

- To check current working directory
  - `getwd()`
- To change current working directory
  - `setwd()`
- Assigning new objects to the environment
  - `Object_name <-`
  - After you assign, state the object name again underneath for it to show up
- `round(variable, number of digits to be round to)`
- `c()` is combine and create a vector
  - `mean()` for avg
- `class()`
  - To figure out what type of data
- `is()`
  - `is.integer(my_numeric)`
  - Asking if the “my\_numeric is an integer
  - `my_interger <- as.integer(my_numeric)`
    - Converting numeric to integer
  - `is.na()`
    - Is this value missing
  - `any.na()`
    - Any value missing
- `na.rm=TRUE`
  - Removes NA values
- Create vector
  - `My_vector <- c(chr or numeric)`
  - `[]` pulls out an element from a vector
- Data frames
  - `tibble()` creates new data frame
  - `names()` gives variable names in column
  - For dimensions of data frame
    - `dim()`
    - `str()`
    - `[#,#]` -> row, column
  - `$`
    - Access a column (variable) in a data frame
    - `mean(data$column)` calculates mean
  - Writing data to file
    - `write.csv(data, “data.csv”, row.names = FALSE)`
- `Read.csv` reads data into new name/variable
- `as.factor(data$columns)`

- Changes type for the column in the data
- levels() -> levels for column
- Summary
  - glimpse()
  - summary()
  - Nrow, ncol, dim, names
  - head() gives first n rows of data frame
  - tail() gives last n rows
- select()
  - Used to extract columns
  - Range of columns -> start\_col:end\_col
  - !
    - Select everything except specified variable
    - !c(), choose multiple columns to exclude
- rename(data, new\_name = old\_name)
- filter()
  - Extract rows
  - Can use conditions
  - filter(` allows all of the expected operators; i.e. >, >=, <, <=, != (not equal), and == (equal).
    - filter(penguins, species!="Chinstrap")
  - %in%
    - Determines whether or not a value is part of a vector
  - between()
    - Range of specific values
  - How would you use `%in%` to get the same result?
    - filter(penguins, body\_mass\_g %in% c(5250, 5300, 5350, 5400, 5450, 5500))
  - Filter the fish data to include all fish with a scalelength within 0.25 of 8.
    - filter(fishes, near(scalelength, 8, tol=0.25))
  - | is or either condition occurs.
  - + `filter(condition1, condition2)` will return rows where both conditions are met. By default the , means &.
  - + `filter(condition1, !condition2)` will return all rows where condition one is true but condition 2 is not.
  - + `filter(condition1 | condition2)` will return rows where condition 1 or condition 2 is met.
  - . We are interested in the fish from the lakes "AL" and "AR" with a radii length between 2 and 4. Extract this information from the `fish` data. Please sort the data in descending order by radii length.
    - fishes %>%

- select(lakeid, radii\_length\_mm) %>%
    - filter(lakeid=="AL" | lakeid=="AR") %>%
      - filter(between(radii\_length\_mm, 2, 4)) %>%
        - arrange(desc(radii\_length\_mm))
  - homerange\$mean.hra.m2 <- as.numeric(homerange\$mean.hra.m2)
    - filter(homerange, class == "mammalia", trophic.guild ==
 "herbivore", mean.hra.m2>1000000) %>%
      - select(common.name, order, mean.hra.m2, mean.mass.g) %>%
        - arrange(desc(mean.hra.m2)) %>%
          - slice\_max(mean.hra.m2, n=10)
    - distinct()
      - Acts on rows
    - mutate()
      - Acts on columns
        - Create new columns from existing ones
      - penguins %>%
        - mutate(body\_mass\_kg=body\_mass\_g/1000) %>%
          - select(species, body\_mass\_g, body\_mass\_kg) %>%
            - arrange(body\_mass\_kg)
        - Use across() to apply to multiple columns
          - So, `./10` means "take the current column and divide it by 10". This operation is applied to all columns that end with `mm`.
        - mammals %>%
          - mutate(across(where(is.character), tolower)) #only variables that are class character to lower case

~ifelse(.== -999, NA,.)  
Replaces -999 with NA

  - !is.na gives no NA's
    - This goes in filter
  - na.rm = T
    - Goes in summarize