# **Problem A. Worms**

**Time limit** 1000 ms **Mem limit** 262144 kB

It is lunch time for Mole. His friend, Marmot, prepared him a nice game for lunch.

Marmot brought Mole n ordered piles of worms such that i-th pile contains  $a_i$  worms. He labeled all these worms with consecutive integers: worms in first pile are labeled with numbers 1 to  $a_1$ , worms in second pile are labeled with numbers  $a_1 + 1$  to  $a_1 + a_2$  and so on. See the example for a better understanding.

Mole can't eat all the worms (Marmot brought a lot) and, as we all know, Mole is blind, so Marmot tells him the labels of the best juicy worms. Marmot will only give Mole a worm if Mole says correctly in which pile this worm is contained.

Poor Mole asks for your help. For all juicy worms said by Marmot, tell Mole the correct answers.

### Input

The first line contains a single integer n ( $1 \le n \le 10^5$ ), the number of piles.

The second line contains n integers  $a_1, a_2, ..., a_n$  ( $1 \le a_i \le 10^3, a_1 + a_2 + ... + a_n \le 10^6$ ), where  $a_i$  is the number of worms in the i-th pile.

The third line contains single integer m ( $1 \le m \le 10^5$ ), the number of juicy worms said by Marmot.

The fourth line contains m integers  $q_1, q_2, ..., q_m$   $(1 \le q_i \le a_1 + a_2 + ... + a_n)$ , the labels of the juicy worms.

### Output

Print m lines to the standard output. The i-th line should contain an integer, representing the number of the pile where the worm labeled with the number  $q_i$  is.

#### Sample 1

Input Output
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Input	Output
5 2 7 3 4 9	1 5
3	3
1 25 11	

#### Note

# For the sample input:

- The worms with labels from [1, 2] are in the first pile.
- The worms with labels from [3, 9] are in the second pile.
- The worms with labels from [10, 12] are in the third pile.
- The worms with labels from [13, 16] are in the fourth pile.
- The worms with labels from [17, 25] are in the fifth pile.