```
1. cp (copy)
       cp file1 file2
       --> command which makes a copy of file1 in the current working directory and calls it
file 2
       cd ~/unixstuff
       cp/vol/ee/ee-info/Teaching/Unix/science.txt.
       this did not work because this file is not in the directory, which means that I will have to
download it into the computer
       by downloading the txt document into the directory I already finished this step
       cp science.txt science.bak --> made a copy named science.bak
2. Moving files
       mv file1 file2 moves (or renames) file1 to file2
       my science.bak backups/ --> I am receiving an error of no such file or directory --> TAs
do not know why
       --> it did not work
3. rm (remove), rmdir (remove directory)
       --> I created tempfile.txt and then I removed it
4. clear (clear screen)
       clear --> clear the terminal
5. cat (concatenate)
       --> display the contents of a file on the screen
       cat science.txt
```

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--> it displayed the html of the file
6. less
        less science.txt --> writes the contents of a file on the screen a page at a time
7. head
        head science.txt --> writes the first ten lines of a file to the screen
       head -5 science.txt --> writes the last 5 lines of the file
8. tail
        tail science.txt --> the last 10 lines of a file to the screen
9. Simple searching suing less
        less science.txt
       /science
       --> it highlights the words that display science
10. grep (searches file for specific words or patterns
        grep science sceience.txt --> searches all the lines containing the word science
        --> grep command is case sensitive
        --> to ignore upper/lower case distinctions use the -i option
       grep -i science science.txt
        --> to search for a phrase or pattern use it in the enclosed single quotes
       grep -i 'spinning to' science.txt
```

- --> v display those lines that do not match
- --> n precede each matching line with the line number
- --> c print only the total count of matched lines

11. wc (word-count)

wc -w science.txt --> word search

wc -l science.txt --> line search

SUMMARY

cp file1 file2 - copy file1 and call it file2

my file1 file2 - move or rename file1 to file2

rm file - remove a file

rmdir directory - remove a directory

cat file - display a file

less file - display a file a page at a time

head file - display the first few lines of a file

tail file - display the last few lines of a file

grep 'keyword' file - search a file for keywords

we file- count the number of lines/words/characters in the file