

# HTurbo: Fast predictions for Higgs production at the LHC

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# Outline

## ① QCD in a nutshell

- The Standard Model & strong interactions
- Probing matter at the nuclear scale
- Factorization theorem

## ② Dealing with divergences

- Perturbative QCD and series expansion
- Fixed order calculations
- Resummation

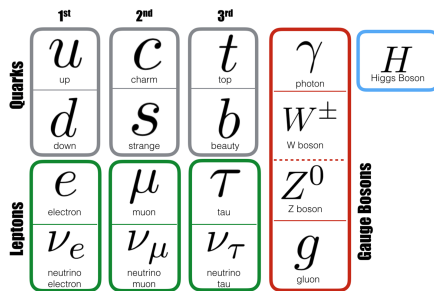
## ③ HTurbo

- Higgs production at the LHC: HRes and HqT
- HTurbo: Fast predictions for Higgs production
- Results & Conclusions

## QCD in a nutshell

# QCD in a nutshell

## The Standard Model



Quantum Field Theory describing physics at the TeV scale

- 1 Fermions composing matter
- 2 Bosons mediating interactions
- 3 Scalar Higgs generating mass

# QCD in a nutshell

Explore the strong interactions

How to explore proton's inner structure?

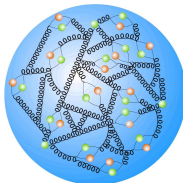
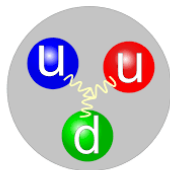


- Point-like projectile on the object  $\rightarrow$  DIS
- Smash the two objects  $\rightarrow$  LHC physics

"A way to analyze high energy collisions is to consider any hadron as a composition of point-like constituents  $\rightarrow$  **partons**" R.Feynman, 1969

# QCD in a nutshell

## Parton Distribution Functions



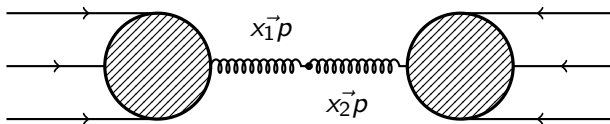
- Hadrons made of partonic objects  $\longrightarrow$  non perturbative physics
- Interactions take place only at partonic level

Parton Distribution Functions: probability distribution of finding a particular parton (u, d, ..., g) carrying a fraction  $x$  of the proton's momentum

# QCD in a nutshell

## Factorization theorem

Observables in hadronic events  $\longrightarrow \sigma$  is hard to compute



Factorize the problem  $\longrightarrow$  Convolute the **PDFs** with the partonic  $\hat{\sigma}_{ij}$

$$\sigma = \int_0^1 dx_1 dx_2 f_\alpha(x_1, \mu_F) * f_\beta(x_2, \mu_F) * \hat{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}(\alpha_s(\mu_R), \mu_F)$$

- Partonic  $\hat{\sigma}$  can be computed as perturbative series in  $\alpha_s$
- **PDFs** absorb the non perturbative effects, evaluated at  $\mu_F$

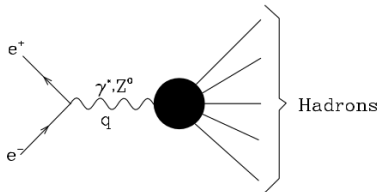
## Dealing with divergences



# Partonic cross section and pQCD

Why do we need series expansion?

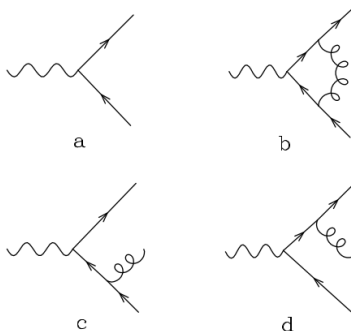
- 1 QCD in  $e^+e^-$  collisions
- 2 Measure only hadrons in the final state
- 3 Factorization theorem helps us to understand short range interactions



# Perturbative QCD

## Higher order corrections

- 1 QCD in  $e^+e^-$  collisions
- 2 Measure only hadrons in the final state
- 3 Factorization theorem helps us to understand short range interactions



Fixed Order computations  
diverge!

## HTurbo: Fast predictions for Higgs production

# HqT and HRes

Predictions for Higgs  $q_T$  distribution

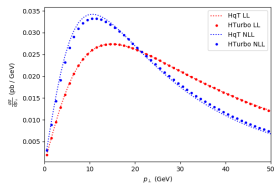
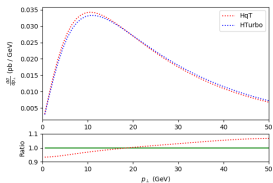
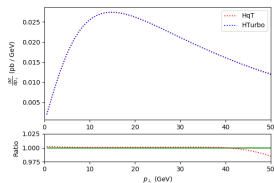
# DYTurbo

Modify a fast version for Drell Yan

- ① Matrix element
- ② Sudakov factor
- ③ Hard coefficients
- ④ LO integration

# Results

## Comparison HTurbo and HqT



- HTurbo produces qt distributions that match HRes and HqT
- Excellent numerical agreement up to NNLO

# Summary & Conclusions

- ① Fast predictions are required towards the precision era of the LHC
- ② HTurbo produces qt distributions that perfectly match HRes and HqT
- ③ Predictions by HTurbo are much faster than any of the existing codes
- ④ Next steps: Implement PDF evolution N3LO distributions

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