

Caltech Center for Technology & Management Education

**Introduction to Data Science** 

## **Learning Objectives**

By the end of this lesson, you will be able to:

- Define data science
- Discuss the roles and responsibilities of a data scientist
- List various applications of data science
- Explain data science and its importance





# DATA AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

## **Data Science**



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#### What Is Data Science?

Some common definitions of Data Science are:

A powerful new approach to make discoveries from data



An automated way to analyze enormous amounts of data and extract information

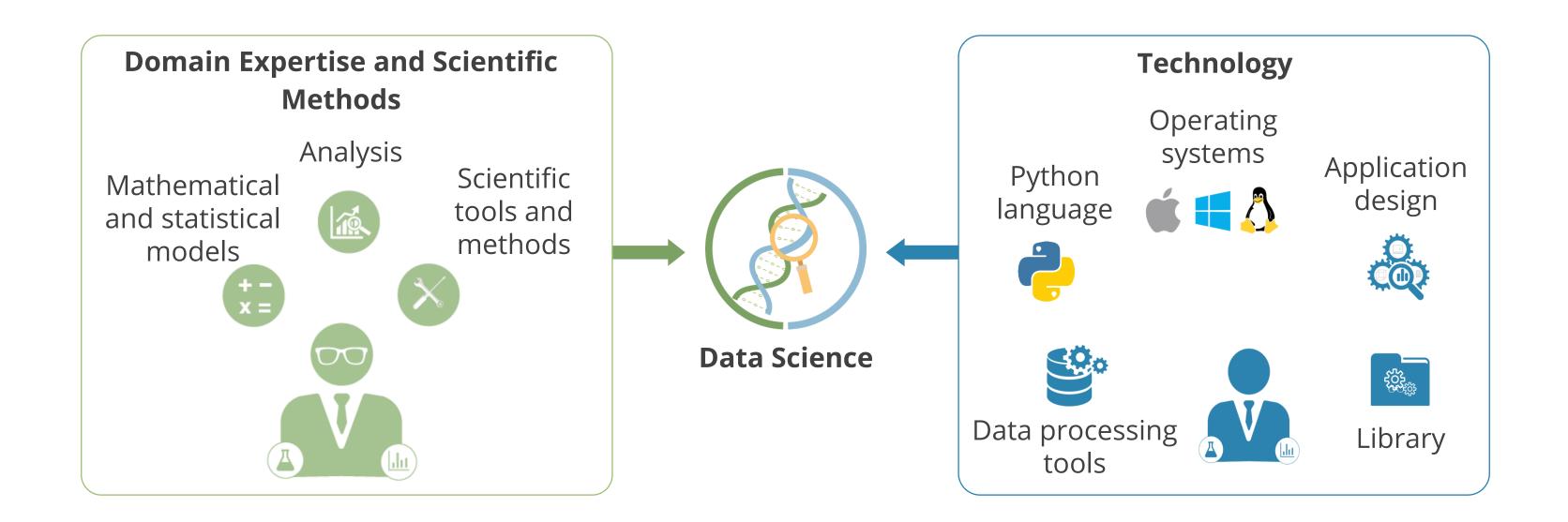
A new discipline that combines the aspects of statistics, mathematics, programming, and visualization to turn data into information





#### **Components of Data Science**

Data science is created when subject expertise and scientific methodologies are combined with technology.

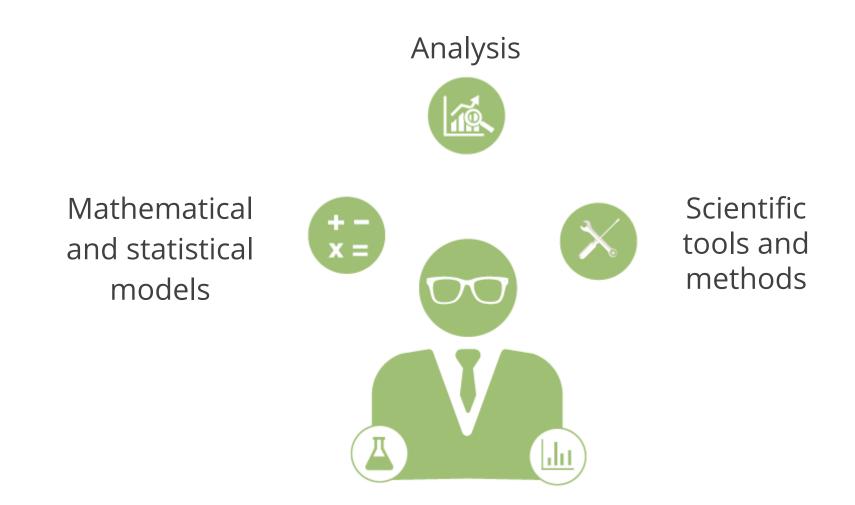






## **Domain Expertise and Scientific Methods**

Data scientists collect, explore, analyze, and visualize data. They apply mathematical and statistical models to find patterns and solutions in the data.





## **Domain Expertise and Scientific Methods**

Data analysis helps to extract insights from data to make better business decisions.



#### Data analysis can be:

- Descriptive: Study a dataset to decipher the details
- Predictive: Create a model based on existing information to predict outcome and behavior
- Prescriptive: Suggest actions for a given situation using the collected information

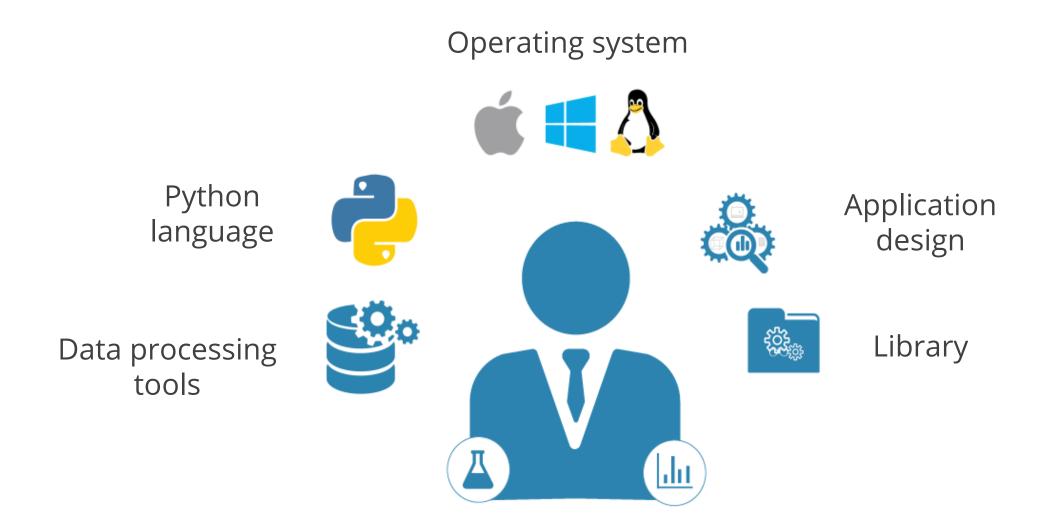




## **Data Processing and Analytics**

Modern tools and technologies have made data processing and analytics faster and more efficient.

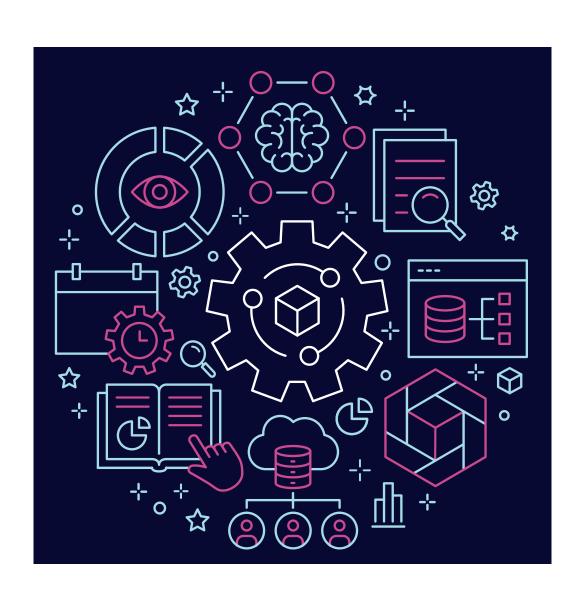
#### **Technology**





## **Data Processing and Analytics**

These technologies help data scientists to:



- Build and train machine learning models
- Manipulate data with technology
- Build data tools, applications, and services
- Extract information from data

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# **Applications of Data Science**



## **Different Sectors Using Data Science**

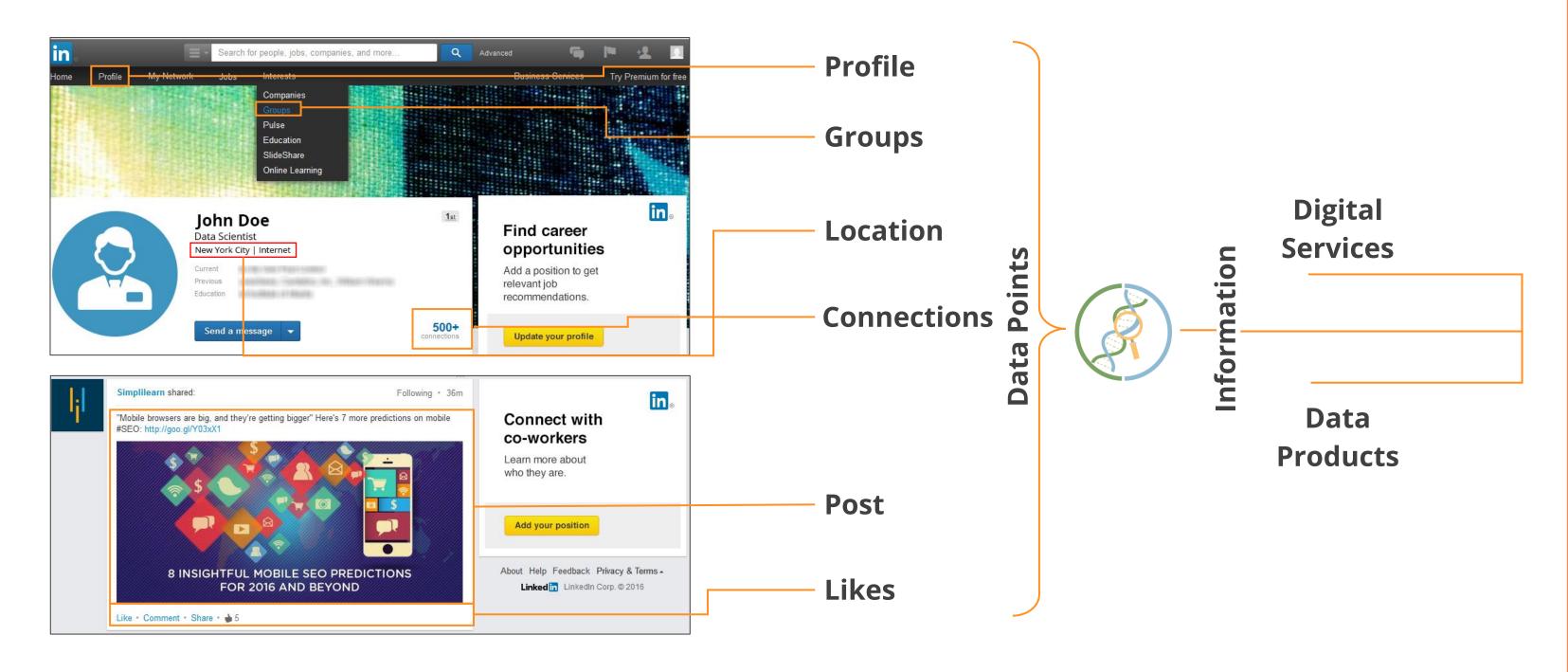
Various sectors use data science to extract the information they need to create different services and products.





## **Using Data Science: Social Network Platforms**

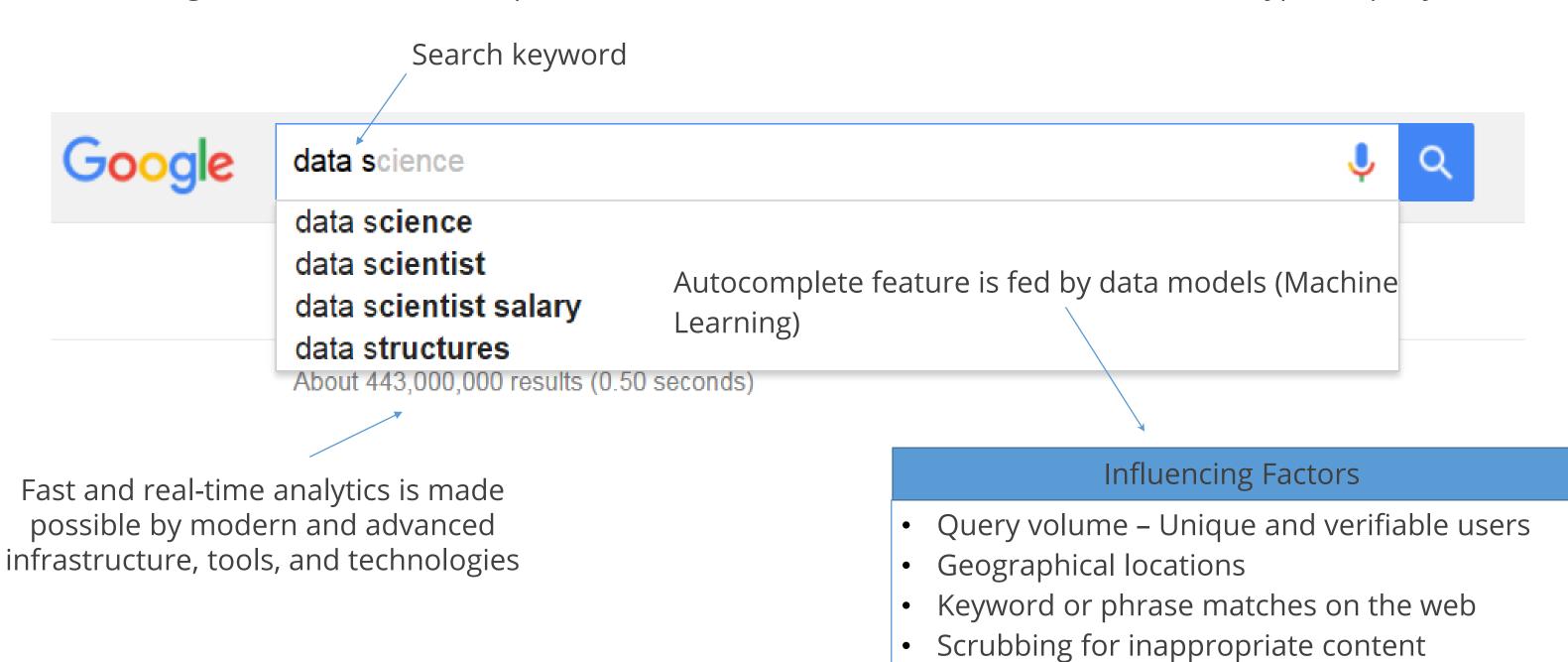
LinkedIn uses data points from its users to provide relevant digital services and data products.





## **Using Data Science: Search Engines**

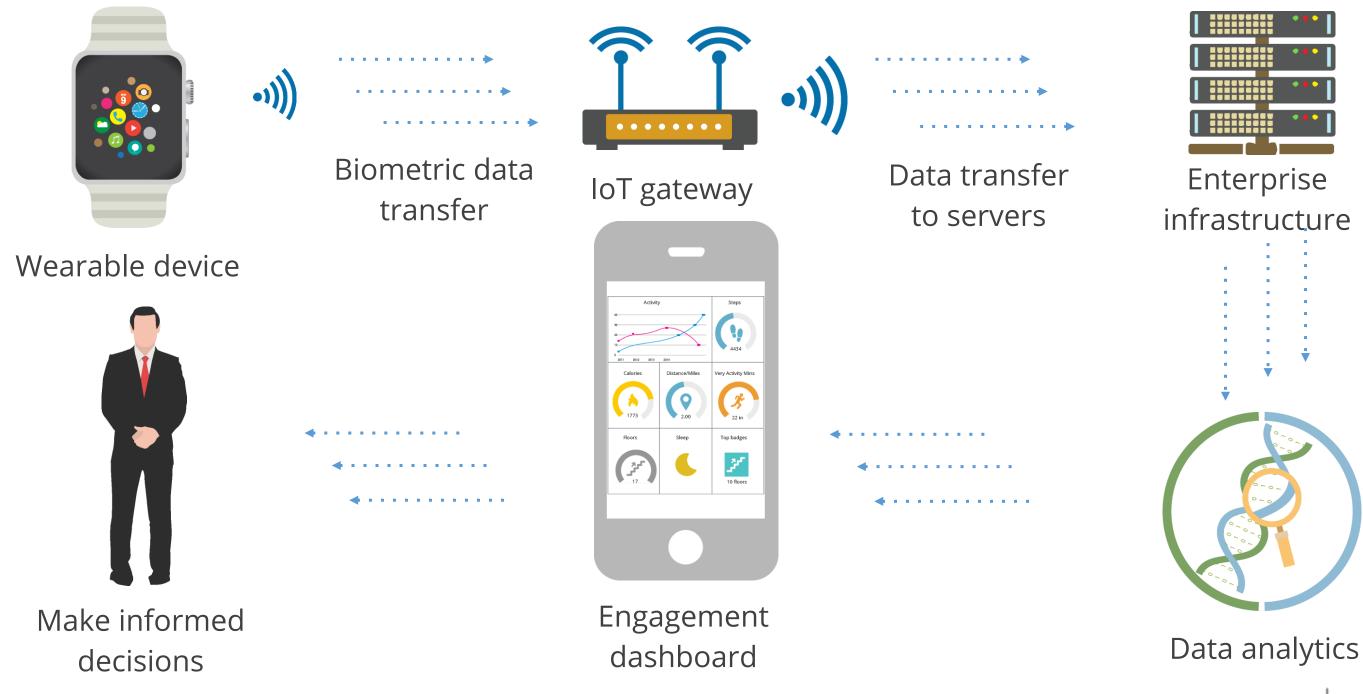
Google uses data science to provide relevant search recommendations as the user types a query.





## **Using Data Science: Healthcare**

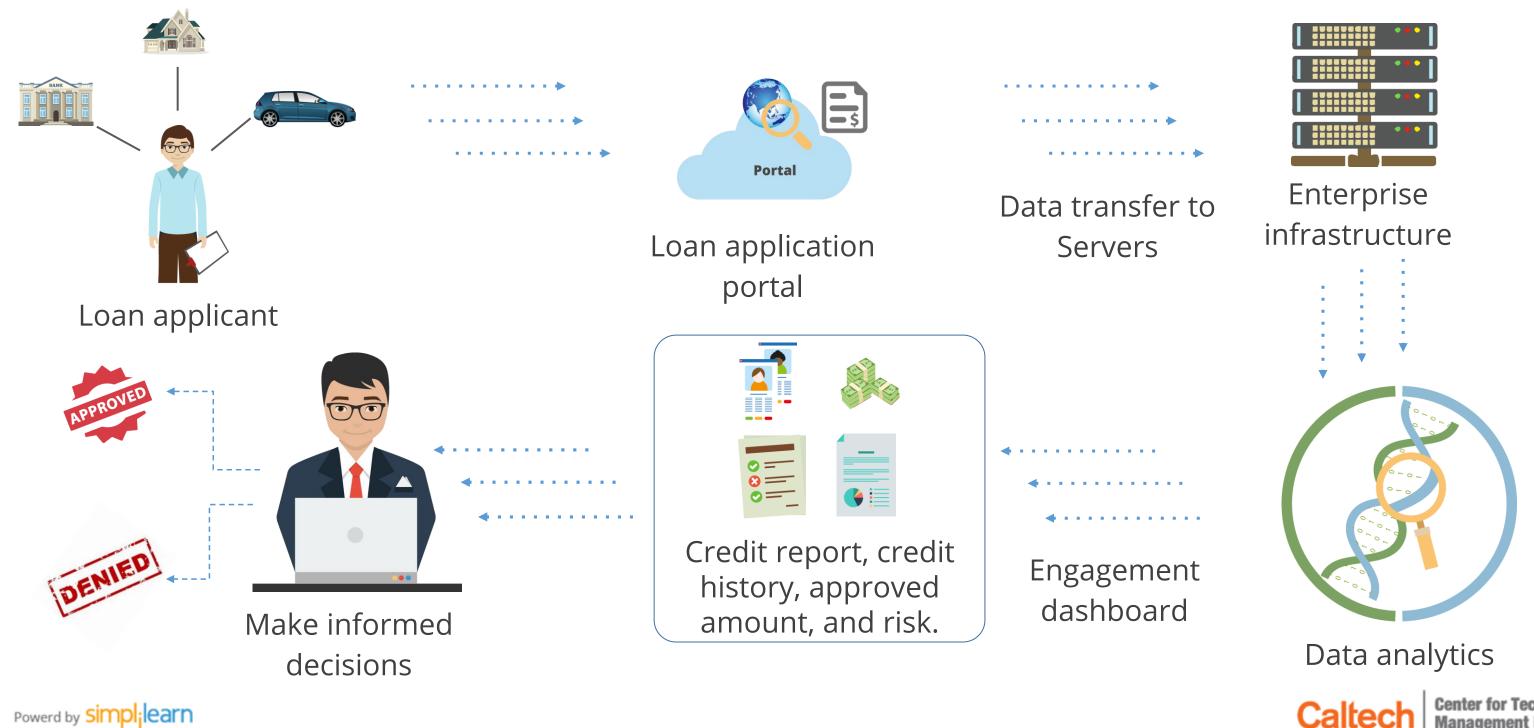
Wearable devices use data science to analyze data gathered by their biometric sensors.





#### **Using Data Science: Finance**

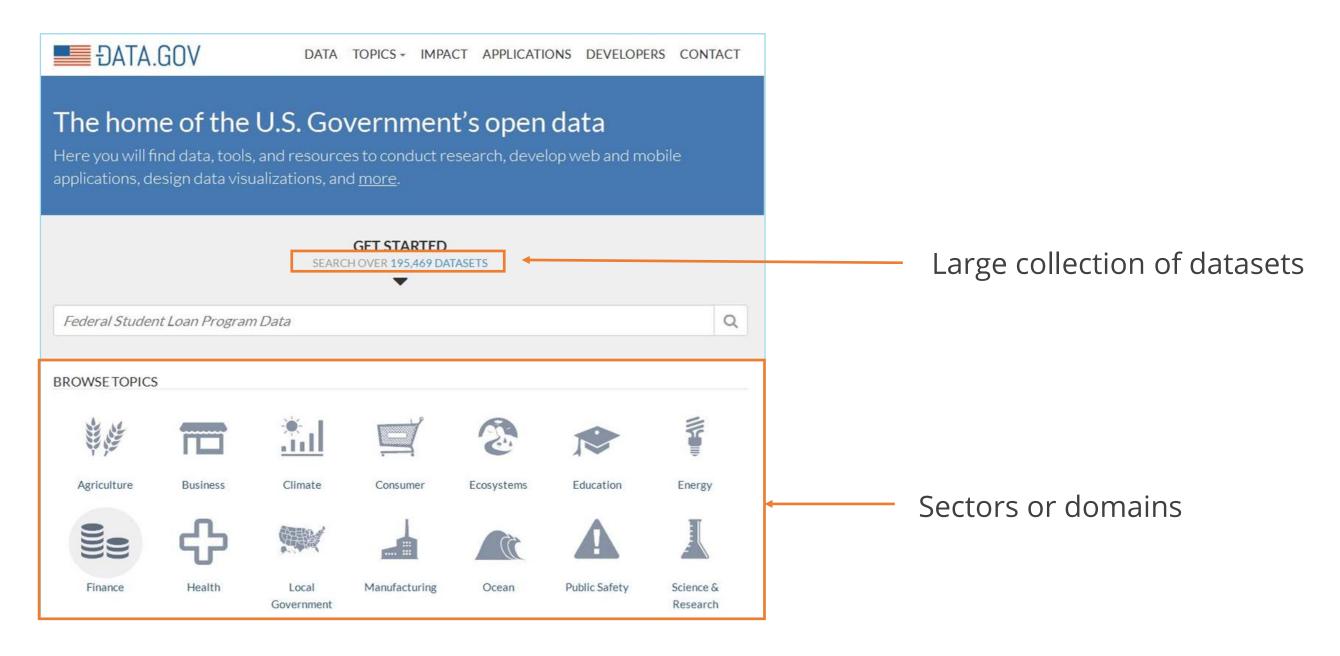
A loan manager can easily access and sift through a loan applicant's financial details using data science.





#### **Using Data Science: Public Sector**

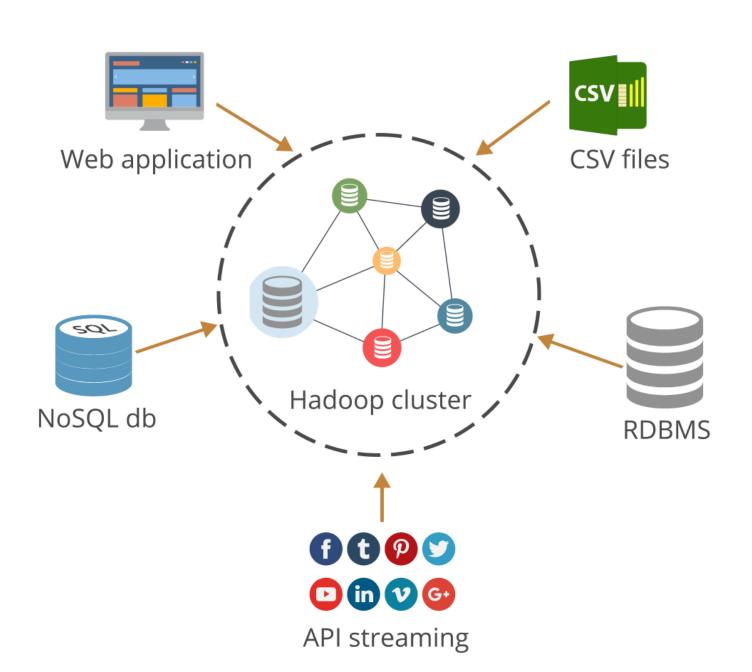
Governments in different countries share large datasets from various domains with the public. Data.gov is a website hosted and maintained by the U.S. government.







#### The Real Challenge



Some of the challenges data scientists face in the real world are:

- Data quality doesn't conform to the set standards.
- Data integration is a complex task.
- Data is distributed into large clusters in HDFS, which is difficult to integrate and analyze.
- Unstructured and semi-structured data are harder to analyze.





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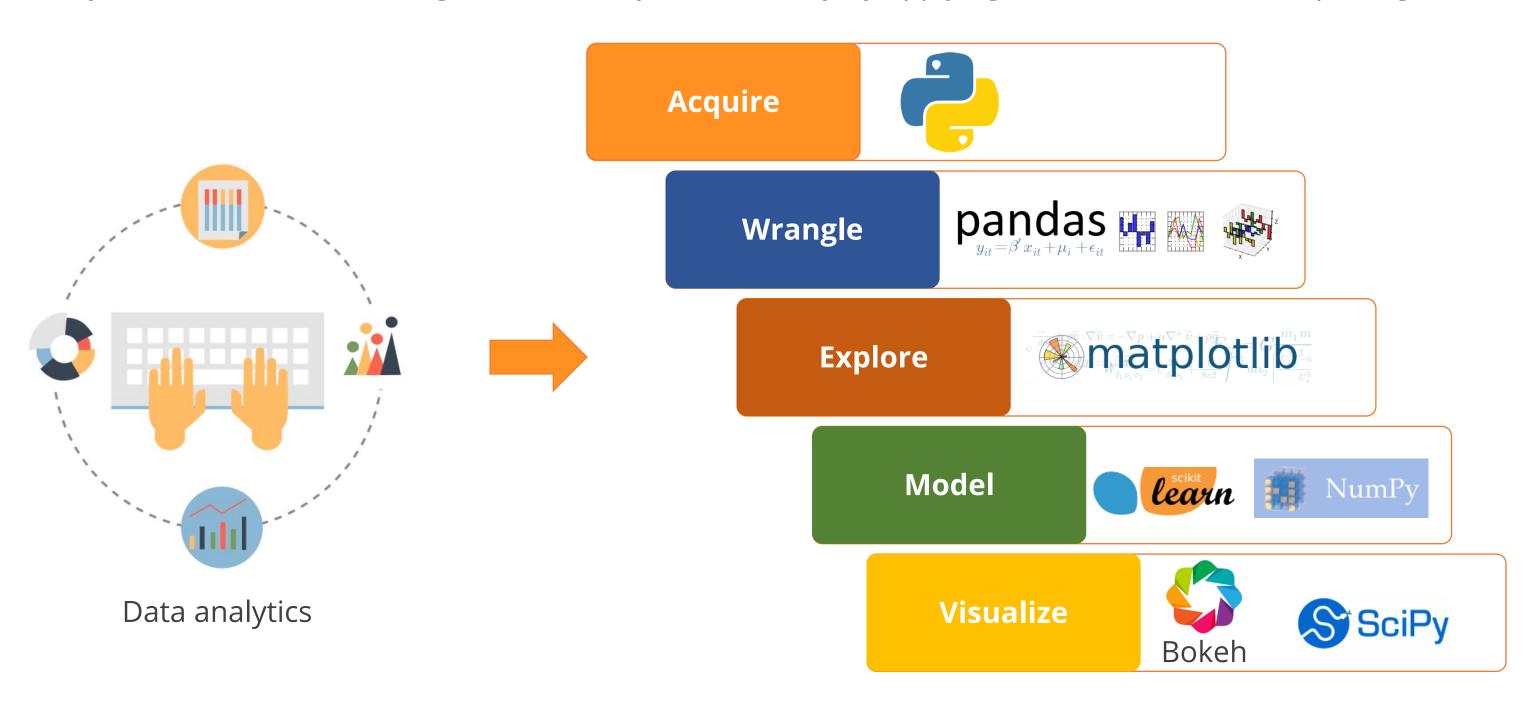




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## **Data Analytics and Python**

Python deals with each stage of data analytics efficiently by applying different libraries and packages.





## **Python Tools and Technologies**

Python is a general-purpose, open-source programming language that lets you work quickly and integrate systems more effectively.



Data analysis

Scientific computing







Machine learning

Software for mathematics, science, and engineering



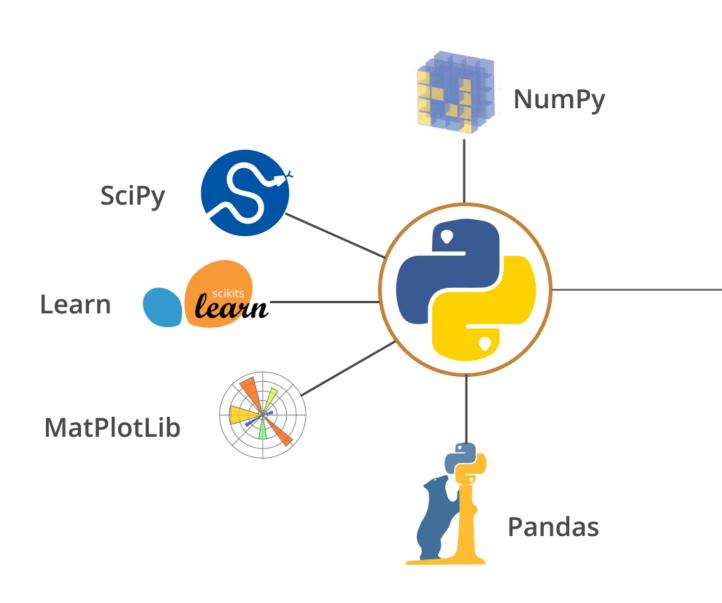


**Graphics computing** 

MatPlotLib



## **Benefits of Python**



Easy to learn

Open source

Efficient and multi-platform support

Huge collection of libraries, functions, and modules

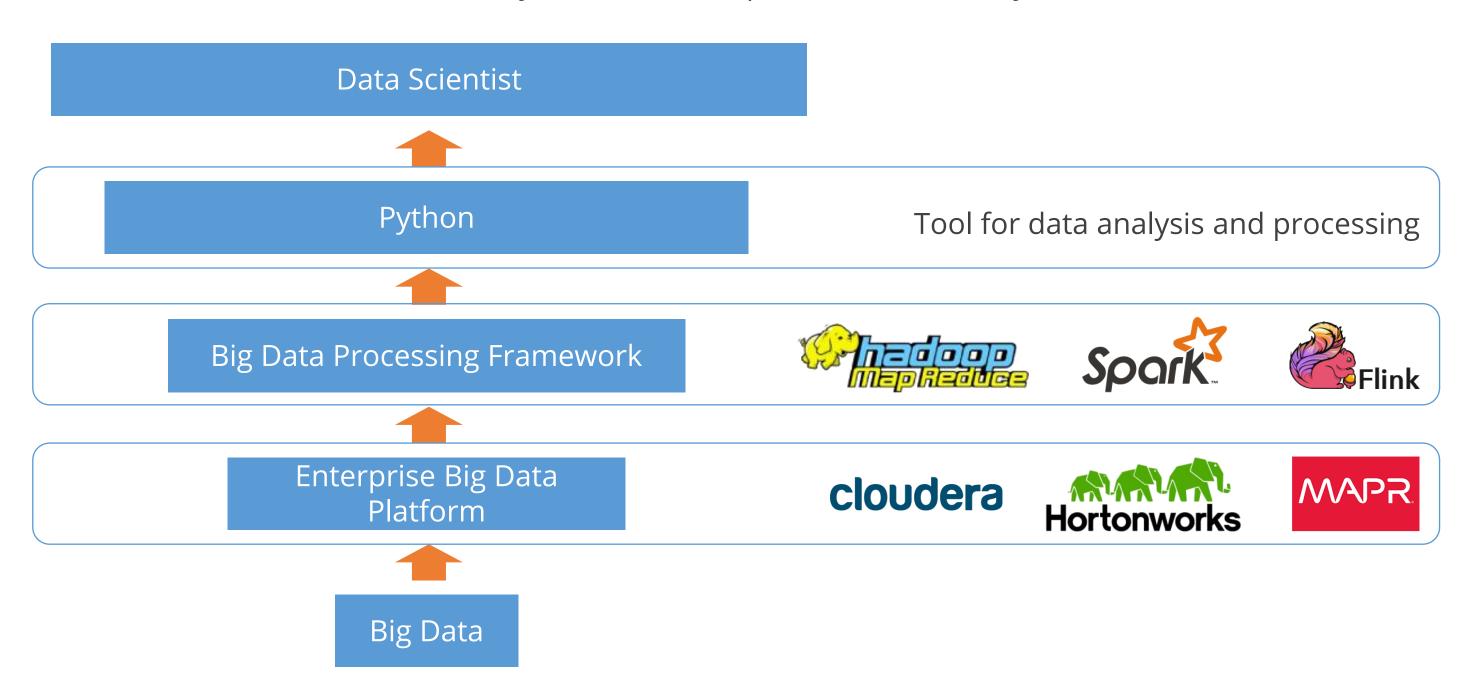
Big open-source community

Integrates well with enterprise apps and systems

Great vendor and product support

## Big Data Platforms and Processing Frameworks for Python

Python is supported by well-established data platforms and processing frameworks that help analyze data in a simple and efficient way.











1

#### A data scientist \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Asks the right questions
- B. Acquires data
- C. Performs data wrangling and data visualization
- D. All of the above







1

#### A data scientist \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Asks the right questions
- B. Acquires data
- C. Performs data wrangling and data visualization
- D. All of the above



#### The correct answer is **D**

A data scientist asks the right questions to the stakeholders, acquires data from various sources and data points, performs data wrangling that makes the data available for analysis, and creates reports and plots for data visualization.

5

The search engine's autocomplete feature identifies unique and verifiable users who search for a particular keyword or phrase to\_\_\_\_. Select all that apply.

- A. Scrub inappropriate content
- B. Build a query volume
- C. Tag the location to a query
- D. Find similar instances on the web







5

The search engine's autocomplete feature identifies unique and verifiable users who search for a particular keyword or phrase to\_\_\_\_. Select all that apply.

- A. Scrub inappropriate content
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#### The correct answer is **B**, **C**

The search engine's autocomplete feature identifies unique and verifiable users who search for a particular keyword or phrase to build a query volume. It also helps identify the users' locations and tags them with the query, enabling it to be location-specific.



3

#### What is the sequential flow of analysis in data science?

- A. Data wrangling, exploration, modeling, acquisition, and visualization
- B. Data exploration, acquisition, modeling, wrangling, and visualization
- C. Data acquisition, wrangling, exploration, modeling, and visualization
- D. Data modeling, acquisition, exploration, wrangling, and visualization







2

#### What is the sequential flow of analysis in data science?

- A. Data wrangling, exploration, modeling, acquisition, and visualization
- B. Data exploration, acquisition, modeling, wrangling, and visualization
- C. Data acquisition, wrangling, exploration, modeling, and visualization
- D. Data modeling, acquisition, exploration, wrangling, and visualization



#### The correct answer is C

In data science, the data is acquired from various sources and is then wrangled to ease its analysis. This is followed by data exploration and data modeling. The final stage is data visualization, where the data is presented and the patterns are identified.

## **Key Takeaways**

- Data science is an approach that combines the aspects of statistics, mathematics, programming, and visualization for analyzing data to derive information and insights from it that are used in a variety of application domains.
- Data scientists use data analysis and analytics to perform tasks such as extracting information from data, building and training machine learning models, and developing data tools and applications.
- Data science is used in a variety of fields, including analysis, mathematical and statistical modeling, and financial planning.
- Python is a versatile programming language with a wide number of libraries and packages that can help with each stage of data analytics and can be integrated with a variety of systems.



