EE2029 Introduction to Electrical Energy Systems

(Tutorial 3 - Three-Phase Circuit Analysis)

1. In a three-phase, three-wire circuit, find the phasor line currents to a balanced Y load for which $Z_Y=60$ $\angle -30^{\circ} \Omega$ and $V_{cb}=480 \angle 65^{\circ} V$. The phase sequence is abc.

(Answer: $I_a=4.62 \angle 5^0$ A, $I_b=4.62 \angle -115^0$ A, and $I_c=4.62 \angle 125^0$ A)

- 2. Calculate the total average power delivered by a three-phase source with the line to line voltage of 500 V to each of the following balanced Y connected loads with Z_L equal to:
 - a) $(30+j0) \Omega$;
 - b) $(30+j72) \Omega$;
 - c) (30-j12.5) Ω.

(Answer: (a) 8333.33 W, (b) 1232.75 W, (c) 7100.58 W)

3. Find the rms line voltage ($V_{Line-Line}$) at the source of the circuit in Fig. 1. As shown, rms phase voltage is 100V and each line impedance is $2+j3 \Omega$.

(Answer: 173 V)

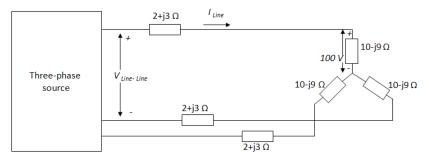


Fig. 1

4. A 208-V three-phase circuit has two balanced loads, one a Δ -connected load of $21 \angle 30^{\circ}\Omega$ impedances and the other a Y-connected load of $9 \angle -60^{\circ}\Omega$ impedances. Find the total rms line current and also the total average power absorbed by the two loads.

(Answer: 21.7 A, 7744.15 W)

5. In a 208-V three-phase circuit a balanced Δ load absorbs 2 kW at a 0.8 leading power factor. Find Z_{Δ} .

(Answer: $51.9 \angle -36.87^{\circ} \Omega$)

- 6. Two balanced three-phase motor loads comprising of an induction motor and a synchronous motor are connected in parallel. An induction motor draws 400 kW at 0.8 power factor lagging and a synchronous motor draws 150 kVA at 0.9 power factor leading. Both motor loads are supplied by a balanced three-phase 4160 V source. If the cable impedance between the source and load is neglected,
 - a) Draw the power triangle for each motor and for the combined-motor load.
 - b) Determine the power factor of the combined-motor load.
 - c) Determine the magnitude of the line current delivered by the source.
 - d) A delta connected capacitor bank is now installed in parallel with the combined-motor load. What value of capacitive reactance is required in each phase of the capacitor bank to make the source power factor unity?
 - e) Determine the magnitude of the line current delivered by the source with the capacitor bank installed.

(Answer: (b) 0.916 lagging, (c) 81.1 A, (d) -j221.3 Ω , (e) 74.3 A)