

Ben and I use a time offset of 16 hrs between  
 the recently processed data, and that for before

time\_validation.txt  
 From their documentation, 324.521 == Nov. 20, 2000 at 12:30PM PST  
 (PVFS2006.pdf)  
 719.354 == Dec 19, 2001 at 0830 PST  
 datestr(datetime(2000,1,1,0,0,0) + 324.521) == 20-Nov-2000 12:30:14

From LA00A505.305  
 REM Time of first profile -----> 2000/11/20 15:00:00  
 REM Deployment Start Date/Time ----> 2000/11/20 15:00:00  
 305.010 -9999 -9999 -9999  
 308.500 8.1 41.4 21.8 0 15.13  
 % probably wrong  
 % Line 63  
 % Line 398

Using the method above:  
 datestr(datetime(2000,1,1,0,0,0) + 305.01) == 01-Nov-2000 00:14:24  
 datestr(datetime(2000,1,1,0,0,0) + 308.5) == 04-Nov-2000 12:00:00  
 398-63=335+1 % how far into the data is line 398?

From our cdf:  
 nload ('LA00A5.cdf','time')  
 nload ('LA00A5.cdf','time2')

[time(1) time2(1)] = 2451850 900000  
 [time(336) time2(336)] = 2451853 43200000

gregorian(time(1)+time2(1)/(86400000)) = 2000 11 1  
 0 15 0  
 gregorian(time(336)+time2(336)/(86400000)) = 2000 11 4  
 0 0 0

\*\*\* from the above, I think the conversion is correct.

However... If their data is all PST, that's GMT-8, so that may be part of the offset. We could also possibly get 12 hours one way or the other from varying definitions of Julian, but I'm not sure what we can do to find the time offset of 16 hours.

if PST is +8 + the previous data was corrected to  
 GMT the array way + the data isn't corrected at all  
 that and make 16 hrs  
 Reverse

corrected the program processed the data with the correct the  
 newest last version of sampling is dated 5/10

The initial conversion made Jan 1 of year be 1.5, not 0.5, fixing  
 this + converting to GMT allowed Time series to overlay except:

1) bin1 starts 1 day early in each file

2) SHC (coll. data) has some G.D.1 + some additional spillover