

Assignment 4

$$1. \hat{L} = \sum_{k=1}^3 \hat{e}_k \hat{L}_k, \quad \hat{L}_k = -i\hbar \sum_{m=1}^3 \sum_{n=1}^3 \epsilon_{mnk} x_m \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = r \sin \theta \cos \phi \\ y = r \sin \theta \sin \phi \\ z = r \cos \theta \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \\ \theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{z} \right) \\ \phi = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y}{x} \right) \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{L}_x = -i\hbar \sum_{m=1}^3 \sum_{n=1}^3 \epsilon_{mn1} x_m \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n}$$

$$= -i\hbar (\epsilon_{231} y \frac{\partial}{\partial z} + \epsilon_{321} z \frac{\partial}{\partial y}) = -i\hbar (y \frac{\partial}{\partial z} - z \frac{\partial}{\partial y})$$

$$\hat{L}_y = -i\hbar \sum_{m=1}^3 \sum_{n=1}^3 \epsilon_{mn2} x_m \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n}$$

$$= -i\hbar (\epsilon_{132} x \frac{\partial}{\partial z} + \epsilon_{312} z \frac{\partial}{\partial x}) = -i\hbar (z \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - x \frac{\partial}{\partial z})$$

$$dr = \frac{x}{r} dx + \frac{y}{r} dy + \frac{z}{r} dz$$

$$= \sin \theta \cos \phi dx + \sin \theta \sin \phi dy + \cos \theta dz$$

$$d\theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \left(\frac{x^2}{r^2} dx + \frac{y^2}{r^2} dy - \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{r^2} dz \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \sin \theta \cos \theta \cos \phi dx + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \sin \theta \cos \theta \sin \phi dy - \frac{\sin \theta}{r} dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{r} \cos \theta \cos \phi dx + \frac{1}{r} \cos \theta \sin \phi dy - \frac{\sin \theta}{r} dz$$

$$d\phi = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} dy - \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2} dx = -\frac{\sin \phi}{r \sin \theta} dx + \frac{\cos \phi}{r \sin \theta} dy$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial r}{\partial y} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial r}{\partial z} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial z} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}$$

$$L_- = L_x - iL_y$$

$$= -i\hbar \left[-\sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} - \cot\theta \cos\phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right] - \hbar \left[\cos\phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} - \cot\theta \sin\phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right]$$

$$= \hbar \left[i\sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + i\cot\theta \cos\phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} - \cos\phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \cot\theta \sin\phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right]$$

$$= \hbar \left[(-\cos\phi + i\sin\phi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} - (-\cos\phi + i\sin\phi) (i\cot\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}) \right]$$

$$= \hbar \left[(\cos\phi - i\sin\phi) (i\cot\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}) - (\cos\phi - i\sin\phi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right]$$

$$= \hbar (\cos\phi - i\sin\phi) (i\cot\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta})$$

$$= \hbar e^{-i\phi} (i\cot\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta})$$

$$2. \quad q_i = \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_i}, \quad p_i = -\frac{\partial H}{\partial q_i}, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, N$$

$$[F, G]_{PB} = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial F}{\partial q_i} \frac{\partial G}{\partial p_i} - \frac{\partial F}{\partial p_i} \frac{\partial G}{\partial q_i}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (a) \quad [q_i, q_j]_{PB} &= \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial q_i}{\partial q_i} \frac{\partial q_j}{\partial p_i} - \frac{\partial q_i}{\partial p_i} \frac{\partial q_j}{\partial q_i} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial q_i}{\partial q_i} (0) - (0) \frac{\partial q_j}{\partial q_i} \\ &= 0 \quad (\text{proven}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [p_i, p_j]_{PB} &= \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial p_i}{\partial q_i} \frac{\partial p_j}{\partial p_i} - \frac{\partial p_i}{\partial p_i} \frac{\partial p_j}{\partial q_i} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^N (0) \frac{\partial p_j}{\partial p_i} - \frac{\partial p_i}{\partial p_i} (0) \\ &= 0 \quad (\text{proven}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [q_i, p_j]_{PB} &= \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial q_i}{\partial q_i} \frac{\partial p_j}{\partial p_i} - \frac{\partial q_i}{\partial p_i} \frac{\partial p_j}{\partial q_i} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^N (1) \frac{\partial p_j}{\partial p_i} - (0) \frac{\partial p_j}{\partial q_i} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial p_j}{\partial p_i} \\ &= \delta_{ij} \quad (\text{proven}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (b) \frac{dF}{dt} &= \frac{\partial F}{\partial q} \frac{\partial q}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial p} \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial t} \\
 &= \frac{\partial F}{\partial q} \frac{\partial H}{\partial p} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial p} \left(-\frac{\partial H}{\partial q} \right) + \frac{\partial F}{\partial t} \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial q_i} \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_i} - \frac{\partial F}{\partial p_i} \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_i} \right) + \frac{\partial F}{\partial t} \\
 &= [F, H]_{PB} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial t} \quad (\text{shown}) //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dH}{dt} = [H, H]_{PB} + \frac{\partial H}{\partial t}$$

Since, $H(p, q)$ does not depend on time, $\frac{\partial H}{\partial t} = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Rightarrow \frac{dH}{dt} &= [H, H]_{PB} = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_i} \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_i} - \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_i} \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_i} \\
 &= 0 //
 \end{aligned}$$

Since $\frac{dH}{dt} = 0$, $H(p, q)$ is a constant of motion

$$r = \frac{1}{\sin(\theta)}$$

$$3a. \begin{cases} x = a \cosh \mu \cos v \\ y = a \sinh \mu \sin v \\ z = z \end{cases}, \begin{matrix} 0 \leq \mu < \infty \\ 0 \leq v < 2\pi \\ -\infty < z < \infty \end{matrix}$$

$$\vec{r} = a \cosh \mu \cos v \hat{e}_x + a \sinh \mu \sin v \hat{e}_y + z \hat{e}_z$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial \mu} = a \sinh \mu \cos v \hat{e}_x + a \cosh \mu \sin v \hat{e}_y$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial v} = -a \cosh \mu \sin v \hat{e}_x + a \sinh \mu \cos v \hat{e}_y$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial z} = \hat{e}_z$$

$$h_\mu = \left| \frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial \mu} \right| = a \sqrt{\sinh^2 \mu \cos^2 v + \cosh^2 \mu \sin^2 v}$$

$$h_v = \left| \frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial v} \right| = a \sqrt{\cosh^2 \mu \sin^2 v + \sinh^2 \mu \cos^2 v}$$

$$h_z = \left| \frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial z} \right| = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \hat{e}_\mu = \frac{1}{a \sqrt{\sinh^2 \mu \cos^2 v + \cosh^2 \mu \sin^2 v}} (\sinh \mu \cos v \hat{e}_x + \cosh \mu \sin v \hat{e}_y) \\ \hat{e}_v = \frac{1}{a \sqrt{\cosh^2 \mu \sin^2 v + \sinh^2 \mu \cos^2 v}} (-\cosh \mu \sin v \hat{e}_x + \sinh \mu \cos v \hat{e}_y) \\ \hat{e}_z = \hat{e}_z \end{cases}$$



Date

No.

b. $\vec{r}(t) = \vec{r} = \alpha \cosh \mu \cos v \hat{e}_x + \alpha \sinh \mu \sin v \hat{e}_y + \hat{e}_z$

$$\vec{v}(t) = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \alpha \cosh \mu \cos v \hat{e}_\mu + \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \alpha \sinh \mu \sin v \hat{e}_v + \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{e}_z$$

$$\vec{a}(t) = \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial t^2} \alpha \cosh \mu \cos v \hat{e}_\mu + \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} \alpha \sinh \mu \sin v \hat{e}_v + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial t^2} \hat{e}_z //$$