Sentry在vue项目中的使用

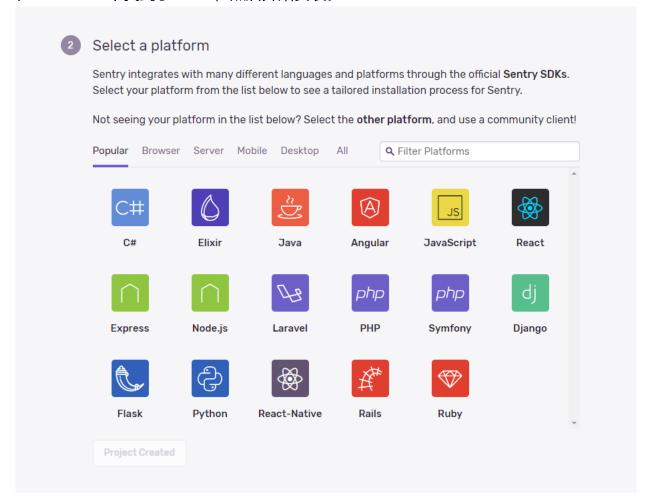
应用场景

Sentry是提供基于云端的错误监控报警系统,只要在项目代码中集成Sentry提供的sdk,便可在云端控制台查看,分析,处理错误,当然也可以部署在自有的服务器上,自己实现运维管理。

Sentry适用于多种语言,也为各种前后端热门的框架提供了配套的SDK。

注册创建应用

首页我们注册账号,新账户会有一个14天的免费使用期,过了试用期后可选择付费套餐或者使用功能受限的个人免费版。选择相应的框架,选择后会生成一个简单的安装指南。我们在"Browser"下找到了"vue",然后开始安装。



安装sdk

```
2 $ yarn add @sentry/browser
3
4 # Using npm
5 $ npm install @sentry/browser
```

```
1 # Using yarn
2 yarn add @sentry/integrations
3
4 # Using npm
5 npm install @sentry/integrations
```

通过安装 *sentry/browser*,可以捕捉到浏览器环境js的错误,而安装 *sentry/intergrations*,通过vue全局的*config.errorHandler*可以定位错误是从哪个vue组件中的具体哪个属性引起。

最后在main.js中初始化监控

```
import Vue from 'vue'
import * as Sentry from '@sentry/browser';
import { Vue as VueIntegration } from '@sentry/integrations';

Sentry.init({
    dsn: 'https://****************@o409167.ingest.sentry.io/5281135',
    integrations: [new VueIntegration({Vue, attachProps: true, logErrors: true})],
    debug:true,
    environment: 'dev'
}
```

init方法中的配置参数主要有:

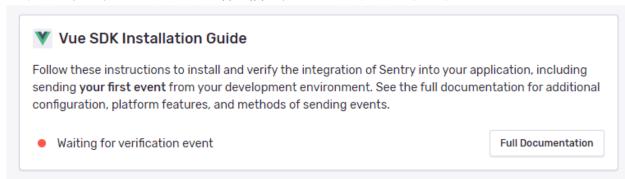
- dsn: 相当于密钥,也是区别项目的唯一id
- debug: 是否记录debug信息
- release: 记录当前的项目发布版本,便于多版本使用中的问题定位
- environment: 预设环境,便于在控制台过滤
- ...

更具体的配置可参考文档: https://docs.sentry.io/error-reporting/configuration/?
platform=browser

上述是浏览器环境的通用配置,而在vue项目中integrations的配置,记得添加 logErrors: true 的配置,不然在开发环境中,无法在console中看见错误信息。

验证结果

可以看到, 网页一直在等待着错误信息, 验证我们是否安装成功



我们在开发环境中, 故意产生一个错误

```
    POST http://localhost:8000/api/cart/del?items[]=5&items[]=1&items[]=2&items[]=4&items[]=2&items[]=5&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[]=2&items[
```

我们post一个接口后发生了400错误,sentry立刻帮助我们捕捉并上报,可以看下具体上报的参数。

```
▼ Query String Parameters view source view URL encoded
sentry_key: 7b27aba3bd8949c1
sentry_version: 7

▼ Request Payload view source

▼ {exception: {values: [{type: "Error", value: "Request failed with status code 400",...}]},...}

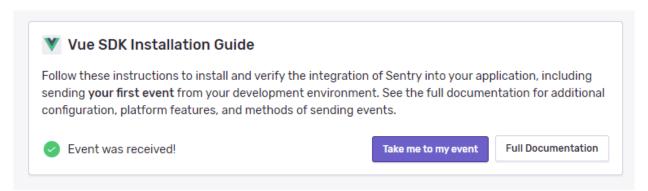
▶ breadcrumbs: [{timestamp: 1592469585.677445, category: "console", data: {arguments: [,...], logger: "console"},...},...]
event_id: "lc9d4da333d34077b5620d768149775d"

▶ exception: {values: [{type: "Error", value: "Request failed with status code 400",...}]}
level: "error"
platform: "javascript"

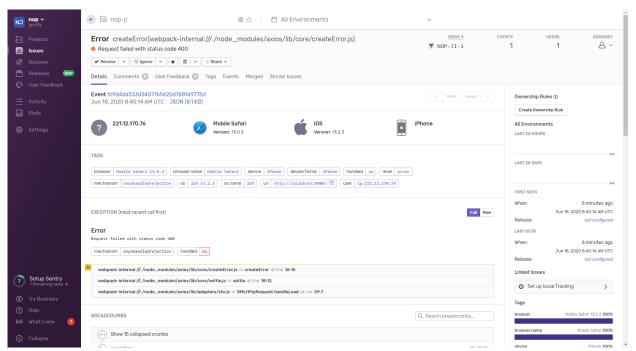
▶ request: {url: "http://localhost:8000/#/cart", headers: {,...}}

▶ sdk: {name: "sentry.javascript.browser", packages: [{name: "npm:@sentry/browser", version: "5.17.0"}],...}
timestamp: 1592469614.48312
```

- breadcrumbs 包含了用户的操作步骤,能让我们更快地复现bug。
- exception 包含错误的具体信息
- request 是报错接口的详情
- •



然后我们在页面上看到了服务端更新了页面状态,上报事件已被接收。我们点击进入控制台 看下:



控制台上的信息十分详细,除了上报请求内的参数外,还把http头的ua等相关信息解析出来了,也可对比不同机型发现兼容性问题。

我们在代码中修改一些,看看vue组件的错误如何被捕捉。

```
▶ [Vue warn]: Error in created hook: "TypeError: Cannot read property 'id' of undefined"

found in

---> ⟨Info⟩ at src/page/user/order/info.vue
    ⟨App⟩ at src/App.vue
    ⟨Root⟩

® ▶TypeError: Cannot read property 'id' of undefined
    at VueComponent.created (info.vue.y4445:81)
    at invokeWithErrorHandling (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:1854)
    at callHook (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:4219)
    at VueComponent.Vue._init (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:5048)
    at new VueComponent (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:5154)
    at createComponentInstanceForVnode (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:3283)
    at init (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:33114)
    at merged (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:3391)
    at createComponent (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:5978)
    at createElm (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:6319)
    at vueComponent.patch [as_patch_] (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:6319)
    at VueComponent.patch [as_patch_] (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:6319)
    at VueComponent.patch [as_patch_] (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:6482)
    at VueComponent.patch [as_patch_] (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:6486)
    at Watcher.pue (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:4554)
    at Watcher.pue (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:4310)
    at Array.eval (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:4380)
    at Array.eval (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:4310)
    at Array.eval (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:1980)
    at flushCallbacks (vue.runtime.esm.js?2b0e:1980)
```



这是一个常见的错误,可以看到contexts里可以识别到发生错误的组件的名称,错误产生的事件,和错误的属性是哪一个。控制台的面包屑也是完完全全复原了控制台中的错误堆栈。

生产环境问题定位

刚才的尝试是在开发环境中的,所以错误堆栈产生的原因都能清晰地定位到具体代码行,如果实在生产环境中,我们需要上传sourcemap。

安装命今行工具

可以在github上下载相应系统的工具,并且重命名为 sentry-cli https://github.com/getsentry/sentry-cli/releases/

生成配置文件

在工具目录下执行

```
1 sentry-cli login
```

要求我们填入token,我们可以在网页上的控制台找到,然后命令行工具会生成一个 .sentryclirc 的配置文件,放在项目根目录即可。配置文件中还需要填org和project,与注 册账号时填写的信息一致。

当然你也可以手动创建,就像这样

```
1 [auth]
2 token=********
3 [defaults]
4 project=****
5 org=****
```

上传插件配置

Sentry提供一个webpack插件,能使我们在工程打包时把sourcemap文件上传。

```
1 $ npm install --save-dev @sentry/webpack-plugin
2 //or
3 $ yarn add --dev @sentry/webpack-plugin
```

我们在打包时,发现报错,找不到对应的map文件。

```
Minified Scripts

^/dist/js/chunk-03806d90. js (no sourcemap ref)

- warning: could not determine a source map reference (Could not auto-detect referenced sourcemap for ^/dist/js/chunk-03806d90. js.)

*/dist/js/chunk-060blef6. js (no sourcemap ref)

- warning: could not determine a source map reference (Could not auto-detect referenced sourcemap for ^/dist/js/chunk-060blef6. js.)

*/dist/js/chunk-184f4b3e. js (no sourcemap ref)

- warning: could not determine a source map reference (Could not auto-detect referenced sourcemap for ^/dist/js/chunk-184f4b3e. js.)

*/dist/js/chunk-2doc1175. js (no sourcemap ref)

- warning: could not determine a source map reference (Could not auto-detect referenced sourcemap for ^/dist/js/chunk-2doc1175. js.)

*/dist/js/chunk-2doc4a05. js (no sourcemap ref)

- warning: could not determine a source map reference (Could not auto-detect referenced sourcemap for ^/dist/js/chunk-2doc4a05. js.)

*/dist/js/chunk-2dod374d. js (no sourcemap ref)

- warning: could not determine a source map reference (Could not auto-detect referenced sourcemap for ^/dist/js/chunk-2dod374d. js.)

*/dist/js/chunk-2doe4add. js (no sourcemap ref)

- warning: could not determine a source map reference (Could not auto-detect referenced sourcemap for ^/dist/js/chunk-2dod374d. js.)

*/dist/js/chunk-2doe4add. js (no sourcemap ref)

- warning: could not determine a source map reference (Could not auto-detect referenced sourcemap for ^/dist/js/chunk-2do4add. js.)

*/dist/js/chunk-2doe3d3. js (no sourcemap ref)

- warning: could not determine a source map reference (Could not auto-detect referenced sourcemap for ^/dist/js/chunk-2do4add. js.)

*/dist/js/chunk-2doe3d3. js (no sourcemap ref)
```

这里需要将map文件和js文件输出在同一个目录,所以在vue.config.js中,我们需要修改如下:

productionSourceMap: true

这样map文件和js文件生成在同一个目录,sentry的插件会自动识别并上传。注:不要用 SourceMapDevToolPlugin这个插件,生成的文件路径在根目录,插件识别不了。

献上插件配置

```
new SentryWebpackPlugin({
    release: "202006191603",
    include: './dist/',
    urlPrefix: "http://127.0.0.1:8080",
    ignoreFile: '.sentrycliignore',
    ignore: ['node_modules', 'vue.config.js'],
    configFile: 'sentry.properties'
})
```

注意的是: include 和 urlPrefix, 使得最后线上的地址能够访问得到js文件

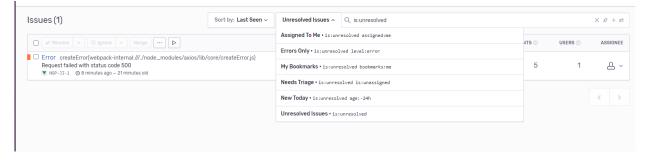
```
Source Map Upload Report
  Minified Scripts
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/app.js (sourcemap at app.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-03806d90.js (sourcemap at chunk-03806d90.js.map)
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-184f4b3e.js (sourcemap at chunk-184f4b3e.js.map)
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d0c1175.js (sourcemap at chunk-2d0c1175.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d0c4a05.js (sourcemap at chunk-2d0c4a05.js.map)
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d0d374d.js (sourcemap at chunk-2d0d374d.js.map)
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d0e4add.js (sourcemap at chunk-2d0e4add.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d0e6363.js (sourcemap at chunk-2d0e6363.js.map)
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d210098.js (sourcemap at chunk-2d210098.js.map)
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d230890.js (sourcemap at chunk-2d230890.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-5105bcd9.js (sourcemap at chunk-5105bcd9.js.map)
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-56ecaf18.js (sourcemap at chunk-56ecaf18.js.map)
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-5ae84624.js (sourcemap at chunk-5ae84624.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-6bald848.js (sourcemap at chunk-6bald848.js.map)
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-700aff4a.js (sourcemap at chunk-700aff4a.js.map)
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-7772be04.js (sourcemap at chunk-7772be04.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-7821aaf4.js (sourcemap at chunk-7821aaf4.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-7ad9a0a8.js (sourcemap at chunk-7ad9a0a8.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-85b30404.js (sourcemap at chunk-85b30404.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-983f20a4.js (sourcemap at chunk-983f20a4.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-99db9ff0.js (sourcemap at chunk-99db9ff0.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-b018d584.js (sourcemap at chunk-b018d584.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-b0b432e8.js (sourcemap at chunk-b0b432e8.js.map)
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-f6e19b6e.js (sourcemap at chunk-f6e19b6e.js.map)
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-vendors.js (sourcemap at chunk-vendors.js.map)
  Source Maps
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/app.js.map
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-03806d90.js.map
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-060b1ef6.js.map
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-184f4b3e.js.map
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d0c1175.js.map
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d0c4a05.js.map
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d0d374d.js.map
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d0e4add.js.map
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d0e6363.js.map
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d210098.js.map
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-2d230890.js.map
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-5105bcd9.js.map
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-56ecaf18.js.map
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-5ae84624.js.map
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-6ba1d848.js.map
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-700aff4a.js.map
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-7772be04.js.map
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-7821aaf4.js.map
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-7ad9a0a8.js.map
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-7f33b350.js.map
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-85b30404.js.map
     http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-b018d584.js.map
    http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-b0b432e8.js.map
http://127.0.0.1:8080/js/chunk-f6e19b6e.js.map
```

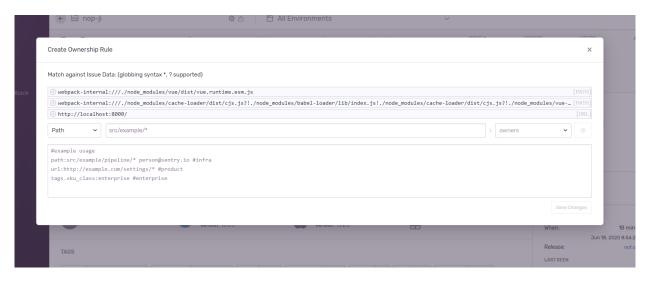
最后,控制台中就可以看到源码解析的文件了。

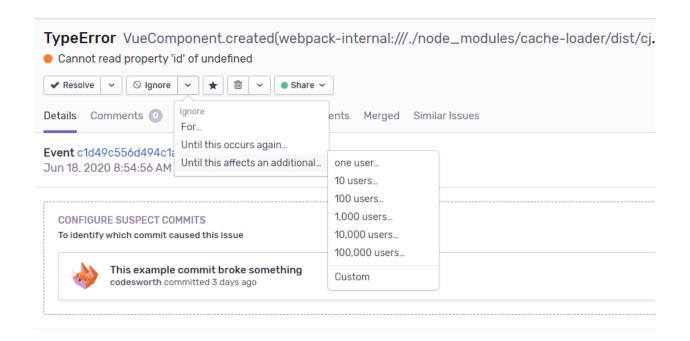


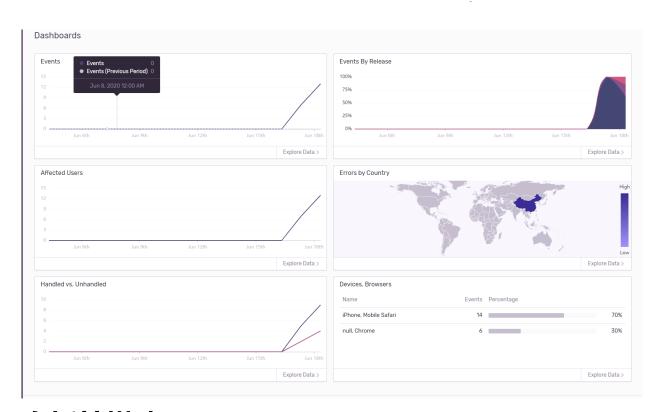
其他功能介绍

- 配置邮件提醒,让你第一时间收到通知进行处理
- 根据不同条件筛选错误,默认是未解决的错误,聚焦未解决的错误
- 可以添加成员,并根据错误信息,设置分配规则,分配错误给owner
- 可以忽略错误,或者设置忽略的阈值(包括忽略时长,发生次数和影响人数)
- 分享错误详情,请项目外高手看一看错误信息,帮助解决









自托管搭建

由于免费版的功能限制,比如只能一个人玩,一个月的错误数量也是限制在5000以下等, 我们考虑可以自己来托管Sentry的服务端。

在docker环境中运行监控服务端

可按照官方github仓库部署到私有云: https://github.com/getsentry/onpremise

● 环境要求: Docker 17.05.0+ / Compose 1.23.0+ / RAM 2400MB+ 克隆git仓库,并根据需要配置相关文件,也可直接执行安装脚本。

config.yml

可以配置邮件设置(错误上报时邮件提醒),系统设置(重置密钥, redis集群设置),文件存储设置(修改文件保存位置如文件系统或s3云存储),github,slack的插件集成

sentry.conf.py

django框架的相关配置, 诸如数据库链接, 缓存链接, 消息队列, web服务器等其他配置

.env

环境相关的配置项

配置完后相关文件之后,就可以执行安装了,安装完毕后,会在9000端口提供控制台面板 web服务,进入后即可开始项目的配置与安装。

it_sentry地址: http://itsentry.yunjiglobal.com/