

## 12.2 Induction Motors

Friday, 8 April 2022

3:42 PM

Q1  $n_r = (1-s)n_s$   $s = \frac{n_s - n_r}{n_s}$   
 At  $\omega_r \cdot n_r = 0$   $s = 1$  if  $n_r = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow 0 = (1-s)n_s$   
 $s = 1$  or 100%.

Q2 3 $\phi$ , 2 pole, 60 Hz,  $n_r = 3502$  rpm

$P_{in} = 15.7$  kW,  $I_1 = 22.6$  A

$r_1 = 0.2 \Omega$  / phase,

$P_{core} = ?$

$P_{core} = 0$  W

$P_{scl} = 3 I_1^2 r_1$   
 $= 3 \times 22.6^2 \times 0.2$   
 $= 306.46$  W

$P_{mech} = P_{in} - P_{core} - P_{scl}$   
 $= 15.7 \text{ kW} - 0 - 306.46$   
 $= 15393.54$  W

$P_{mech} = 3 I_2'^2 \frac{R_2'}{s}$

S.PAG  $= 3 I_2'^2 R_2'$

$n_s = \frac{60}{2} \times 60 = 3600$  rpm

$s = \frac{n_s - n_r}{n_s} = \frac{3600 - 3502}{3600}$   
 $= 0.027$  or 2.7%.

$P_{in} = 3 V_1 I_1 \cos \theta$   $P_{scl} \rightarrow$  Stator Copper Loss

$P_{scl} = 3 I_1^2 R_1$

$P_{core} = \frac{3 E_1^2}{R_c}$

$P_{mech} = P_{in} - P_{scl} - P_{core}$

$P_{mech} = 3 I_2'^2 \frac{R_2'}{s}$

$P_{scl} = 3 I_2'^2 R_2'$

$P_{elec} = P_{mech} - P_{scl} = 3 I_2'^2 \frac{R_2'}{s} - 3 I_2'^2 R_2'$

$= 3 I_2'^2 R_2' \left( \frac{1}{s} - 1 \right)$

$= 3 I_2'^2 R_2' \left( \frac{1-s}{s} \right)$

$P_{mech-loss} = P_{friction} + P_{windage}$

$P_{out} = P_{elec} - P_{mech-loss}$

$P_{out} = T_m \cdot \omega_m = P_{shaft}$

$\eta = \frac{P_{out}}{P_{in}}$

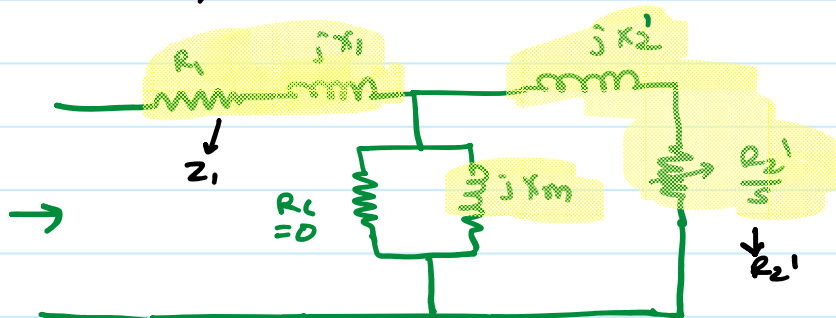
$$s \cdot P_{acu} = 3 I_2'^2 \cdot R_2' = P_{RCL}$$

$$P_{RCL} = 0.027 \times 15393.54 \\ = 419W$$

3) 3  $\phi$ , Y, 220V, 7.5kW, 60Hz, 6 pole

$$R_1 = 0.1 \Omega, R_2' = 0.1 \Omega, X_1 = 0.2 \Omega, X_2' = 0.2 \Omega$$

$$X_m = 10 \Omega, s = 0.01$$



$$n_s = \frac{120 f}{P} = \frac{120 \times 60}{6} = 1200 \text{ rpm}$$

$$n_r = (1-s) n_s = (1-0.01) 1200 \\ = 1188 \text{ rpm}$$

$$\omega_r = 1188 \times \frac{2\pi}{60} = 124.4 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$z_2' = \frac{R_2' + jX_2'}{s} = \frac{0.1 + j0.2}{0.01} = 10 + j0.2 \Omega$$

$$z_2' \parallel jX_m = (10 + j0.2) \parallel (j10) \\ = 4.9 + j5 \Omega$$

$$Z_{eq} = Z_1 + (z_2' \parallel jX_m) \\ = (0.1 + j0.2) + (4.9 + j5) \Omega \\ = 5 + j5.2 \Omega$$

$$Z_{eq} = |Z_{eq}| \angle \angle Z_{eq}$$

↓  
cos(∠Z<sub>eq</sub>)  
p.f. ...

↓  
 $\cos(\angle Z_{eq})$   
P.F. of the I.M.

IF load change  $\rightarrow$   $s$  change  $\rightarrow$   $Z_2'$  change  
Power factor  $\leftarrow \angle Z_{eq}$  change  $\leftarrow Z_{eq}$  change  
charging.

$$s = \frac{n_s - n_r}{n_s}$$

$$1 \angle n_s = n_s - n_r$$

$$n_r = 0$$

4)  $Z_2' = 5.41 + j3.1 \Omega$ , 7.5 kW

$$I_1 = 18.8 A, s = 2\%, \omega_r = 123.2 \text{ rad/s}$$

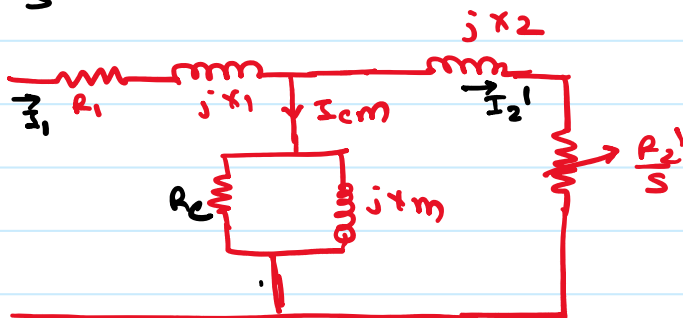
$$P_{mech} = 402 W$$

$$P_{shaft} = ?$$

$$T_{output} = ?$$

$$Z_2' = 5.41 + j3.1$$

$$\frac{P_2'}{s} = 5.41$$



$$I_1 = I_2' + I_{cm}$$

$$I_{cm} = \text{very small.}$$

$$I_2' \approx I_1 = 18.8 A$$

$$P_{in} = 3 V_1 I_1 \cos \theta$$

$P_{scL} \rightarrow$  Stator copper loss

$$P_{scL} = 3 I_1^2 R_1$$

$$P_{core} = \frac{3 E_1^2}{\omega_r}$$

$$P_{AC} = 3 I_2'^2 \cdot \frac{R_2'}{s}$$

$$= 3 \times 18.8^2 \times \frac{5}{41}$$

$$= 5736.3 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{elec} = P_{AC} - P_{ACL}$$

$$= P_{AC} - s \cdot P_{AC}$$

$$= 5736.3 (1 - 0.02)$$

$$= 5621.6 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{shaft} = P_{out}$$

$$= P_{elec} - P_{mech-loss}$$

$$= 5621.6 - 403$$

$$= 5218.6 \text{ W}$$

$$T_m = \frac{P_{shaft}}{\omega} = \frac{5218.6}{123.2} = 42.4 \text{ N.m}$$

5)  $\rightarrow$  480V, 60Hz, 50 H.P, 3 $\phi$ ,  $\tilde{I}_1 = 60 \text{ A}$

$$\cos \theta_1 = 0.85 \text{ lag}$$

$$P_{scl} = 2000 \text{ W}, P_{rcl} = 700 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{mech-loss} = 600 \text{ W}, P_{core} = 1000 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{in} = 3 V_{ph} I_{ph} \cos \theta$$

$$P_{in} = 3 V_1 I_1 \cos \theta_1$$

$$= 3 \times \frac{480}{\sqrt{3}} \times 60 \times 0.85$$

$$= 42400.6 \text{ W}$$

a)  $P_{AC} = P_{in} - P_{scl} - P_{core}$

$$P_{scl} = 3 I_1'^2 R_1$$

$$P_{core} = \frac{3 E_1^2}{R_c}$$

$$P_{AC} \rightarrow P_{mech} = P_{in} - P_{scl} - P_{core}$$

$$P_{AC} = 3 I_2'^2 \cdot \frac{R_2'}{s} \quad P_{rcl} \rightarrow \text{Rotor Copper loss}$$

$$P_{rcl} = 3 I_2'^2 \cdot R_2'$$

$$= s P_{AC}$$

$$P_{elec} = P_{AC} - P_{rcl} = 3 I_2'^2 \cdot \frac{R_2'}{s} - 3 I_2'^2 \cdot R_2'$$

$$= 3 I_2'^2 R_2' \left( \frac{1}{s} - 1 \right)$$

$$= 3 I_2'^2 R_2' \left( \frac{1-s}{s} \right)$$

$$P_{mech-loss} = P_{friction} + P_{windage}$$

$$P_{out} = P_{elec} - P_{mech-loss}$$

$$P_{out} = T_m \cdot \omega_m = P_{shaft}$$

$\rightarrow$  reads

$$\eta = \frac{P_{out}}{P_{in}}$$

$$\rightarrow P_{in} = 3 V_1 I_1 \cos \theta \quad P_{scl} \rightarrow \text{Stator Copper loss}$$

$$P_{scl} = 3 I_1'^2 R_1$$

$$P_{core} = \frac{3 E_1^2}{R_c}$$

$$P_{AC} \rightarrow P_{mech} = P_{in} - P_{scl} - P_{core}$$

$$P_{AC} = 3 I_2'^2 \cdot \frac{R_2'}{s} \quad P_{rcl} \rightarrow \text{Rotor Copper loss}$$

$$P_{rcl} = 3 I_2'^2 \cdot R_2'$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a) P_{\text{in}} &= P_{\text{in}} - P_{\text{scL}} - P_{\text{core}} \\
 &= 42400.6 - 2000 - 1800 \\
 &= 38600.6 \text{ W}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b) P_{\text{elec}} &= P_{\text{conv}} = P_{\text{converted}} \\
 &= P_{\text{in}} - P_{\text{scL}} \\
 &= 38600.6 - 700 \\
 &= 37900.6 \text{ W}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) P_{\text{out}} &= P_{\text{elec}} - P_{\text{mech-loss}} \\
 &= 37900.6 - 600 \\
 &= 37300.6 \text{ W}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a) \eta &= \frac{P_{\text{out}}}{P_{\text{in}}} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{37300.6}{42400.6} \times 100\% \\
 &= 87.97\% //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P_{\text{scL}} = 3 I_2'^2 \cdot R_2'$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_{\text{elec}} &= P_{\text{in}} - P_{\text{scL}} = 3 I_2'^2 \frac{R_2'}{s} - 3 I_2'^2 \cdot R_2' \\
 &= 3 I_2'^2 R_2' \left( \frac{1}{s} - 1 \right) \\
 &= 3 I_2'^2 R_2' \left( \frac{1-s}{s} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P_{\text{mech-loss}} = P_{\text{friction}} + P_{\text{windage}}$$

$$P_{\text{out}} = P_{\text{elec}} - P_{\text{mech-loss}}$$

$$P_{\text{out}} = \sum m \cdot \omega m = P_{\text{shaft}}$$

$$\eta = \frac{P_{\text{out}}}{P_{\text{in}}}$$

EE2022

EE3505C

EE3506C