Universidad Politécnica de Quintana Roo

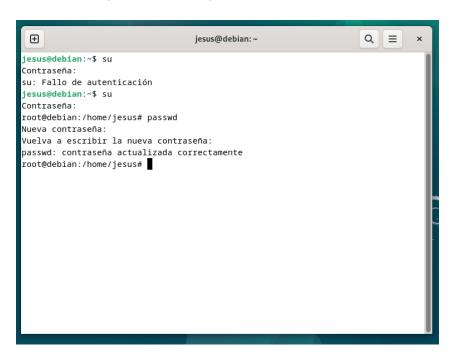
Sanchez Tee Jesus Armando Pruebas de Software 27AV Ingenieria en Software

Tarea #988

1.- Asumir el prompt de superusuario



2.- Cambiar el password de superusuario



3.- Listar el directorio raíz

```
root@debian:/home/jesus# ls /
bin home lib32 media root sys vmlinuz
boot initrd.img lib64 mnt run tmp vmlinuz.old
dev initrd.img.old libx32 opt sbin usr
etc lib lost+found proc srv var
root@debian:/home/jesus#
```

4.- Cambiarse el directorio raíz

```
root@debian:/home/jesus# cd
root@debian:~#
```

5.- Verificar el directorio actual

6.- Crear un directorio "prueba" en /home

```
root@debian:~# mkdir prueba
root@debian:~# ls
prueba
root@debian:~#
```

7.- Crear el archivo "test" en directorio /home/prueba

```
root@debian:~# ls
prueba
root@debian:~# cd prueba/
root@debian:~/prueba# >test
root@debian:~/prueba# ls
test
root@debian:~/prueba#
```

8.- Verificar el usuario actual

```
root@debian:~/prueba# who
who whoami
root@debian:~/prueba# whoami
root
root
root@debian:~/prueba#
```

9.- Mostrar el contenido del archivo /root/.bash_history

```
root@debian:~/prueba# history
    1 nano /etc/sudoers
    2 nano /ect/sudoers
    3 nano /etc/sudoers
    4 exit
    5 passwd
    6 ls /
    7 cd
    8 pwd
    9 mkdir prueba
   10 ls
   11 cd prueba/
   12 >test
   13 ls
   14 whoami
   15 history
root@debian:~/prueba#
```

10.- Copiar el archivo "test" a /root

```
root@debian:~/prueba# cp test /root/
root@debian:~/prueba# cd /root/
root@debian:~# ls
prueba test
root@debian:~#
```

11.- Eliminar el archivo "test" de /home/prueba

```
root@debian:~# rm test
root@debian:~# ls
prueba
root@debian:~#
```

12.- Mover /root/test a la raíz

```
:/home# mv /root/test /test
:/home#
```

13.- Hacer un ping a www.google .com

```
PING www.google.com (142.250.217.164) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from mia07s60-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.217.164): icmp_seq=1 ttl=109 tim
e=72.2 ms
64 bytes from mia07s60-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.217.164): icmp_seq=2 ttl=109 tim
64 bytes from mia07s60-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.217.164): icmp_seq=3 ttl=109 tim
e=71.9 ms
64 bytes from mia07s60-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.217.164): icmp_seq=4 ttl=109 tim
e=73.0 ms
64 bytes from mia07s60-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.217.164): icmp_seq=5 ttl=109 tim
64 bytes from mia07s60-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.217.164): icmp_seq=6 ttl=109 tim
64 bytes from mia07s60-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.217.164): icmp_seq=7 ttl=109 tim
e=71.0 ms
64 bytes from mia07s60-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.217.164): icmp_seq=8 ttl=109 tim
e=70.2 ms
64 bytes from mia07s60-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.217.164): icmp_seq=9 ttl=109 tim
64 bytes from mia07s60-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.217.164): icmp_seq=10 ttl=109 ti
me=70.4 ms
64 bytes from mia07s60-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.217.164): icmp_seq=11 ttl=109 ti
```

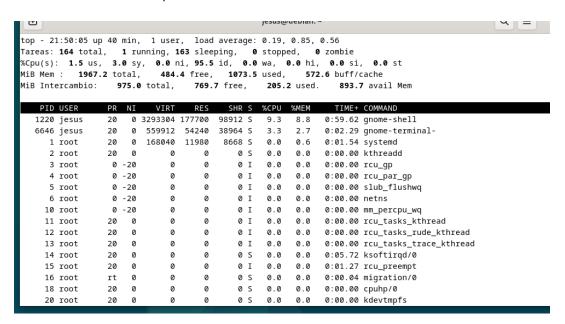
14.- Mostrar la configuración de red del servidor

```
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root@debian:~# ip address
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
   link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
   inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
   inet6 ::1/128 scope host noprefixroute
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: enp0s8: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
   link/ether 08:00:27:05:87:c0 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
   inet6 2806:10be:4:299f:4962:2b68:7104:963/64 scope global dynamic noprefixroute
      valid_lft 85883sec preferred_lft 85883sec
   inet6 fe80::a5e8:b357:4855:4d8d/64 scope link noprefixroute
      valid lft forever preferred lft forever
3: enp0s3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
   link/ether 08:00:27:91:44:bd brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
   inet 10.0.2.15/24 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global dynamic noprefixroute enp0s3
      valid_lft 84127sec preferred_lft 84127sec
    inet6 fe80::8cb7:a77b:7319:2be4/64 scope link noprefixroute
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
root@debian:~#
```

15.- usar el comando netstat

Netid	State	Recv-Q	Send-Q	Local Address:Port	Peer Address:Port	Process
udp	UNCONN	0	0	0.0.0.0:631	0.0.0.0:*	
udp	UNCONN	0	0	0.0.0.0:39936	0.0.0.0:*	
udp	UNCONN	0	0	0.0.0.0:5353	0.0.0.0:*	
udp	UNCONN	0	0	[::]:53873	[::]:*	
udp	UNCONN	0	0	[::]:5353	[::]:*	
tcp	LISTEN	0	128	127.0.0.1:631	0.0.0.0:*	
tcp	LISTEN	0	128	[::1]:631	[::]:*	
root@del	oian:~#					

16.- Usar el comando top



17.- Usar el comando traceroute

```
root@debian:~# traceroute www.facebook.com
traceroute to www.facebook.com (157.240.14.35), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets

1 _gateway (10.0.2.2)  0.553 ms  0.527 ms  0.376 ms

2 * * *

3 * * *

4 * * *

5 * * *

6 * * *

7 * * *

8 * * *

9 * * *

10 * * *

11 * * *

12 * * *

13 * * *

14 * * *

15 * * *

16 * * *

17 * * *
```

18.- Usar el comando nslookup

```
root@debian:~# nslookup www.facebook.com

Server: 192.168.1.254

Address: 192.168.1.254#53

Non-authoritative answer:
www.facebook.com canonical name = star-mini.c10r.facebook.com.

Name: star-mini.c10r.facebook.com

Address: 157.240.14.35

Name: star-mini.c10r.facebook.com

Address: 2a03:2880:f12c:83:face:b00c:0:25de

root@debian:~#
```