

# Assignment 1

kummitha jhanavi

March 2022

Question : In the figure given below 'O' is the center of the circle if  $QR = OP$  and  $\angle ORP = 20^\circ$ . Find the value of  $x$  giving reasons.

SOLUTION:

Radius  $r$ ,

$$OP = OQ = r$$

Given,  $QR = OP$

$$OP = OQ = QR = r$$

In  $\triangle OQR$ ,  $OQ = QR$

$$\angle QOR = \angle ORP = 20^\circ$$

And  $\angle OQP = \angle QOR + \angle ORQ$  because exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the two opposite interior angles

$$\angle OQP = 20^\circ + 20^\circ$$

$$\angle OQP = 40^\circ$$

Now in  $\triangle OPQ$

sum of angles in a triangle is 180

$$\angle POQ = 180^\circ - (\angle OPQ + \angle OQP)$$

$$\angle POQ = 180^\circ - 40^\circ - 40^\circ$$

$$\angle POQ = 100^\circ$$

Now  $\angle x + \angle POQ + \angle QOR = 180^\circ$  (sum of angles in straight line is 180)

$$\angle x + 100^\circ + 20^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$\angle x = 60^\circ$$

hence value of  $x$  is 60 degree

- (b) In the figure given below 'O' is the centre of the circle. If  $QR = OP$  and  $\angle ORP = 20^\circ$ . Find the value of 'x' giving reasons. [3]

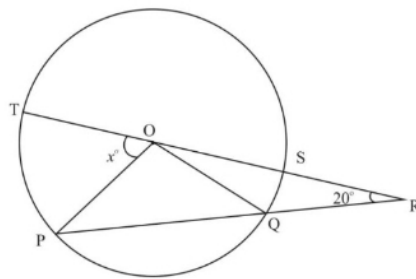
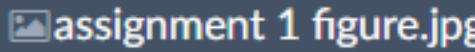



Figure 1: figure

```

1 \documentclass{article}
2 \usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}
3 \usepackage{graphicx}
4
5 \title{Assignment 1}
6 \author{kummitha jhanavi }
7 \date{March 2022}
8
9 \begin{document}
10
11 \maketitle
12 \begin{figure}
13     \centering
14     \includegraphics[width=\linewidth]{assignment 1 figure.jpg}
15     \caption{figure}
16     \label{fig:my_label}
17 \end{figure}
18
19 Question : In the figure given below 'O' is the center of the circle
20 if QR = OP and  $\angle$  ORP = 20 . Find the value of x giving reasons.
21
22 SOLUTION:
23
24 Radius r,
25
26 OP = OQ = r
27
28 Given, QR = OP
    
```

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SOLUTION:

Radius r,

OP = OQ = r

Given, QR = OP

OP = OQ = QR = r

In  $\Delta$  OQR , OQ = QR

$\angle$  QOR =  $\angle$  ORP = 20

And  $\angle$  OQP =  $\angle$  QOR +  $\angle$  ORQ because exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the two opposite interior angles

$\angle$  OQP = 20 + 20

$\angle$  OQP = 40

Now in  $\Delta$  OPQ

sum of angles in a triangle is 180

$\angle$  POQ = 180 - ( $\angle$  OPQ +  $\angle$  OQP )

$\angle$  POQ = 180 - 40 - 40

$\angle$  POQ = 100

Now  $\angle$  x +  $\angle$  POQ +  $\angle$  QOR = 180 (sum of angles in straight is 180)

$\angle$  x + 100 + 20 = 180

$\angle$  x = 60

assignment 1 figure.jpg  
main.tex

```

27 Given, QR = OP
28
29 OP = OQ = QR = r
30
31 In  $\Delta$  OQR , OQ = QR
32
33  $\angle$  QOR =  $\angle$  ORP = 20
34
35 And  $\angle$  OQP =  $\angle$  QOR +  $\angle$  ORQ
36 because exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the two
   opposite interior angles
37
38  $\angle$  OQP = 20 + 20
39
40  $\angle$  OQP = 40
41
42 Now in  $\Delta$  OPQ
43
44 sum of angles in a triangle is 180
45
46  $\angle$  POQ = 180 - (  $\angle$  OPQ +  $\angle$  OQP )
47
48  $\angle$  POQ = 180 - 40 - 40
49
50  $\angle$  POQ = 100
51
52 Now  $\angle$  x +  $\angle$  POQ +  $\angle$  QOR = 180 (sum of angles in
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Radius r,  
 OP = OQ = r  
 Given, QR = OP  
 OP = OQ = QR = r  
 In  $\Delta$  OQR , OQ = QR  
 $\angle$  QOR =  $\angle$  ORP = 20  
 And  $\angle$  OQP =  $\angle$  QOR +  $\angle$  ORQ because exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the two opposite interior angles  
 $\angle$  OQP = 20 + 20  
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 Now in  $\Delta$  OPQ  
 sum of angles in a triangle is 180  
 $\angle$  POQ = 180 - (  $\angle$  OPQ +  $\angle$  OQP )  
 $\angle$  POQ = 180 - 40 - 40  
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 Now  $\angle$  x +  $\angle$  POQ +  $\angle$  QOR = 180 (sum of angles in straight is 180)  
 $\angle$  x + 100 + 20 = 180  
 $\angle$  x = 60

assignment 1 figure.jpg

main.tex

File outline

```

42 Now in  $\Delta$  OPQ
43
44 sum of angles in a triangle is 180
45
46  $\angle POQ = 180 - (\angle OPQ + \angle OQP)$ 
47
48  $\angle POQ = 180 - 40 - 40$ 
49
50  $\angle POQ = 100$ 
51
52 Now  $\angle x + \angle POQ + \angle QOR = 180$  (sum of angles in
straight is 180)
53
54  $\angle x + 100 + 20 = 180$ 
55
56  $\angle x = 60$ 
57
58 hence value of x is 60 degree
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67 \end{document}
68

```

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SOLUTION:

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 $OP = OQ = r$   
 Given,  $QR = OP$   
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 $\angle QOR = \angle ORP = 20^\circ$   
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 $\angle OQP = 20 + 20$   
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 $\angle POQ = 180 - (\angle OPQ + \angle OQP)$   
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 Now  $\angle x + \angle POQ + \angle QOR = 180$  (sum of angles in straight is 180)  
 $\angle x + 100 + 20 = 180$   
 $\angle x = 60$



Python 3.10.4 (tags/v3.10.4:9d38120, Mar 23 2022, 23:13:41) [MSC v.1929 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

`x = input("Enter the value of angle x:")`

Enter the value of angle x:60

`print("We know that OP = OQ = r , r is radius")`

We know that OP = OQ = r , r is radius

`print("Here in triangle POQ is isosceles triangle with two sides (OP = OQ) as equal, Therefore angle OPQ and angle OQP are equal")`

Here in triangle POQ is isosceles triangle with two sides (OP = OQ) as equal, Therefore angle OPQ and angle OQP are equal

`print("Consider angle OPQ as A implies that angle OQP is A")`

Consider angle OPQ as A implies that angle OQP is A

`print("Consider angle POQ as C")`

Consider angle POQ as C

`print("Consider angle QOR as B")`

Consider angle QOR as B

`print("We need to find value of angle B")`

We need to find value of angle B

`A = input(40)`

40

`print("Sum of all angles in a triangle is 180")`

Sum of all angles in a triangle is 180

`print("In triangle POQ, angles A+A+C = 180")`

In triangle POQ, angles A+A+C = 180

`print("This implies that C = 180 - 40 - 40")`

This implies that C = 180 - 40 - 40

`print("C = 100")`

C = 100

`print("Sum of angles in straight line is 180")`

Sum of angles in straight line is 180

`print("x + C + B = 180")`

x + C + B = 180

`print("60 + 100 + B = 180")`

60 + 100 + B = 180

`print("B = 20")`

B = 20

`print("Given angle ORP = 20")`

Given angle ORP = 20

`print(" hence angle QOR = angle = ORP = 20")`

hence angle QOR = angle = ORP = 20

`print("Hence triangle QOR is isosceles triangle")`

Hence triangle QOR is isosceles triangle

`print("Therefore QR = OQ, We know OQ = OP implies that QR = OP")`

..

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28°C



ENG

10:42

01-04-2022



2

```
print("Consider angle OPQ as A implies that angle OQP is A")
Consider angle OPQ as A implies that angle OQP is A
print("Consider angle POQ as C")
Consider angle POQ as C
print("Consider angle QOR as B")
Consider angle QOR as B
print("We need to find value of angle B")
We need to find value of angle B
A = input(40)
40
print("Sum of all angles in a triangle is 180")
Sum of all angles in a triangle is 180
print("In triangle POQ, angles A+A+C = 180")
In triangle POQ, angles A+A+C = 180
print("This implies that C = 180 - 40 - 40")
This implies that C = 180 - 40 - 40
print("C = 100")
C = 100
print("Sum of angles in straight line is 180")
Sum of angles in straight line is 180
print("x + C + B = 180")
x + C + B = 180
print("60 + 100 + B = 180")
60 + 100 + B = 180
print("B = 20")
B = 20
print("Given angle ORP = 20")
Given angle ORP = 20
print("hence angle QOR = angle = ORP = 20")
hence angle QOR = angle = ORP = 20
print("Hence triangle QOR is isosceles triangle")
Hence triangle QOR is isosceles triangle
print("Therefore QR = OQ, We know OQ = OP implies that QR = OP")
Therefore QR = OQ, We know OQ = OP implies that QR = OP
print("hence for x = 60 , QR = OP, hence proved")

SyntaxError: unterminated string literal (detected at line 1)
print("For x = 60 , QR = OP , hence proved")

For x = 60 , QR = OP , hence proved
```

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