) object contains valid tracking data.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.10 length()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Pointable::length ( ) const
```

The estimated length of the finger or tool in millimeters.

Returns

The estimated length of this [Pointable](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.11 operator!=()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Pointable::operator!= (
    const Pointable & ) const
```

Compare [Pointable](#) object inequality.

Two [Pointable](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Pointable](#) objects represent the exact same physical entities in the same frame and both [Pointable](#) objects are valid.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.12 operator==()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::Pointable::operator== (
    const Pointable & ) const
```

Compare [Pointable](#) object equality.

Two [Pointable](#) objects are equal if and only if both [Pointable](#) objects represent the exact same physical entities in the same frame and both [Pointable](#) objects are valid.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.13 stabilizedTipPosition()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Pointable::stabilizedTipPosition ( ) const
```

The stabilized tip position of this [Pointable](#).

Smoothing and stabilization is performed in order to make this value more suitable for interaction with 2D content. The stabilized position lags behind the tip position by a variable amount, depending primarily on the speed of movement.

Returns

A modified tip position of this [Pointable](#) object with some additional smoothing and stabilization applied.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.14 timeVisible()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Pointable::timeVisible ( ) const
```

The duration of time this [Pointable](#) has been visible to the Leap Motion [Controller](#).

Returns

The duration (in seconds) that this [Pointable](#) has been tracked.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.15 tipPosition()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Pointable::tipPosition ( ) const
```

The tip position in millimeters from the Leap Motion origin.

Returns

The [Vector](#) containing the coordinates of the tip position.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.16 tipVelocity()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::Pointable::tipVelocity ( ) const
```

The rate of change of the tip position in millimeters/second.

Returns

The [Vector](#) containing the coordinates of the tip velocity.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.17 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Pointable::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

A string containing a brief, human readable description of the [Pointable](#) object.

Returns

A description of the [Pointable](#) object as a string.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.18 touchDistance()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Pointable::touchDistance ( ) const
```

A value proportional to the distance between this [Pointable](#) object and the adaptive touch plane.

The touch distance is a value in the range [-1, 1]. The value 1.0 indicates the [Pointable](#) is at the far edge of the hovering zone. The value 0 indicates the [Pointable](#) is just entering the touching zone. A value of -1.0 indicates the [Pointable](#) is firmly within the touching zone. Values in between are proportional to the distance from the plane. Thus, the touchDistance of 0.5 indicates that the [Pointable](#) is halfway into the hovering zone.

You can use the touchDistance value to modulate visual feedback given to the user as their fingers close in on a touch target, such as a button.

Returns

The normalized touch distance of this [Pointable](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.29.4.19 touchZone()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Zone Leap::Pointable::touchZone ( ) const
```

The current touch zone of this [Pointable](#) object.

The Leap Motion software computes the touch zone based on a floating touch plane that adapts to the user's finger movement and hand posture. The Leap Motion software interprets purposeful movements toward this plane as potential touch points. When a [Pointable](#) moves close to the adaptive touch plane, it enters the "hovering" zone. When a [Pointable](#) reaches or passes through the plane, it enters the "touching" zone.

The possible states are present in the Zone enum of this class:

Zone.NONE – The [Pointable](#) is outside the hovering zone.

Zone.HOVERING – The [Pointable](#) is close to, but not touching the touch plane.

Zone.TOUCHING – The [Pointable](#) has penetrated the touch plane.

The touchDistance value provides a normalized indication of the distance to the touch plane when the [Pointable](#) is in the hovering or touching zones.

Returns

The touch zone of this [Pointable](#)

Since

1.0

5.29.4.20 width()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::Pointable::width ( ) const
```

The estimated width of the finger or tool in millimeters.

Returns

The estimated width of this [Pointable](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.29.5 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.29.5.1 operator<<

```
LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & ,
    const Pointable & ) [friend]
```

Writes a brief, human readable description of the [Pointable](#) object to an output stream.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.30 Leap::PointableList Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::PointableList:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::PointableList:

Public Types

- typedef [ConstListIterator](#)< [PointableList](#), [Pointable](#) > [const_iterator](#)

Public Member Functions

- **PointableList** (const [ListBaseImplementation](#)< [Pointable](#) > &)
- LEAP_EXPORT [PointableList](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int [count](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isEmpty](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Pointable operator\[\]](#) (int index) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [PointableList](#) & [append](#) (const [PointableList](#) &other)
- LEAP_EXPORT [PointableList](#) & [append](#) (const [FingerList](#) &other)
- LEAP_EXPORT [PointableList](#) & [append](#) (const [ToolList](#) &other)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Pointable](#) [leftmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Pointable](#) [rightmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Pointable](#) [frontmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [PointableList](#) [extended](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [begin](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [end](#) () const

Additional Inherited Members

5.30.1 Detailed Description

The [PointableList](#) class represents a list of [Pointable](#) objects.

[Pointable](#) objects include entities that can be pointed, such as fingers and tools.

Get a [PointableList](#) object by calling [Frame::pointables\(\)](#) or [Hand::pointables\(\)](#).

Since

1.0

5.30.2 Member Typedef Documentation

5.30.2.1 [const_iterator](#)

```
typedef ConstListIterator<PointableList, Pointable> Leap::PointableList::const\_iterator
```

A C++ iterator type for [PointableList](#) objects.

Since

1.0

5.30.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.30.3.1 PointableList()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::PointableList::PointableList ( )
```

Constructs an empty list of pointable entities.

Since

1.0

5.30.4 Member Function Documentation

5.30.4.1 append() [1/3]

```
LEAP_EXPORT PointableList& Leap::PointableList::append (
    const PointableList & other )
```

Appends the members of the specified [PointableList](#) to this [PointableList](#).

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A PointableList object containing Pointable objects to append to the end of this PointableList .
--------------	--

Since

1.0

5.30.4.2 append() [2/3]

```
LEAP_EXPORT PointableList& Leap::PointableList::append (
    const FingerList & other )
```

Appends the members of the specified [FingerList](#) to this [PointableList](#).

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A FingerList object containing Finger objects to append to the end of this PointableList .
--------------	--

Since

1.0

5.30.4.3 `append()` [3/3]

```
LEAP_EXPORT PointableList& Leap::PointableList::append (
    const ToolList & other )
```

Appends the members of the specified [ToolList](#) to this [PointableList](#).

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A ToolList object containing Tool objects to append to the end of this PointableList .
--------------	--

Since

1.0

5.30.4.4 `begin()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT const\_iterator Leap::PointableList::begin ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the beginning of this [PointableList](#).

Since

1.0

5.30.4.5 `count()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::PointableList::count ( ) const
```

Returns the number of pointable entities in this list.

Returns

The number of pointable entities in this list.

Since

1.0

5.30.4.6 end()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::PointableList::end ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the end of this [PointableList](#).

Since

1.0

5.30.4.7 extended()

```
LEAP_EXPORT PointableList Leap::PointableList::extended ( ) const
```

Returns a new list containing those members of the current list that are extended. This includes all tools and any fingers whose `isExtended()` function is true.

Returns

The list of tools and extended fingers from the current list.

Since

2.0

5.30.4.8 frontmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Pointable Leap::PointableList::frontmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the front within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the smallest Z coordinate).

Returns

The frontmost pointable, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

5.30.4.9 isEmpty()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::PointableList::isEmpty ( ) const
```

Reports whether the list is empty.

Returns

True, if the list has no members.

Since

1.0

5.30.4.10 leftmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Pointable Leap::PointableList::leftmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the left within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the smallest X coordinate).

Returns

The leftmost pointable, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

5.30.4.11 operator[]()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Pointable Leap::PointableList::operator[] (
    int index ) const
```

Access a list member by its position in the list.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	The zero-based list position index.
--------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

The [Pointable](#) object at the specified index.

Since

1.0

5.30.4.12 rightmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Pointable Leap::PointableList::rightmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the right within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the largest X coordinate).

Returns

The rightmost pointable, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.31 SampleListener Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for SampleListener:

Collaboration diagram for SampleListener:

Public Member Functions

- virtual void [onInit](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onConnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onDisconnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onExit](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onFrame](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onFocusGained](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onFocusLost](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onDeviceChange](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onServiceConnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onServiceDisconnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onInit](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onConnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onDisconnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onExit](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onFrame](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onFocusGained](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onFocusLost](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onDeviceChange](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onServiceConnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)
- virtual void [onServiceDisconnect](#) (const [Controller](#) &)

5.31.1 Member Function Documentation

5.31.1.1 [onConnect\(\)](#) [1/2]

```
virtual void SampleListener::onConnect (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when the [Controller](#) object connects to the Leap Motion software and the Leap Motion hardware device is plugged in, or when this [Listener](#) object is added to a [Controller](#) that is already connected.

When this callback is invoked, [Controller::isServiceConnected](#) is true, [Controller::devices\(\)](#) is not empty, and, for at least one of the [Device](#) objects in the list, [Device::isStreaming\(\)](#) is true.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.2 onConnect() [2/2]

```
void SampleListener::onConnect (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when the Controller object connects to the Leap Motion software and the Leap Motion hardware device is plugged in, or when this Listener object is added to a Controller that is already connected.

When this callback is invoked, Controller::isServiceConnected is true, Controller::devices() is not empty, and, for at least one of the Device objects in the list, Device::isStreaming() is true.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.3 onDeviceChange() [1/2]

```
virtual void SampleListener::onDeviceChange (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when a Leap Motion controller plugged in, unplugged, or the device changes state.

State changes include changes in frame rate and entering or leaving "robust" mode. Note that there is currently no way to query whether a device is in robust mode. You can use Frame::currentFramerate() to get the framerate.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.2

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.4 onDeviceChange() [2/2]

```
void SampleListener::onDeviceChange (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when a Leap Motion controller plugged in, unplugged, or the device changes state.

State changes include changes in frame rate and entering or leaving "robust" mode. Note that there is currently no way to query whether a device is in robust mode. You can use `Frame::currentFramerate()` to get the framerate.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.2

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.5 onDisconnect() [1/2]

```
virtual void SampleListener::onDisconnect (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when the Controller object disconnects from the Leap Motion software or the Leap Motion hardware is unplugged. The controller can disconnect when the Leap Motion device is unplugged, the user shuts the Leap Motion software down, or the Leap Motion software encounters an unrecoverable error.

Note: When you launch a Leap-enabled application in a debugger, the Leap Motion library does not disconnect from the application. This is to allow you to step through code without losing the connection because of time outs.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.6 onDisconnect() [2/2]

```
void SampleListener::onDisconnect (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when the Controller object disconnects from the Leap Motion software or the Leap Motion hardware is unplugged. The controller can disconnect when the Leap Motion device is unplugged, the user shuts the Leap Motion software down, or the Leap Motion software encounters an unrecoverable error.

Note: When you launch a Leap-enabled application in a debugger, the Leap Motion library does not disconnect from the application. This is to allow you to step through code without losing the connection because of time outs.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.7 onExit() [1/2]

```
virtual void SampleListener::onExit (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when this Listener object is removed from the Controller or the Controller instance is destroyed.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.8 onExit() [2/2]

```
void SampleListener::onExit (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when this Listener object is removed from the Controller or the Controller instance is destroyed.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.9 onFocusGained() [1/2]

```
virtual void SampleListener::onFocusGained (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when this application becomes the foreground application.

Only the foreground application receives tracking data from the Leap Motion Controller. This function is only called when the controller object is in a connected state.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.10 onFocusGained() [2/2]

```
void SampleListener::onFocusGained (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when this application becomes the foreground application.

Only the foreground application receives tracking data from the Leap Motion Controller. This function is only called when the controller object is in a connected state.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.11 onFocusLost() [1/2]

```
virtual void SampleListener::onFocusLost (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when this application loses the foreground focus.

Only the foreground application receives tracking data from the Leap Motion Controller. This function is only called when the controller object is in a connected state.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.12 onFocusLost() [2/2]

```
void SampleListener::onFocusLost (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when this application loses the foreground focus.

Only the foreground application receives tracking data from the Leap Motion Controller. This function is only called when the controller object is in a connected state.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).**5.31.1.13 onFrame()** [1/2]

```
virtual void SampleListener::onFrame (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when a new frame of hand and finger tracking data is available. Access the new frame data using the `Controller::frame()` function.

Note, the Controller skips any pending onFrame events while your onFrame handler executes. If your implementation takes too long to return, one or more frames can be skipped. The Controller still inserts the skipped frames into the frame history. You can access recent frames by setting the history parameter when calling the `Controller::frame()` function. You can determine if any pending onFrame events were skipped by comparing the ID of the most recent frame with the ID of the last received frame.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).**5.31.1.14 onFrame()** [2/2]

```
void SampleListener::onFrame (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when a new frame of hand and finger tracking data is available. Access the new frame data using the `Controller::frame()` function.

Note, the Controller skips any pending onFrame events while your onFrame handler executes. If your implementation takes too long to return, one or more frames can be skipped. The Controller still inserts the skipped frames into the frame history. You can access recent frames by setting the history parameter when calling the Controller↵::frame() function. You can determine if any pending onFrame events were skipped by comparing the ID of the most recent frame with the ID of the last received frame.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.15 onInit() [1/2]

```
virtual void SampleListener::onInit (  
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called once, when this Listener object is newly added to a Controller.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.16 onInit() [2/2]

```
void SampleListener::onInit (  
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called once, when this Listener object is newly added to a Controller.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.0

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.17 onServiceConnect() [1/2]

```
virtual void SampleListener::onServiceConnect (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when the Leap Motion daemon/service connects to your application Controller.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.2

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.18 onServiceConnect() [2/2]

```
void SampleListener::onServiceConnect (
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called when the Leap Motion daemon/service connects to your application Controller.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.2

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.19 onServiceDisconnect() [1/2]

```
virtual void SampleListener::onServiceDisconnect (  
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called if the Leap Motion daemon/service disconnects from your application Controller.

Normally, this callback is not invoked. It is only called if some external event or problem shuts down the service or otherwise interrupts the connection.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.2

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

5.31.1.20 onServiceDisconnect() [2/2]

```
void SampleListener::onServiceDisconnect (  
    const Controller & ) [virtual]
```

Called if the Leap Motion daemon/service disconnects from your application Controller.

Normally, this callback is not invoked. It is only called if some external event or problem shuts down the service or otherwise interrupts the connection.

Parameters

<i>controller</i>	The Controller object invoking this callback function.
-------------------	--

Since

1.2

Reimplemented from [Leap::Listener](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- sample/[ComprobarGesto.cpp](#)
- sample/[GuardarGesto.cpp](#)

5.32 Leap::Screen Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Screen:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Screen:

Public Member Functions

- **Screen** (ScreenImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT int32_t **id** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) **intersect** (const [Pointable](#) &pointable, bool normalize, float clampRatio=1.0f) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) **intersect** (const [Vector](#) &position, const [Vector](#) &direction, bool normalize, float clampRatio=1.0f) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) **project** (const [Vector](#) &position, bool normalize, float clampRatio=1.0f) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) **horizontalAxis** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) **verticalAxis** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) **bottomLeftCorner** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) **normal** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int **widthPixels** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int **heightPixels** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float **distanceToPoint** (const [Vector](#) &point) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool **isValid** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool **operator==** (const [Screen](#) &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool **operator!=** (const [Screen](#) &) const
- std::string **toString** () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [Screen](#) & **invalid** ()

Friends

- LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream & **operator<<** (std::ostream &, const [Screen](#) &)

Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.33 Leap::ScreenList Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for Leap::ScreenList:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::ScreenList:

Public Types

- typedef [ConstListIterator](#)< [ScreenList](#), [Screen](#) > **const_iterator**

Public Member Functions

- **ScreenList** (const [ListBaseImplementation](#)< [Screen](#) > &)
- LEAP_EXPORT int **count** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool **isEmpty** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Screen](#) **operator[]** (int index) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) **begin** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) **end** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Screen](#) **closestScreenHit** (const [Pointable](#) &pointable) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Screen](#) **closestScreenHit** (const [Vector](#) &position, const [Vector](#) &direction) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Screen](#) **closestScreen** (const [Vector](#) &position) const

Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.34 Leap::ScreenTapGesture Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::ScreenTapGesture:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::ScreenTapGesture:

Public Member Functions

- LEAP_EXPORT [ScreenTapGesture](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT [ScreenTapGesture](#) (const [Gesture](#) &rhs)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) **position** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) **direction** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float **progress** () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Pointable](#) **pointable** () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static [Type](#) [classType](#) ()

Additional Inherited Members

5.34.1 Detailed Description

The [ScreenTapGesture](#) class represents a tapping gesture by a finger or tool.

A screen tap gesture is recognized when the tip of a finger pokes forward and then springs back to approximately the original position, as if tapping a vertical screen. The tapping finger must pause briefly before beginning the tap.

Important: To use screen tap gestures in your application, you must enable recognition of the screen tap gesture. You can enable recognition with:

ScreenTap gestures are discrete. The [ScreenTapGesture](#) object representing a tap always has the state, STATE↵_STOP. Only one [ScreenTapGesture](#) object is created for each screen tap gesture recognized.

You can set the minimum finger movement and velocity required for a movement to be recognized as a screen tap as well as adjust the detection window for evaluating the movement using the config attribute of a connected [Controller](#) object. Use the following keys to configure screen tap recognition:

```
===== Key string Value
type Default value Units =====
===== Gesture.ScreenTap.MinForwardVelocity float 50 mm/s Gesture.ScreenTap.HistorySeconds float 0.↵
1 s Gesture.ScreenTap.MinDistance float 5.0 mm =====
=====
```

The following example demonstrates how to set the screen tap configuration parameters:

The [Controller](#) object must be connected to the Leap Motion service/daemon before setting the configuration parameters.

Since

1.0

5.34.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.34.2.1 ScreenTapGesture() [1/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::ScreenTapGesture::ScreenTapGesture ( )
```

Constructs a new [ScreenTapGesture](#) object.

An uninitialized [ScreenTapGesture](#) object is considered invalid. Get valid instances of the [ScreenTapGesture](#) class from a [Frame](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.34.2.2 ScreenTapGesture() [2/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::ScreenTapGesture::ScreenTapGesture (
    const Gesture & rhs )
```

Constructs a [ScreenTapGesture](#) object from an instance of the [Gesture](#) class.

Parameters

<i>rhs</i>	The Gesture instance to specialize. This Gesture instance must be a ScreenTapGesture object.
------------	--

Since

1.0

5.34.3 Member Function Documentation

5.34.3.1 classType()

```
static Type Leap::ScreenTapGesture::classType ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The screen tap gesture type.

Returns

Type The type value designating a screen tap gesture.

Since

1.0

5.34.3.2 direction()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::ScreenTapGesture::direction ( ) const
```

The direction of finger tip motion.

Returns

[Vector](#) A unit direction vector.

Since

1.0

5.34.3.3 pointable()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Pointable Leap::ScreenTapGesture::pointable ( ) const
```

The finger performing the screen tap gesture.

Returns

[Pointable](#) A [Pointable](#) object representing the tapping finger.

Since

1.0

5.34.3.4 position()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::ScreenTapGesture::position ( ) const
```

The position where the screen tap is registered.

Returns

[Vector](#) A [Vector](#) containing the coordinates of screen tap location.

Since

1.0

5.34.3.5 progress()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::ScreenTapGesture::progress ( ) const
```

The progress value is always 1.0 for a screen tap gesture.

Returns

float The value 1.0.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.35 Leap::SwipeGesture Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::SwipeGesture:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::SwipeGesture:

Public Member Functions

- LEAP_EXPORT [SwipeGesture](#) (const [Gesture](#) &rhs)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) startPosition () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) position () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) direction () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float speed () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Pointable](#) pointable () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static [Type](#) classType ()

Additional Inherited Members

5.35.1 Detailed Description

The [SwipeGesture](#) class represents a swiping motion a finger or tool.

[SwipeGesture](#) objects are generated for each visible finger or tool. Swipe gestures are continuous; a gesture object with the same ID value will appear in each frame while the gesture continues.

Important: To use swipe gestures in your application, you must enable recognition of the swipe gesture. You can enable recognition with:

You can set the minimum length and velocity required for a movement to be recognized as a swipe using the config attribute of a connected [Controller](#) object. Use the following keys to configure swipe recognition:

```
===== Key string Value type
Default value Units =====
Gesture.Swipe.MinLength float 150 mm Gesture.Swipe.MinVelocity float 1000 mm/s =====
=====
```

The following example demonstrates how to set the swipe configuration parameters:

The [Controller](#) object must be connected to the Leap Motion service/daemon before setting the configuration parameters.

Since

1.0

5.35.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.35.2.1 [SwipeGesture](#)()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::SwipeGesture::SwipeGesture (
    const Gesture & rhs )
```

Constructs a [SwipeGesture](#) object from an instance of the [Gesture](#) class.

Parameters

<i>rhs</i>	The Gesture instance to specialize. This Gesture instance must be a SwipeGesture object.
------------	--

Since

1.0

5.35.3 Member Function Documentation

5.35.3.1 classType()

```
static Type Leap::SwipeGesture::classType ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The swipe gesture type.

Returns

Type The type value designating a swipe gesture.

Since

1.0

5.35.3.2 direction()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::SwipeGesture::direction ( ) const
```

The unit direction vector parallel to the swipe motion.

You can compare the components of the vector to classify the swipe as appropriate for your application. For example, if you are using swipes for two dimensional scrolling, you can compare the x and y values to determine if the swipe is primarily horizontal or vertical.

Returns

[Vector](#) The unit direction vector representing the swipe motion.

Since

1.0

5.35.3.3 `pointable()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT Pointable Leap::SwipeGesture::pointable ( ) const
```

The finger performing the swipe gesture.

Returns

[Pointable](#) A [Pointable](#) object representing the swiping finger.

Since

1.0

5.35.3.4 `position()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::SwipeGesture::position ( ) const
```

The current position of the swipe.

Returns

[Vector](#) The current swipe position within the Leap Motion frame of reference, in mm.

Since

1.0

5.35.3.5 `speed()`

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::SwipeGesture::speed ( ) const
```

The swipe speed in mm/second.

Returns

float The speed of the finger performing the swipe gesture in millimeters per second.

Since

1.0

5.35.3.6 startPosition()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::SwipeGesture::startPosition ( ) const
```

The position where the swipe began.

Returns

[Vector](#) The starting position within the Leap Motion frame of reference, in mm.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.36 Leap::Tool Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::Tool:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::Tool:

Public Member Functions

- **Tool** (ToolImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Tool](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT [Tool](#) (const [Pointable](#) &)
- std::string [toString](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [Tool](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Additional Inherited Members

5.36.1 Detailed Description

The [Tool](#) class represents a tracked tool.

Tools are [Pointable](#) objects that the Leap Motion software has classified as a tool.

Get valid [Tool](#) objects from a [Frame](#) object.

Note that [Tool](#) objects can be invalid, which means that they do not contain valid tracking data and do not correspond to a physical tool. Invalid [Tool](#) objects can be the result of asking for a [Tool](#) object using an ID from an earlier frame when no [Tool](#) objects with that ID exist in the current frame. A [Tool](#) object created from the [Tool](#) constructor is also invalid. Test for validity with the [Tool::isValid\(\)](#) function.

Since

1.0

5.36.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.36.2.1 [Tool\(\)](#) [1/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Tool::Tool ( )
```

Constructs a [Tool](#) object.

An uninitialized tool is considered invalid. Get valid [Tool](#) objects from a [Frame](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.36.2.2 [Tool\(\)](#) [2/2]

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::Tool::Tool (
    const Pointable & ) [explicit]
```

If the specified [Pointable](#) object represents a tool, creates a copy of it as a [Tool](#) object; otherwise, creates an invalid [Tool](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.36.3 Member Function Documentation

5.36.3.1 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const Tool& Leap::Tool::invalid ( ) [static]
```

Returns an invalid [Tool](#) object.

You can use the instance returned by this function in comparisons testing whether a given [Tool](#) instance is valid or invalid. (You can also use the [Tool::isValid\(\)](#) function.)

Returns

The invalid [Tool](#) instance.

Since

1.0

5.36.3.2 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Tool::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

A string containing a brief, human readable description of the [Tool](#) object.

Returns

A description of the [Tool](#) object as a string.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.37 Leap::ToolList Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::ToolList:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::ToolList:

Public Types

- typedef [ConstListIterator](#)< [ToolList](#), [Tool](#) > [const_iterator](#)

Public Member Functions

- **ToolList** (const [ListBaseImplementation](#)< [Tool](#) > &)
- LEAP_EXPORT [ToolList](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT int [count](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isEmpty](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Tool](#) [operator\[\]](#) (int index) const
- LEAP_EXPORT [ToolList](#) & [append](#) (const [ToolList](#) &other)
- LEAP_EXPORT [Tool](#) [leftmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Tool](#) [rightmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Tool](#) [frontmost](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [begin](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [const_iterator](#) [end](#) () const

Additional Inherited Members

5.37.1 Detailed Description

The [ToolList](#) class represents a list of [Tool](#) objects.

Get a [ToolList](#) object by calling [Frame::tools\(\)](#).

Since

1.0

5.37.2 Member Typedef Documentation

5.37.2.1 [const_iterator](#)

```
typedef ConstListIterator<ToolList, Tool> Leap::ToolList::const\_iterator
```

A C++ iterator type for [ToolList](#) objects.

Since

1.0

5.37.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.37.3.1 ToolList()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::ToolList::ToolList ( )
```

Constructs an empty list of tools.

Since

1.0

5.37.4 Member Function Documentation

5.37.4.1 append()

```
LEAP_EXPORT ToolList& Leap::ToolList::append (
    const ToolList & other )
```

Appends the members of the specified [ToolList](#) to this [ToolList](#).

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A ToolList object containing Tool objects to append to the end of this ToolList .
--------------	---

Since

1.0

5.37.4.2 begin()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::ToolList::begin ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the beginning of this [ToolList](#).

Since

1.0

5.37.4.3 count()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::ToolList::count ( ) const
```

Returns the number of tools in this list.

Returns

The number of tools in this list.

Since

1.0

5.37.4.4 end()

```
LEAP_EXPORT const_iterator Leap::ToolList::end ( ) const
```

The C++ iterator set to the end of this [ToolList](#).

Since

1.0

5.37.4.5 frontmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Tool Leap::ToolList::frontmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the front within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the smallest Z coordinate).

Returns

The frontmost tool, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

5.37.4.6 isEmpty()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::ToolList::isEmpty ( ) const
```

Reports whether the list is empty.

Returns

True, if the list has no members.

Since

1.0

5.37.4.7 leftmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Tool Leap::ToolList::leftmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the left within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the smallest X coordinate).

Returns

The leftmost tool, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

5.37.4.8 operator[]()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Tool Leap::ToolList::operator[] (
    int index ) const
```

Access a list member by its position in the list.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	The zero-based list position index.
--------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

The [Tool](#) object at the specified index.

Since

1.0

5.37.4.9 rightmost()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Tool Leap::ToolList::rightmost ( ) const
```

The member of the list that is farthest to the right within the standard Leap Motion frame of reference (i.e has the largest X coordinate).

Returns

The rightmost tool, or invalid if list is empty.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `sample/include/Leap.h`

5.38 Leap::TrackedQuad Class Reference

```
#include <Leap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Leap::TrackedQuad:

Collaboration diagram for Leap::TrackedQuad:

Public Member Functions

- **TrackedQuad** (TrackedQuadImplementation *)
- LEAP_EXPORT [TrackedQuad](#) ()
- LEAP_EXPORT float [width](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT float [height](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int [resolutionX](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT int [resolutionY](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [visible](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Matrix](#) [orientation](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [Vector](#) [position](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [MaskList](#) [masks](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT [ImageList](#) [images](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [isValid](#) () const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator==](#) (const [TrackedQuad](#) &) const
- LEAP_EXPORT bool [operator!=](#) (const [TrackedQuad](#) &) const
- std::string [toString](#) () const

Static Public Member Functions

- static LEAP_EXPORT const [TrackedQuad](#) & [invalid](#) ()

Friends

- LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &, const [TrackedQuad](#) &)

Additional Inherited Members

5.38.1 Detailed Description

Note: This class is an experimental API for internal use only. It may be removed without warning.

Represents a quad-like object tracked by the Leap Motion sensors.

Only one quad can be tracked. Once a supported quad is tracked, the state of that quad will be updated for each frame of Leap Motion tracking data.

A [TrackedQuad](#) object represents the state of the quad at one moment in time. Get a new object from subsequent frames to get the latest state information.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.38.2.1 TrackedQuad()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Leap::TrackedQuad::TrackedQuad ( )
```

Constructs a new [TrackedQuad](#) object. Do not use. Get valid TrackedQuads from a [Controller](#) or [Frame](#) object.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3 Member Function Documentation

5.38.3.1 height()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::TrackedQuad::height ( ) const
```

The physical height of the quad display area in millimeters.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.2 images()

```
LEAP_EXPORT ImageList Leap::TrackedQuad::images ( ) const
```

The images from which the state of this [TrackedQuad](#) was derived. These are the same image objects that you can get from the [Controller](#) or [Frame](#) object from which you got this [TrackedQuad](#).

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.3 invalid()

```
static LEAP_EXPORT const TrackedQuad& Leap::TrackedQuad::invalid ( ) [static]
```

An invalid object.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.4 isValid()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::TrackedQuad::isValid ( ) const
```

Reports whether this is a valid object.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.5 masks()

```
LEAP_EXPORT MaskList Leap::TrackedQuad::masks ( ) const
```

The list of masks for the current set of images. A mask is a bitmap indicating which pixels in the image contain fingers or part of the hand in front of the quad.

The mask at index 0 corresponds to the left image; that with index 1, to the right image.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.6 operator!=()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::TrackedQuad::operator!= (
    const TrackedQuad & ) const
```

Compares quad objects for inequality.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.7 operator==()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::TrackedQuad::operator== (
    const TrackedQuad & ) const
```

Compares quad objects for equality.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.8 orientation()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Matrix Leap::TrackedQuad::orientation ( ) const
```

The orientation of the quad within the Leap Motion frame of reference.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.9 position()

```
LEAP_EXPORT Vector Leap::TrackedQuad::position ( ) const
```

The position of the center of the quad display area within the Leap Motion frame of reference. In millimeters.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.10 resolutionX()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::TrackedQuad::resolutionX ( ) const
```

The horizontal resolution of the quad display area in pixels. This value is set in a configuration file. It is not determined dynamically.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.11 resolutionY()

```
LEAP_EXPORT int Leap::TrackedQuad::resolutionY ( ) const
```

The vertical resolution of the quad display area in pixels. This value is set in a configuration file. It is not determined dynamically.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.12 visible()

```
LEAP_EXPORT bool Leap::TrackedQuad::visible ( ) const
```

Reports whether the quad is currently detected within the Leap Motion field of view.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.3.13 width()

```
LEAP_EXPORT float Leap::TrackedQuad::width ( ) const
```

The physical width of the quad display area in millimeters.

Since

2.2.6

5.38.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.38.4.1 operator<<

```
LEAP_EXPORT friend std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & ,
    const TrackedQuad & ) [friend]
```

Provides a brief, human-readable description of this quad.

Since

2.2.6

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/Leap.h

5.39 Leap::Vector Struct Reference

```
#include <LeapMath.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Vector](#) ()
- [Vector](#) (float _x, float _y, float _z)
- [Vector](#) (const [Vector](#) &vector)
- float [magnitude](#) () const
- float [magnitudeSquared](#) () const
- float [distanceTo](#) (const [Vector](#) &other) const
- float [angleTo](#) (const [Vector](#) &other) const
- float [pitch](#) () const
- float [yaw](#) () const
- float [roll](#) () const
- float [dot](#) (const [Vector](#) &other) const
- [Vector](#) [cross](#) (const [Vector](#) &other) const
- [Vector](#) [normalized](#) () const
- [Vector](#) [operator-](#) () const
- [Vector](#) [operator+](#) (const [Vector](#) &other) const
- [Vector](#) [operator-](#) (const [Vector](#) &other) const
- [Vector](#) [operator*](#) (float scalar) const
- [Vector](#) [operator/](#) (float scalar) const
- [Vector](#) & [operator+=](#) (const [Vector](#) &other)
- [Vector](#) & [operator-=](#) (const [Vector](#) &other)
- [Vector](#) & [operator*=](#) (float scalar)
- [Vector](#) & [operator/=](#) (float scalar)
- std::string [toString](#) () const
- bool [operator==](#) (const [Vector](#) &other) const
- bool [operator!=](#) (const [Vector](#) &other) const
- bool [isValid](#) () const
- float [operator\[\]](#) (unsigned int index) const
- const float * [toFloatPointer](#) () const
- template<typename Vector3Type >
const Vector3Type [toVector3](#) () const
- template<typename Vector4Type >
const Vector4Type [toVector4](#) (float w=0.0f) const

Static Public Member Functions

- static const [Vector](#) & [zero](#) ()
- static const [Vector](#) & [xAxis](#) ()
- static const [Vector](#) & [yAxis](#) ()
- static const [Vector](#) & [zAxis](#) ()
- static const [Vector](#) & [left](#) ()
- static const [Vector](#) & [right](#) ()
- static const [Vector](#) & [down](#) ()
- static const [Vector](#) & [up](#) ()
- static const [Vector](#) & [forward](#) ()
- static const [Vector](#) & [backward](#) ()

Public Attributes

- float [x](#)
- float [y](#)
- float [z](#)

Friends

- [Vector operator*](#) (float scalar, const [Vector](#) &vector)
- `std::ostream & operator<<` (std::ostream &out, const [Vector](#) &vector)

5.39.1 Detailed Description

The [Vector](#) struct represents a three-component mathematical vector or point such as a direction or position in three-dimensional space.

The Leap Motion software employs a right-handed Cartesian coordinate system. Values given are in units of real-world millimeters. The origin is centered at the center of the Leap Motion [Controller](#). The x- and z-axes lie in the horizontal plane, with the x-axis running parallel to the long edge of the device. The y-axis is vertical, with positive values increasing upwards (in contrast to the downward orientation of most computer graphics coordinate systems). The z-axis has positive values increasing away from the computer screen.

Since

1.0

5.39.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.39.2.1 [Vector\(\)](#) [1/3]

```
Leap::Vector::Vector ( ) [inline]
```

Creates a new [Vector](#) with all components set to zero.

Since

1.0

5.39.2.2 [Vector\(\)](#) [2/3]

```
Leap::Vector::Vector (
    float _x,
    float _y,
    float _z ) [inline]
```

Creates a new [Vector](#) with the specified component values.

Since

1.0

5.39.2.3 Vector() [3/3]

```
Leap::Vector::Vector (
    const Vector & vector ) [inline]
```

Copies the specified [Vector](#).

Since

1.0

5.39.3 Member Function Documentation

5.39.3.1 angleTo()

```
float Leap::Vector::angleTo (
    const Vector & other ) const [inline]
```

The angle between this vector and the specified vector in radians.

The angle is measured in the plane formed by the two vectors. The angle returned is always the smaller of the two conjugate angles. Thus `A.angleTo(B) == B.angleTo(A)` and is always a positive value less than or equal to pi radians (180 degrees).

If either vector has zero length, then this function returns zero.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A Vector object.
--------------	----------------------------------

Returns

The angle between this vector and the specified vector in radians.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.2 backward()

```
static const Vector& Leap::Vector::backward ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The unit vector pointing backward along the positive z-axis: (0, 0, 1)

Since

1.0

5.39.3.3 cross()

```
Vector Leap::Vector::cross (
    const Vector & other ) const [inline]
```

The cross product of this vector and the specified vector.

The cross product is a vector orthogonal to both original vectors. It has a magnitude equal to the area of a parallelogram having the two vectors as sides. The direction of the returned vector is determined by the right-hand rule. Thus `A.cross(B) == -B.cross(A)`.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A Vector object.
--------------	----------------------------------

Returns

The cross product of this vector and the specified vector.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.4 distanceTo()

```
float Leap::Vector::distanceTo (
    const Vector & other ) const [inline]
```

The distance between the point represented by this [Vector](#) object and a point represented by the specified [Vector](#) object.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A Vector object.
--------------	----------------------------------

Returns

The distance from this point to the specified point.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.5 dot()

```
float Leap::Vector::dot (
    const Vector & other ) const [inline]
```

The dot product of this vector with another vector.

The dot product is the magnitude of the projection of this vector onto the specified vector.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A Vector object.
--------------	----------------------------------

Returns

The dot product of this vector and the specified vector.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.6 down()

```
static const Vector& Leap::Vector::down ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The unit vector pointing down along the negative y-axis: (0, -1, 0)

Since

1.0

5.39.3.7 forward()

```
static const Vector& Leap::Vector::forward ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The unit vector pointing forward along the negative z-axis: (0, 0, -1)

Since

1.0

5.39.3.8 isValid()

```
bool Leap::Vector::isValid ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns true if all of the vector's components are finite. If any component is NaN or infinite, then this returns false.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.9 left()

```
static const Vector& Leap::Vector::left ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The unit vector pointing left along the negative x-axis: (-1, 0, 0)

Since

1.0

5.39.3.10 magnitude()

```
float Leap::Vector::magnitude ( ) const [inline]
```

The magnitude, or length, of this vector.

The magnitude is the L2 norm, or Euclidean distance between the origin and the point represented by the (x, y, z) components of this [Vector](#) object.

Returns

The length of this vector.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.11 magnitudeSquared()

```
float Leap::Vector::magnitudeSquared ( ) const [inline]
```

The square of the magnitude, or length, of this vector.

Returns

The square of the length of this vector.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.12 normalized()

```
Vector Leap::Vector::normalized ( ) const [inline]
```

A normalized copy of this vector.

A normalized vector has the same direction as the original vector, but with a length of one.

Returns

A [Vector](#) object with a length of one, pointing in the same direction as this [Vector](#) object.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.13 operator!=(())

```
bool Leap::Vector::operator!= (
    const Vector & other ) const [inline]
```

Compare [Vector](#) inequality component-wise.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.14 operator*()

```
Vector Leap::Vector::operator* (
    float scalar ) const [inline]
```

Multiply vector by a scalar.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.15 operator*=(())

```
Vector& Leap::Vector::operator*= (
    float scalar ) [inline]
```

Multiply vector by a scalar and assign the product.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.16 operator+()

```
Vector Leap::Vector::operator+ (
    const Vector & other ) const [inline]
```

Add vectors component-wise.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.17 operator+=()

```
Vector& Leap::Vector::operator+= (
    const Vector & other ) [inline]
```

Add vectors component-wise and assign the sum.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.18 operator-() [1/2]

```
Vector Leap::Vector::operator- ( ) const [inline]
```

A copy of this vector pointing in the opposite direction.

Returns

A [Vector](#) object with all components negated.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.19 operator-() [2/2]

```
Vector Leap::Vector::operator- (
    const Vector & other ) const [inline]
```

Subtract vectors component-wise.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.20 operator-=()

```
Vector& Leap::Vector::operator-= (
    const Vector & other ) [inline]
```

Subtract vectors component-wise and assign the difference.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.21 operator/()

```
Vector Leap::Vector::operator/ (
    float scalar ) const [inline]
```

Divide vector by a scalar.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.22 operator/=()

```
Vector& Leap::Vector::operator/= (
    float scalar ) [inline]
```

Divide vector by a scalar and assign the quotient.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.23 operator==()

```
bool Leap::Vector::operator== (
    const Vector & other ) const [inline]
```

Compare [Vector](#) equality component-wise.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.24 operator[]()

```
float Leap::Vector::operator[] (
    unsigned int index ) const [inline]
```

Index vector components numerically. Index 0 is x, index 1 is y, and index 2 is z.

Returns

The x, y, or z component of this [Vector](#), if the specified index value is at least 0 and at most 2; otherwise, returns zero.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.25 pitch()

```
float Leap::Vector::pitch ( ) const [inline]
```

The pitch angle in radians.

Pitch is the angle between the negative z-axis and the projection of the vector onto the y-z plane. In other words, pitch represents rotation around the x-axis. If the vector points upward, the returned angle is between 0 and pi radians (180 degrees); if it points downward, the angle is between 0 and -pi radians.

Returns

The angle of this vector above or below the horizon (x-z plane).

Since

1.0

5.39.3.26 right()

```
static const Vector& Leap::Vector::right ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The unit vector pointing right along the positive x-axis: (1, 0, 0)

Since

1.0

5.39.3.27 roll()

```
float Leap::Vector::roll ( ) const [inline]
```

The roll angle in radians.

Roll is the angle between the y-axis and the projection of the vector onto the x-y plane. In other words, roll represents rotation around the z-axis. If the vector points to the left of the y-axis, then the returned angle is between 0 and pi radians (180 degrees); if it points to the right, the angle is between 0 and -pi radians.

Use this function to get roll angle of the plane to which this vector is a normal. For example, if this vector represents the normal to the palm, then this function returns the tilt or roll of the palm plane compared to the horizontal (x-z) plane.

Returns

The angle of this vector to the right or left of the y-axis.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.28 toFloatPointer()

```
const float* Leap::Vector::toFloatPointer ( ) const [inline]
```

Cast the vector to a float array.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.29 toString()

```
std::string Leap::Vector::toString ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns a string containing this vector in a human readable format: (x, y, z).

Since

1.0

5.39.3.30 toVector3()

```
template<typename Vector3Type >  
const Vector3Type Leap::Vector::toVector3 ( ) const [inline]
```

Convert a [Leap::Vector](#) to another 3-component [Vector](#) type.

The specified type must define a constructor that takes the x, y, and z components as separate parameters.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.31 toVector4()

```
template<typename Vector4Type >  
const Vector4Type Leap::Vector::toVector4 (  
    float w = 0.0f ) const [inline]
```

Convert a [Leap::Vector](#) to another 4-component [Vector](#) type.

The specified type must define a constructor that takes the x, y, z, and w components as separate parameters. (The homogeneous coordinate, w, is set to zero by default, but you should typically set it to one for vectors representing a position.)

Since

1.0

5.39.3.32 up()

```
static const Vector& Leap::Vector::up ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The unit vector pointing up along the positive y-axis: (0, 1, 0)

Since

1.0

5.39.3.33 xAxis()

```
static const Vector& Leap::Vector::xAxis ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The x-axis unit vector: (1, 0, 0)

Since

1.0

5.39.3.34 yaw()

```
float Leap::Vector::yaw ( ) const [inline]
```

The yaw angle in radians.

Yaw is the angle between the negative z-axis and the projection of the vector onto the x-z plane. In other words, yaw represents rotation around the y-axis. If the vector points to the right of the negative z-axis, then the returned angle is between 0 and pi radians (180 degrees); if it points to the left, the angle is between 0 and -pi radians.

Returns

The angle of this vector to the right or left of the negative z-axis.

Since

1.0

5.39.3.35 yAxis()

```
static const Vector& Leap::Vector::yAxis ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The y-axis unit vector: (0, 1, 0)

Since

1.0

5.39.3.36 zAxis()

```
static const Vector& Leap::Vector::zAxis ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The z-axis unit vector: (0, 0, 1)

Since

1.0

5.39.3.37 zero()

```
static const Vector& Leap::Vector::zero ( ) [inline], [static]
```

The zero vector: (0, 0, 0)

Since

1.0

5.39.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.39.4.1 operator*

```
Vector operator* (
    float scalar,
    const Vector & vector ) [friend]
```

Multiply vector by a scalar on the left-hand side (C++ only).

Since

1.0

5.39.4.2 operator<<

```
std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & out,
    const Vector & vector ) [friend]
```

Writes the vector to the output stream using a human readable format: (x, y, z).

Since

1.0

5.39.5 Member Data Documentation

5.39.5.1 x

```
float Leap::Vector::x
```

The horizontal component.

Since

1.0

5.39.5.2 y

```
float Leap::Vector::y
```

The vertical component.

Since

1.0

5.39.5.3 z

```
float Leap::Vector::z
```

The depth component.

Since

1.0

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- sample/include/LeapMath.h

Chapter 6

File Documentation

6.1 main.cpp File Reference

Archivo principal, Proyecto final, Programacion bajo plataformas abiertas.

```
#include "../include/Includes.h"
```

Include dependency graph for main.cpp:

6.2 sample/ComprobarGesto.cpp File Reference

Archivo que permite comprobar cada frame del leap con el guardado en la base de datos, se toma como base el ejemplo dado en el sdk y se le realizan modificaciones.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
#include "../include/Leap.h"
#include <fstream>
```

Include dependency graph for ComprobarGesto.cpp:

Classes

- class [SampleListener](#)

Macros

- #define **ANSI_COLOR_RESET** "\x1b[0m"
- #define **ANSI_COLOR_RED** "\x1b[31m"

Functions

- double **devolverX** (std::string dato)
- double **devolverY** (std::string dato)
- double **devolverZ** (std::string dato)
- int **ContarLineas** (std::string ruta)
- std::string **DevolverPrimeraLinea** (std::string ruta)
- std::string **DevolverQuieroLinea** (std::string ruta, int numeroLinea)
- double **CalcularPorcentaje** (double Teorico, double Experimental)
- double **PorcentajeError** (std::string vectorTeorico, std::string vectorExperimental)
- std::string **CompararVectores** (std::string vectorTeorico, std::string vectorExperimental)
- std::string **ComprobarActual** ()
- void **EscribirCadena** (std::string dato, int modo, std::string nombre)
- void **EscribirNumero** (int dato, int modo, std::string nombre)
- void **EscribirVector** ([Leap::Vector](#) dato, int modo, std::string nombre)
- int **ContarFrames** (std::string nombre)
- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

Variables

- const std::string **fingerNames** [] = {"Thumb", "Index", "Middle", "Ring", "Pinky"}
- const std::string **boneNames** [] = {"Metacarpal", "Proximal", "Middle", "Distal"}
- const std::string **stateNames** [] = {"STATE_INVALID", "STATE_START", "STATE_UPDATE", "STATE_E←ND"}

6.2.1 Detailed Description

Archivo que permite comprobar cada frame del leap con el guardado en la base de datos, se toma como base el ejemplo dado en el sdk y se le realizan modificaciones.

Author

Jesus Zuñiga Mendez

Version

1.0

Date

18 de julio de 2019

Copyright

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6.3 sourcecode/tools.cpp File Reference

Archivo que contiene funciones utiles para el main.

```
#include "../include/Includes.h"
Include dependency graph for tools.cpp:
```

Functions

- void **EliminarGesto** (string gesto, string nombre)
- void **ImprimirRegistro** (std::string nombre)
- void **EscribirCadena** (std::string dato, int modo, std::string nombre)
- void **ActualizarRegistro** (std::string dato, int modo, std::string nombre)
- double **devolverX** (string dato)
- double **devolverY** (string dato)
- double **devolverZ** (string dato)
- void **CalcularGesto** ()
- int **ComprobarGestoManos** ()
- int **ComprobarGestoDedos** ()
- int **ComprobarGestoCantidad** ()
- int **GuardarGesto** (string nombre)
- int **BorrarGesto** (string nombre)
- int **MoverArchivos** (string nombre)
- string **QuitarEspacios** (string cadena)
- string **PonerEspacios** (string cadena)

6.3.1 Detailed Description

Archivo que contiene funciones utiles para el main.

Author

Jesus Zuñiga Mendez

Version

1.0

Date

18 de julio de 2019

Copyright

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