

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^N c_n P_n(x)$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(x) P_m(x) dx = \sum_{n=0}^N c_n \int_{-1}^1 P_n(x) P_m(x) dx$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(x) P_n(x) dx = \frac{2}{2n+1} c_n$$

$$c_n = \frac{2n+1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 f(x) P_n(x) dx \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N$$

<http://www.sc.ehu.es/sbweb/fisica3/especial/legendre/legendre.html>