# Functional normalization: reproducible report

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### 1 Introduction

https://github.com/Jfortin1/funnorm\_repro

funnormDir <- "/Users/Jean-Philippe/funnorm\_repro"
setwd("/Users/Jean-Philippe/funnorm\_repro/")</pre>

## **Scripts directory**

### Cluster jobs file

The shell script jobs.sh contain all the ordered jobs that were submitted to the cluster.

#### **Extraction of the data**

#### Metadata

The folder /metadata contains the mappings file from TCGA for the AML and KIRC datasets, for both 27k and 450k platforms. These .csv files contain the names of the samples, the plate information, sample tissue and histology of the samples (used as the phenotype for the subsequent analysis).

The file clinical\_patient\_laml-1.txt contains the clinical leukemia tumor subtype defined by *fixme: FAB*.

The file link27kto450k.Rda pairs the AML 27k samples to their corresponding 450k samples.

## **Experimental designs**

The folder /designs contain all the design information to construct the discovery and validation datasets used throughout the analysis. For instance, for the KIRC dataset, the design file is called

design\_kirc.Rda and contains the sample names, the phenotypic group and the discovery/validation set identification as follows:

```
setwd(file.path(funnormDir, "designs"))
load("design_kirc.Rda")
head(design_kirc)

## sampleName group set
## 6042316009_R02C02 6042316009_R02C02 Tumor Validation
## 6042316009_R03C01 6042316009_R03C01 Tumor Validation
## 6042316009_R04C01 6042316009_R04C01 Tumor Validation
## 6042316009_R04C02 6042316009_R04C02 Tumor Validation
## 6042316009_R06C01 6042316009_R06C01 Tumor Validation
## 6042316009_R06C02 6042316009_R06C01 Tumor Validation
```

The file create.design.aml.R extracts the AML tumor subtype from the file clinical\_patient\_laml-1.txt for the AML samples.

#### Plate information

The directory /plate\_info contains the physical plate information of the samples for each dataset. This information is used in the ComBat method [[]] and in the plate adjustment model used for the 27k data.

```
setwd(file.path(funnormDir,"plate_info"))
load("kirc_plate_450k.Rda")
head(kirc_plate_450k)
##
                            sampleName plate
## 6042324009_R01C01 6042324009_R01C01
                                           90
## 6042324009 R02C01 6042324009 R02C01
                                           90
## 6042324009_R04C01 6042324009_R04C01
                                           90
## 6042324009_R05C01 6042324009_R05C01
                                           90
## 6042324009 R02C02 6042324009 R02C02
                                           90
## 6042324009_R03C02 6042324009_R03C02
                                           90
```

The companion script create.plate.info.R was used to extract the physical plate information of the samples.

## Loading the data in R

For each dataset, we read the data into R using the packages minfi and methylumi. The first package produces an RGChannelSet for each dataset, while the latter package produces a MethyLumiSet. The reason why we use both packages to read the data is that the noob normalization method is implemented in the methylumi package, while all other normalization methods are compatible with minfi. For

each dataset, the files are saved in the /raw\_datasets directory. For instance, rgset\_kirc.Rda and methylumi\_kirc.Rda correspond to the RGChannelSet and methyLumiSet for the KIRC dataset, respectively.

### Production of the discovery and validation datasets

The folder dis\_val\_datasets contains the code to create the discovery and validation datasets objects. For instance, the script create.dis.val.methylumi.R will produce the MethyLumiSet object for each discovery and validation subsets of each datasets, and these objects will be saved in this directory under the name methylumi\_dis\_XXX and methylumi\_val\_XXX where XXX is the name of the dataset, for instance kirc.

## 2 Normalization

All the scripts to produce the normalized datasets can be found in the folder /norm\_datasets.

### Normalization for raw, funnorm, quantile, SWAN and dasen methods

The file create.norm.R is used to produce the normalized datasets for the raw, funnorm, quantile, SWAN and dasen methods. It will produce files of the form norm\_dis\_XXX.Rda and norm\_val\_XXX.Rda in the same directory that contains the normalized data.

For example, the object stored in norm\_dis\_kirc.Rda is a list of 5 matrices corresponding to the normalized Beta values for each aforementioned method, for the KIRC discovery dataset.

#### Normalization for noob method

Since the *noob* method requires a MethyLumiObject, we use a different script to produce the normalized datasets. The script create.norm.noob.R is used to produce these datasets, and the normalized datasets are saved under the name noob\_dis\_XXX.Rda and noob\_val\_XXX.Rda.

### Normalization for funnorm + noob method

The script create.funnorm.noob.R generates the normalized data for the funnorm method that includes the background correction as implemented in the *methylumi* (noob). The normalized data can be found in the files funnorm\_noob\_dis\_XXX.Rda and funnorm\_noob\_val\_XXX.Rda.

### Normalization for BMIQ

Because BMIQ is extremely slow and no parallel method is implemented yet, the normalization of the data with BMIQ requires a special treatment.

The script split.bmiq.R will read in it RGChannelSet, and will split the data into individual samples, and resave the samples separately in the folder /funnorm\_repro/raw\_datasets/all\_samples. This folder contains the 1460 individual samples saved in .Rda files (for instance, 6042308157\_R06C01.Rda).

Since BMIQ does not perform between-array normalization, we can normalize all these samples in an embarrassingly parallel way; that's what the script create.norm.bmiq.R does. It uses the version 1.3 of BMIQ that can be found in the /scripts folder.

The normalized samples will be saved in the folder /funnorm\_dir/norm\_datasets/all\_samples\_bmiq.

The script merge.norm.bmiq.R will merge back the normalized samples and will create the files bmiq\_dis\_XXX.Rda and bmiq\_val\_XXX.Rda for each dataset XXX.

## Merging all the normalized data

For each dataset, the script merge.all.norm.R will merge all the normalized data above in files called all\_norm\_dis\_XXX.Rda and all\_norm\_val\_XXX.Rda.

## 3 Creation of the DMPs

For each dataset, we create a list of differentially methylated positions (DMPs) with the corresponding dataset phenotype. The script create.dmps.R located in the directory /dmps is used to create those lists. For each dataset, the results are stored in files dmps\_dis\_XXX.Rda and dmps\_val\_XXX.Rda. Each file is a list (which each entry corresponding to a normalization method) of data frames containing the results. For instance, the top DMPs from the funnorm method for the KIRC discovery dataset can be accessed by

```
setwd(file.path(funnormDir,"dmps"))
load("dmps_dis_kirc.Rda")
head(dmps$funnorm)
```

The row names correspond to the 450k probes. The DMPs are produced with the function dmpFinder from the *minfi* package.

## 4 SVA analysis

#### **SVA** alone

The folder /sva\_results contain the code to run SVA fixme: citation on each dataset. The script create.sva.results.R (which calls the script /scripts/returnDmpsFromSVA.R) will output the results from SVA in files called sva\_results\_dis\_XXX.Rda and sva\_results\_val\_XXX.Rda for each dataset XXX.

The script create.sva.dmps.R will format the SVA results in a similar manner to the DMPs previously produced by the normalization methods so that subsequent code can be applied generally. The DMPs are saved in files called sva\_dmps\_dis\_XXX.Rda and sva\_dmps\_val\_XXX.Rda for each dataset XXX.

For instance, the SVA DMPs for the KIRC discovery dataset can be obtained by

```
setwd(file.path(funnormDir,"sva_results"))
load("sva_dmps_dis_kirc.Rda")
head(dmps)
```

The file number\_pcs.txt described the number of surrogate variables found by SVA for each dataset.

#### Funnorm + SVA

We also look at the combination Funnorm and SVA. The code to produce the results can be found in the directory /sva\_funnorm\_results. The scripts create.sva.funnorm.results.Rand create.sva.funnorm.dmp and the text file number\_pcs.txt are similar to the scripts used for SVA above.

### Noob + Funnorm + SVA

We also look at the combination Noob + Funnorm and SVA. The code to produce the results can be found in the directory /sva\_funnorm\_noob\_results. The scripts create.sva.funnorm.noob.results.Rand create.sva.funnorm.noob.dmps.R and the text file number\_pcs.txt are similar to the scripts used for SVA above.

## 5 RUV analysis

For RUV fixme: citation, we used RUV-2. The scripts to run RUV can be found in /scripts/RUV.functions.

**RUV** alone

Funnorm + RUV

Noob + Funnorm + RUV

## 6 ComBat analysis

Because ComBat cannot be applied when there is perfect confounding between batch and phenotype, we only applied the ComBat method to the following datasets: KIRC Discovery, KIRC validation and AML.

The folder /combat\_results contain the code to produce the results from ComBat. Specifically, the script create.combat.results.R will output the results of ComBat in the files combat\_results\_dis\_kirc.Rda, combat\_results\_dis\_val.Rda and combat\_results\_aml.Rda.

Similar to the SVA script, the script create.combat.dmps.R will produce the DMPs list for each dataset.

### 7 Creation of the DMPs data for the 27K data

#### KIRC data

In the folder /kirc\_27k, the script create.dmps.R will produce the DMPs for the 27K samples for the KIRC dataset with a plate adjustment using the package *limma*.

The results will be stored in the file dmps\_27k\_kirc\_plate\_adjusted.Rda.

#### AML data

In the folder /aml\_27k, the script create.dmps.R will produce the DMPs for the 27K samples for the AML dataset with a plate adjustment using the package *limma*.

The results will be stored in the file dmps\_27k\_aml\_plate\_adjusted.Rda.

# 8 Creation of the Discovery/Validation ROC data

In the folder  $/roc_data$ , the scripts create.roc.data.XXX.Rda, where XXX is either blank, sva, sva.funnorm, rub or ruv.funnorm will produce the discovery/validation ROC data for the EBV, Blood and KIRC datasets for the normalized data, the SVA results, the funnorm + SVA results, the RUV results and the funnorm + RUV results respectively.

The results will be stored in files called  $XXX\_rocData\_YYY\_ZZZ.Rda$  where XXX depends on the method, and where YYY and ZZZ depends on the dataset. For instance,  $ruv\_funnorm\_rocData\_100K\_kirc.Rda$  stores the ROC data from the funnorm + RUV method, with 100K loci used as the truth, for the KIRC dataset.

### 9 Creation of the concordance data

In the folder /roc\_data, the script create.overlap.data.R will create the concordance curves data between the discovery and validation subjects for the EBV, Blood and KIRC datasets, for each method.

The results will be stored in the files overlapData\_XXX\_YYY.Rda where XXX is either 100 or 1000 (step to calculate the concordance) and YYY is the name of the dataset. For instance, the file overlapData\_100\_kirc.Rda contains the concordance curves data for the KIRC dataset, where the concordance was calculated at every 100 loci.

### 10 External validation with 27k data

The directory /external\_validations contain the script to create the overlap and ROC data of the KIRC and AML datasets when the 27K data DMPs results are used as the truth.

The scripts external.validation.kirc.R and external.validation.aml.R create the concordance curves and ROC curves data for the KIRC and AML datasets, respectively.

For the concordance curves, the results are stored in the files overlapData1K\_XXX.Rda where XXX is either kirc\_dis, kirc\_val or aml.

For the ROC curves data, the results are stored in the files rocdata\_27k\_XXX where XXX is either kirc\_dis, kirc\_val or aml.

## 11 External validation with the WGBS data

To assess the quality of the top DMPs for the Ontario-EBV dataset, we use the external dataset *fixme*: reference that used whole-genome bisulfite sequencing. The data can be found at /external\_validations fixme: name of the file

The script external.validation.ebv.R

## 12 Sensitivity analysis

## 13 Sample size simulation

To assess the performance of Funnorm for small sample sizes, we devised the following simulation scheme for the Ontario-EBV dataset. First, we kept the discovery dataset intact to make sure to have a reasonable gold standard in our discovery-validation ROC curves; we only simulated different sample sizes for the validation subset. For different sample sizes  $n \in \{10, 20, 30, 50, 80\}$ , we randomly chose

half of the samples from the EBV-transformed samples, and the other half from the lymphocyte samples. For instance, for n=10, we randomly picked 5 samples from each of the treatment groups; we repeated this subsampling B=100 times, which generated 100 ROC discovery-validation ROC curves for each n, for a total of 500 ROC curves.

For a fixed n, we took the mean of the B=100 ROC curves as well as the 0.025 and 0.975 quantiles to mimic a 95% confidence interval.

The different scripts are located in the directory simulation\_samplesize.

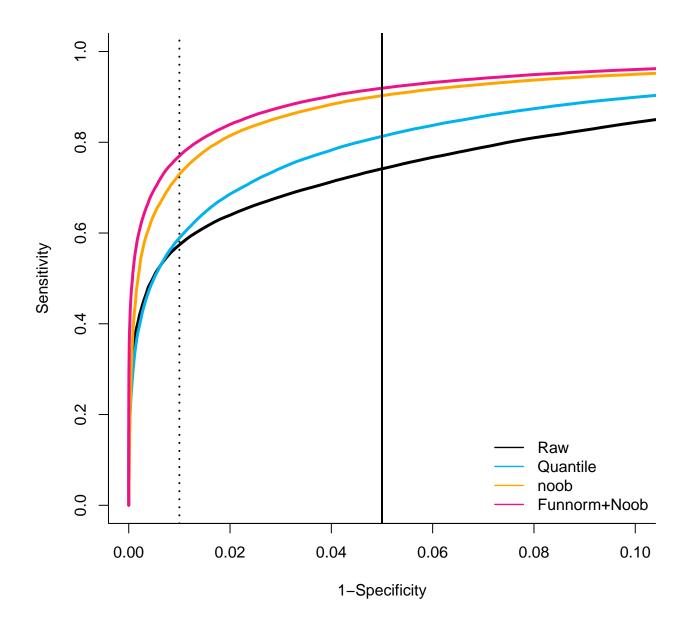
The script create.subsamples.matrices.R creates a matrix of subsampling ids for each of  $n \in \{10, 20, 30, 50, 80\}$ , and saved the results in the file subsamples.matrices.Rda.

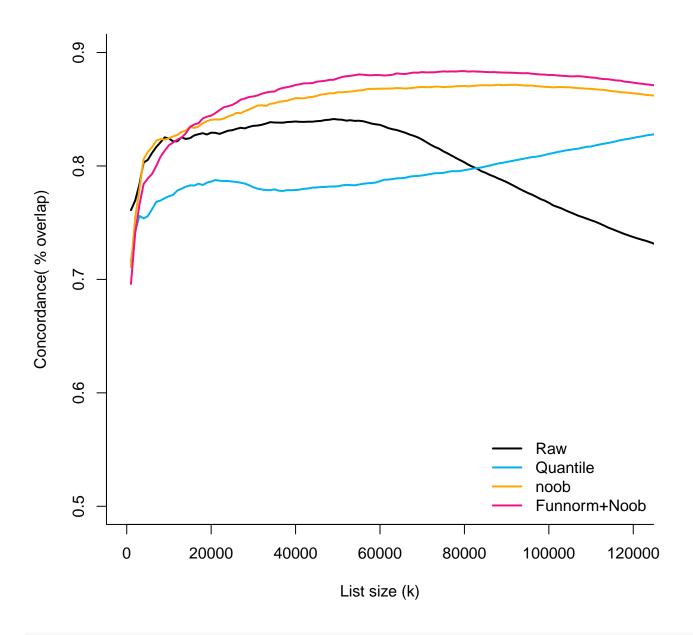
The file create.norm.R creates the 500 simulated validation datasets for the data normalized with Funnorm. The file create.raw.R creates the 500 simulated validation datasets for the raw data. The file create.noob.R creates the 500 simulated validation datasets for the data normalized with noob. The file create.bmiq.R creates the 500 simulated validation datasets for the data normalized with BMIQ. The file create.norm.other.R creates the 500 simulated validation datasets for the remaining normalization methods.

The subfolders *fixme*: *names of the folders* contain the simulated datasets for the corresponding datasets.

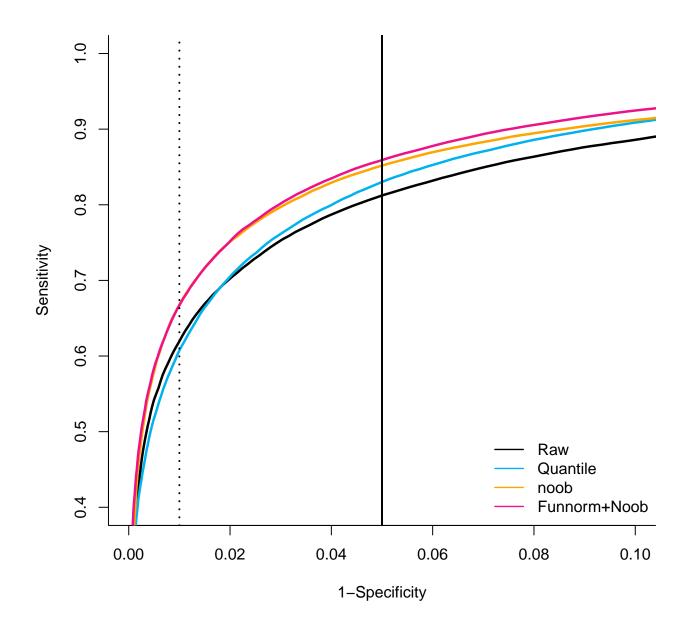
### 14 Main results

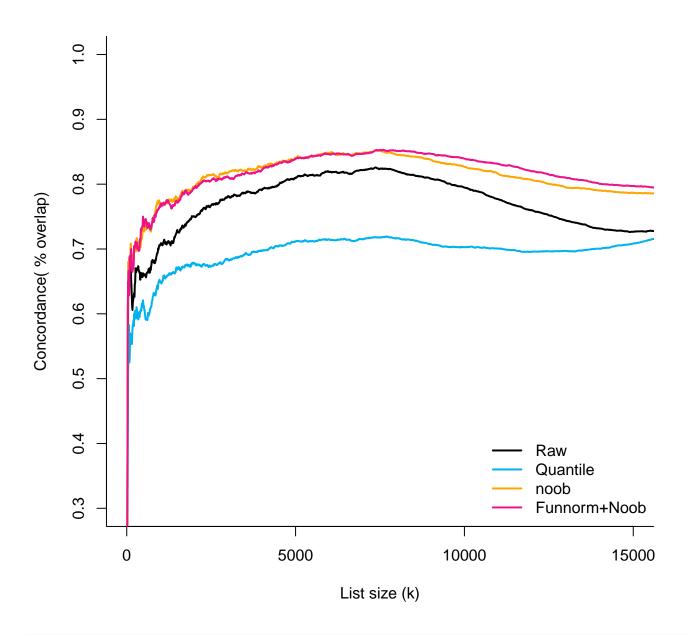
```
source(file.path(funnormDir, "paper_figures/generate.main.results.plots.R"));
create.main.ebv()
```



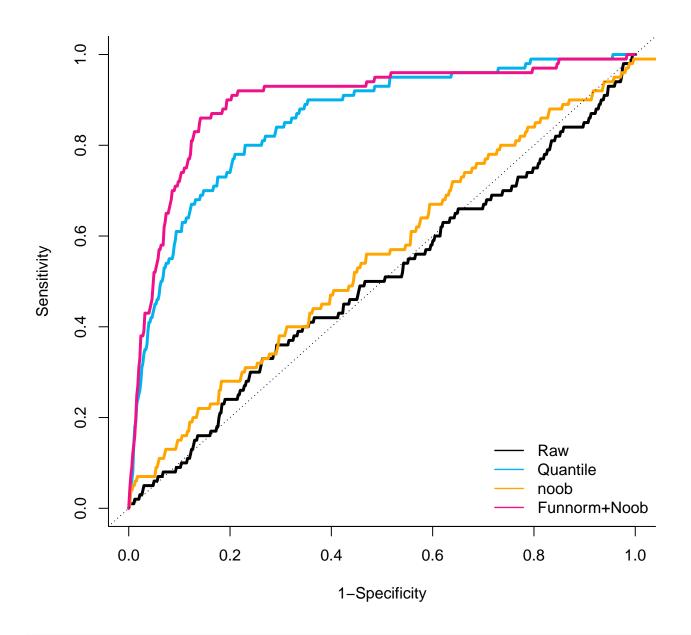


create.main.kirc()

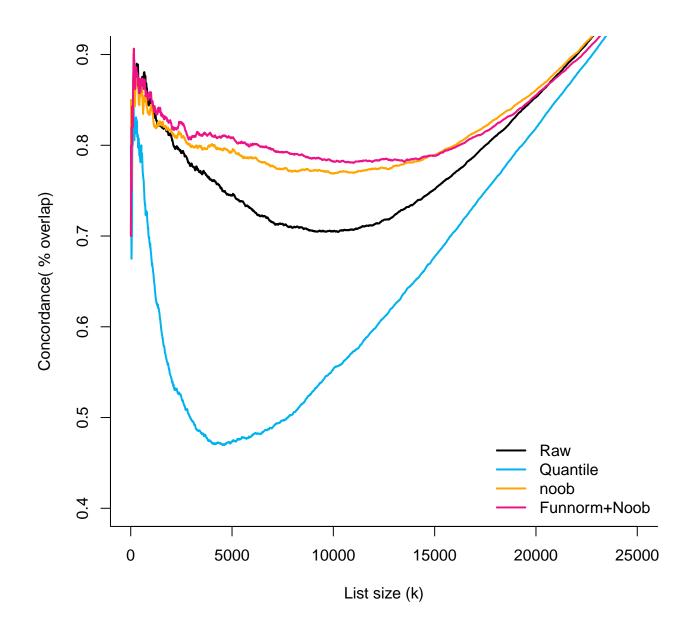


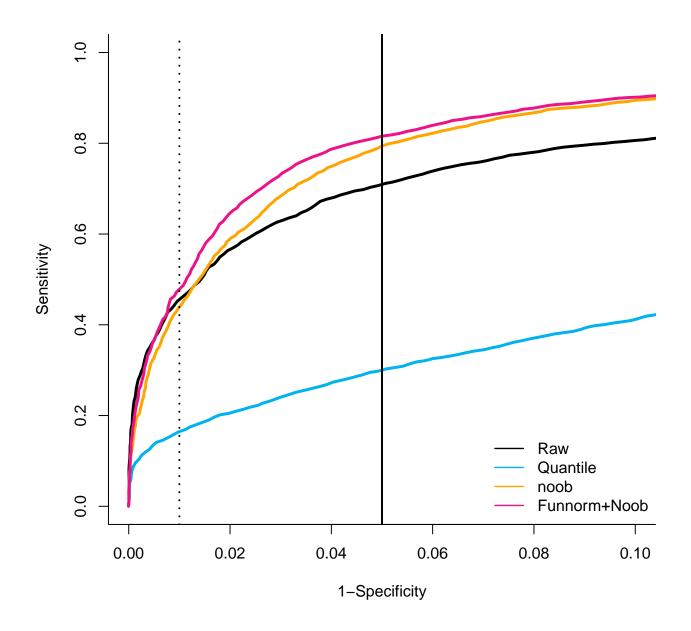


create.main.blood()



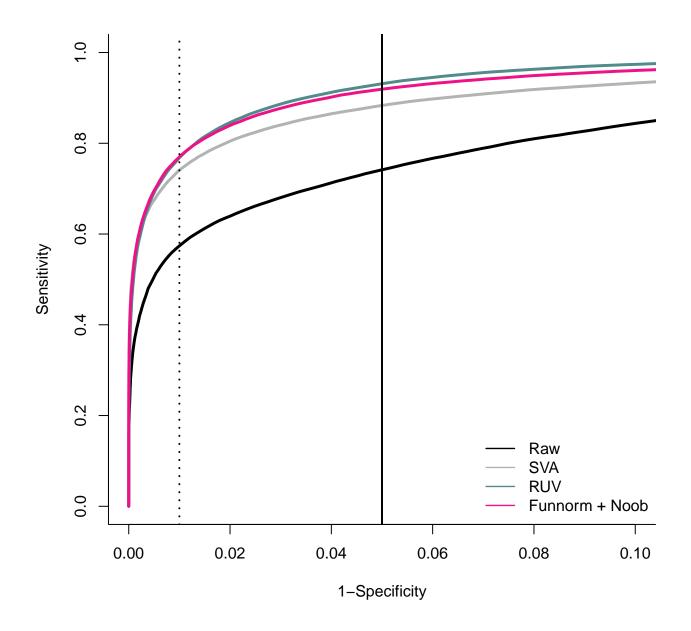
create.main.aml()



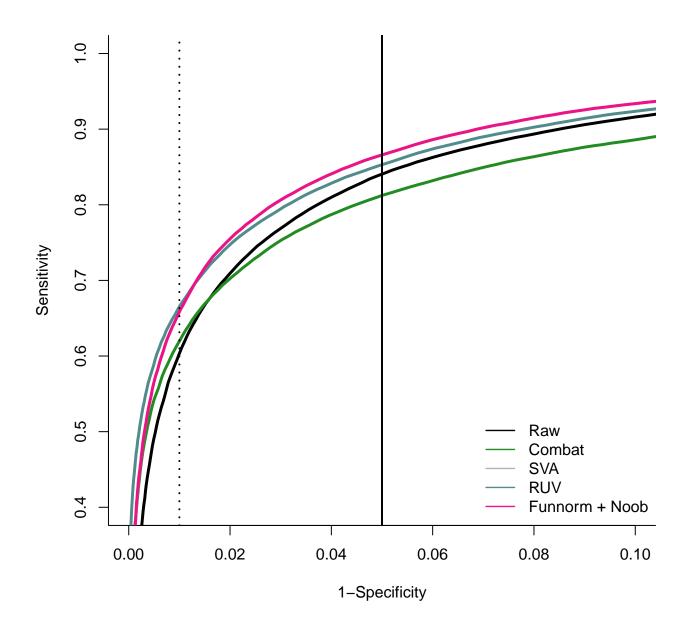


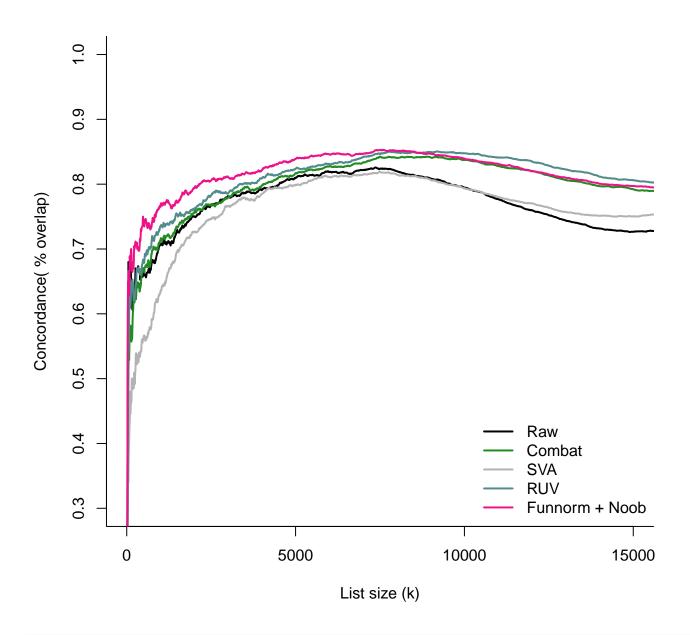
# 15 SVA, RUV and ComBat results

source(file.path(funnormDir, "paper\_figures/generate.sva.ruv.results.plots.R"));
create.sva.ruv.ebv()

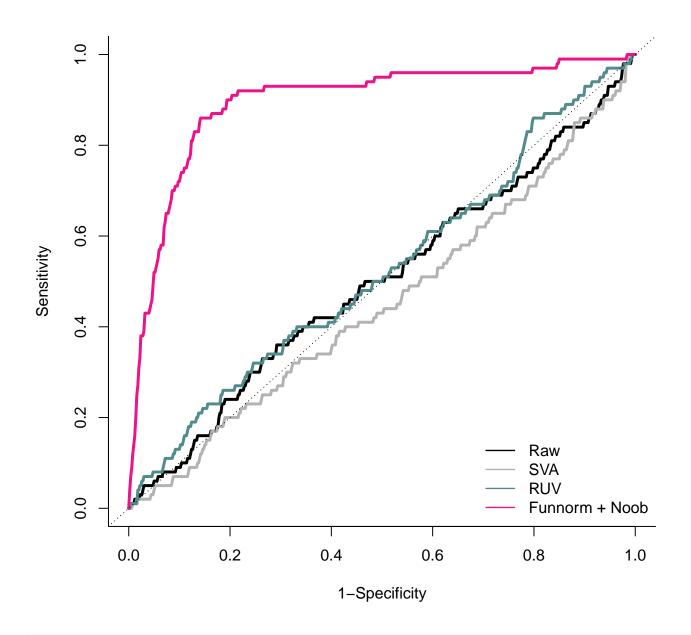


create.sva.ruv.kirc()

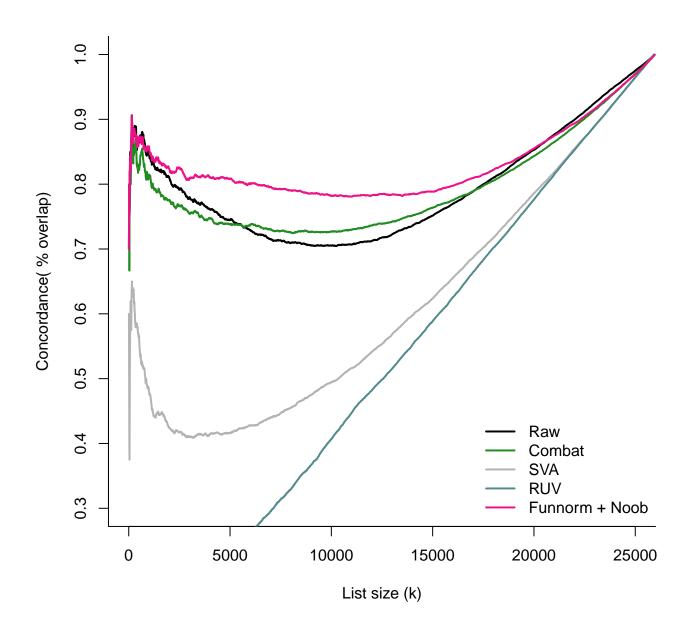


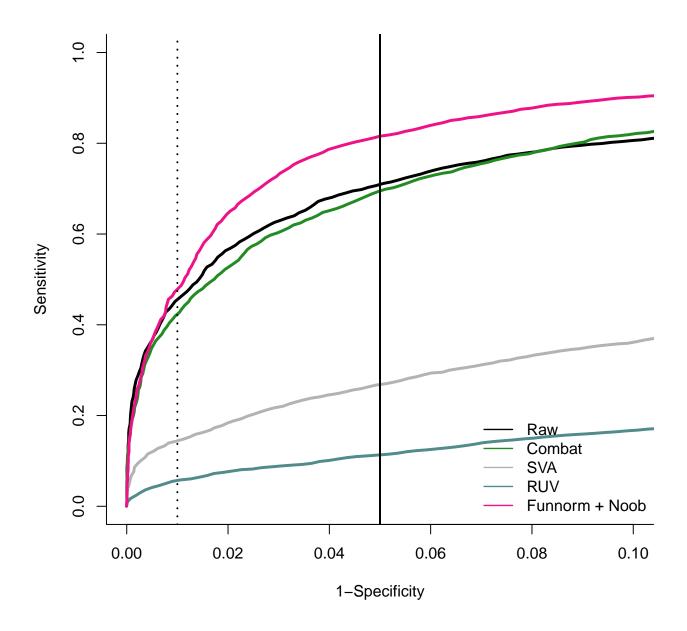


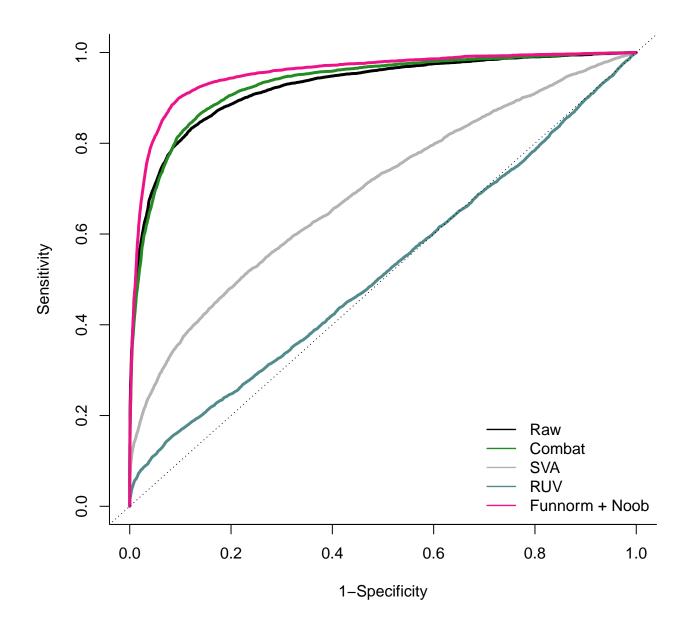
create.sva.ruv.blood()



create.sva.ruv.aml()

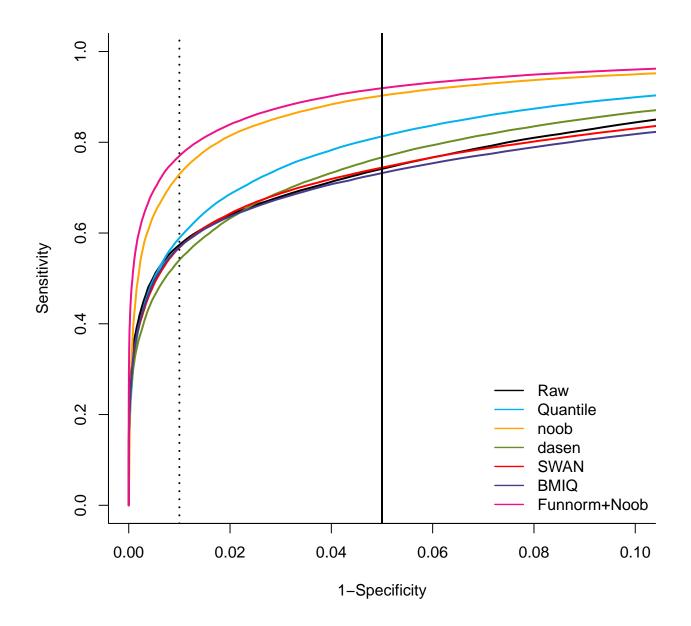


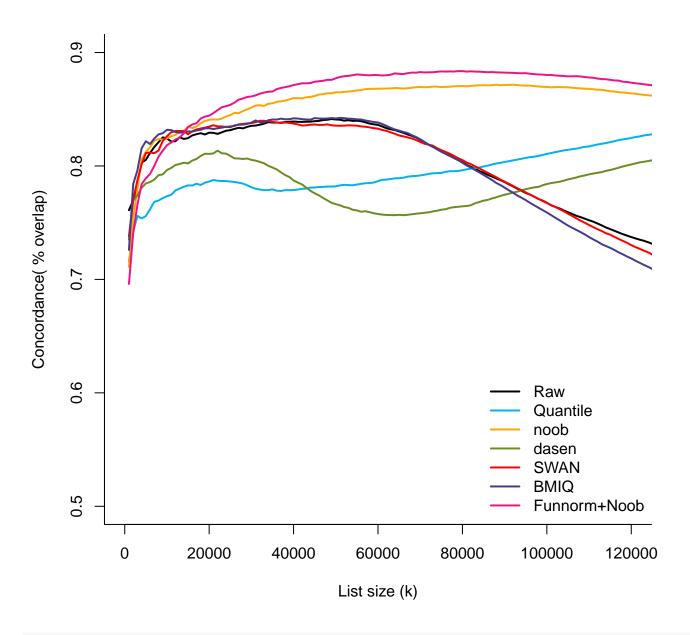




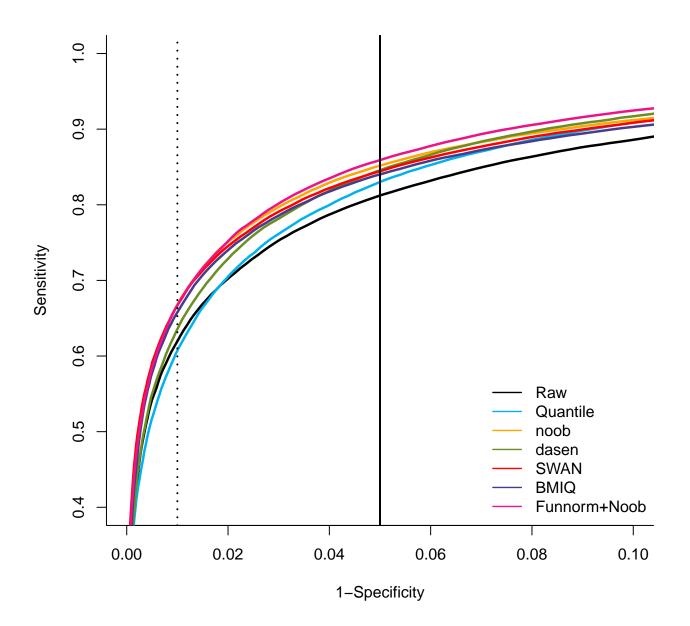
# 16 Additional Results

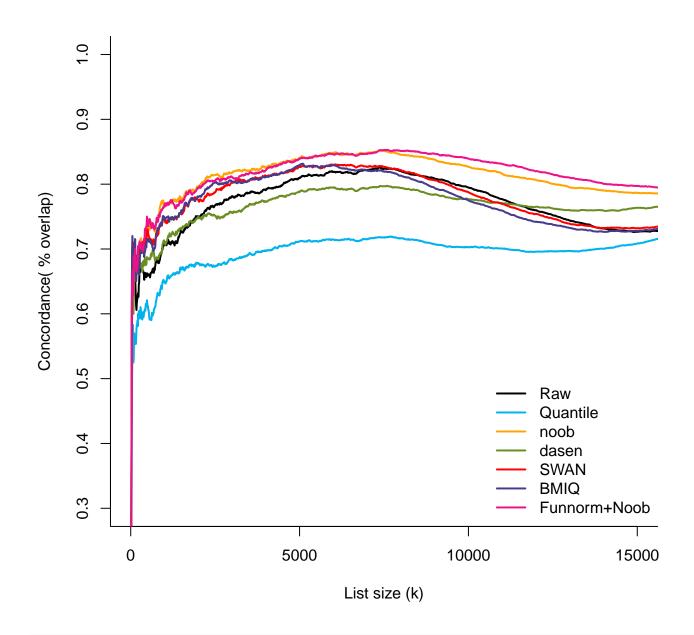
source(file.path(funnormDir, "paper\_figures/generate.add.results.plots.R"));
create.add.ebv()



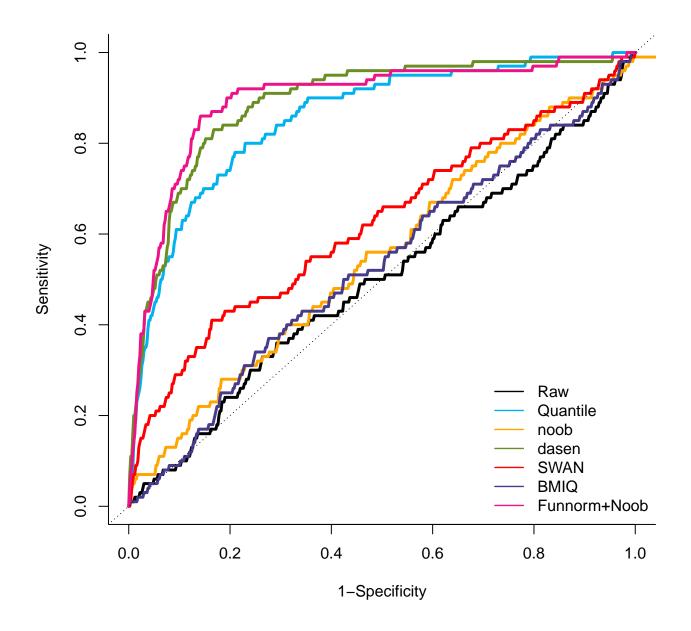


create.add.kirc()

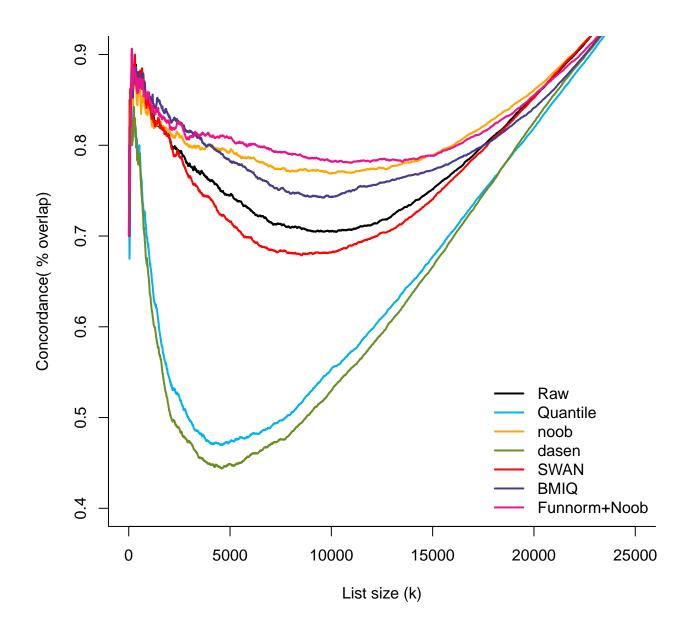


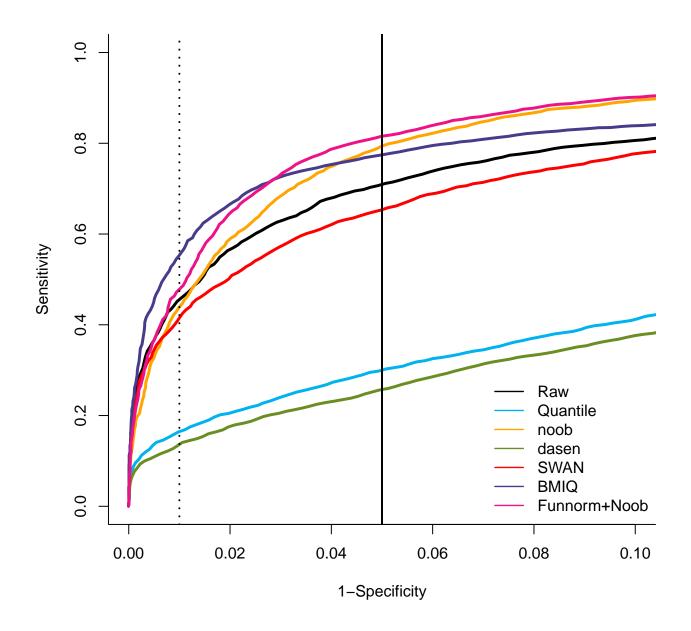


create.add.blood()



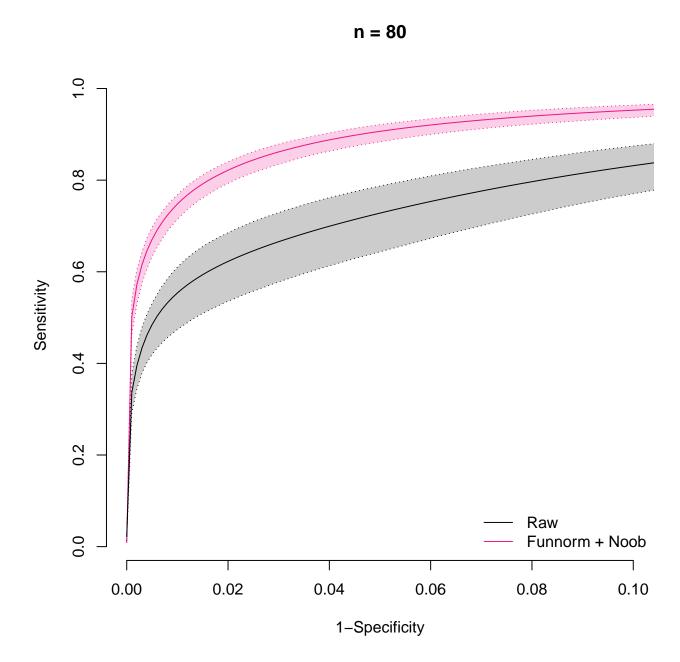
create.add.aml()

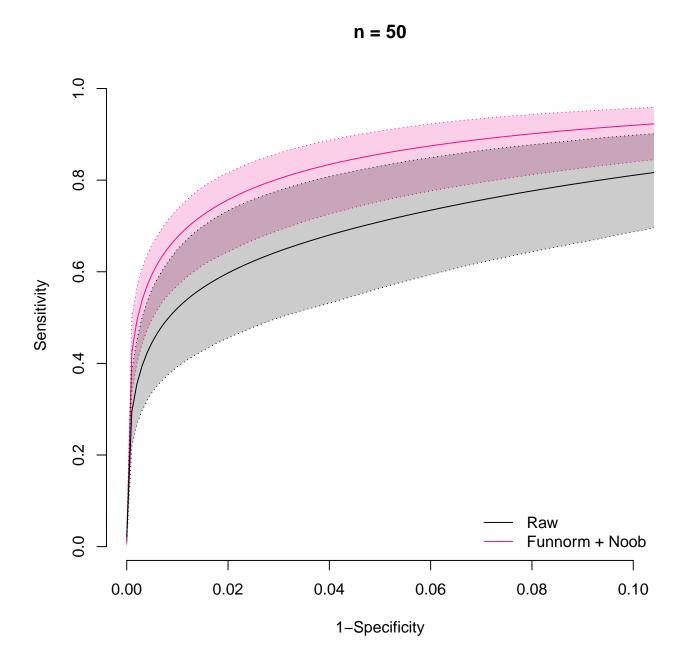




# **ROC** curves for sample size simulation

source(file.path(funnormDir, "paper\_figures/generate.sample.size.simulation.plots.R"));
create.sample.size.sim.figures()

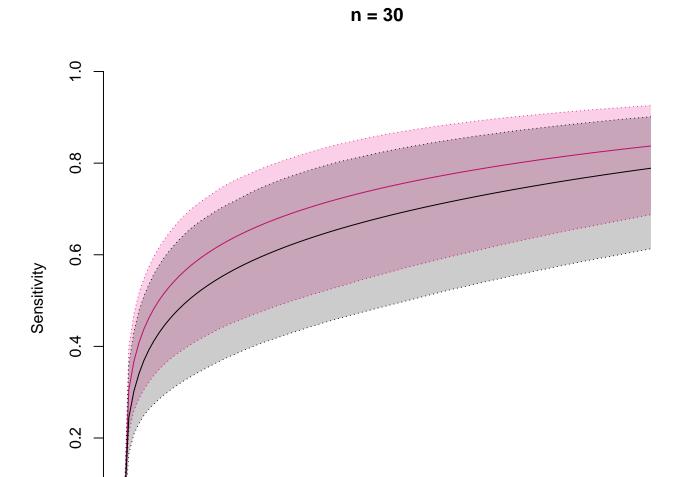




0.0

0.00

0.02



0.04

0.06

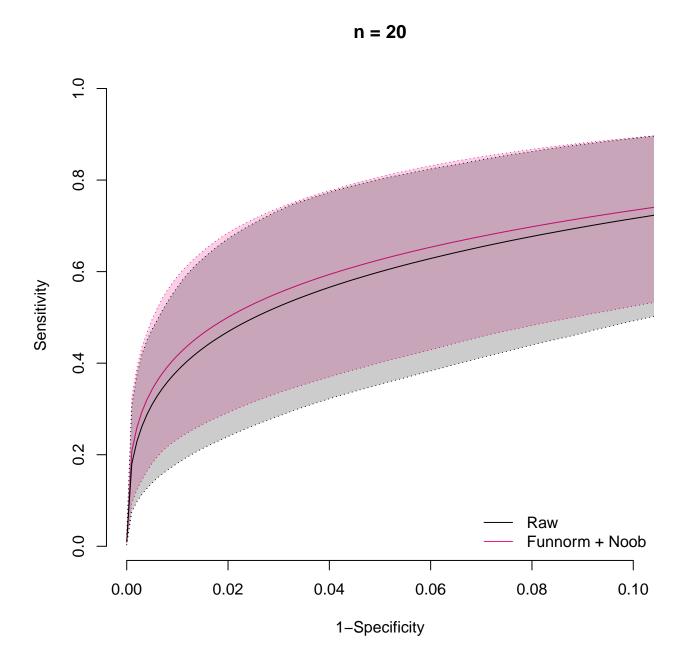
1-Specificity

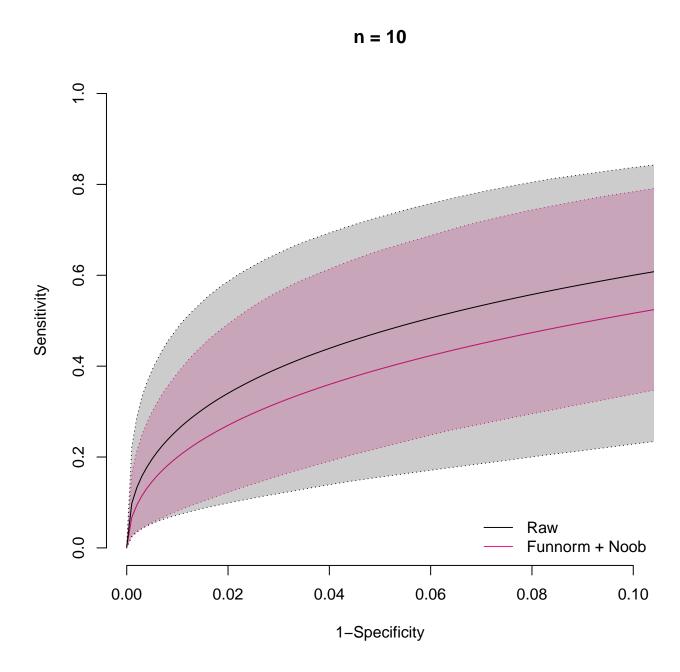
Raw

0.08

Funnorm + Noob

0.10





Curves for sensitivity analysis