EE2023 Mid-term Quiz: AY2019-2020 Semester 1

Q1(a).
$$X(f) = 10 \operatorname{sinc}(10f) + 6 \operatorname{sinc}^2(3f) \cos(4\pi f)$$

Q1(b).
$$x_p(t) = x(t) \otimes \sum_k \delta(t - k15)$$

Q1(c).
$$X_p(f) = \frac{2}{15} \sum_{k} \left[5 \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{2k}{3}\right) + 3\operatorname{sinc}^2\left(\frac{k}{5}\right) \cos\left(\frac{4\pi k}{15}\right) \right] \delta\left(f - \frac{k}{15}\right)$$

Q2(a). HCF of 4 Hz and 6 Hz is 2 Hz. Hence $f_0 = 2$ and $T_0 = 0.5$.

$$x(t) = \frac{3}{2}e^{j\pi/4}e^{j8\pi t} + \frac{3}{2}e^{-j\pi/4}e^{-j8\pi t} + 5e^{j12\pi t} + 10$$

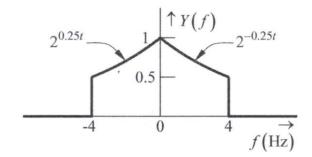
$$\uparrow \qquad \uparrow \qquad \uparrow \qquad \uparrow$$

$$c_2 \qquad c_{-2} \qquad c_3 \qquad c_0$$

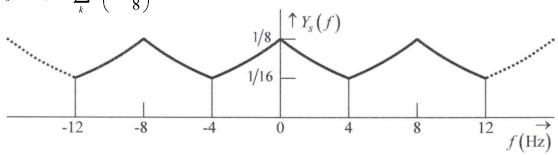
Q2(c).
$$X(f) = \frac{3}{2}e^{j\pi/4}\delta(f-4) + \frac{3}{2}e^{-j\pi/4}\delta(f+4) + +5\delta(f-6) + 10\delta(f)$$

Q2(d).
$$P_x = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + 5^2 + 10^2 = 129.5$$

Q3(a).
$$Y(f) = X(f).\operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{f}{8}\right) = 2^{-0.25|f|}.\operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{f}{8}\right)$$



Q3(b)i.
$$y_s(t) = y(t) \cdot \sum_k \delta\left(t - \frac{k}{8}\right)$$



Q4(a).
$$A = 2$$
; $B = 2$; $\alpha = 2$; $\beta = 2$

Q4(b).
$$X(f) = 4\operatorname{sinc}^{2}(2f) + 4\operatorname{sinc}(2f)$$
$$E_{x}(f) = |X(f)|^{2} = 16\operatorname{sinc}^{4}(2f) + 16\operatorname{sinc}^{2}(2f)$$

 1^{st} null bandwidth occurs at f = 0.5.

Q4(c).
$$E = 2\left[\int_0^1 (4-t)^2 dt\right] + 2\left[\int_1^2 (2-t)^2 dt\right] = \frac{76}{3}$$