

Laboratory Activity No. 10	
The Selection Widgets using Pycharm	
Course Code: CPE103	Program: BSCPE
Course Title: Object-Oriented Programming	Date Performed: 03/22/2025
Section: 1-A	Date Submitted: 03/22/2025
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1. Objective(s):	
This activity aims to familiarize students with the Pycharm framework and selection widget	
2. Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs):	
The students should be able to: 2.1 To create a Python program that use selection widget like Combobox 2.2 To use ttk function as part of Tk () in the Tkinter module	
3. Discussion:	
A Graphical User Interface (GUI) application is a program that the user can interact with through graphics (windows, buttons, text fields, checkboxes, images, icons, etc..) such as the Desktop GUI of Windows OS by using a mouse and keyboard unlike with a Command-line program or Terminal program that support keyboard inputs only. Pycharm is an integrated development environment used for programming in Python. It provides code analysis, a graphical debugger, an integrated unit tester, integration with version control systems, and supports web development with Django.	
4. Materials and Equipment:	
Desktop Computer with Anaconda Python or Pycharm Windows Operating System	
5. Procedure:	

```
# Creating tkinter window and set dimensions
window = tk.Tk()
window.title('Combobox')
window.geometry('500x250')

def choice(event):
    month = event.widget.get()
    print("Your birth month", month)

# label text for title
ttk.Label(window, text="Choose your birth month",
           background='light yellow', foreground="black",
           font=("Times New Roman", 15)).grid(row=0, column=1)
```

1.

```
month.grid(column=1, row=5)
month.current()

def choice(event):
    showinfo(
        title = "Selection",
        message = f'You selected {n.get()}')

month.bind("<<ComboboxSelected>>", choice)
window.mainloop()
```

2. Run the program and observe the output.

Adding an icon

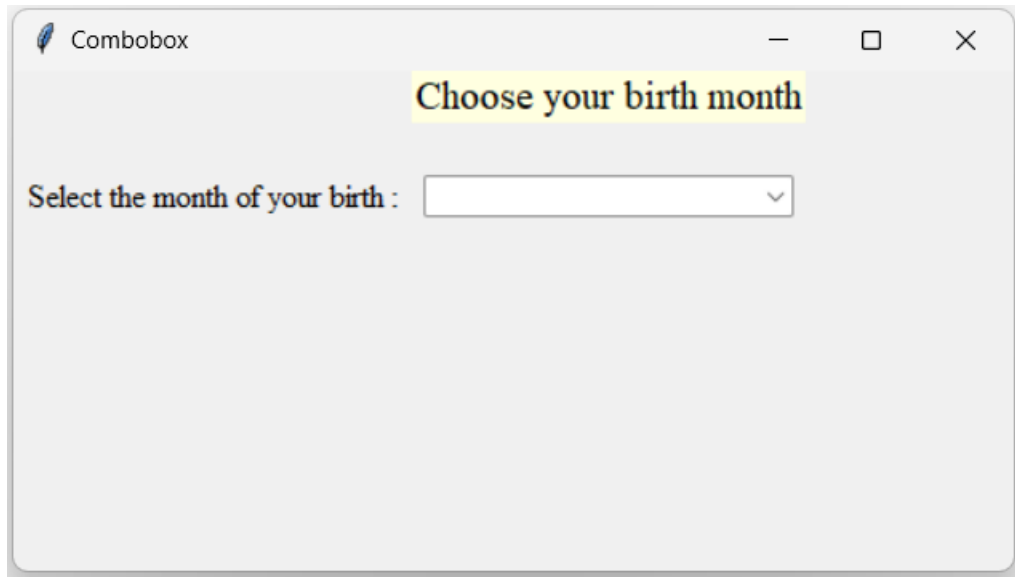
3. Download any .ico picture from <https://icon-icons.com/> or any similar sites.
4. Place the icon in your folder (ex. Oopfa1<lastname>_lab10)

```
# Set label
ttk.Label(window, text="Select the month of your birth :",
          font=("Times New Roman", 12)).grid(column=0,
          row=5, padx=5, pady=25)

# Create Combobox
n = tk.StringVar()
month = ttk.Combobox(window, width=27, textvariable=n)

# Adding combobox drop down list
month['values'] = (' January',
                  ' February',
                  ' March',
                  ' April',
                  ' May',
                  ' June',
                  ' July',
                  ' August',
                  ' September',
                  ' October',
                  ' November',
                  ' December')
```

5. Run the program again, the program should now have an icon similar to the program below.



6. Supplementary Activity:

Task

1. Create label widgets below to label your birth date <dd>, birth year <yyyy>
2. Create combobox to drop down your birth date <dd>, birth year <yyyy>
3. Create another method to show info about your birth date <dd>, birth year <yyyy>

Note: You may also use additional selection(listbox, radio button, check button) or common widgets to improve the design of your GUI.

Questions

1. What are selection widgets?
 - Selection widgets are tools in GUIs like drop-down menus, radio buttons, checkboxes, and sliders. They let users easily choose from a set of options, making interactions more seamless.
2. Which Python libraries provide selection widgets?
 - Popular Python libraries offering these tools include **Tkinter**, **PyQt/PySide**, **Kivy**, **Dash**, and **Streamlit**. Each provides various widgets to create interactive apps.
3. How do selection widgets enhance user interaction in GUI applications?
 - Selection widgets make apps more intuitive and user-friendly. They reduce typing errors, present options clearly, and create engaging, efficient, and visually appealing interfaces.

7. Conclusion:

- Selection widgets are essential components of graphical user interfaces (GUIs) that improve the overall user experience by allowing efficient and intuitive interactions. Python libraries such as Tkinter, PyQt/PySide, Kivy, Dash, and Streamlit empower developers to create applications that are not only functional but also visually appealing and accessible. By integrating selection widgets like drop-down menus, checkboxes, sliders, and radio buttons, developers can minimize user errors, clearly present choices, and create engaging interfaces that streamline user input and interactions.

8. Assessment Rubric: