Developing an Interoperable **Blackboard Proxy Tool**

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Agenda

- Building Blocks Proxy Tools Overview
- Design Approach
- Architecture & APIs
- Demo



Institutional Architecture







Authentication

Content/media







Learning applications

Mobile access/alerts

Portal

E-mail/webmail

Registration

Bursar/payment

Library



















Blackboard Learn Platform

Course Delivery

Community Engagement

Content Management

Portfolio Management

Outcomes Assessment

Advanced Tools

Lecture Support

Virtual Collaboration

Content Authoring Discipline-specific

Pedagogical support

Simulations & models

Course-specific



Plugins and App Frameworks

- Portability
 - Ability to reuse/repurpose across many platforms
- Architecture
 - Where does the app run?
 - Plugged-in vs linked-together
- Security, scalability, reliability
- Advantages and disadvantages
- Other implications



Container/Runtime

Local

Remote

Easy

Difficult

Java Webapps
JSR-168/286 Portlets
W3 Standard Widgets

Google iGadgets
Open Social
IMS LTI Apps

Portability

Blackboard Building Blocks

Moodle Plugins

Sakai Tools

Apple iPhone Apps

WordPress Plugins

Drupal Modules

Confluence Plugins

Facebook Apps



IMS Learning Tools Interoperability

- Subsequent version of IMS Tools Interoperability 1.0 addressing many of the issues surrounding TI 1.0
- Lance Neumann co-chairs the IMS working group
- Write your learning app once, run it anywhere (ideally)
- Choose the application technology of your choice (Java, .NET, PHP, The Cloud)
- Single tool can be connected to multiple LMSs
- Reduced development, support costs
- Protection from poorly written plugins

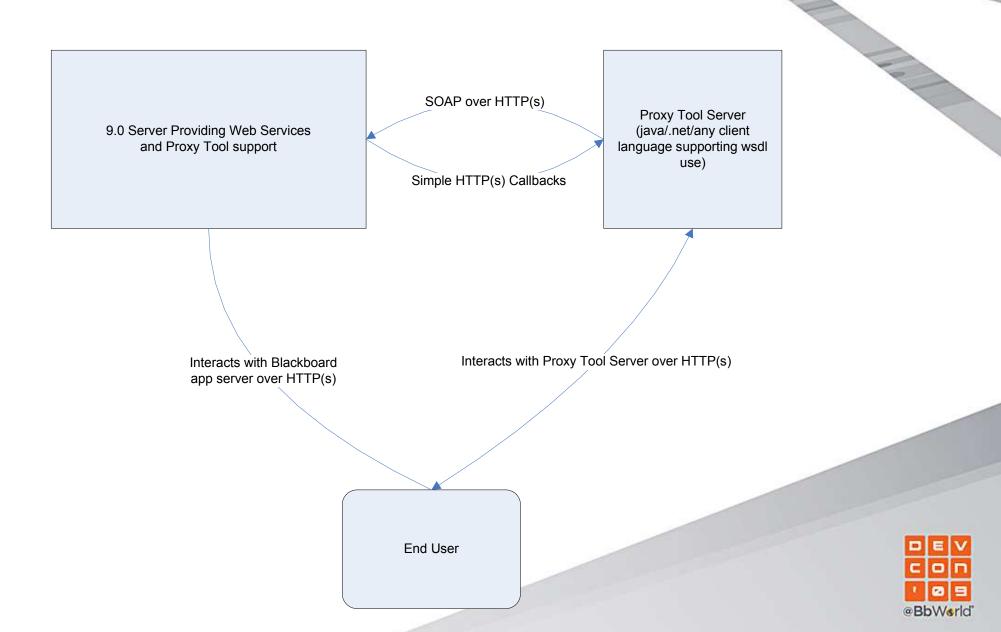


Proxy Tools

- What are they?
 - A new extension to the Blackboard Building Block Framework, LTI standards alignment when possible
 - Programs that interact with Release 9 but run outside the Release 9 JVM
 - Two types: Either with or without 'Placements' (entry points)
 - Can self-register if the administrator permits
 - Can be written in any language that can utilize WSDL based web services



Proxy Tools



Proxy Tool Motivations

- Building Block alternative to support better integration of external, third party applications or tools
 - Standard integration, SSO, and communication model
 - Standard Web Services
- Building Block alternative for a lower barrier to adoption from administrators (lower operational risk to production systems)
- Support both locally hosted and centrally hosted applications, with heterogeneous technology stacks
- Support a very similar set of use cases and entry points to Blackboard Building Blocks (placements)
- Succeeds CE/Vista capabilities with open standards



Proxy Tool Framework

- Self-registering Proxy Tools with or without placements (registerTool Web Service method)
- Without Placements: Essentially means a standalone client application utilizing web services
- With Placements: Proxy Tool server provides configuration of access points within the Learning Management System
- Callbacks methods for certain events in Blackboard environment (simple HTTP API)



Proxy Tool Types

- Why have them without placements?
 - To provide client applications that can interact with the users data in NG without using a web interface
- Why have them with placements?
 - To provide a Building Block –Installed Tool style extension to the Release 9 interface without deploying any custom code on the Release 9 server itself



Proxy Tool Global Properties

Cancel

Submit

Proxy Tool Registration Password

Optional password to restrict access to the registerTool method. If specified then Proxy Tools that wish to register themselves must supply this password during the registration process. If left blank then any Proxy Tool may register itself. Note that the Proxy Tool will not be able to login as a tool until you give it a password on the Proxy Tool configuration page. A Proxy Tool will not be able to receive any entitlements until explicitly granted by giving the individual Proxy Tool its own password.

Proxy Tool Registration password Password

Allow Unknown Proxy Tools

If you allow unknown Proxy Tools, then Proxy Tools can connect and use user-based authentication to access Web Services. This still requires a password and restricts access based on the users entitlements within the system and is therefore secure, but can be done without explicitly granting them the right to use Web Services. If you do not allow this then only Proxy Tools that register themselves or that you manually add will be allowed.

Allow Unknown Proxy Tools



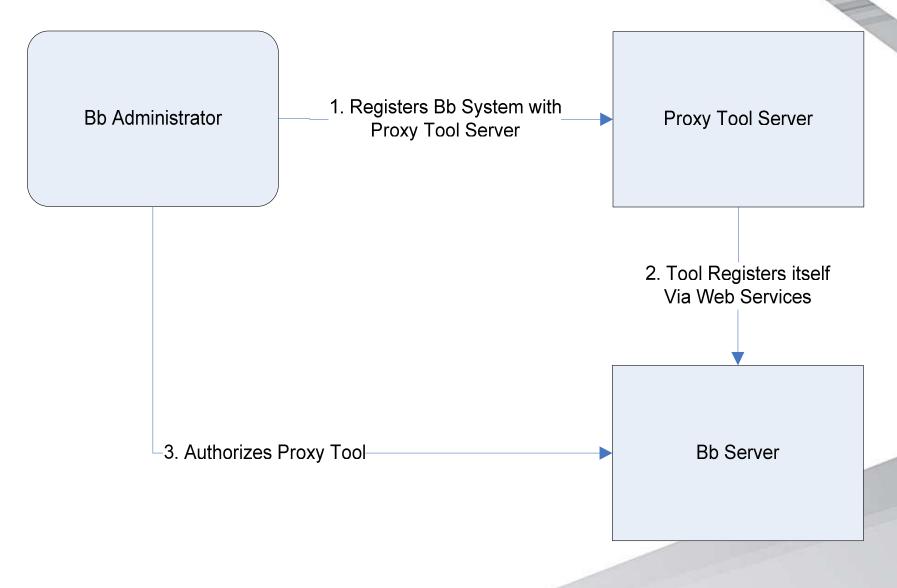
Submit

Cancel

Submit



Tool Registration Flow





Deployment Descriptor

- API registration, with a deployment descriptor
- Vendor and Tool information, high level metadata
 - Tool Version and description
 - Access URLs: http/https
 - Web Services Required
- Singleton actions+events
 - remote-configure action
 - course-copied/exported/imported events
- Content-handler actions+events
 - create/modify/view-content actions
 - content-copied/exported/imported events
- Specific link placements
 - course_tool, system_tool, etc.



Authorizing Proxy Tool

3 Proxy Tool Details

These are the details of Proxy Tool

Requested Web Services and Context.WS - Web service is available

availability Content.WS - Web service is available

Gradebook.WS - Web service is available

Util.WS - Web service is available

Requested entitlements admin.course.categorize.MODIFY

webservices.tools.EMULATE: Allows a Proxy Tool to emulate another user for subsequent operations.

webservices.tools.getMemberships.VIEW: Allows a Proxy Tool to call the getMemberships method for any user.

course.gradebook.VIEW course.content.VIEW course.content.DELETE course.content.MODIFY

course.content.CREATE

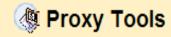


Web APIs

- Context get authenticated session
- Content
- Gradebook (subject to change)
- Util
- More to come



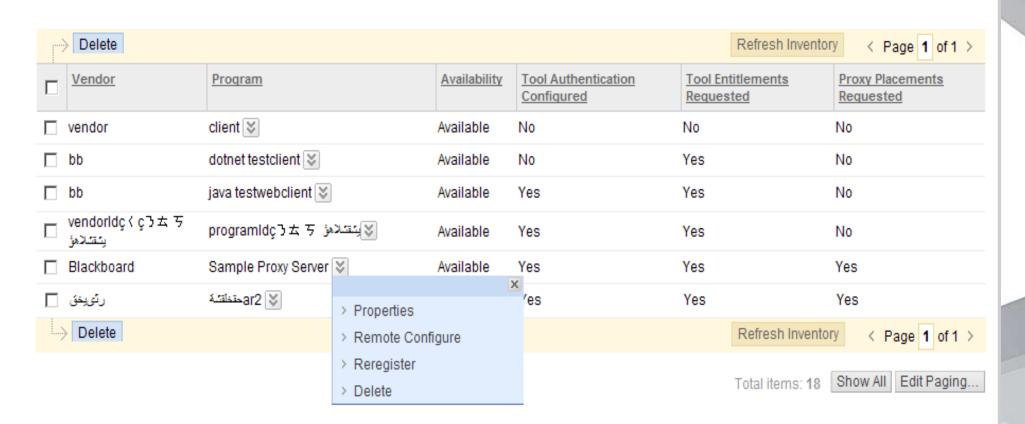
Proxy Tool Listing



Set Global Properties

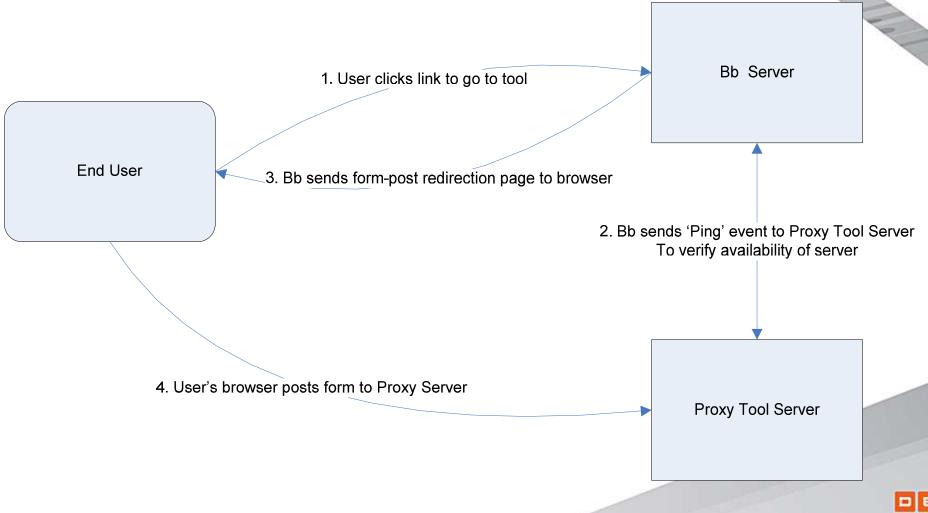
Register Proxy Tool

Download Sample Proxy Tools





User accessing form flow





Comparison of Technologies

Installed Tools

- Custom code runs inside Blackboard Learn JVM
- Inherits look & feel of core application
- Supports multiple defined touch points plus additional application level definitions and portal module definitions
- Interacts with system data through all current direct access methods (APIs)
- Stores data on file system

Proxy Tools

- Custom code runs outside Blackboard Learn JVM
- Supports touch points at the course, system, user, and content levels.
- Interacts with system data through exposed Web Services
- Stores tool data externally



Demo time!





For more information, please contact:

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