

Goh Kheng Xi Jevan A019806C

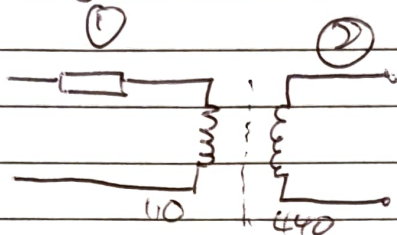
Per Unit Analysis

Date

No.

1. transformer 110/440V, 2.5 kVA

$$X_1 = j0.06 \Omega$$



a. Choose $S_B = 2.5 \text{ kVA}$

b. Choose voltage bases

$$V_{1B} = 110 \text{ V}$$

$$Z_{1B} = \frac{V_{1B}^2}{S_B}$$

$$= \frac{110^2}{2500} = 4.84 \Omega$$

$$X_{1pu} = \frac{X_1}{Z_{1B}} = \frac{j0.06}{4.84}$$

$$V_{2B} = 440 \text{ V}$$

$$Z_{2B} = \frac{V_{2B}^2}{S_B}$$

$$= \frac{440^2}{2500}$$

$$= 77.44 \Omega$$

Reflect X_1 to the high voltage side

$$X'_1 = \frac{X_1}{a^2} = \frac{j0.06}{(14)^2} = 0.96 \Omega$$

$$X'_{1pu} = \frac{X'_1}{Z_{2B}}$$

$$= \frac{j0.96}{77.44} = j0.01244 \text{ p.u.}$$

2. Generator

$$X_{pu} = j0.25 \text{ pu} \leftarrow$$

Generator rating - 500 MVA, 18 kV, 1 ϕ

Generator rating bases

a. Choose $S_B = 500 \times 10^6 \text{ VA}$

b. Choose $V_B = 18 \times 10^3 \text{ V}$

c. $Z_B = \frac{V_B^2}{S_B} = \frac{18^2 \times 10^6}{500 \times 10^6} = 0.648 \Omega$

$$X_{pu} = \frac{X_{\text{actual}}}{Z_B}$$

$$X_{\text{actual}} = X_{pu} \cdot Z_B = 0.25 \times j0.648 \Omega = j0.162 \Omega$$

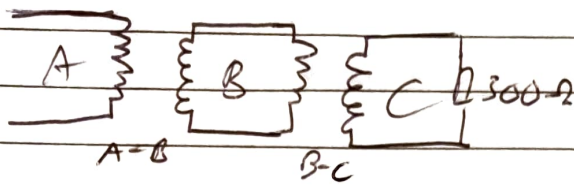
New base values

- $S_B^{\text{new}} = 100 \text{ MVA}$

- $V_B^{\text{new}} = 20 \text{ kV}$

$$\begin{aligned} - X_{pu}^{\text{new}} &= \frac{X_{\text{actual}}}{Z_B^{\text{new}}} = \frac{X_{\text{actual}}}{\left[\frac{(V_B^{\text{new}})^2}{S_B^{\text{new}}} \right]} \\ &= \frac{j0.162}{\left(\frac{20^2 \times 10^6}{100 \times 10^6} \right)} \\ &= j0.0405 \text{ pu} \end{aligned}$$

3.

 $\rightarrow j0.1 \text{ pu}$ A-B $\rightarrow 10000 \text{ KVA}$, $(138/138) \text{ kV}$, 10% B-C $\rightarrow 10000 \text{ KVA}$, $(138/69) \text{ kV}$, $8\% \rightarrow j0.08 \text{ pu}$ Base of circuit $\rightarrow 10000 \text{ KVA}$, 138 kV

A

B

C

$$V_B^A = 138 \text{ kV} \times \frac{138}{138}$$

$$= 13.8 \text{ kV}$$

$$V_B^B = 138 \text{ kV}$$

$$V_B^C = 138 \text{ kV} \times \frac{69}{138}$$

$$= 69 \text{ kV}$$

$$Z_B^A = \frac{13.8^2 \times 10^6}{10 \times 10^6}$$

$$= 19.04 \Omega$$

$$Z_B^B = \frac{138^2 \times 10^6}{10 \times 10^6}$$

$$= 1904 \Omega$$

$$Z_B^C = \frac{69^2 \times 10^6}{10 \times 10^6}$$

$$= 476.1 \Omega$$

Transformer p.u. values don't change since manufacturer's base values and our system base values are the same [Both S_B as well as V_B]

$$Z_L^A = Z_L^B \times \left(\frac{13.8}{138}\right)^2$$

$$= 12 \Omega$$

$$Z_L^B = Z_L^C \times \left(\frac{138}{69}\right)^2$$

$$= 1200 \Omega$$

$$Z_L^C = 300 \Omega$$

$$Z_{Lpu}^A = \frac{12}{Z_B^A}$$

$$= \frac{12}{19.04} = 0.63 \text{ pu}$$

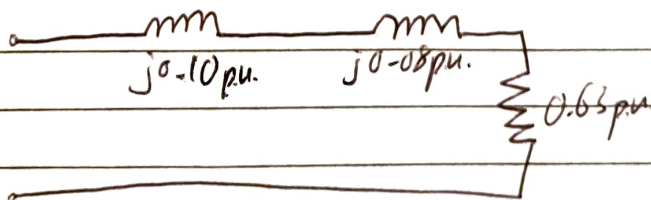
$$Z_{Lpu}^B = \frac{1200}{Z_B^B}$$

$$= \frac{1200}{1904} = 0.63 \text{ pu}$$

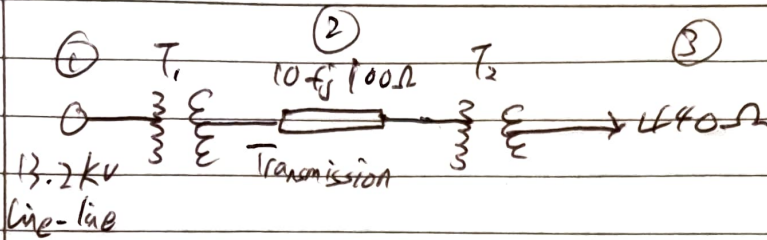
$$Z_{Lpu}^C = \frac{300}{Z_B^C}$$

$$= \frac{300}{476.1}$$

$$= 0.63 \text{ pu}$$



4.



$T_1 \rightarrow 5 \text{ MVA}, 13.2 \Delta - 132 \nabla \text{ kV}, X_{T1} = 10\%$

$T_2 \rightarrow 10 \text{ MVA}, 138 \nabla - 69 \Delta \text{ kV}, X_{T2} = 8\%$

Base values for transmission

Section $\rightarrow 138 \text{ kV}$

$S_B \rightarrow 10 \text{ MVA}$

$S_B^{pu} = 10 \text{ MVA}$

$$Z_B = \frac{(V_B^a)^2}{S_B^{pu}}$$

$$V_{1B} = 138 \text{ kV} \times \frac{13.2}{132}$$

$$= 13.8 \text{ kV}$$

$$Z_{1B} = \frac{13.8^2 \times 10^6}{10 \times 10^6}$$

$$= 19.04 \Omega$$

$$V_{1L} = 13.2 \text{ kV (l-l)}$$

$$V_{1u} = \frac{13.2}{13.8}$$

$$= 0.956 \angle 0^\circ \text{ pu}$$

$$V_{2B} = 138 \text{ kV}$$

$$Z_{2B} = \frac{138^2 \times 10^6}{10 \times 10^6}$$

$$= 1904 \Omega$$

$$Z_L = 10 + j100$$

$$Z_L^{pu} = \frac{10 + j100}{1904}$$

$$= 5.25 \times 10^{-3} + j0.0525 \text{ pu}$$

$$V_{3B} = 138 \text{ kV} \times \frac{69}{138}$$

$$= 69 \text{ kV}$$

$$Z_{3B} = \frac{69^2 \times 10^6}{10 \times 10^6}$$

$$= 476.1 \Omega$$

$$Z_{\text{load}} = 440 \Omega$$

$$Z_{\text{load}}^{pu} = \frac{440}{476.1}$$

$$= 0.924 \text{ pu}$$

Transformer $T_1 \rightarrow 5 \text{ MVA}, 13.2 / 132 \text{ kV}$

$$X_{T1} = 10\% \Rightarrow X_{T1}^{pu} = j0.1 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$X_{T1}^{pu} = \frac{X_{T1, \text{actual}}}{Z_{T1, \text{base}}} \Rightarrow X_{T1, \text{actual}} = X_{T1}^{pu} \cdot Z_{T1, \text{base}}$$

$$= j0.1 \times \frac{V_{T1, \text{base}}^2}{S_B} = j0.1 \times \frac{13.2^2 \times 10^6}{5 \times 10^6}$$

$$= j3.4848 \Omega$$

$$X_{T1, \text{new}}^{pu} = \frac{X_{T1, \text{actual}}}{Z_{1B}} = \frac{j3.4848}{19.04} = j0.183 \text{ p.u.}$$

Transformer ②

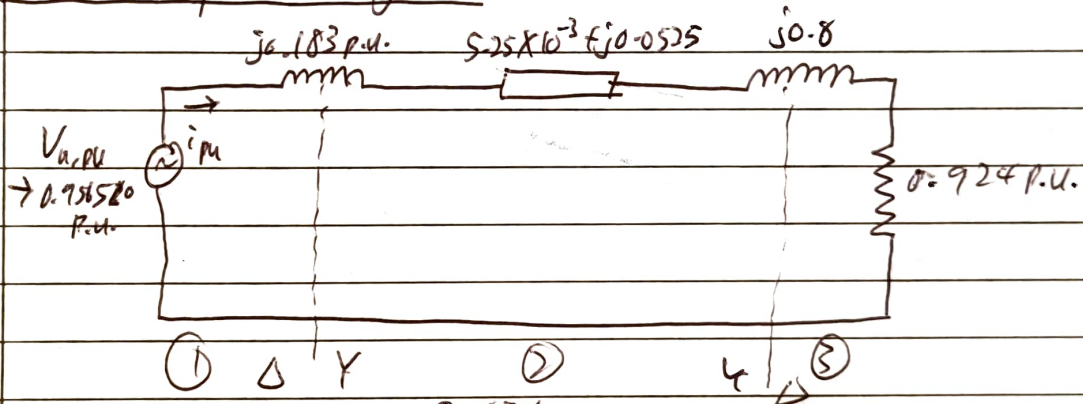
$$T_2 \rightarrow 10 \text{ MVA}, 138/69 \text{ kV } X_{T_2} = 8\%$$

$$X_{T_2, \text{old}}^{\text{pu}} = j0.08 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$X_{T_2, \text{new}}^{\text{pu}} = \frac{X_{T_2, \text{actual}}}{Z_{B2}} = \frac{X_{T_2, \text{old}}^{\text{pu}} \times Z_{B1, T_2}}{Z_{B2}}$$

$$= j0.08 \times \frac{138^2 \times 10^6}{10 \times 10^9}$$

$$= j0.08 \text{ p.u.}$$

Per unit impedance diagram

$$i_{\text{pu}} = \frac{0.9565 \angle 0}{j0.183 + j0.08 + 0.924 + 5.25 \times 10^{-3} + j0.0525}$$

$$= 0.9747 \angle -18.75^\circ \text{ p.u.}$$

$$i_{\text{pu}, 2} = 0.9747 \angle (-18.75 + 30) \text{ p.u.} = 0.9747 \angle 11.25^\circ \text{ p.u.}$$

$$i_{\text{pu}, 3} = 0.9747 \angle -18.75^\circ \text{ p.u.}$$

$$S_{\text{load pu}} = I_{\text{pu}, 3} \cdot Z_{\text{load pu}}^*$$

$$V_{\text{load pu}} = I_{\text{pu}, 3} \cdot Z_{\text{load pu}}^{\text{pu}} = (0.9747 \angle -18.75^\circ) (0.924)$$

$$= 0.9006 \angle -18.75^\circ \text{ p.u.}$$

$$P_{\text{load, actual}} = P_{\text{load pu}} \times S_B^{\frac{3\phi}{8}} = 0.8778 \times 10 \times 10^6 \\ = 8.778 \text{ MW}$$

$$S_{\text{source, pu}} = V_{a, \text{pu}} \cdot I_{\text{pu}}^* = (0.9565)(0.9749 \angle -18.75^\circ)^* \\ = 0.883 + j0.299 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$\downarrow \\ P_{\text{source, pu}}$$

$$\downarrow \\ Q_{\text{source, pu}}$$

$$P_{\text{source, actual}} = 0.883 \times 10 \times 10^6 = 8.83 \text{ MW}$$

$$\eta = \frac{P_{\text{load}}}{P_{\text{source}}} = \frac{8.778}{8.83} \times 100\% = 99.4\%$$