python-grpc 开发与配置

- 环境: Linux centos7 python3.6
- 安装 python3.6 及 pip
- 安装所需 python 库
 - o pip3 install grpcio
 - o pip3 install protobuf
 - o pip3 install grpcio-tools
- 编写 proto 文件,详见相关文档

根据 proto 文件生成代码: python3 -m grpc_tools.protoc -I {相关 proto 文件目录} --python_out={python 输出位置} --grpc_python_out={grpcpython 输出位置} {proto 文件}

- 根据生成代码,完成功能
- 如果是服务端代码,需要新建一个 class, 并继承上述步骤生成的 xxx pb2 grpc. py 文件中的服务基类, 然后从新定义服务方法:

```
import etcd_pb2_grpc as grpc
import etcd_pb2
from grpc import server
import time
from concurrent import futures

_ONE_DAY_IN_SECONDS = 60 * 60 * 24

class EtcdServer(grpc.GreeterServicer):
def Test(self, request, context):
str = request.name
return etcd_pb2.EtcdResponse(message="hello!%s" % str)

def serve():
grpcServer = grpc.server(futures.ThreadPoolExecutor(max_workers=4))
```

```
grpc. add FormatDataServicer to server(EtcdServer(), grpcServer)
   grpcServer.add insecure port("localhost:50051")
   grpcServer. start()
   try:
   while True:
   time.sleep(ONE DAY IN SECONDS)
   except KeyboardInterrupt:
   grpcServer. stop(0)
   if __name__ == '__main__':
   serve()
   如果是客户端代码,直接按照下面方式调用即可
   import etcd_pb2_grpc as grpc
   import etcd pb2
   from grpc import insecure_channel
   if name == ' main ':
        conn = insecure_channel("localhost:50051")
        client = grpc. GreeterStub (channel=conn)
        request = etcd_pb2. EtcdRequest (name="wangtao")
        response = client.Test(request)
           print("received: " + response.message)
附录一: proto 文件
syntax = "proto3";
option java outer classname = "EtcdClient";
option java_package = "com.rouies.etcd";
option java_multiple_files = true;
package etcd;
service Greeter {
rpc Test (EtcdRequest) returns (EtcdResponse) {}
```

```
message EtcdRequest {
  string name = 1;
}
message EtcdResponse {
  string message = 1;
}
```