4/11/25, 10:32 AM about:blank

Module 1 Cheatsheet: Data Science and Generative AI

Popular GenAI tools

Name of model	Usage	Link
Data Robot	A simple tool useful for data analysis and model building operations	https://www.datarobot.com/
Mostly.AI	Synthetic data generation	https://mostly.ai/
ChatGPT	GPT based model used for text and code generation based on natural language queries	https://openai.com/chatgpt
DB Sensei	Generate SQL queries for databases using natural language queries	https://dbsensei.com/

Important prompts for data preparation

Task	Prompt
Read a CSV data file and load it to a data frame.	Write a Python code that can perform the following tasks: Read the CSV file, located on a given file path, into a Pandas data frame, assuming that the first rows of the file are the headers for the data.
Data cleaning: Identify and replace missing values per the following guidelines. 1. You replace the missing entries in columns containing categorical values with the most frequent entries 2. You replace the missing entries in columns with continuous data with the mean value of the column. 3. If a value is missing in the target column, you may need to drop that row	Write a Python to perform the following tasks: 1. Identify the attributes with missing values. 2. Segregate these attributes into categorical and continuous valued attributes. 3. Drop the entire row if the value is missing in the target variable. 4. If the value is missing in a categorical attribute, replace the missing values with the most frequent value in the column. 5. If the value is missing in a continuous value attribute, replace the missing values with the mean value of the entries in the column.
Data Normalization: Normalize an attribute to its maximum value.	Write a Python code to normalize the content under a given attribute in a data frame df to its maximum value. Make changes to the original data, and do not create a new attribute.
Converting categorical variable into indicator variables	Write a Python code to perform the following tasks. 1. Convert a data frame df attribute into indicator variables, saved as df1, with the naming convention "Name_ <unique attribute="" of="" the="" value="">". 2. Append df1 into the original data frame df. 3. Drop the original attribute from the data frame df.</unique>

Author(s)

Abhishek Gagneja



about:blank 1/1