

# FML ASSIGNMENT-5

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## R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see <http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com>.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

```
#install.packages("cluster")
#install.packages("caret")
#install.packages("dendextend")
#install.packages("factoextra")
#install.packages("knitr")

library(cluster)

## Warning: package 'cluster' was built under R version 4.2.3

library(caret)

## Warning: package 'caret' was built under R version 4.2.3

## Loading required package: ggplot2

## Loading required package: lattice

library(dendextend)

## Warning: package 'dendextend' was built under R version 4.2.3

##
## -----
## Welcome to dendextend version 1.17.1
## Type citation('dendextend') for how to cite the package.
##
## Type browseVignettes(package = 'dendextend') for the package vignette.
## The github page is: https://github.com/talgalili/dendextend/
##
## Suggestions and bug-reports can be submitted at: https://github.com/talgalili/dendextend/issues
## You may ask questions at stackoverflow, use the r and dendextend tags:
```

```
## https://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/dendextend
##
## To suppress this message use: suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(dendextend))
## -----

##
## Attaching package: 'dendextend'

## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##      cutree

library(knitr)
library(factoextra)

## Warning: package 'factoextra' was built under R version 4.2.3

## Welcome! Want to learn more? See two factoextra-related books at https://goo.gl/ve3WBa

cereals_data <- read.csv("C:/Users/jetan/Downloads/Cereals.csv")
str(cereals_data)

## 'data.frame': 77 obs. of 16 variables:
## $ name : chr "100%_Bran" "100%_Natural_Bran" "All-Bran" "All-Bran_with_Extra_Fiber" ...
## $ mfr : chr "N" "Q" "K" "K" ...
## $ type : chr "C" "C" "C" "C" ...
## $ calories: int 70 120 70 50 110 110 110 130 90 90 ...
## $ protein : int 4 3 4 4 2 2 2 3 2 3 ...
## $ fat : int 1 5 1 0 2 2 0 2 1 0 ...
## $ sodium : int 130 15 260 140 200 180 125 210 200 210 ...
## $ fiber : num 10 2 9 14 1 1.5 1 2 4 5 ...
## $ carbo : num 5 8 7 8 14 10.5 11 18 15 13 ...
## $ sugars : int 6 8 5 0 8 10 14 8 6 5 ...
## $ potass : int 280 135 320 330 NA 70 30 100 125 190 ...
## $ vitamins: int 25 0 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 ...
## $ shelf : int 3 3 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 3 ...
## $ weight : num 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1.33 1 1 ...
## $ cups : num 0.33 1 0.33 0.5 0.75 0.75 1 0.75 0.67 0.67 ...
## $ rating : num 68.4 34 59.4 93.7 34.4 ...

#Removing missing values
sum(is.na(cereals_data))

## [1] 4

colSums(is.na(cereals_data))

##      name      mfr      type calories  protein      fat  sodium  fiber
##      0        0        0        0        0        0        0        0
```

```
##      carbo      sugars      potass vitamins      shelf      weight      cups      rating
##          1          1          2          0          0          0          0          0
```

```
cereals1<- na.omit(cereals_data) #missing values removed
colMeans(is.na(cereals1))
```

```
##      name      mfr      type calories      protein      fat      sodium      fiber
##          0          0          0          0          0          0          0          0
##      carbo      sugars      potass vitamins      shelf      weight      cups      rating
##          0          0          0          0          0          0          0          0
```

```
cerealsnames <- cereals1[,c(1,2)]
cerealsnames
```

```
##
##              name mfr
## 1          100%_Bran  N
## 2      100%_Natural_Bran  Q
## 3              All-Bran  K
## 4  All-Bran_with_Extra_Fiber  K
## 6      Apple_Cinnamon_Cheerios  G
## 7              Apple_Jacks  K
## 8              Basic_4  G
## 9              Bran_Chex  R
## 10             Bran_Flakes  P
## 11             Cap'n'Crunch  Q
## 12              Cheerios  G
## 13      Cinnamon_Toast_Crunch  G
## 14              Clusters  G
## 15             Cocoa_Puffs  G
## 16             Corn_Chex  R
## 17             Corn_Flakes  K
## 18             Corn_Pops  K
## 19             Count_Chocula  G
## 20      Cracklin'_Oat_Bran  K
## 22              Crispix  K
## 23      Crispy_Wheat_&_Raisins  G
## 24             Double_Chex  R
## 25             Froot_Loops  K
## 26             Frosted_Flakes  K
## 27      Frosted_Mini-Wheats  K
## 28 Fruit_&_Fibre_Dates,_Walnuts,_and_Oats  P
## 29             Fruitful_Bran  K
## 30             Fruity_Pebbles  P
## 31             Golden_Crisp  P
## 32             Golden_Grahams  G
## 33             Grape_Nuts_Flakes  P
## 34             Grape-Nuts  P
## 35             Great_Grains_Pecan  P
## 36             Honey_Graham_Ohs  Q
## 37             Honey_Nut_Cheerios  G
## 38             Honey-comb  P
```

```

## 39      Just_Right_Crunchy__Nuggets    K
## 40      Just_Right_Fruit_&_Nut       K
## 41      Kix                          G
## 42      Life                         Q
## 43      Lucky_Charms                 G
## 44      Maypo                        A
## 45      Muesli_Raisins,_Dates,_&_Almonds R
## 46      Muesli_Raisins,_Peaches,_&_Pecans R
## 47      Mueslix_Crispy_Blend         K
## 48      Multi-Grain_Cheerios         G
## 49      Nut&Honey_Crunch             K
## 50      Nutri-Grain_Almond-Raisin    K
## 51      Nutri-grain_Wheat            K
## 52      Oatmeal_Raisin_Crisp        G
## 53      Post_Nat._Raisin_Bran       P
## 54      Product_19                  K
## 55      Puffed_Rice                 Q
## 56      Puffed_Wheat                Q
## 57      Quaker_Oat_Squares           Q
## 59      Raisin_Bran                 K
## 60      Raisin_Nut_Bran              G
## 61      Raisin_Squares               K
## 62      Rice_Chex                   R
## 63      Rice_Krispies               K
## 64      Shredded_Wheat              N
## 65      Shredded_Wheat_'n'Bran      N
## 66      Shredded_Wheat_spoon_size   N
## 67      Smacks                      K
## 68      Special_K                   K
## 69      Strawberry_Fruit_Wheats     N
## 70      Total_Corn_Flakes            G
## 71      Total_Raisin_Bran            G
## 72      Total_Whole_Grain            G
## 73      Triples                      G
## 74      Trix                        G
## 75      Wheat_Chex                   R
## 76      Wheaties                     G
## 77      Wheaties_Honey_Gold         G

```

*#It shows us the column name of Cereal's dataset changed from column to row name*

*# Extract full cereal names*

```
cerealsnames<- cereals1[,1]
```

*# Remove duplicate rows*

```
cereals_unique <- cereals1[!duplicated(cereals1),]
```

*# Change column names to row names*

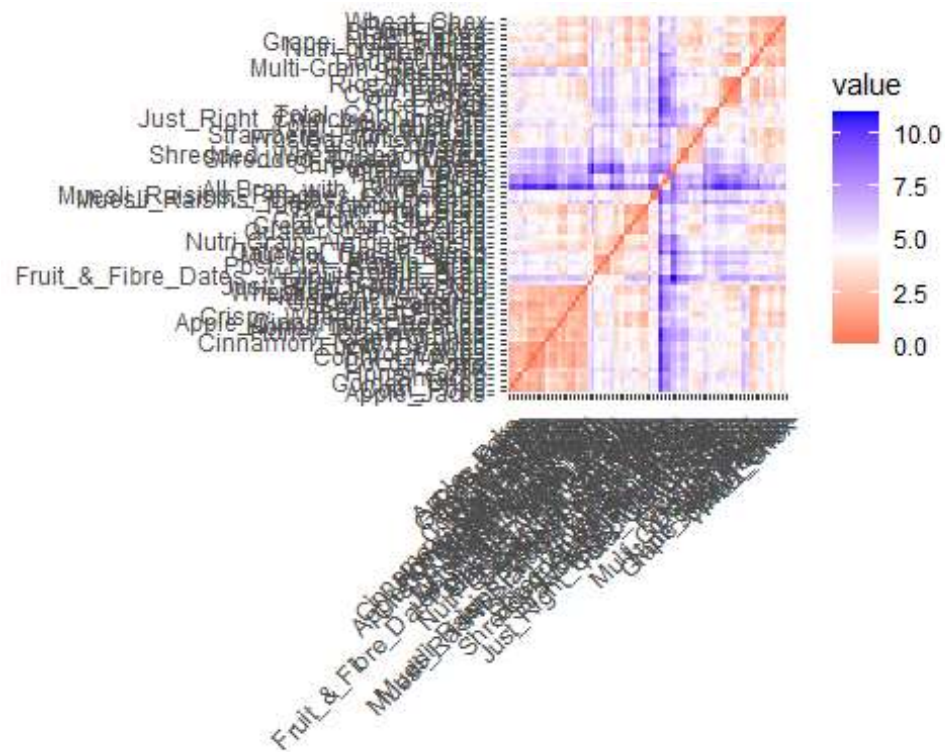
```
row.names(cereals_unique) <- cereals_unique[, 1]
cereals_unique <- cereals_unique[, c(4:12, 14:16)]
```

```
# Normalize the dataset
cereals_normalized <- scale(cereals_unique)
```

```
# View only first 6 rows
head(cereals_normalized)
```

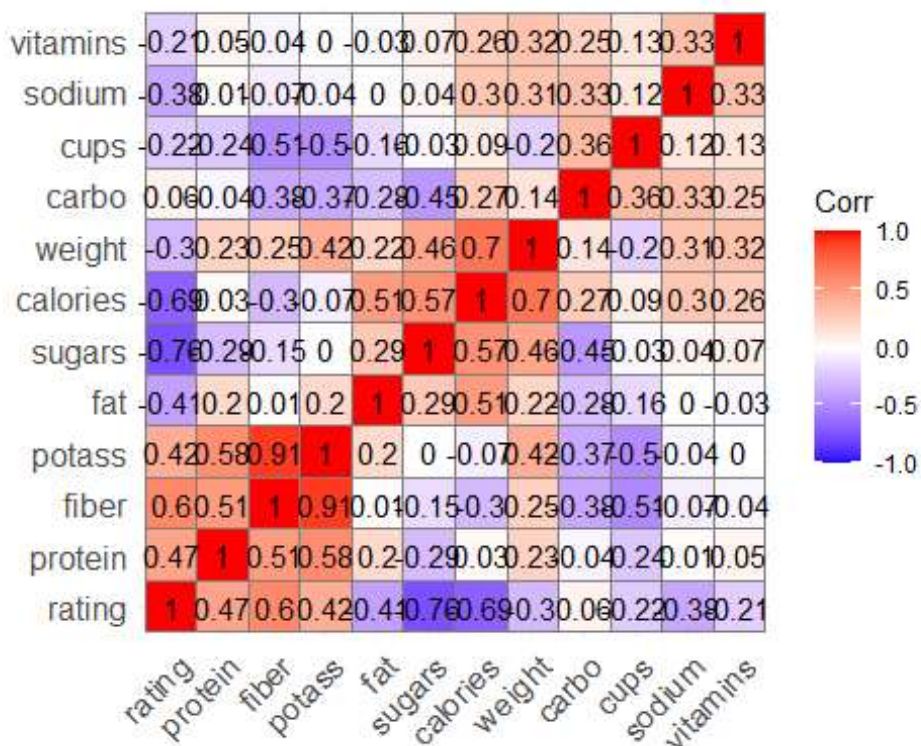
```
##           calories  protein      fat  sodium
## 100%_Bran    -1.8659155  1.3817478  0.0000000 -0.3910227
## 100%_Natural_Bran    0.6537514  0.4522084  3.9728810 -1.7804186
## All-Bran    -1.8659155  1.3817478  0.0000000  1.1795987
## All-Bran_with_Extra_Fiber -2.8737823  1.3817478 -0.9932203 -0.2702057
## Apple_Cinnamon_Cheerios  0.1498180 -0.4773310  0.9932203  0.2130625
## Apple_Jacks  0.1498180 -0.4773310 -0.9932203 -0.4514312
##           fiber    carbo    sugars    potass
## 100%_Bran    3.22866747 -2.5001396 -0.2542051  2.5605229
## 100%_Natural_Bran -0.07249167 -1.7292632  0.2046041  0.5147738
## All-Bran    2.81602258 -1.9862220 -0.4836096  3.1248675
## All-Bran_with_Extra_Fiber 4.87924705 -1.7292632 -1.6306324  3.2659536
## Apple_Cinnamon_Cheerios -0.27881412 -1.0868662  0.6634132 -0.4022862
## Apple_Jacks -0.48513656 -0.9583868  1.5810314 -0.9666308
##           vitamins    weight    cups    rating
## 100%_Bran    -0.1818422 -0.2008324 -2.0856582  1.8549038
## 100%_Natural_Bran -1.3032024 -0.2008324  0.7567534 -0.5977113
## All-Bran    -0.1818422 -0.2008324 -2.0856582  1.2151965
## All-Bran_with_Extra_Fiber -0.1818422 -0.2008324 -1.3644493  3.6578436
## Apple_Cinnamon_Cheerios -0.1818422 -0.2008324 -0.3038480 -0.9165248
## Apple_Jacks -0.1818422 -0.2008324  0.7567534 -0.6553998
```

```
distancetable <- get_dist(cereals_normalized )
fviz_dist(distancetable)
```



*# Correlation between Variables.*

```
library(ggcorrplot)
Correlation <- cor(cereals_normalized )
ggcorrplot(Correlation, outline.color = "grey50", lab = TRUE, hc.order = TRUE
, type = "full")
```



*# K value using Kmeans first and Using both the values elbow and silhouette to see K value.*

```
library(cowplot)
```

*# K value using Kmeans first and Using both the values elbow and silhouette to see K value.*

```
library(cowplot)
```

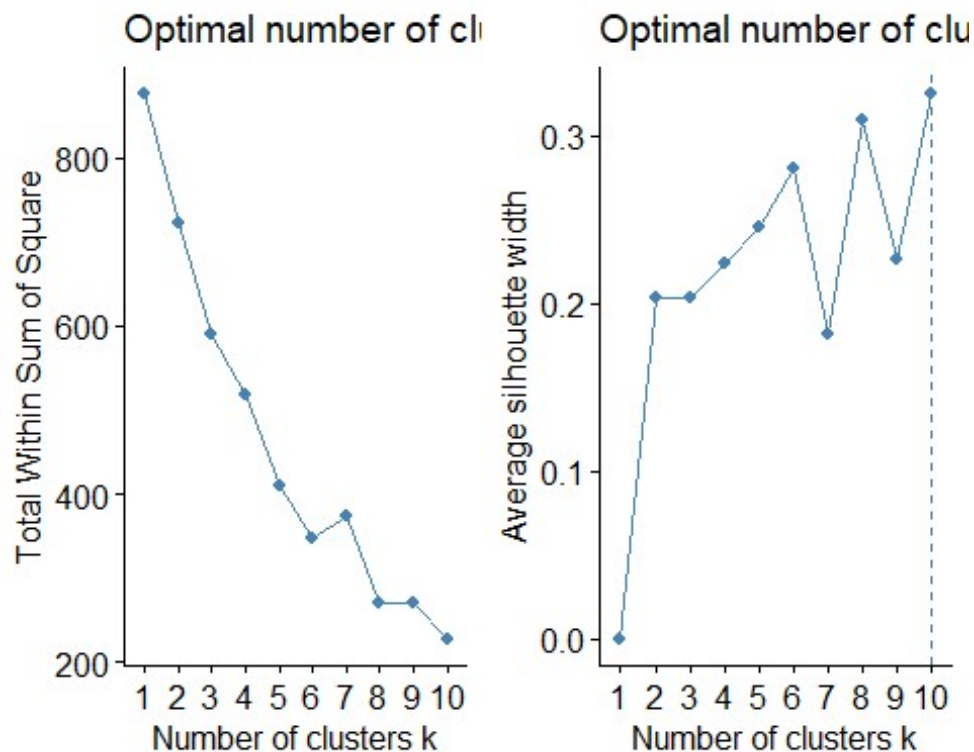
```
Elbowmethod <- fviz_nbclust(cereals_normalized, kmeans, method = "wss")
```

```
Silhouettemethod <- fviz_nbclust(cereals_normalized, kmeans, method = "silhouette")
```

```
plot_grid(Elbowmethod, Silhouettemethod, nrow = 1)
```

*#from both the methods k=10*





```
set.seed(1234)
```

```
k10 <- kmeans(cereals_normalized, centers = 10, nstart = 25)
```

```
k5 <- kmeans(cereals_normalized, centers = 5, nstart = 25)
```

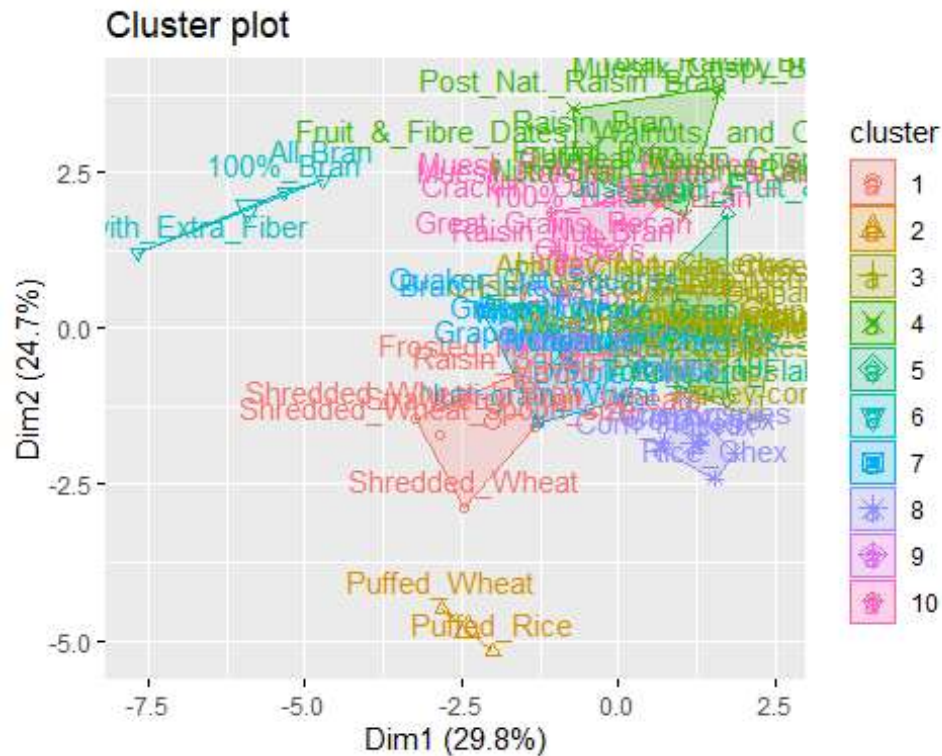
```
k10$centers
```

##	calories	protein	fat	sodium	fiber	carbo
## 1	-0.78605825	0.1866257	-8.513317e-01	-1.93575474	0.1633054	0.43653231
## 2	-2.87378226	-0.9421007	-9.932203e-01	-1.96164410	-0.6914590	-0.82990744
## 3	0.19781169	-0.9199689	1.057355e-17	0.07498586	-0.6619844	-0.59130285
## 4	1.21367739	0.4522084	4.414312e-01	0.38757596	0.6840240	0.08372381
## 5	0.25060471	0.0803926	-1.986441e-01	0.59967697	-0.3200786	1.04589172
## 6	-2.20187108	1.3817478	-3.310734e-01	0.17279012	3.6413124	-2.07187492
## 7	-0.45490203	0.2663005	-3.972881e-01	0.29159354	0.2988887	0.30071123
## 8	0.07782755	-0.6101224	-7.094430e-01	1.19685830	-0.7798829	1.75803465
## 9	0.14981803	3.2408266	0.000000e+00	1.17959872	-0.2788141	0.45488650
## 10	0.65375141	0.8007856	1.862288e+00	-0.59490143	0.2112017	-0.62112842
##	sugars	potass	vitamins	weight	cups	rating
## 1	-0.9424187	0.1217481	-0.6624252	-0.3591327	-0.06748537	1.49437400
## 2	-1.6306324	-0.9313592	-1.3032024	-3.4599552	0.75675340	1.39015899
## 3	1.0020580	-0.7214096	-0.1818422	-0.2008324	0.22746282	-0.97698099
## 4	0.9183071	1.1653377	0.1919445	2.0805535	-0.49239931	-0.43724782
## 5	-0.5294905	-0.4163948	3.1822385	0.1902623	0.54463313	-0.16904450
## 6	-0.7894824	2.9837813	-0.1818422	-0.2008324	-1.84525525	2.24264794
## 7	-0.6212523	0.1408955	-0.1818422	-0.2008324	-0.35051441	0.56389406
## 8	-1.0079629	-0.8759325	-0.1818422	-0.2008324	0.98705540	-0.01518936
## 9	-1.1718233	-0.2612000	-0.1818422	-0.2008324	1.28705407	0.68238355
## 10	0.1472529	0.5059559	-0.3220122	-0.2008324	-0.56899829	-0.19615104



```
k10$size
## [1] 7 2 21 9 5 3 10 7 2 8

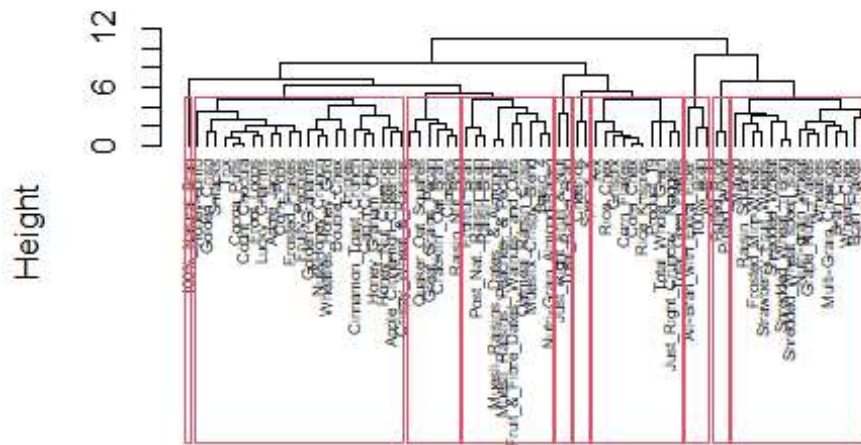
fviz_cluster(k10, data = cereals_normalized)
```



*#After performing both the silhouette and elbow methods, a K value of 10 was obtained for clustering. However, after visualizing the resulting 10 clusters, we observed overlapping of some clusters, suggesting that K-means clustering alone may not be the best approach for optimization. As a result, we will apply hierarchical clustering to determine the optimal number of clusters. This technique creates a dendrogram that shows the relationships between data points and can help us identify the appropriate number of clusters based on our desired outcome.*

```
set.seed(1234)
hc<- hclust(distancetable,
            method = "complete" )# Hc using Complete Linkage
plot(hc,
     cex = 0.5,
     hang = -1,
     main = "Dendrogram of Hierarchical Clustering")
rect.hclust(hc, k = 10)
```

## Dendrogram of Hierarchical Clustering



distancetable  
hclust (\*, "complete")

```
set.seed(1234)
# Perform clustering using AGNES with single Linkage method
hc_single <- agnes(cereals_normalized, method = "single")
hc_complete <- agnes(cereals_normalized, method = "complete")
hc_average <- agnes(cereals_normalized, method = "average")
hc_ward <- agnes(cereals_normalized, method = "ward")
##Compare the agglomerative coefficients for single,complete,average and ward
.
print(hc_single$ac)

## [1] 0.6072384

print(hc_complete$ac)

## [1] 0.8469328

print(hc_average$ac)

## [1] 0.7881955

print(hc_ward$ac)

## [1] 0.9087265

#The agglomerative coefficient (ac) is a measure of the quality of the
clustering,with higher values indicating better clustering. Based on the prin
ted coefficients, we can see that the ward linkage method has the highest
coefficient i.e 0.9046042, followed by the average Linkage method, the comple
```

te linkage method, and finally the single linkage method. Therefore, we can conclude that the ward linkage method is the best method for clustering the cereal data based on Euclidean distance to the normalized measurements.

# clusters 5 appear to be a good number to group the data using the Ward linkage.

```
set.seed(123)
fviz_dend(hc_ward, k = 5, main = "Dendrogram of AGNES (Ward)", cex = 0.7, color_labels_by_k = TRUE, labels_track_height = 18)
```

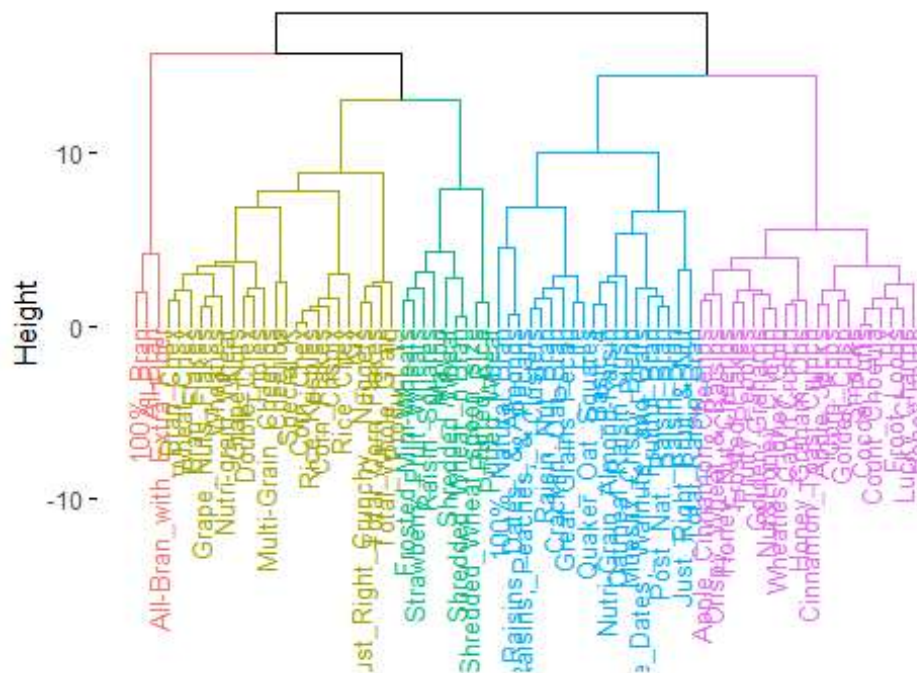
```
## Warning: The `<scale>` argument of `guides()` cannot be `FALSE`. Use "none" instead as
```

```
## of ggplot2 3.3.4.
```

```
## i The deprecated feature was likely used in the factoextra package.
```

```
## Please report the issue at <]8;;https://github.com/kassambara/factoextra/issueshttps://github.com/kassambara/factoextra/issues]>8;;>.
```

Dendrogram of AGNES (Ward)



```
cereals2 <- cutree(hc_ward, k = 5)
Clustered_df <- as.data.frame(cbind ( cereals_normalized, cereals2 ))
```

#Q3: Comment on the structure of the clusters and their stability.

# partitioning the dataset into two groups Training A and Validation B.

```
set.seed(2023) # To get the same random variables
```

```
Train_A <- cereals_normalized [1:55,]
```

```
nrow(Train_A)
```

```
## [1] 55

Valid_B <-cereals_normalized [56:74,]
nrow(Valid_B)

## [1] 19

#Figure out the distances,Keep in mind that Euclidean distance is the standard.examineing the trainingA and validationB data set cluster.
set.seed(1234)
distancetrain_A <- get_dist(Train_A)
# Compute with AGNES and with different Linkage methods For Training Dataset
hc_single_Train_A <- agnes(distancetrain_A, method = "single")
hc_complete_Train_A <- agnes(distancetrain_A, method = "complete")
hc_average_Train_A <- agnes(distancetrain_A, method = "average")
hc_ward_Train_A <- agnes(distancetrain_A, method = "ward")
print(hc_single_Train_A$ac)

## [1] 0.6663587

print(hc_complete_Train_A$ac)

## [1] 0.8285192

print(hc_average_Train_A$ac)

## [1] 0.7646836

print(hc_ward_Train_A$ac)

## [1] 0.8891086

## Compute with AGNES and with different Linkage methods For Training Dataset
set.seed(2023)# To maintain same values
distance_validB <- get_dist(Valid_B)
hc_single_Valid_B <- agnes(distance_validB, method = "single")
hc_complete_Valid_B <- agnes(distance_validB, method = "complete")
hc_average_Valid_B <- agnes(distance_validB, method = "average")
hc_ward_Valid_B<- agnes(distance_validB, method = "ward")
# Compare AGNES (agglomerative) coefficients
print(hc_single_Valid_B$ac)

## [1] 0.4805129

print(hc_complete_Valid_B$ac)

## [1] 0.71298

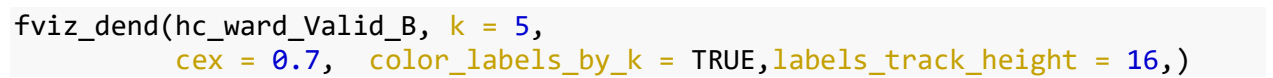
print(hc_average_Valid_B$ac)

## [1] 0.6232053

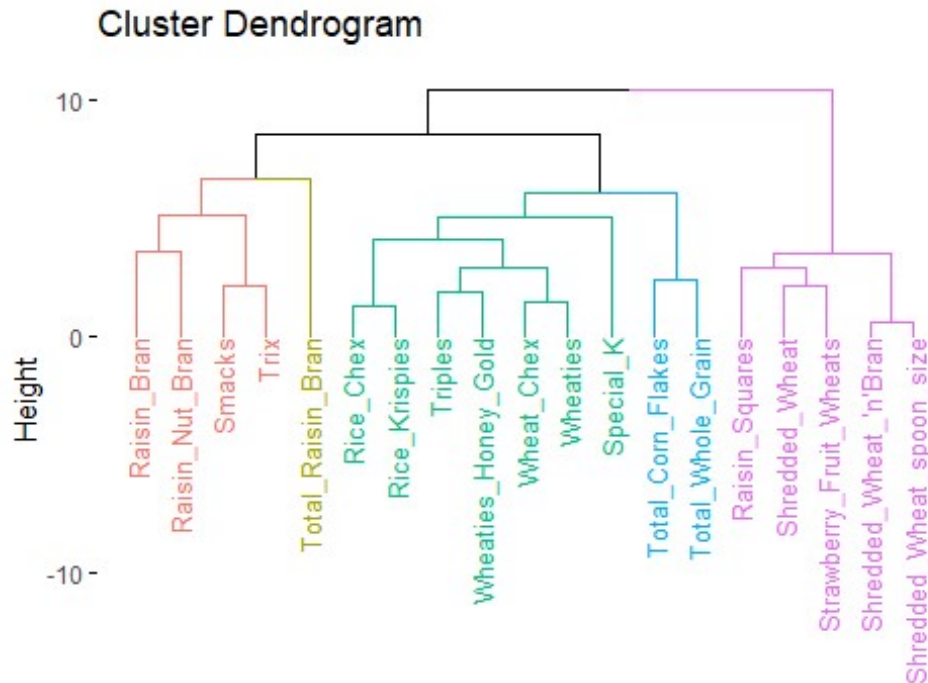
print(hc_ward_Valid_B$ac)
```

```
## [1] 0.7710122
#Dendrogram for TrainingA and ValidationB
fviz_dend(hc_ward_Train_A, k = 5, cex = 0.7, color_labels_by_k = TRUE, labels_t
rack_height = 16,)
```

```
fviz_dend(hc_ward_Train_A, k = 5, cex = 0.7, color_labels_by_k = TRUE, labels_t  
rack_height = 16,)
```



```
fviz_dend(hc_ward_Valid_B, k = 5,  
          cex = 0.7, color_labels_by_k = TRUE, labels_track_height = 16,)
```



# To assign each

store in partition B, use centroids from A

```

Clustered_DF_A <-cutree (hc_ward_Train_A, k=5)
Clusters_A <-as.data.frame(cbind(Train_A, Clustered_DF_A))
nrow(Clusters_A)

## [1] 55

Clust_1 <- colMeans (Clusters_A [Clusters_A$ Clustered_DF_A == "1" ,])
Clustered_DF_B <-cutree (hc_ward_Valid_B, k=5)
Clusters_B <-as.data.frame(cbind(Valid_B, Clustered_DF_B))
nrow(Clusters_B)

## [1] 19

Clust_2 <- colMeans (Clusters_B [Clusters_B$ Clustered_DF_B == "2" ,])
Centroid <-rbind(Clust_1, Clust_2)
Centroid

##          calories    protein      fat    sodium    fiber    carbo
## Clust_1 -2.2018711  1.3817478 -0.3310734  0.1727901  3.6413124 -2.0718749
## Clust_2 -0.9588354 -0.1055153 -0.9932203 -1.9253990  0.3401532  0.5833659
##          sugars    potass    vitamins    weight    cups    rating
## Clust_1 -0.7894824  2.983781 -0.1818422 -0.2008324 -1.8452553  2.242648
## Clust_2 -1.1259424  0.176167 -0.8546583 -0.4224528 -0.2274847  1.686636
##          Clustered_DF_A
## Clust_1                1
## Clust_2                2

```



*#On a general level, both clusters appear to be fine, but there is a small variation between those Cluster1 has more fiber and potassium than Cluster2, which may indicate that the cereals in this cluster are healthier or more nutrient-dense. Compared to Cluster\_1, Cluster\_2 has a higher sugar level, which may indicate that the cereals in this cluster are less healthful or include more added sugars.*

#Q3{B} Method-2 Use the cluster centroids from A to assign each record in partition B

```
distance <- dist(Valid_B[,-1], Train_A, method = "euclidean")
hc <- hclust(distance)
cluster_B <- cutree(hc, k = 5)
Valid_B$cluster <- cluster_B
```

## Warning in Valid\_B\$cluster <- cluster\_B: Coercing LHS to a list

Valid\_B\$cluster

	Raisin_Bran	Raisin_Nut_Bran	Raisin_Squa
res			
##	1	1	
2			
##	Rice_Chex	Rice_Krispies	Shredded_Wh
eat			
##	3	3	
2			
##	Shredded_Wheat_'n'Bran	Shredded_Wheat_spoon_size	Sma
cks			
##	2	2	
1			
##	Special_K	Strawberry_Fruit_Wheats	Total_Corn_Fla
kes			
##	4	2	
3			
##	Total_Raisin_Bran	Total_Whole_Grain	Trip
les			
##	5	3	
3			
##	Trix	Wheat_Chex	Wheat
ies			
##	1	3	
3			
##	Wheaties_Honey_Gold		
##	3		

*#With the exception of three cereals, specialK, TotalCF, and TotalWG, the anticipated clusters of B based on the centroids of A are essentially identically classified. After comparing the validation data set with the training dataset, only 3 out of 19 observations had their clusters modified. It indicates that clusters have a very high level of stability.*



#Q3{C} Assess how consistent the cluster assignments are compared to the assignments based on all the data

*#The mean values of each feature for the two clusters found in the two datasets are being compared. The characteristics of the two clusters can be compared using these centroids to discover any differences or similarities. The fact that Cluster1 has more fiber and potassium than Cluster2 may indicate that the cereals in this cluster are healthier or more nutrient-dense. Compared to Cluster1, Cluster2 has a larger sugar level, which could mean that the cereals in this cluster are less healthier or include more added sugars. As a result, Cluster2 scored far lower than Cluster1.*

*#method-2*

*#In this method cluster centroids from the TrainA dataset are produced using hc with complete linkage, and pairwise Euclidean distances between the records in the ValidationB dataset are calculated. By using the centroids from the training dataset, this enables the prediction of the cluster labels for the validation dataset. Since the validation data set is based on the training data set, we can observe its stability. With the exception of special\_K, Total\_CF, and Total\_WG, the cereals are all clustered exactly the same way. When the validation data set was compared to the training data set, only three observations out of 19 had their cluster modified. In other words, clusters have a very high level of stability.*

#Q4 The elementary public schools would like to choose a set of cereals to include in their daily cafeterias. Every day a different cereal is offered, but all cereals should support a healthy diet. For this goal, you are requested to find a cluster of “healthy cereals.” Should the data be normalized? If not, how should they be used in the cluster analysis?

```
HealthyCereals <- cereals_data
HealthyCereals_new<- na.omit(HealthyCereals)
HealthyClust <- cbind(HealthyCereals_new, cereals2)
HealthyClust[HealthyClust$cereals2==1,]

##              name mfr type calories protein fat sodium fiber carb
## 1          100%_Bran   N    C        70         4   1   130    10
## 3              All-Bran   K    C        70         4   1   260     9
## 4 All-Bran_with_Extra_Fiber   K    C        50         4   0   140    14
##      sugars potass vitamins shelf weight cups   rating cereals2
## 1         6    280        25     3      1 0.33 68.40297         1
## 3         5    320        25     3      1 0.33 59.42551         1
## 4         0    330        25     3      1 0.50 93.70491         1

HealthyClust[HealthyClust$cereals2==2,]

##              name mfr type calories protein fat so
dium
```

## 2	100%_Natural_Bran	Q	C	120	3	5
15						
## 8	Basic_4	G	C	130	3	2
210						
## 14	Clusters	G	C	110	3	2
140						
## 20	Cracklin'_Oat_Bran	K	C	110	3	3
140						
## 28	Fruit_&_Fibre_Dates,_Walnuts,_and_Oats	P	C	120	3	2
160						
## 29	Fruitful_Bran	K	C	120	3	0
240						
## 35	Great_Grains_Pecan	P	C	120	3	3
75						
## 40	Just_Right_Fruit_&_Nut	K	C	140	3	1
170						
## 42	Life	Q	C	100	4	2
150						
## 45	Muesli_Raisins,_Dates,_&_Almonds	R	C	150	4	3
95						
## 46	Muesli_Raisins,_Peaches,_&_Pecans	R	C	150	4	3
150						
## 47	Mueslix_Crispy_Blend	K	C	160	3	2
150						
## 50	Nutri-Grain_Almond-Raisin	K	C	140	3	2
220						
## 52	Oatmeal_Raisin_Crisp	G	C	130	3	2
170						
## 53	Post_Nat._Raisin_Bran	P	C	120	3	1
200						
## 57	Quaker_Oat_Squares	Q	C	100	4	1
135						
## 59	Raisin_Bran	K	C	120	3	1
210						
## 60	Raisin_Nut_Bran	G	C	100	3	2
140						
## 71	Total_Raisin_Bran	G	C	140	3	1
190						

##	fiber	carbo	sugars	potass	vitamins	shelf	weight	cups	rating	cereals2
## 2	2.0	8.0	8	135	0	3	1.00	1.00	33.98368	2
## 8	2.0	18.0	8	100	25	3	1.33	0.75	37.03856	2
## 14	2.0	13.0	7	105	25	3	1.00	0.50	40.40021	2
## 20	4.0	10.0	7	160	25	3	1.00	0.50	40.44877	2
## 28	5.0	12.0	10	200	25	3	1.25	0.67	40.91705	2
## 29	5.0	14.0	12	190	25	3	1.33	0.67	41.01549	2
## 35	3.0	13.0	4	100	25	3	1.00	0.33	45.81172	2
## 40	2.0	20.0	9	95	100	3	1.30	0.75	36.47151	2
## 42	2.0	12.0	6	95	25	2	1.00	0.67	45.32807	2
## 45	3.0	16.0	11	170	25	3	1.00	1.00	37.13686	2
## 46	3.0	16.0	11	170	25	3	1.00	1.00	34.13976	2

```
## 47  3.0  17.0    13   160    25    3  1.50 0.67 30.31335    2
## 50  3.0  21.0     7   130    25    3  1.33 0.67 40.69232    2
## 52  1.5  13.5    10   120    25    3  1.25 0.50 30.45084    2
## 53  6.0  11.0    14   260    25    3  1.33 0.67 37.84059    2
## 57  2.0  14.0     6   110    25    3  1.00 0.50 49.51187    2
## 59  5.0  14.0    12   240    25    2  1.33 0.75 39.25920    2
## 60  2.5  10.5     8   140    25    3  1.00 0.50 39.70340    2
## 71  4.0  15.0    14   230   100    3  1.50 1.00 28.59278    2
```

```
HealthyClust[HealthyClust$cereals2==3,]
```

```
##              name mfr type calories protein fat sodium fiber carb
0
## 6  Apple_Cinnamon_Cheerios  G  C    110      2  2   180   1.5  10.
5
## 7              Apple_Jacks  K  C    110      2  0   125   1.0  11.
0
## 11             Cap'n'Crunch  Q  C    120      1  2   220   0.0  12.
0
## 13  Cinnamon_Toast_Crunch  G  C    120      1  3   210   0.0  13.
0
## 15             Cocoa_Puffs  G  C    110      1  1   180   0.0  12.
0
## 18             Corn_Pops    K  C    110      1  0    90   1.0  13.
0
## 19             Count_Chocula G  C    110      1  1   180   0.0  12.
0
## 23  Crispy_Wheat_&_Raisins  G  C    100      2  1   140   2.0  11.
0
## 25             Froot_Loops  K  C    110      2  1   125   1.0  11.
0
## 26             Frosted_Flakes K  C    110      1  0   200   1.0  14.
0
## 30             Fruity_Pebbles P  C    110      1  1   135   0.0  13.
0
## 31             Golden_Crisp  P  C    100      2  0    45   0.0  11.
0
## 32             Golden_Grahams G  C    110      1  1   280   0.0  15.
0
## 36             Honey_Graham_Ohs Q  C    120      1  2   220   1.0  12.
0
## 37             Honey_Nut_Cheerios G  C    110      3  1   250   1.5  11.
5
## 38             Honey-comb    P  C    110      1  0   180   0.0  14.
0
## 43             Lucky_Charms  G  C    110      2  1   180   0.0  12.
0
## 49             Nut&Honey_Crunch K  C    120      2  1   190   0.0  15.
0
## 67             Smacks       K  C    110      2  1    70   1.0   9.
```

```

0
## 74          Trix    G    C      110      1    1    140    0.0  13.
0
## 77    Wheaties_Honey_Gold    G    C      110      2    1    200    1.0  16.
0
##      sugars potass vitamins shelf weight cups   rating cereals2
## 6       10      70        25     1      1 0.75 29.50954      3
## 7       14      30        25     2      1 1.00 33.17409      3
## 11      12      35        25     2      1 0.75 18.04285      3
## 13       9      45        25     2      1 0.75 19.82357      3
## 15      13      55        25     2      1 1.00 22.73645      3
## 18      12      20        25     2      1 1.00 35.78279      3
## 19      13      65        25     2      1 1.00 22.39651      3
## 23      10     120        25     3      1 0.75 36.17620      3
## 25      13      30        25     2      1 1.00 32.20758      3
## 26      11      25        25     1      1 0.75 31.43597      3
## 30      12      25        25     2      1 0.75 28.02576      3
## 31      15      40        25     1      1 0.88 35.25244      3
## 32       9      45        25     2      1 0.75 23.80404      3
## 36      11      45        25     2      1 1.00 21.87129      3
## 37      10      90        25     1      1 0.75 31.07222      3
## 38      11      35        25     1      1 1.33 28.74241      3
## 43      12      55        25     2      1 1.00 26.73451      3
## 49       9      40        25     2      1 0.67 29.92429      3
## 67      15      40        25     2      1 0.75 31.23005      3
## 74      12      25        25     2      1 1.00 27.75330      3
## 77       8      60        25     1      1 0.75 36.18756      3

```

```

HealthyClust[HealthyClust$cereals2==4,]

```

```

##      name mfr type calories protein fat sodium fiber
carbo
## 9      Bran_Chex    R    C      90      2    1    200     4
15
## 10     Bran_Flakes    P    C      90      3    0    210     5
13
## 12     Cheerios     G    C     110      6    2    290     2
17
## 16     Corn_Chex    R    C     110      2    0    280     0
22
## 17     Corn_Flakes    K    C     100      2    0    290     1
21
## 22     Crispix     K    C     110      2    0    220     1
21
## 24     Double_Chex    R    C     100      2    0    190     1
18
## 33     Grape_Nuts_Flakes    P    C     100      3    1    140     3
15
## 34     Grape-Nuts     P    C     110      3    0    170     3
17

```

## 39	Just_Right_Crunchy__Nuggets	K	C	110	2	1	170	1
17								
## 41	Kix	G	C	110	2	1	260	0
21								
## 48	Multi-Grain_Cheerios	G	C	100	2	1	220	2
15								
## 51	Nutri-grain_Wheat	K	C	90	3	0	170	3
18								
## 54	Product_19	K	C	100	3	0	320	1
20								
## 62	Rice_Chex	R	C	110	1	0	240	0
23								
## 63	Rice_Krispies	K	C	110	2	0	290	0
22								
## 68	Special_K	K	C	110	6	0	230	1
16								
## 70	Total_Corn_Flakes	G	C	110	2	1	200	0
21								
## 72	Total_Whole_Grain	G	C	100	3	1	200	3
16								
## 73	Triples	G	C	110	2	1	250	0
21								
## 75	Wheat_Chex	R	C	100	3	1	230	3
17								
## 76	Wheaties	G	C	100	3	1	200	3
17								
##	sugars	potass	vitamins	shelf	weight	cups	rating	cereals2
## 9	6	125	25	1	1	0.67	49.12025	4
## 10	5	190	25	3	1	0.67	53.31381	4
## 12	1	105	25	1	1	1.25	50.76500	4
## 16	3	25	25	1	1	1.00	41.44502	4
## 17	2	35	25	1	1	1.00	45.86332	4
## 22	3	30	25	3	1	1.00	46.89564	4
## 24	5	80	25	3	1	0.75	44.33086	4
## 33	5	85	25	3	1	0.88	52.07690	4
## 34	3	90	25	3	1	0.25	53.37101	4
## 39	6	60	100	3	1	1.00	36.52368	4
## 41	3	40	25	2	1	1.50	39.24111	4
## 48	6	90	25	1	1	1.00	40.10596	4
## 51	2	90	25	3	1	1.00	59.64284	4
## 54	3	45	100	3	1	1.00	41.50354	4
## 62	2	30	25	1	1	1.13	41.99893	4
## 63	3	35	25	1	1	1.00	40.56016	4
## 68	3	55	25	1	1	1.00	53.13132	4
## 70	3	35	100	3	1	1.00	38.83975	4
## 72	3	110	100	3	1	1.00	46.65884	4
## 73	3	60	25	3	1	0.75	39.10617	4
## 75	3	115	25	1	1	0.67	49.78744	4
## 76	3	110	25	1	1	1.00	51.59219	4

*#Mean ratings to determine the best cluster.*

```
mean(HealthyClust[HealthyClust$cereals2==1,"rating"])
```

```
## [1] 73.84446
```

```
mean(HealthyClust[HealthyClust$cereals2==2,"rating"])
```

```
## [1] 38.37137
```

```
mean(HealthyClust[HealthyClust$cereals2==3,"rating"])
```

```
## [1] 28.66112
```

```
mean(HealthyClust[HealthyClust$cereals2==4,"rating"])
```

```
## [1] 46.17608
```

*#Given that cluster 1's mean ratings are the highest (73.84446), we can take cluster 1 into consideration. Group 1 might therefore be thought of as the cluster for a healthy diet.*