# Graphics of the Multiple Comparisons with agricolae

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#### 2020-05-01

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## 1 Graphics of the multiple comparison

The results of a comparison can be graphically seen with the functions bar.group, bar.err and diffograph.

#### 1.1 bar.group

A function to plot horizontal or vertical bar, where the letters of groups of treatments is expressed. The function applies to all functions comparison treatments. Each object must use the group object previously generated by comparative function in indicating that group = TRUE.

#### 1.1.1 Example

```
# model <-aov (yield ~ fertilizer, data = field)
# out <-LSD.test (model, "fertilizer", group = TRUE)
# bar.group (out$group)
str(bar.group)

function (x, horiz = FALSE, ...)
  - attr(*, "srcref")= 'srcref' int [1:8] 62 3 64 3 3 3 62 64
    ... attr(*, "srcfile")=Classes 'srcfilecopy', 'srcfile' <environment: 0x557493a2ea78>
The Median test with option group=TRUE (default) is used in the exercise.
```

#### 1.1.2 bar.err

A function to plot horizontal or vertical bar, where the variation of the error is expressed in every treatments. The function applies to all functions comparison treatments. Each object must use the means object previously generated by the comparison function, see Figure 1

```
# model <-aov (yield ~ fertilizer, data = field)</pre>
# out <-LSD.test (model, "fertilizer", group = TRUE)</pre>
# bar.err(out$means)
str(bar.err)
function (x, variation = c("SE", "SD", "range", "IQR"), horiz = FALSE,
   bar = TRUE, ...)
 - attr(*, "srcref")= 'srcref' int [1:8] 69 3 71 3 3 3 69 71
  ..- attr(*, "srcfile")=Classes 'srcfilecopy', 'srcfile' <environment: 0x557495aef120>
variation
SE: Standard error
SD: standard deviation
range: max-min
oldpar<-par(mfrow=c(2,2),mar=c(3,3,2,1),cex=0.7)
c1<-colors()[480]; c2=colors()[65]
data(sweetpotato)
model<-aov(yield~virus, data=sweetpotato)</pre>
outHSD<- HSD.test(model, "virus",console=TRUE)</pre>
Study: model ~ "virus"
HSD Test for yield
Mean Square Error: 22.48917
virus, means
      yield
                 std r Min Max
cc 24.40000 3.609709 3 21.7 28.5
fc 12.86667 2.159475 3 10.6 14.9
ff 36.33333 7.333030 3 28.0 41.8
oo 36.90000 4.300000 3 32.1 40.4
Alpha: 0.05; DF Error: 8
Critical Value of Studentized Range: 4.52881
Minimun Significant Difference: 12.39967
Treatments with the same letter are not significantly different.
      yield groups
oo 36.90000
ff 36.33333
                ab
cc 24.40000
                bc
```

```
fc 12.86667
                  С
bar.err(outHSD$means, variation="range",ylim=c(0,50),col=c1,las=1)
bar.err(outHSD$means, variation="IQR",horiz=TRUE, xlim=c(0,50),col=c2,las=1)
plot(outHSD, variation="range",las=1)
Warning in plot.group(outHSD, variation = "range", las = 1): NAs
introduced by coercion
plot(outHSD, horiz=TRUE, variation="SD",las=1)
Warning in plot.group(outHSD, horiz = TRUE, variation = "SD", las = 1):
NAs introduced by coercion
50
                                               00
40
                                                ff
30
                                                            H
20
                                               fc
10
                                               CC
 0
                  fc
                           ff
                                                  0
                                                          10
                                                                 20
                                                                         30
                                                                                 40
                                                                                         50
        СС
                                    00
                                                       Groups and Standard deviation
              Groups and Range
50
                                                          С
                  ab
                                               fc
         а
40
                                               CC
                                                                     bc
                           bc
30
                                                ff
                                                                                   ab
20
                                     С
                                                                                 а
                                               00
10
                  ff
                                                            20
                                                                     30
                                                                                      50
        00
                           CC
                                     fc
                                                   10
                                                                              40
```

Figure 1: Comparison between treatments

```
par(oldpar)

oldpar<-par(mfrow=c(2,2),cex=0.7,mar=c(3.5,1.5,3,1))
C1<-bar.err(modelPBIB$means[1:7, ], ylim=c(0,9), col=0, main="C1",
variation="range",border=3,las=2)
C2<-bar.err(modelPBIB$means[8:15,], ylim=c(0,9), col=0, main="C2",
variation="range", border =4,las=2)
# Others graphic
C3<-bar.err(modelPBIB$means[16:22,], ylim=c(0,9), col=0, main="C3",
variation="range",border =2,las=2)
C4<-bar.err(modelPBIB$means[23:30,], ylim=c(0,9), col=0, main="C4",</pre>
```

```
variation="range", border =6,las=2)
# Lattice graphics
par(oldpar)
oldpar<-par(mar=c(2.5,2.5,1,0),cex=0.6)
bar.group(modelLattice$group,ylim=c(0,55),density=10,las=1)
par(oldpar)</pre>
```

### 1.2 plot.group

It plot groups and variation of the treatments to compare. It uses the objects generated by a procedure of comparison like LSD (Fisher), duncan, Tukey (HSD), Student Newman Keul (SNK), Scheffe, Waller-Duncan, Ryan, Einot and Gabriel and Welsch (REGW), Kruskal Wallis, Friedman, Median, Waerden and other tests like Durbin, DAU, BIB, PBIB. The variation types are range (maximun and minimun), IQR (interquartile range), SD (standard deviation) and SE (standard error), see Figure 2.

The function: plot.group() and their arguments are x (output of test), variation = c("range", "IQR", "SE", "SD"), horiz (TRUE or FALSE), xlim, ylim and main are optional plot() parameters and others plot parameters.

```
# model : yield ~ virus
# Important group=TRUE
oldpar<-par(mfrow=c(1,2),mar=c(3,3,1,1),cex=0.8)
x<-duncan.test(model, "virus", group=TRUE)
plot(x,las=1)
Warning in plot.group(x, las = 1): NAs introduced by coercion
plot(x,variation="IQR",horiz=TRUE,las=1)
Warning in plot.group(x, variation = "IQR", horiz = TRUE, las = 1): NAs introduced by coercion
par(oldpar)</pre>
```

#### 1.3 diffograph

It plots bars of the averages of treatments to compare. It uses the objects generated by a procedure of comparison like LSD (Fisher), duncan, Tukey (HSD), Student Newman Keul (SNK), Scheffe, Ryan, Einot and Gabriel and Welsch (REGW), Kruskal Wallis, Friedman and Waerden (Hsu, 1996) see Figure 3.

```
# function (x, main = NULL, color1 = "red", color2 = "blue",
# color3 = "black", cex.axis = 0.8, las = 1, pch = 20,
# bty = "l", cex = 0.8, lwd = 1, xlab = "", ylab = "",
# ...)
# model : yield ~ virus
# Important group=FALSE
x<-HSD.test(model, "virus", group=FALSE)
diffograph(x,cex.axis=0.9,xlab="Yield",ylab="Yield",cex=0.9)</pre>
```

#### References

Hsu, J. C. (1996). Multiple Comparisons: Theory and Methods. Chapman; Hall/CRC.

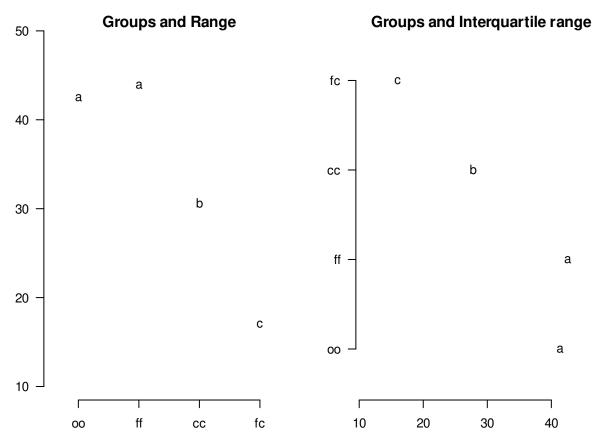


Figure 2: Grouping of treatments and its variation, Duncan method

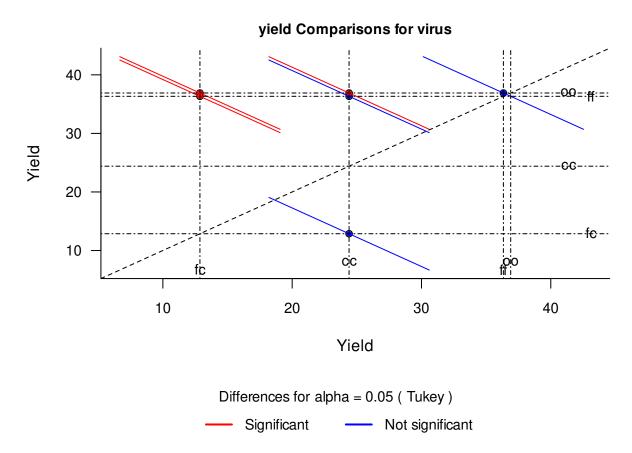


Figure 3: Mean-Mean scatter plot representation of the Tukey method