

TOPIC	OBJECTIVES	ADDITIONAL TASK	Name of
Differentiation			
1. Rules of differentiation	• Understand the definition of Differentiation and Integration	Provide sample problems regarding the topic. (problem solving)	COMBO, DIRI
2. Higher order derivatives			
Integrals			
1. Indefinite integrals	• Be able to determine information about a function through the processes of differentiation and integration.		BOBIS, GABR
2. Area and definite integrals			
Descriptive statistics			
1. Variables, Data sources	• Describe or summarize the characteristics of a sample or data set.	Provide sample problems regarding the topic. (problem solving)	ALCAI
2. Histograms	• Display data graphically and interpret graphs.		BAU
3. Distribution moments: mode, median and mean	• Calculate and interpret the various descriptive measures for centrality and dispersion.		STA
4. Symmetrical and skewed distributions			DE L
5. Measures of spread: range, interquartile range, variance, standard deviation			
6. Indices			
Probability			
1. Definition of probability	• Understand the use of probability	Provide sample problems regarding the topic. (problem solving)	SAYI
2. Simple events, Compound events and related formula	• Use set notation to express and apply probability laws		ACOP
3. Conditional probability and Bayes Theorem	• Use Venn diagram to represent and interpret combined events		BUENA
4. Independence	• Use tree diagram to represent problem		SOLA
Random variables			
1. Discrete random variables: probability distributions, mean and variance, expectation	• Define a random variable	Provide sample problems regarding the topic.	MOL
2. Binomial distribution	• Determine whether a random variable is discrete or continuous		FRI
3. Continuous random variables: probability density function, standard normal distribution,	• Apply random variable in daily life concept.		APIADO-
4. Expectation of functions.			OLE

Interval & point estimation			
	1. Estimation, sampling distribution	• Find population parameters.	ACAE
	2. Confidence intervals	• Understand the difference between a point estimate and the confidence interval for the mean.	SERRANC
	3. Small samples: t-distribution		APIL
Hypothesis testing			
	1. Using confidence intervals: null hypothesis	• Conduct and interpret hypothesis tests.	FRANCISC
	2. One-sided tests: alternative hypothesis, p	• Understand how to develop Null and Alternative. Hypotheses.	ESPALLARDO·
	3. Type I and type II errors	• Understand Type I and Type II Errors.	MARTINEZ-MC
	4. Two- sided tests		GARCIA-NABC
Correlation and Simple regression			
	1. Ordinary least squares	• Identify the strength and direction of a linear relationship between two variables.	SORIA-ANDRE
	2. Experimental design	• Predict the value of a dependent variable based on an independent variable.	SANTOS-DELC
	3. Regression: assumptions and consequences, confidence intervals,	• Use regression to predict how much a dependent variable changes based on adjustments to an independent variable.	RODRIGO-DEL
	4. Prediction: confidence intervals and extrapolation, Regression to the mean	• Develop objective and data-driven decision.	POSTRERO-DI
	5. Identification		MODESTO-GE
	6. Causality in Statistic		BELARDO-LEE

Student

E, OLEGARIO

ANG, PARCO

RADO

ZON

ANA

EON

SON

PIADO

VIDES


AYAO

DON

IAS

-RIVERA

EZA



ADO
-ALABAN
ADO

DO-BALOS
-MONDIA JR
DSQUITE
OR



IS

DS SANTOS

- ROSARIO

UQUE

RONIMO

BRILLA