

National University of Singapore  
Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering

**EE2023 Mathematics Assignment**

**Due Date : 27 January 2022, 23:59 hrs**

**Total Marks :**

**Name :**

**Student # :**

**Instructions**

1. Answer all 8 questions in this assignment.
2. This assignment contributes 10% to your final EE2023 grade. The maximum mark for this assignment is 40.
3. Anyone caught copying or allowing copying shall be given a zero for this assignment.
4. No graphing calculators should be used in this assignment.
5. Completed assignment should be uploaded into the respective group sub-folders under the “Maths assignment submission” folder. Your file should be named using the following convention : student-number.pdf.
6. Please take note of the digits a, b, c and d in your student number A0xx**abcd**X. These digits will be used in the questions in this assignment.

Please write your **abcd** number from your student number in the boxes below :

$a$         $b$         $c$         $d$

These **abcd** numbers must be used to solve the problems in the next page.

1. Find the polar coordinates of  $z = -c + jd$ . (2 marks)

2. Find the Cartesian coordinates of  $z = (a + 10)e^{-j0.1(b+1)\pi}$ . (2 marks)

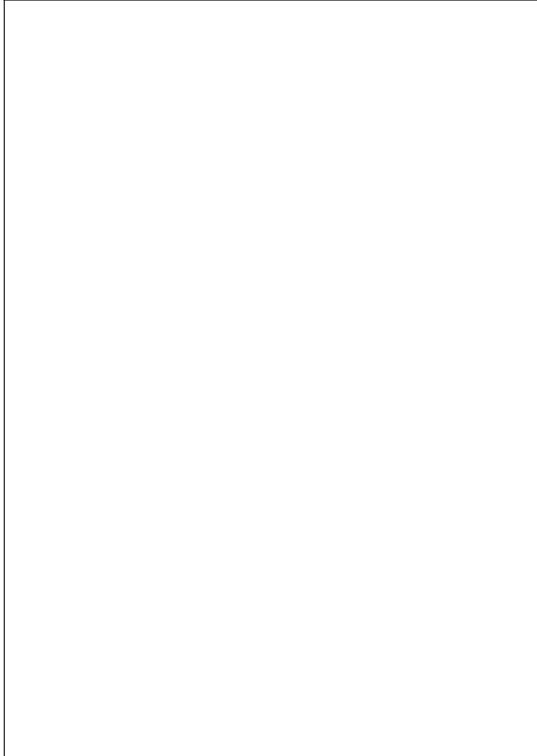
3. Find the polar coordinates of  $z = \frac{a + jb}{c + jd}$ . What is the magnitude and phase of  $z$ ?

(4 marks)

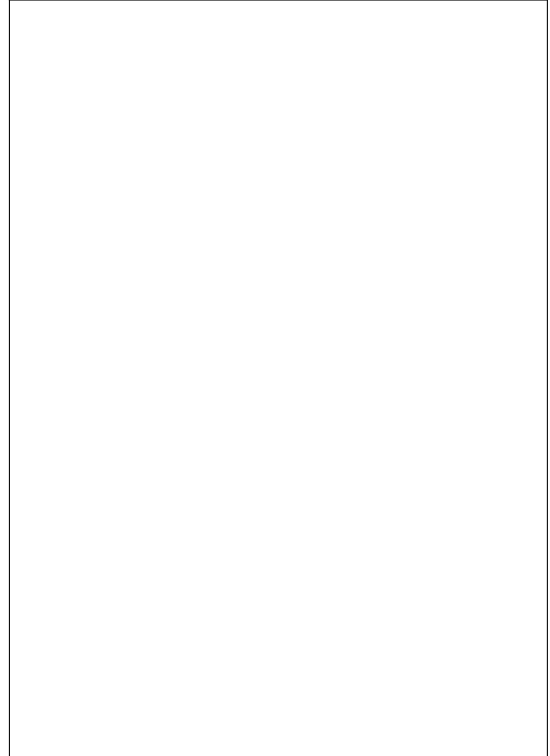
4. Suppose  $z = 10(a + 1) + j5(c + 1)$ . Find all four solutions of  $z^{1/4}$ . Sketch these solutions on the complex plane. (4 marks)

5. Consider the function  $y(t) = \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{d+5}\right)$ . (8 marks)

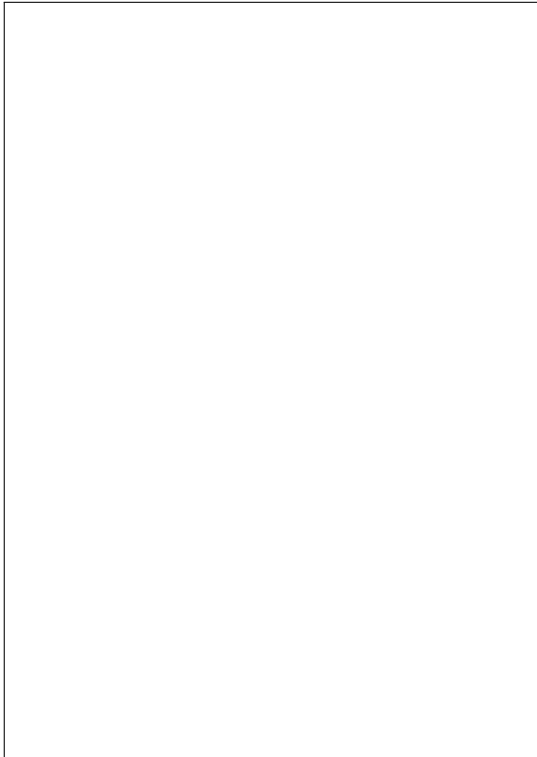
(a) Sketch  $y(t)$ .



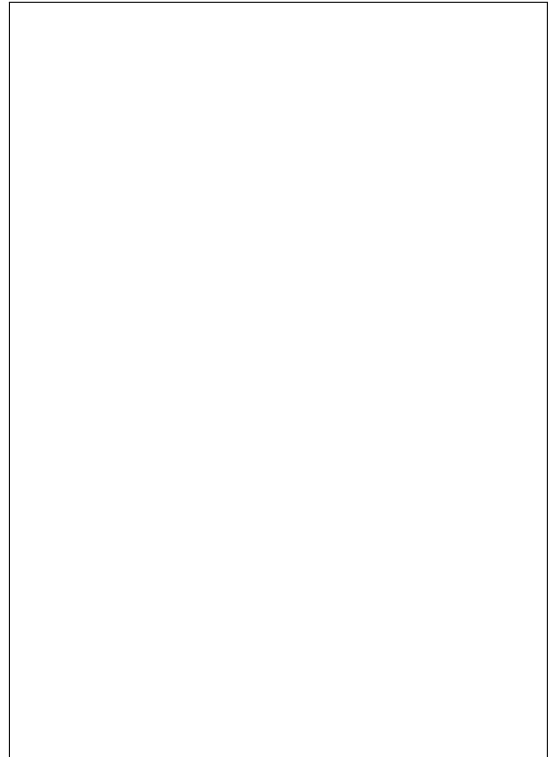
(c) Sketch  $y(t - (a + 1))$ .



(b) Sketch  $(d + 1)y(t)$ .



(d) Sketch  $y(2t - (a + 1))$ .



6. Given a complex function  $z(t) = \frac{1}{j0.1(c+1)t + 0.5}$ . Derive the expression for  $|z(t)|$  and  $\angle z(t)$  and sketch them accordingly for  $t \geq 0$ . What does the value of  $\angle z(t)$  tend to as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ ? (8 marks)

7. Sketch the signal  $s(t) = 10 \operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{t-b}{20}\right) - (a+5)\operatorname{tri}\left(\frac{t-b}{5}\right)$ . (4 marks)

8. Consider the RLC circuit in Figure 1.

(8 marks)

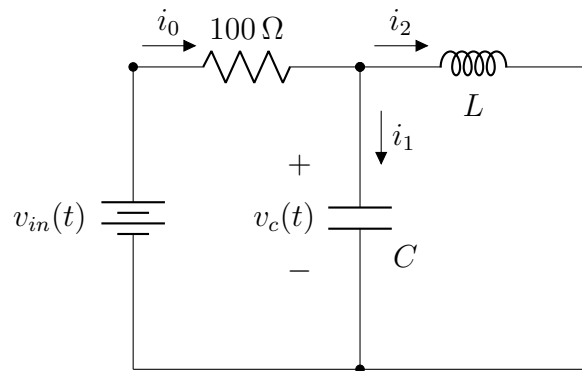


Fig. 1: RLC Circuit

Answer the following questions using the values of  $v_{in}(t)$ ,  $C$  and  $L$  as follows :

$$v_{in}(t) = 10(d + 1) \text{ V}, \quad C = (c + 5) \mu\text{F}, \quad L = (b + 2) \text{ H}$$

(a) Calculate the equivalent impedance of the circuit as seen from the battery source.



- (b) Derive the differential equation that relates  $v_c(t)$  to  $v_{in}(t)$ .

- (c) Derive the differential equation that relates current  $i_1(t)$  to  $v_{in}(t)$ .

- (d) Find the steady state voltage across the capacitor as  $t$  tends to infinity.

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