

LAB_1.py

```
1 import numpy as np
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3 from skimage import io, color, util, img_as_float
4 from scipy.ndimage import convolve
5 from scipy.ndimage import gaussian_filter
6 from skimage.filters import gaussian
7 from skimage.restoration import denoise_bilateral
8 from skimage.filters.rank import median
9 from skimage.morphology import disk
10 from skimage.util import random_noise
11 from skimage.filters import rank
12
13 img = img_as_float(color.rgb2gray(io.imread(r'Low Contrast.jpg')))
14
15 gauss_noise = random_noise(img, mode='gaussian', var=0.01)
16 sp_noise = random_noise(img, mode='s&p', amount=0.05)
17
18 avg_kernel = np.ones((3, 3)) / 9
19 gauss_sigma = 0.5
20
21 results = [
22     (img, 'Original'),
23     (gauss_noise, 'Gaussian Noise'),
24     (sp_noise, 'Salt & Pepper'),
25     (convolve(gauss_noise, avg_kernel), 'Mean (Gauss)'),
26     (convolve(sp_noise, avg_kernel), 'Mean (S&P)'),
27     (median((gauss_noise * 255).astype(np.uint8), disk(1)) / 255.0, 'Median (Gauss)'),
28     (median((sp_noise * 255).astype(np.uint8), disk(1)) / 255.0, 'Median (S&P)'),
29     (gaussian(gauss_noise, sigma=gauss_sigma), 'Gauss (Gauss)'),
30     (gaussian(sp_noise, sigma=gauss_sigma), 'Gauss (S&P)')
31 ]
32
33 fig, axes = plt.subplots(3, 3, figsize=(12, 12))
34 for ax, (image, title) in zip(axes.ravel(), results):
35     ax.imshow(image, cmap='gray')
36     ax.set_title(title)
37     ax.axis('off')
38 plt.tight_layout()
39 plt.show()
40
```

LAB_2.py

```
1 import numpy as np
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3 from skimage import io, color, img_as_float, exposure
4
5 image = io.imread(r'Low Contrast.jpg')
6 gray_image = color.rgb2gray(image)
7 gray_image = img_as_float(gray_image)
8
9 global_he = exposure.equalize_hist(gray_image)
10 clahe = exposure.equalize_adapthist(gray_image, clip_limit=0.02, nbins=256)
11
12 plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
13 plt.subplot(3, 3, 1)
14 plt.imshow(gray_image, cmap='gray')
15 plt.title('Original')
16 plt.axis('off')
17
18 plt.subplot(3, 3, 2)
19 plt.imshow(global_he, cmap='gray')
20 plt.title('Global HE')
21 plt.axis('off')
22
23 plt.subplot(3, 3, 3)
24 plt.imshow(clahe, cmap='gray')
25 plt.title('CLAHE')
26 plt.axis('off')
27
28 plt.subplot(3, 3, 4)
29 plt.hist(gray_image.ravel(), bins=256, range=(0, 1), color='black')
30 plt.title('Original Histogram')
31
32 plt.subplot(3, 3, 5)
33 plt.hist(global_he.ravel(), bins=256, range=(0, 1), color='black')
34 plt.title('Global HE Histogram')
35
36 plt.subplot(3, 3, 6)
37 plt.hist(clahe.ravel(), bins=256, range=(0, 1), color='black')
38 plt.title('CLAHE Histogram')
39
40 # Step 4: Print contrast (standard deviation)
41 print("Contrast (Standard Deviation):")
42 print(f"Original:    {np.std(gray_image):.4f}")
43 print(f"Global HE:    {np.std(global_he):.4f}")
44 print(f"CLAHE:        {np.std(clahe):.4f}")
45
46 plt.tight_layout()
47 plt.show()
```

LAB_3.py

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 from skimage import io, color, filters
3 from skimage.filters import threshold_otsu
4 from skimage.filters import threshold_local
5
6 image = io.imread(r'Low Contrast.jpg')
7 if image.ndim == 3:
8     gray_image = color.rgb2gray(image)
9 else:
10     gray_image = image
11
12 otsu_thresh = threshold_otsu(gray_image)
13 otsu_binary = gray_image > otsu_thresh
14
15 adaptive_thresh = threshold_local(gray_image, block_size=35, offset=0.0)
16 adaptive_binary = gray_image > adaptive_thresh
17
18 plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
19
20 plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
21 plt.imshow(gray_image, cmap='gray')
22 plt.title('Original')
23 plt.axis('off')
24
25 plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
26 plt.imshow(otsu_binary, cmap='gray')
27 plt.title("Otsu's Threshold")
28 plt.axis('off')
29
30 plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
31 plt.imshow(adaptive_binary, cmap='gray')
32 plt.title('Adaptive Threshold')
33 plt.axis('off')
34
35 plt.tight_layout()
36 plt.show()
37
```

LAB_4.py

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 import numpy as np
3 from skimage import io, color, filters, feature, img_as_float
4
5 image = io.imread(r'Low Contrast.jpg')
6 gray_image = color.rgb2gray(image)
7 gray_image = img_as_float(gray_image)
8
9 sobel_edges = filters.sobel(gray_image)
10 prewitt_edges = filters.prewitt(gray_image)
11 canny_edges = feature.canny(gray_image)
12
13 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
14
15 plt.subplot(2, 2, 1)
16 plt.imshow(gray_image, cmap='gray')
17 plt.title('Original')
18 plt.axis('off')
19
20 plt.subplot(2, 2, 2)
21 plt.imshow(sobel_edges, cmap='gray')
22 plt.title('Sobel')
23 plt.axis('off')
24
25 plt.subplot(2, 2, 3)
26 plt.imshow(prewitt_edges, cmap='gray')
27 plt.title('Prewitt')
28 plt.axis('off')
29
30 plt.subplot(2, 2, 4)
31 plt.imshow(canny_edges, cmap='gray')
32 plt.title('Canny')
33 plt.axis('off')
34
35 plt.tight_layout()
36 plt.show()
37
38 fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 3, figsize=(12, 4))
39 titles = ['Sobel', 'Prewitt', 'Canny']
40 edges = [sobel_edges, prewitt_edges, canny_edges]
41
42 for i in range(3):
43     ax[i].imshow(edges[i], cmap='gray')
44     ax[i].set_title(titles[i])
45     ax[i].axis('off')
46 plt.suptitle('Sobel | Prewitt | Canny', fontsize=14)
47 plt.tight_layout()
48 plt.show()
```

```
49
50 sobel_density = 100 * np.count_nonzero(sobel_edges > 0) / sobel_edges.size
51 prewitt_density = 100 * np.count_nonzero(prewitt_edges > 0) / prewitt_edges.size
52 canny_density = 100 * np.count_nonzero(canny_edges) / canny_edges.size
53
54 print("Edge Density:")
55 print(f"Sobel:    {sobel_density:.2f}%")
56 print(f"Prewitt:  {prewitt_density:.2f}%")
57 print(f"Canny:    {canny_density:.2f}%")
58
```

LAB_5.py

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 import numpy as np
3 from skimage import io, color, filters, morphology, measure
4 from skimage.filters import threshold_local
5 from skimage.util import invert
6
7 image = io.imread(r'Low Contrast.jpg')
8 gray = color.rgb2gray(image)
9
10 adaptive_thresh = threshold_local(gray, block_size=35, offset=0.1)
11 binary = gray < adaptive_thresh
12
13 cleaned = morphology.remove_small_objects(binary, min_size=50)
14
15 label_image = measure.label(cleaned)
16 regions = measure.regionprops(label_image)
17
18 regions = sorted(regions, key=lambda r: r.bbox[1])
19
20 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
21 plt.subplot(2, 2, 1)
22 plt.imshow(image)
23 plt.title('Original Image')
24 plt.axis('off')
25
26 plt.subplot(2, 2, 2)
27 plt.imshow(~binary, cmap='gray')
28 plt.title('Binarized Image')
29 plt.axis('off')
30
31 plt.subplot(2, 2, 3)
32 plt.imshow(cleaned, cmap='gray')
33 plt.title('Cleaned Image')
34 plt.axis('off')
35
36 plt.subplot(2, 2, 4)
37 plt.imshow(image)
38 plt.title('Detected Characters')
39 plt.axis('off')
40 for region in regions:
41     minr, minc, maxr, maxc = region.bbox
42     rect = plt.Rectangle((minc, minr), maxc - minc, maxr - minr,
43                          edgecolor='red', facecolor='none', linewidth=1)
44     plt.gca().add_patch(rect)
45 plt.tight_layout()
46 plt.show()
47
48 num_chars = len(regions)
```

```
49 cols = 5
50 rows = int(np.ceil(num_chars / cols))
51
52 plt.figure(figsize=(15, rows * 2))
53 for i, region in enumerate(regions):
54     plt.subplot(rows, cols, i + 1)
55     plt.imshow(region.image, cmap='gray')
56     plt.title(f'{i+1}')
57     plt.axis('off')
58 plt.suptitle('Segmented Characters')
59 plt.tight_layout()
60 plt.show()
61
62 print(f"Total characters detected: {num_chars}")
63
```

LAB_6.py

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 import numpy as np
3 from skimage import io, color, filters, measure, morphology
4 from skimage.filters import threshold_local
5
6 img = io.imread(r'rice (1).tiff')
7 gray = color.rgb2gray(img)
8
9 block_size = 35
10 adaptive_thresh = threshold_local(gray, block_size, offset=10)
11 binary = gray < adaptive_thresh
12 cleaned = morphology.remove_small_objects(binary, min_size=50)
13
14 label_img = measure.label(cleaned)
15 regions = measure.regionprops(label_img)
16
17 plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
18 plt.imshow(gray, cmap='gray')
19 plt.title('Rice Grains')
20 for i, region in enumerate(regions):
21     y, x = region.centroid
22     plt.text(x, y, str(i + 1), color='red', fontsize=8)
23 plt.axis('off')
24 plt.show()
25
26 areas = np.array([r.area for r in regions])
27 majors = np.array([r.major_axis_length for r in regions])
28 perims = np.array([r.perimeter for r in regions])
29
30 print(f"Total grains: {len(regions)}\n")
31 print(f"{'No.':<5} {'Area':<7} {'MajorAxisLen':<15} {'Perimeter':<10}")
32 for i in range(len(regions)):
33     print(f"{i+1:<5} {areas[i]:<7.1f} {majors[i]:<15.1f} {perims[i]:<10.1f}")
34
35 print(f"\nMin: {areas.min():.1f}, Max: {areas.max():.1f}, Mean: {areas.mean():.1f}")
36 in_range = np.sum((areas >= 200) & (areas <= 400))
37 print(f"Grains in area [200-400]: {in_range}")
38
```


LAB_7.py

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 import numpy as np
3 from skimage import io, color, img_as_float
4 from scipy.signal import convolve2d
5
6 img = io.imread(r'Low Contrast.jpg')
7 gray = color.rgb2gray(img)
8 gray = img_as_float(gray)
9
10 mask = np.ones((3, 3)) / 9
11
12 print("Convolution Mask:")
13 print(mask)
14
15 conv_img = convolve2d(gray, mask, mode='same', boundary='symm')
16
17 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
18
19 plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
20 plt.imshow(gray, cmap='gray')
21 plt.title('Original')
22 plt.axis('off')
23
24 plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
25 plt.imshow(conv_img, cmap='gray')
26 plt.title('Convolved')
27 plt.axis('off')
28
29 plt.tight_layout()
30 plt.show()
31
```