Activity 2 - census tracts in Lane County Oregon

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In [1]: import geopandas as gpd

Task 1

In [2]: # import file
 file = gpd.read_file("C:/Users/jettr/Dropbox (University of Oregon)/23-24/Spring/Ge
In [3]: file.shape
 # File has 6 columns and 92 rows
Out[3]: (92, 6)

In [4]: file.head()

Out[4]

]:	STATEFP	COUNTYFP	TRACTCE	B19301_001	B01003_001	geometry
0	41	039	3700	12810.0	5520.0	POLYGON ((-123.08709 44.05208, -123.08706 44.0
1	41	039	4900	40551.0	5074.0	POLYGON ((-123.07644 44.03223, -123.07628 44.0
2	41	039	100	45908.0	5141.0	POLYGON ((-122.85993 44.02930, -122.85909 44.0
3	41	039	404	48144.0	4546.0	POLYGON ((-123.24868 44.28373, -123.24490 44.2
4	41	039	903	34472.0	5593.0	POLYGON ((-123.35565 44.06399, -123.35563 44.0

a. Number of Columns

```
In [5]: numcols = len(file.columns)
print('The Number of Columns is : ' + str(numcols))
# Names of the Columns
```

The Number of Columns is: 6

b. Number of Rows

```
In [6]: file.shape
# File has 6 columns and 92 rows

numrows = len(file['STATEFP'])
print('The Length of the column = Number of rows, which is : ' + str(numrows))
```

The Length of the column = Number of rows, which is : 92

c. Max B01003_001 Value

```
In [7]: MaxPop = file['B01003_001'].max() # Find the Max value in 'B01003_001' column and c
print('Max Population for a given region is : ' + str(MaxPop))
```

Max Population for a given region is: 7187.0

d. The minimum B19301_001 valueue

```
In [8]: MinIncome = file['B19301_001'].min()
print('Lane County Minimum income in USD : ' + str(MinIncome))
```

Lane County Minimum income in USD : 12810.0

e. The Mean B19301_001 Valueue

```
In [9]: MeanIncome = file['B19301_001'].mean()
print('Lane County Mean income in USD : ' + str(MeanIncome))
```

Lane County Mean income in USD : 33795.815217391304

Task 2

a. reproject the shapefile

```
In [10]: file_UTM10 = file.to_crs(epsg=32610) # WGS UTM 10 for Lane County Oregon
print(file_UTM10.head())
```

```
STATEFP COUNTYFP TRACTCE B19301_001 B01003_001 \
      41 039
                      3700
                              12810.0
                                           5520.0
                    4900
                              40551.0
1
      41
              039
                                           5074.0
2
      41
              039
                     100
                              45908.0
                                           5141.0
3
      41
              039
                      404
                              48144.0
                                           4546.0
      41
              039
                       903
                              34472.0
                                           5593.0
                                          geometry
0 POLYGON ((493024.410 4877660.939, 493026.341 4...
1 POLYGON ((493875.471 4875454.940, 493888.533 4...
2 POLYGON ((511224.619 4875136.530, 511292.250 4...
3 POLYGON ((480158.224 4903415.950, 480459.834 4...
4 POLYGON ((471517.303 4879040.789, 471519.356 4...
```

b. Convert to km² . c. Calculate the Max Population density, b. Min and c. Mean.

```
In [11]: # Calculate population density (population / area) in km²
         AreaConverted = (file\_UTM10.geometry.area / 10**6) # m*m (1 km/1000 m)^2 = km*km
         file UTM10['population density'] = file UTM10['B01003 001'] / AreaConverted # Conv
In [12]: # Print the first few rows to verify the new column
         print(file_UTM10.head())
          STATEFP COUNTYFP TRACTCE B19301_001 B01003_001 \
              41
                      039
                              3700
                                       12810.0
                                                    5520.0
        0
              41
                      039
                              4900
                                       40551.0
                                                    5074.0
        1
        2
              41
                      039
                              100
                                       45908.0
                                                    5141.0
        3
              41
                      039
                               404
                                       48144.0
                                                    4546.0
              41
                      039
                               903
                                       34472.0
                                                    5593.0
                                                   geometry population density
        0 POLYGON ((493024.410 4877660.939, 493026.341 4...
                                                                   2432.964298
        1 POLYGON ((493875.471 4875454.940, 493888.533 4...
                                                                    1736.407834
        2 POLYGON ((511224.619 4875136.530, 511292.250 4...
                                                                       2.353018
        3 POLYGON ((480158.224 4903415.950, 480459.834 4...
                                                                      56.896571
        4 POLYGON ((471517.303 4879040.789, 471519.356 4...
                                                                     107.126233
In [13]: popdenseMAX = file UTM10['population density'].max()
         popdenseMIN = file_UTM10['population_density'].min()
         popdenseMEAN = file_UTM10['population_density'].mean()
         print('Population Density per km^2')
         print('The Max Population density is : ' + str(popdenseMAX))
         print('The Min Population density is : ' + str(popdenseMIN))
         print('The Mean Population density is : ' + str(popdenseMEAN))
        Population Density per km^2
        The Max Population density is: 10353.848961731399
        The Min Population density is: 1.9120719575124348
```

Task 3

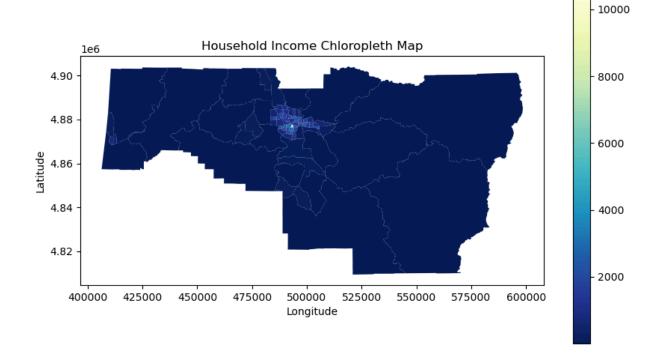
The Mean Population density is: 1216.78725497439

a. Make a chloropleth Map of Population Density

```
In [14]: import matplotlib as plt
import numpy as np

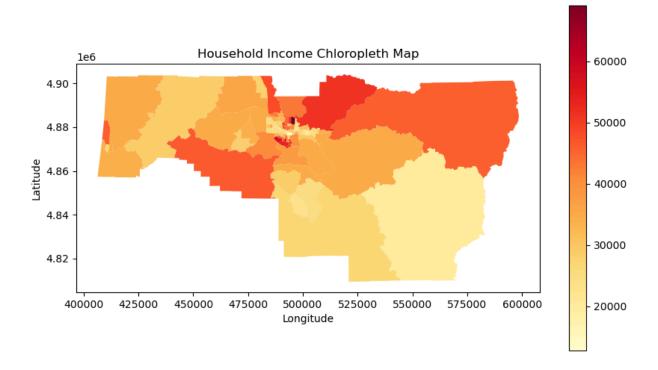
In [32]: ax = file_UTM10.plot(column='population_density', cmap='YlGnBu_r', legend=True, fig
ax.set_title('Household Income Chloropleth Map')
ax.set_xlabel('Longitude')
ax.set_ylabel('Latitude')
# On a log scale, this map is a bit harder to compare the population density
```

Out[32]: Text(78.72222222221, 0.5, 'Latitude')



b. Make a map with Income

Out[21]: Text(78.72222222221, 0.5, 'Latitude')



In []: