IT Company Overview

Introduction

Power BI is a business analytics tool for visualizing and sharing insights we can get data from hundreds of sources using the same power query tool that's available in Excel. The data we will be working with is 12 months worth of budget and forecast data and 6 months worth of actual data for the it department of a global company. This is a modified data set from obvious the forecast budget and actual data is stored in csv files that have been exported from an accounting system the files contain records by date, department, cost, element, country and the amount. We also have an excel file containing dimension tables that contain further groupings for the cost element, country and IT departments.

Objetive

We want to compare performance against budget and find out if the costs have an adverse variance when actual or forecasted costs are higher than budget. Now for those statisticians who might be thinking that variance is the wrong term to use in this project, I have to clarify that this is a term accountants use to refer to the difference between a budgeted value and the actual value.

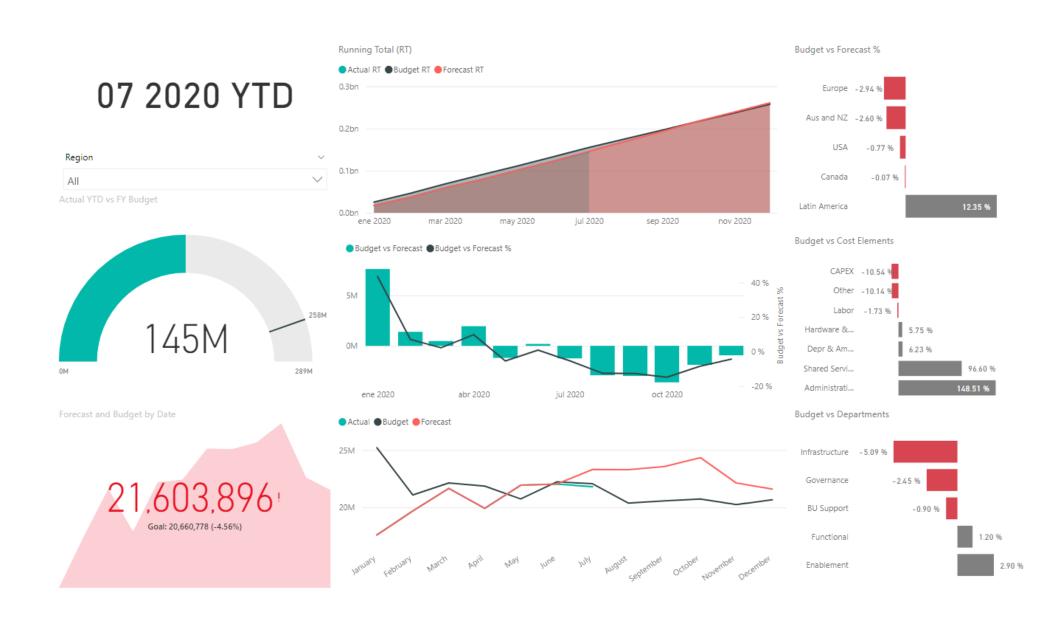
This project consist of 3 dashboards that describe the summary of the company:

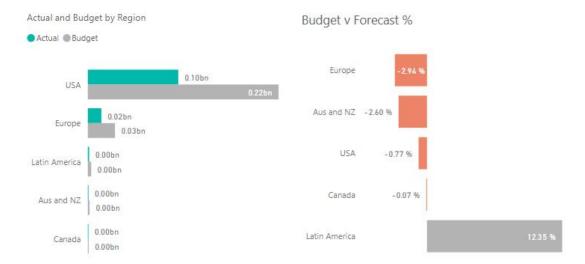
- Overview
- Regions
- Decomposition

Overview gives a summary of the IT budget spend across all areas of the business, how is been spent and its forecast.

Regions ives us an idea of the budget situation among each región and highlights positive and negative variances.

Decomposition consist of a tree that enables us to conduct root cause analysis to understand the factors contributing to the adverse variance to budget by visualizing data across multiple dimensions. Power bi automatically aggregates the data so we can drill down into dimensions in any order i can click on the plus beside budget v forecast and i can use power bi's ai to find the biggest contributor to the negative variance by choosing low value now by default it sorts in descending order. We can manage the decomposition tree as we want and it will update to show us the factors contributing to the variance allowing us to choose different paths to analyze and understand the causes of the variance.





IT Area	Africa & Asia	Aus and NZ	Canada		Europe	Latin America			USA		Total	
Functional				-358		581,472		8		455,073	1,036,195	
Enablement						-293,932				656,599	362,667	
Governance		4,973				-172,905				-207,897	-375,829	
BU Support	935,887		0	1,322	0	-442,327		22,149		647,393	-707,350	
Infrastructure		-63,502		-1,746		-622,402		427,073		-3,241,529	-3,502,106	
Total	-935,887	-58,529		-782		-950,094		449,230		-1,690,361	-3,186,423	

Cost Element Group	Africa & Asia	Aus and NZ	Canada	Europe		Latin America		USA		Total
Administrative	Ti and the second			0	39,066	0	427,104		-6,797,444	-6,331,274
CAPEX					149,513				41,481	190,994
Depr & Amort		893,721	23,638		22,203	0	20,124		2,878,607	3,838,293
Hardware & Software	-316,462	-469,506	-33,671	0	-146,718	0	5,750	0	3,641,270	2,680,663
Labor	-117,450	-72,233	69,712		282,748	0	-21,302		-2,601,922	-2,460,447
Other	-501,975	-410,511	-60,461	0	-1,305,120	0	17,553		640,953	-1,619,561
Shared Services		100			8,214		1		506,694	514,909
Total	-935,887	-58,529	-782	807	-950,094		449,230		-1,690,361	-3,186,423





