

# **Introduction to ASP.NET vNext**

Bangkok .NET Users Group

*Jetabroad (Thailand) Offices February 3rd 2015*

# Overview

*Ace*

# Runtime and .Net Framework

- Ability to deploy the framework along with the application
- Upgrading framework can be done per app

# Runtime and Framework

Being able to run on three runtimes:

- Core CLR (Cloud-Optimized Runtime)
- Full .Net CLR
- Cross-Platform CLR

# Runtime and .Net Framework

ExampleApplication X Welcome to ASP.NET 5

Application  
Build  
Debug

Configuration: N/A Platform: N/A

Name: ExampleApplication

Default namespace: ExampleApplication

Target KRE version: KRE-CLR-x86.1.0.0-beta1

Web root:

- KRE-CLR-amd64.1.0.0-beta1
- KRE-CLR-x86.1.0.0-beta1
- KRE-CoreCLR-amd64.1.0.0-beta1
- KRE-CoreCLR-x86.1.0.0-beta1

# Runtime and .Net Framework

- kre (k runtime engine)
  - Bootstrap and run an application
- kvm (k version manager)
  - To install/upgrade/get/switch kre(s) on machines.

```
PS SQLSERVER:\> kvm list
```

Active	Version	Runtime	Architecture	Location	Alias
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	1.0.0-beta1	CLR	amd64	C:\Users\Ace\.kre\packages	
	1.0.0-beta1	CLR	x86	C:\Users\Ace\.kre\packages	
	1.0.0-beta1	CoreCLR	amd64	C:\Users\Ace\.kre\packages	
	1.0.0-beta1	CoreCLR	x86	C:\Users\Ace\.kre\packages	
	1.0.0-beta2	CLR	amd64	C:\Users\Ace\.kre\packages	
*	1.0.0-beta2	CLR	x86	C:\Users\Ace\.kre\packages	default
	1.0.0-beta2	CoreCLR	amd64	C:\Users\Ace\.kre\packages	
	1.0.0-beta2	CoreCLR	x86	C:\Users\Ace\.kre\packages	

# Runtime and .Net Framework

- System.Web assembly is monolithic.
- No matter how small changes ,means shipping a new version of the entire assembly.
- Removes the dependency on monolithic framework assemblies.

# Runtime and .Net Framework

- System.Web functionality has been moved into smaller pieces of NuGet packages.
- Upgrading dependencies can be done for specific packages.



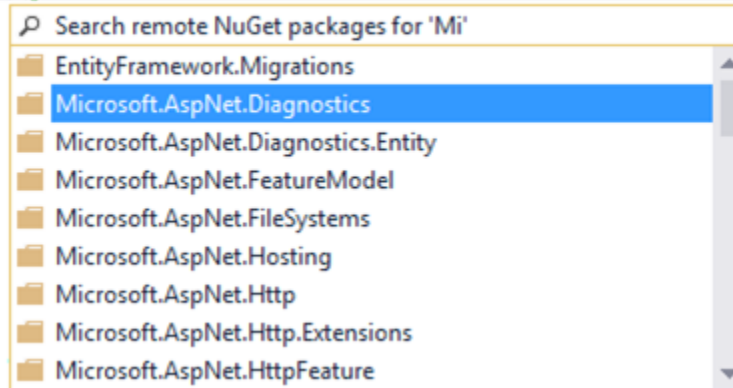
# Runtime and .Net Framework

```
"dependencies": {  
  "EntityFramework.SqlServer": "7.0.0-beta1",  
  "EntityFramework.Commands": "7.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.AspNet.Mvc": "6.0.0-beta1",  
  //"Microsoft.AspNet.Mvc.WebApiCompatShim": "6.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.AspNet.Diagnostics": "1.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.AspNet.Diagnostics.Entity": "7.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.AspNet.Identity.EntityFramework": "3.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.AspNet.Security.Cookies": "1.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.AspNet.Server.IIS": "1.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.AspNet.Server.WebListener": "1.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.AspNet.StaticFiles": "1.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.Framework.ConfigurationModel.Json": "1.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.Framework.CodeGenerators.Mvc": "1.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.Framework.Logging": "1.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.Framework.Logging.Console": "1.0.0-beta1",  
  "Microsoft.VisualStudio.Web.BrowserLink.Loader": "14.0.0-beta1"  
},
```

# Runtime and .Net Framework

```
"Microsoft.VisualStudio.Web.BrowserLink.Loader": "14.0.0-beta1",
```

```
"Mi"
```



# Runtime and .Net Framework

- kpm (k package manager)
  - Responsible for all operation involved with packages in an application

```
PS C:\Windows\system32> d:  
PS D:\> kpm pack -o d:\websites\dfs --overwrite --no-source --runtime kre-clr-x86.1.0.0-beta2 --configuration Debug
```

# Hosting

- Designed as cross platform and host agnostic.
- No longer dependent on a system installation of .NET.
- More control over http pipelining. Better performance.

# Hosting

## - IIS

```
"dependencies": {  
  "Microsoft.AspNet.Server.IIS": "1.0.0-alpha4"  
}
```

## - Self-Hosting

```
"dependencies": {  
  "Microsoft.AspNet.Server.WebListener": "1.0.0-alpha4"  
}
```

# Hosting

## - Http Pipelining

```
using System;
using Microsoft.AspNet.Builder;
using Microsoft.Framework.DependencyInjection;

namespace MvcApplication
{
    public class Startup
    {
        public void Configure(IApplicationBuilder app)
        {
            app.UseServices(services => { services.AddMvc(); });
            app.UseMvc();
        }
    }
}
```

# Hosting

- k
  - k build: Build an application
  - k run: Run an application
  - k web: Host and Run a web application

```
PS C:\Windows\system32> d:  
PS D:\> cd D:\DevZone\DFS\Jetabroad.Dfs\src\Jetabroad.Dfs.Control  
PS D:\DevZone\DFS\Jetabroad.Dfs\src\Jetabroad.Dfs.Control> k web  
Started
```

# Dependency Injection

- Built-in DI for configuring services/libraries.
- Supports BYOC (Bring Your Own Container).



# Demo

Chaow

# Front-End vNext

Working with JavaScript and CSS  
Will

# Old style: Microsoft-Only Tools

**Hosting**

NuGet

**Transformation**

ASP.NET Bundling



Microsoft

# New style: Standard JavaScript Tools

**Hosting**

Bower



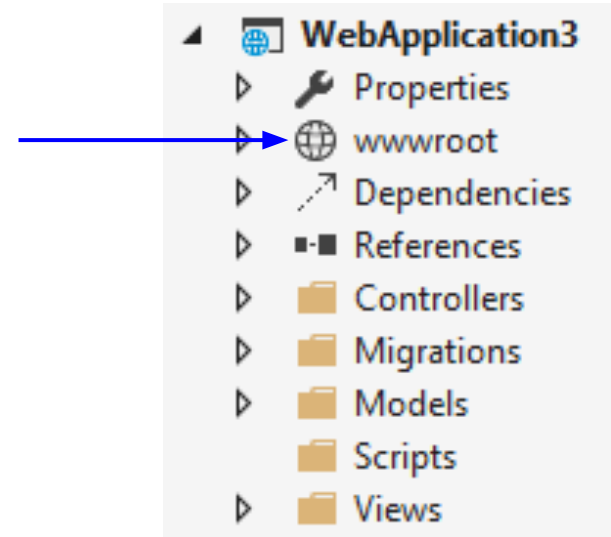
**Transformation**

Grunt



# New Directory: wwwroot

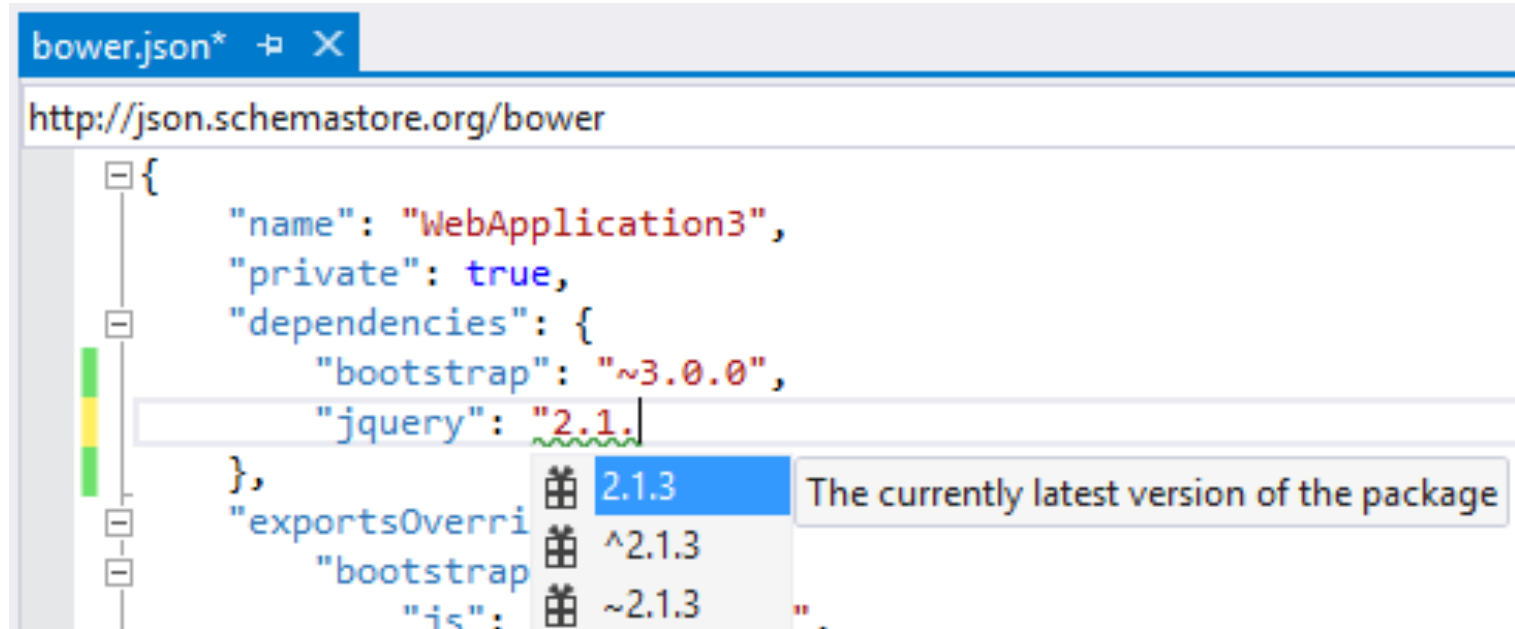
- Anything in `wwwroot` will be web-accessible.
- Libraries are put **inside** `wwwroot`.
- Custom JS and CSS are put **outside** `wwwroot`
  - Only the minified versions will go inside `wwwroot`



# Using Bower

- List library in bower.json
- Run package restore
  - Packages are downloaded to `wwwroot`

# Bower: Front-End Package Manager



The image shows a code editor window titled "bower.json\*". The address bar displays "http://json.schemastore.org/bower". The main content area shows a JSON configuration for a Bower project named "WebApplication3". The "dependencies" section lists "bootstrap" as "~3.0.0" and "jquery" as "2.1.". A dropdown menu is open for the "jquery" entry, showing version options: "2.1.3" (highlighted), "^2.1.3", and "~2.1.3". A tooltip for the selected "2.1.3" version states: "The currently latest version of the package".

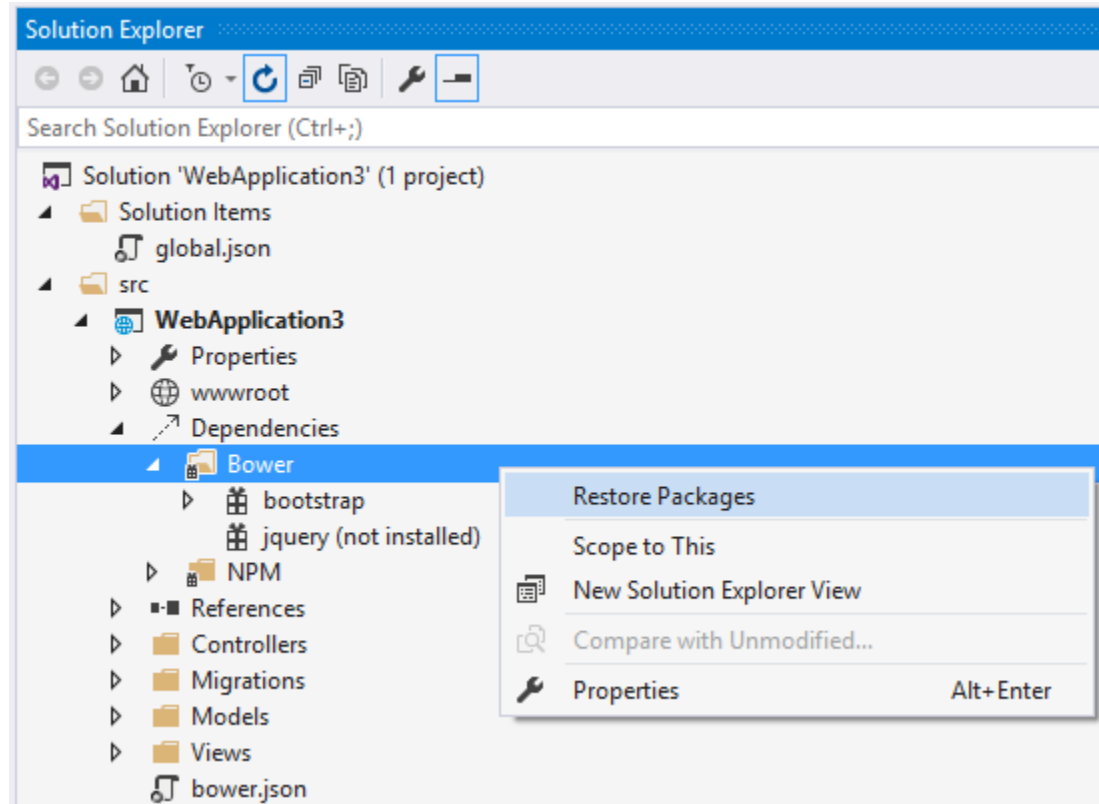
```
{
  "name": "WebApplication3",
  "private": true,
  "dependencies": {
    "bootstrap": "~3.0.0",
    "jquery": "2.1."
  },
  "exportsOverrides": {
    "bootstrap": {
      "js": "..."
    }
  }
}
```

2.1.3 The currently latest version of the package

^2.1.3

~2.1.3

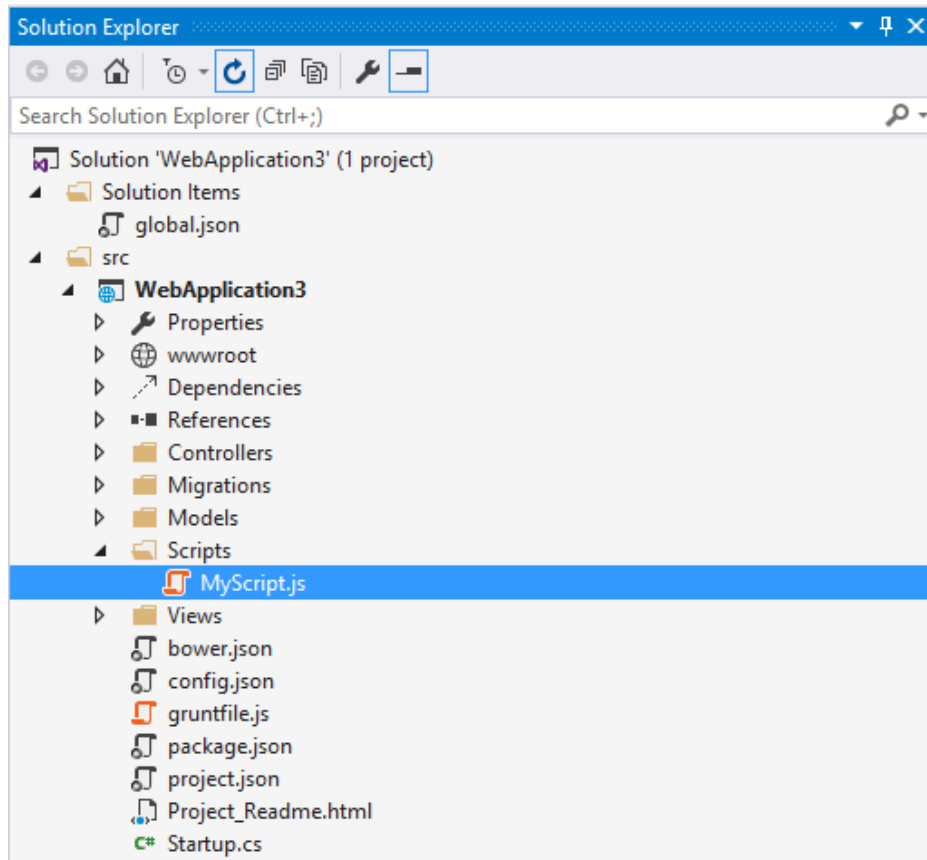
# Bower: Front-End Package Manager





# Using Grunt

1. List task in in `package.json`
2. Run `package restore`
3. Configure task in `gruntfile.js`
4. Run task via Task Runner Explorer



```
{  
  "version": "0.0.0",  
  "name": "WebApplication3",  
  "devDependencies": {  
    "grunt": "^0.4.5",  
    "grunt-bower-task": "^0.4.0",  
    "grunt-contrib-uglify": "^0.7.0"  
  }  
}
```

**grunt-contrib-uglify**

Type: string

**grunt-contrib-uglify**

Minify files with UglifyJS.

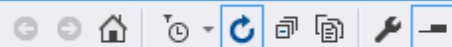
Latest: 0.7.0

Author: Grunt Team

License: n/a

Homepage: <https://github.com/gruntjs/grunt-contrib-uglify>

# Solution Explorer



Search Solution Explorer (Ctrl+;)

- ▲ Solution Items
  - 📄 global.json
- ▲ src
  - ▲ 🌐 WebApplication3
    - ▶ 🔧 Properties
    - ▶ 🌐 wwwroot
    - ▲ ➡ Dependencies
      - ▶ 📦 Bower
    - ▶ 📦 NPM
      - ▶ 📦 grunt
      - ▶ 📦 grunt-bower-task
      - ▶ 📦 grunt-contrib-uglify (not installed)
    - ▶ 📦 References
    - ▶ 📁 Controllers
    - ▶ 📁 Migrations
    - ▶ 📁 Models
    - ▲ 📁 Scripts
      - 📄 MyScript.js
    - ▶ 📁 Views
    - 📄 bower.json
    - 📄 config.json
    - 📄 gruntfile.js
    - 📄 package.json
    - 📄 project.json

Restore Packages

Scope to This

📄 New Solution Explorer View

🔍 Compare with Unmodified...

🔧 Properties

&lt;global&gt;

```
module.exports = function (grunt) {  
  grunt.initConfig({  
    bower: {  
      install: {  
        options: {  
          targetDir: "wwwroot/lib",  
          layout: "byComponent",  
          cleanTargetDir: false  
        }  
      }  
    },  
    uglify: {  
      scripts: {  
        files: {  
          'wwwroot/dest/output.min.js': ['Scripts/*']  
        }  
      }  
    }  
  });  
  
  grunt.registerTask("default", ["bower:install"]);  
  
  // The following line loads the grunt plugins.  
  // This line needs to be at the end of this this file.  
  grunt.loadNpmTasks("grunt-bower-task");  
  grunt.loadNpmTasks('grunt-contrib-uglify');  
};
```

## Task Runner Explorer

Project WebApplication3

gruntfile.js

Alias Tasks

default

Tasks

bower

uglify

so



Run

Bindings

Before Build

After Build

Clean

Project Open

uglify x

```
C:\Users\will.fuqua\Documents\Visual Studio 2015\Project
b "C:\Users\will.fuqua\Documents\Visual Studio 2015\Pro
\Users\will.fuqua\Documents\Visual Studio 2015\Projects
Running "uglify:scripts" (uglify) task
>> 1 file created.
Process terminated with code 0.
```

Output

Task Runner Explorer

Great, but how do I debug?

Source Maps!  
Supported in all browsers  
(even IE!)





```
uglify: {  
  options: {  
    sourceMap: true  
  },  
  scripts: {  
    files: {  
      'wwwroot/dest/output.min.js': ['Scripts/*']  
    }  
  }  
}
```

Sources Content scripts Snippets (index) output.min.js x MyScript.js

▶ (no domain)  
▼ localhost:32286  
    ▼ Scripts

```
1 function sayHello(a){alert("Hello "+a)}sayHello("vNext");  
2 //# sourceMappingURL=output.min.js.map
```

▶ Watch Expressions +  
▼ Call Stack Async  
Not Paused

Sources Content scripts Snippets (index) output.min.js MyScript.js x

▼ localhost:32286  
    ▶ Scripts  
    ▶ css  
    ▶ dest  
    ▶ lib  
    (index)  
▶ localhost:35310

```
1 function sayHello(name) {  
2   alert("Hello " + name);  
3 }  
4 sayHello("vNext");
```

▶ Watch Expressions +  
▼ Call Stack Async  
sayHello MyScript.js:2  
(anonymous function) MyScript.js:5  
Paused on a JavaScript breakpoint.  
▼ Scope Variables  
▼ Local  
    a: "vNext"  
    ▶ this: Window  
▶ Global Window  
▼ Breakpoints  
    ☒ MyScript.js:2  
        alert("Hello " + name);  
▶ DOM Breakpoints  
▶ XHR Breakpoints +  
▶ Event Listener Breakpoints

Bower: Package manager for client-side libraries

Grunt: Task runner for the client-side

Bower: Over 25,000 libraries

Grunt: Over 4,000 tasks

# C# 6.0

The New Features  
Dew

# Member declaration features

- Initializers for auto-properties

```
public class Customer {  
    public string First { get; set; } = "Jane";  
    public string Last { get; set; } = "Doe";  
}
```

- Getter-only auto properties

```
public class Customer {  
    public string First { get; } = "Jane";  
    public string Last { get; }  
    public Customer(string last) { Last = last; }  
}
```

# Member declaration features (cont)

```
public class Customer {  
    private string first = "Jane";  
    private string last = "Doe";  
    public string First {  
        get { return this.first; }  
        set { this.first = value; }  
    };  
  
    public string Last {  
        get { return this.last; }  
        set { this.last = value; }  
    }  
}
```

```
public class Customer {  
    public string First { get; set; } = "Jane";  
    public string Last { get; set; } = "Doe";  
}
```

# Expression bodied function members

- Expression bodies on method-like members

```
public Point Move(int dx, int dy) => new Point(x + dx, y + dy);  
public static Complex operator +(Complex a, Complex b) => a.Add(b);  
public static implicit operator string(Person p) => p.First + " " + p.Last;  
public void Print() => Console.WriteLine(First + " " + Last);
```

- Expression bodies on property-like function members

```
public string Name => First + " " + Last;  
public Customer this[long id] => store.LookupCustomer(id);
```

# Expression bodied function members (cont)

```
public Point Move(int dx, int dy) {  
    return new Point(x + dx, y + dy);  
}  
  
public static Complex operator +(Complex a, Complex  
b) {  
    a.Add(b);  
}  
  
public static implicit operator string(Person p) {  
    return p.First + " " + p.Last;  
}  
  
public void Print() {  
    Console.WriteLine(First + " " + Last);  
}
```

```
public Point Move(int dx, int dy) => new Point(x + dx, y +  
dy);  
  
public static Complex operator +(Complex a, Complex  
b) => a.Add(b);  
  
public static implicit operator string(Person p) => p.First  
+ " " + p.Last;  
  
public void Print() => Console.WriteLine(First + " " +  
Last);
```



# Expression bodied function members (cont)

```
public string Name { get { return First + " " + Last; } }
```

```
public string Name => First + " " + Last;
```

```
public Customer this[long id] {  
    return store.LookupCustomer(id);  
}
```

```
public Customer this[long id] => store.LookupCustomer  
(id);
```

# Import features

- No more

```
Console.WriteLine("Hello World");  
Math.Sqrt(9);
```

- Simpler way

```
using static System.Console;  
using static System.Math;
```

```
WriteLine("Hello World");  
Sqrt(9);
```

# Parameterless constructors in structs

- C# 5.0 default behavior
- Sample

```
struct Point
{
    public int XCoordinate { get; set; }
    public int YCoordinate { get; set; }
    public Point(int x, int y) : this()
    {
        XCoordinate = x;
        YCoordinate = y;
    }
}
```

## Usage:

```
var p1 = new Point(150, 240);
var p2 = new Point(150, 240);

// print 150
Console.WriteLine(p1.XCoordinate);
// print 240
Console.WriteLine(p1.YCoordinate);
```

# Parameterless constructors in structs

```
struct Point
{
    public int XCoordinate { get; set; }
    public int YCoordinate { get; set; }
    public Point(int x, int y) : this()
    {
        XCoordinate = x;
        YCoordinate = y;
    }
}
```

```
struct Point
{
    public int XCoordinate { get; set; }
    public int YCoordinate { get; set; }
    public Point() : this(100, 50) { }
    public Point(int x, int y) {
        XCoordinate = x;
        YCoordinate = y;
    }
}

var p1 = new Point();
// Print 100
WriteLine(p1.XCoordinate);
```

# Null-conditional operators

- Checking for null has never been easier

```
int? length = customers?.Length;           // null if customers is null  
int? orders = customers?[0].Orders.Count;  // null if customers is null
```

- Taking a step further

```
int length = customers?.Length ?? 0;  
if (predicate?.Invoke(e) ?? false) { ... }  
PropertyChanged?.Invoke(this, args);
```

# Null-conditional operators (cont)

```
int? length = customers == null ? (int?) null : customers.Length;
```

```
int? orders = customers == null
```

```
    ? (int?) null
```

```
    : customers[0].Orders == null
```

```
        ? (int?) null
```

```
        : customers[0].Orders.Count;
```

```
int? length = customers?.Length;
```

```
int? orders = customers?[0].Orders?.Count;
```

```
int length = customers?.Length ?? 0;
```

```
if (predicate?.Invoke(e) ?? false) { ... }
```

```
PropertyChanged?.Invoke(this, args);
```

# String interpolation

- No more

```
var greeting = string.Format("Hello {0} Age: {1}", user.Name, user.Age.ToString("D3");  
Console.WriteLine("GUID: {0}", Guid.NewGuid().ToString("N"));
```

- Simpler way

```
var greeting = $"Hello {user.Name} Age: {user.Age:D3}";  
WriteLine($"Guid: {Guid.NewGuid() :N}");
```

# nameof expressions

- Ordinary string literals for this purpose is error prone
- Use nameof expression

```
if (user.Username == null) throw new ArgumentNullException(nameof(user.Username));  
WriteLine(nameof(person.Address.ZipCode)); // prints "ZipCode"
```



# nameof expressions (cont)

```
if (username == null) throw new  
ArgumentNullException("Useraname");
```

```
var s = string.Format("Name: {0}, Value: {1}",  
"Useraname", c.Username);
```

```
(if username == null) throw new  
ArgumentNullException(nameof(username));
```

```
var s = $"Name: {nameof(c.Username)}, Value:  
{c.Username}";
```

# Index Initializers (cont)

```
var jsonObject = new Dictionary<string, string> {  
    {"Source", "Jetabroad Thailand"},  
    {"Token", Guid.NewGuid().ToString()},  
};
```

```
var jsonObject = new Dictionary<string, string> {  
    ["Source"] = "Jetabroad Thailand",  
    ["Token"] = Guid.NewGuid(),  
};
```

# Exception filters

- VB has them, F# has them
- C# has them too

```
try { ... }  
catch (MyException e) if (myfilter(e)) {  
    ...  
}
```

## Usage:

```
private static bool Log(Exception e) {  
    /** log it by any logger **/  
    return false;  
}  
  
try {  
    ...  
}  
catch (Exception e) if (Log(e)) {  
    ...  
}
```

# Await in catch and finally blocks

- In C# 5.0 await keyword was not allowed in catch and finally blocks
- The code looks like:

```
Resource res = null;
try {
    res = await Resource.OpenAsync(...);           // You could do this.
} catch(ResourceException e) {
    await Resource.LogAsync(res, e);               // Now you can do this ...
} finally {
    if (res != null) await res.CloseAsync();       // ... and this.
}
```

# **ASP.NET vNext build with TeamCity and Octopus Deployment.**



# Agenda

- Teamcity
  - Prerequisites
  - Continuous Integration
  - Deployment
- Octopus Deployment

# Teamcity - Prerequisites

- Create an user account to run a Teamcity Build Agent.
- Change the TeamCity Build Agent service user account.
- Install a KVM and KRE into service user account.
- Install node.js, npm, grunt-cli and Git for Windows.

# TeamCity – Continuous Integration

- Use `KPM RESTORE` command to restore packages.
- Use `KPM BUILD` command to build an application.
- Use `K TEST` command to run the unit test.



# KPM RESTORE command

```
@echo off
```

```
cd %teamcity.build.workingDir%
```

```
SETLOCAL
```

```
CALL kvm use default -runtime CLR -amd64
```

```
CALL kvm list
```

```
@powershell -NoProfile -ExecutionPolicy unrestricted -Command "Get-ChildItem %mr.  
SourceFolder% global.json -rec -erroraction 'silentlycontinue' | Select-Object -Expand  
DirectoryName | Foreach { cmd /C cd $_ `& CALL kpm restore }; exit $Lastexitcode"
```

```
[root]
```

```
[src]
```

```
[src_folder1]
```

```
project.json
```

```
[src_folder2]
```

```
project.json
```

```
[src_folder2_1]
```

```
project.json
```

```
[src_folder2_2]
```

```
project.json
```

```
[test]
```

```
[test_folder1]
```

```
project.json
```

```
[test_folder1_1]
```

```
project.json
```

```
global.json
```

# KPM BUILD Command

```
@echo off
```

```
cd %teamcity.build.workingDir%
```

```
SETLOCAL
```

```
CALL kvm use default -runtime CLR -amd64
```

```
CALL kvm list
```

```
@powershell -NoProfile -ExecutionPolicy unrestricted -Command "Get-ChildItem %mr.  
SourceFolder% project.json -rec -erroraction 'silentlycontinue' | Foreach { kpm build  
$_.FullName --configuration %mr.Configuration% }; exit $LastExitCode"
```

# KPM BUILD Command (Cont...)

[root]

[src]

[src\_folder1]

project.json

[src\_folder2]

project.json

[src\_folder2\_1]

project.json

[src\_folder2\_2]

project.json

[test]

[test\_folder1]

project.json

[test\_folder1\_1]

project.json

global.json

- c:\[root]\[src]\[src\_folder1]
- c:\[root]\[src]\[src\_folder2]
- c:\[root]\[src]\[src\_folder2]\[src\_folder2\_1]
- c:\[root]\[src]\[src\_folder2]\[src\_folder2\_2]
- c:\[root]\[test]\[test\_folder1]
- c:\[root]\[test]\[test\_folder1]\[test\_folder1\_1]

# K TEST Command

```
@echo off
```

```
cd %teamcity.build.workingDir%
```

```
SETLOCAL
```

```
CALL kvm use default -runtime CLR -amd64
```

```
CALL kvm list
```

```
@powershell -NoProfile -ExecutionPolicy unrestricted -Command "Get-ChildItem %mr.  
SourceFolder% project.json -rec -erroraction 'silentlycontinue' | Where-Object { $_.  
FullName -like '*test*' } | Select-Object -Expand DirectoryName | Foreach { cmd /C cd $_  
`&`& k test -teamcity }; exit $Lastexitcode"
```

# K TEST Command (Cont...)

```
[root]
  [src]
    [src_folder1]
      project.json
    [src_folder2]
      project.json
      [src_folder2_1]
        project.json
      [src_folder2_2]
        project.json
  [test]
    [test_folder1]
      project.json
      [test_folder1_1]
        project.json
  global.json
```

- c:\[root]\[test]\[test\_folder1]
- c:\[root]\[test]\[test\_folder1]\[test\_folder1\_1]

# TeamCity – Deployment

- Use `KPM RESTORE` command to restore packages.
- Use `KPM BUILD` command to build an application.
- Use `KPM PACK` command to create a deployment package.

# KPM PACK Command

```
@echo off
```

```
cd %teamcity.build.workingDir%
```

```
SETLOCAL
```

```
@powershell -NoProfile -ExecutionPolicy unrestricted -Command "del %teamcity.build.  
workingDir%\artifacts\* -Force -Recurse"
```

```
CALL kvm use default -runtime CLR -amd64
```

```
CALL kvm list
```

```
CALL kpm pack "%mr.ProjectJson%" -o artifacts --no-source --overwrite --configuration %  
mr.Configuration% --runtime KRE-CLR-amd64.1.0.0-beta1
```

```
@echo on
```

```
echo "##teamcity[publishArtifacts 'artifacts => %mr.ArtifactsName%']"
```

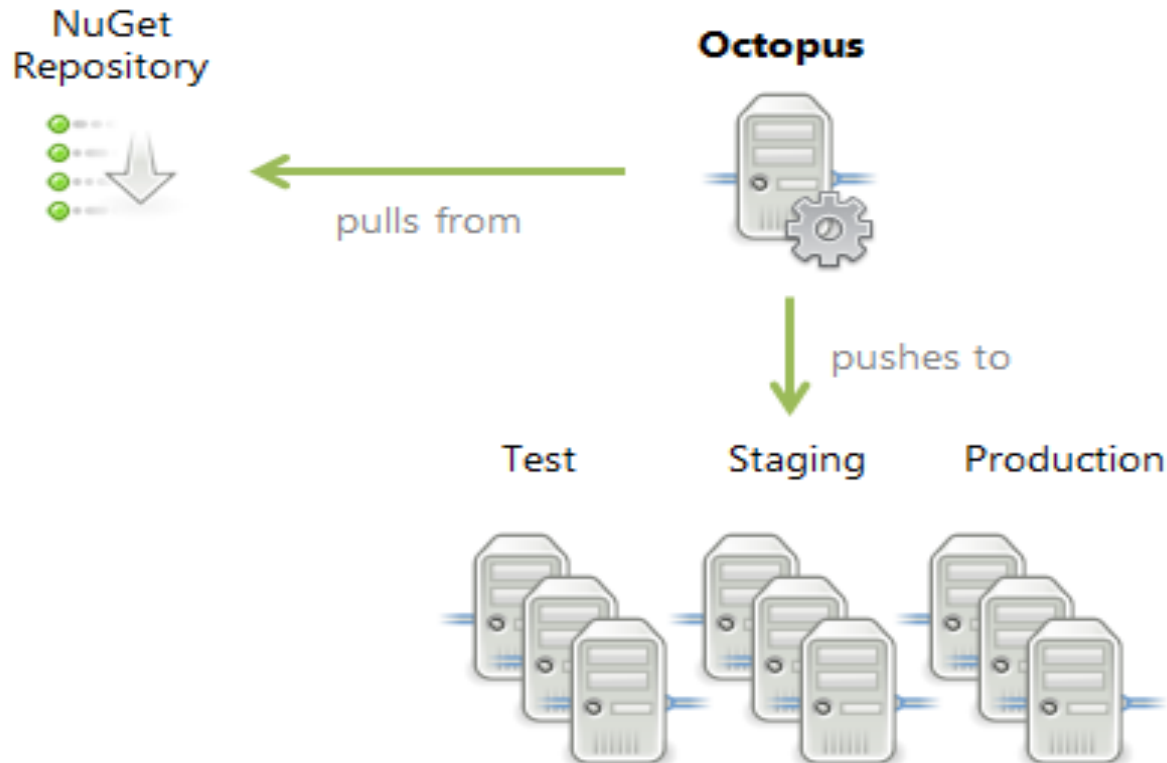
# KPM PACK Command (Cont...)

```
[root]
  [src]
    [src_folder1]
      project.json
    [src_folder2]
      project.json
      [src_folder2_1]
        project.json
      [src_folder2_2]
        project.json
  [test]
    [test_folder1]
      project.json
      [test_folder1_1]
        project.json
  global.json
```

- C:\[root]\[src]\[src\_folder1]
- src\_folder1\_application.zip



# Octopus Deployment



# Octopus Deployment (Cont...)

The screenshot displays the Octopus Deploy web interface. On the left, a sidebar contains navigation links: Overview, Process (highlighted), Variables, Releases, and Settings. The main area is titled 'Deployment process' and lists two steps:

- 1. DFS DB Migraton**  
Run a PowerShell script across machines in roles: `dfs`
- 2. Install DFS Control**  
Run a PowerShell script across machines in roles: `dfs`

Below the steps, there is a green 'Add step' button and a 'Reorder steps' link. A red rectangle highlights the 'Add step' button.

On the right, a modal window titled 'Choose step type' is open. It lists four step types, each with a PowerShell script icon:

- Deploy a NuGet package**  
Deploy a NuGet package to one or more machines running the Tentacle deployment agent.
- Run a PowerShell script**  
Runs a PowerShell script on one or more machines using the Tentacle deployment agent.
- Send an email**  
Sends an email using a configured SMTP server.
- Manual intervention required**  
Pauses the deployment for a human to intervene, often used as part of an approval workflow.

A red rectangle highlights the 'Run a PowerShell script' option in the modal.

# Deployment PowerShell Script

- Copy the application deployment zip packages from TeamCity server.

```
Write-Debug "Copying files."
```

```
cp -Path "\\TeamCity\Full Build\TeamcityBuildId\Jetabroad.Dfs.DataAccess.*.zip" -Destination $dfsCorePath
```

- Extract the application deployment zip packages to target folder.

```
Write-Debug "Extract Ddfs.DataAccess to target folder $dfsDbMigrationPath ."
```

```
& C:\Programs\7za.exe x $dfsCoreZipFile -o"$dfsDbMigrationPath"
```

# Deployment PowerShell Script (Cont...)

- **[Optional]** Change the application settings in the Config.json file.

```
$configFile = ls "$dfsDbMigrationPath\approot\packages\Jetabroad.Dfs.DataAccess" "config.json" -
Recurse -ErrorAction SilentlyContinue | % { $_.FullName }

$configObj = (Get-Content $configFile) -join "`n" | ConvertFrom-Json

Write-Debug "Change the database connection string $dfsDbConnectionString"

$configObj.Data.DefaultConnection.ConnectionString = $dfsDbConnectionString
```

- **[Optional]** Run EF command to apply any database migration.

```
Write-Debug "Run the database migration command."

cd $dfsDbMigrationPath

.\ef.cmd migration apply -c DfsDbContext
```