



EJERCICIO 5



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Calcular $E[Z_N]$ y $V[Z_N]$

Si definimos:

$X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_N = \text{numero de dardos que cayeron dentro}$

Tomamos una variable llamada Z_N

$$Z_N = 4 \frac{X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_N}{N}$$

Ahora bien, la esperanza de Z_N es

$$E[Z_N] = 4 \frac{E[X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_N]}{N}$$

$$E[Z_N] = 4 \frac{E[X_1] + E[X_2] + \dots + E[X_N]}{N}$$

$$E[Z_N] = 4 \frac{Np}{N} = 4p = 4 * \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$E[Z_N] = \pi$$

Para la varianza tenemos

$$V[Z_N] = \left(\frac{4}{N}\right)^2 V[X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_N]$$

$$V[Z_N] = \left(\frac{4}{N}\right)^2 (V[X_1] + V[X_2] + \dots + V[X_N])$$

$$V[Z_N] = \frac{16}{N^2} Np(1-p) = \frac{16}{N} p(1-p)$$

$$V[Z_N] = \frac{16}{N} p(1-p)$$

¿Qué valor debe tomar N para que el error sea de 0.01?

Usando la desigualdad de Chebyshev

$$\begin{aligned}P(Z_N^{-\pi} \mid \leq \varepsilon) &< \frac{16p(1-p)}{N\varepsilon^2} \\P(Z_N^{-\pi} \mid \leq 0.01) &< \frac{16p(1-p)}{N(0.01)^2} \\&< \frac{16p(1/4)}{N(0.01)^2} \\\frac{16p(1/4)}{N10^{-4}} &< 0.001\end{aligned}$$

Despejamos N

$$\begin{aligned}N &> \frac{16\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)}{10^{-4}(0.001)} \\N &> \frac{4}{10^{-4} * 10^{-3}} \\N &> 4 * 10^7 \\N &> 40,000,000\end{aligned}$$