# 目 录

1	分析 resize 流程前的必要知识													2				
	1.1 nova 中的 RPC 机制												2					
	1.2	2 重要的数据类型														2		
		1.2.1	req															2
		1.2.2	context															2
		1.2.3	instance															2
	nova-api 阶段 nova-conductor 部分													3				
4	冷迁移												4					
	4.1 冷迁移中的 nova-conductor 部分										4							
	4.2	4.2 冷迁移中的 nova-compute 部分											5					
		4.2.1	目的主机上的	J操作:	pre	p_re	size											5
		4.2.2	源主机的操作	: resiz	ze_i	nstar	ice											5
		4.2.3	目的主机上的	」操作:	finis	sh_r	esize	e .										6

# 1 分析 resize 流程前的必要知识

- 1.1 nova 中的 RPC 机制
- 1.2 重要的数据类型
- 1.2.1 req
- 1.2.2 context

```
# 根据 req 创建环境上下文 context
# context 是 nova/context.py中的 Request Context类
context = req.environ["nova.context"]
```

#### 1.2.3 instance

```
# 根据 req和 instance_id 创建 instance
       # instance是nova/context/instance.py中的Instance类
2
       instance = self._get_server(context, req, instance_id)
3
5
       instance_type
6
7
       flavor_id
       deltas
8
       quotas
9
       vm state
10
```

## 2 nova-api 阶段

#### 入口函数为:

```
# 这个函数在nova/api/openstack/compute/servers.py
def _resize(self, req, instance_id, flavor_id, **kwargs):
...
try:
# compute_api是nova/compute/api.py中的API类
self.compute_api.resize(context, instance, flavor_id, **kwargs)
...
```

#### 进一步看 API.resize() 函数:

```
# nova/compute/api.py API.resize()
def resize(self, context, instance, flavor_id=None,

**extra_instance_updates):
```

```
# filter_properties与选择本地扩容或选择异地扩容有关
6
            filter_properties = {'ignore_hosts': []}
7
8
            if not CONF.allow_resize_to_same_host:
9
                filter_properties['ignore_hosts'].append(instance['host'])
10
11
            if (not flavor_id and not CONF.allow_migrate_to_same_host):
12
                filter_properties['ignore_hosts'].append(instance['host'])
13
14
16
            # scheduler_hint挺重要的,是nova-scheduler的参数
17
            scheduler_hint = {'filter_properties': filter_properties}
18
19
            self.compute_task_api.resize_instance(context, instance,
20
                    {\tt extra\_instance\_updates}\;,\;\; {\tt scheduler\_hint=scheduler\_hint}\;,
                    flavor=new_instance_type,
21
                    reservations=quotas.reservations or [])
       # nova/conductor/api.py ComputeTaskAPI.resize_instance()
1
        def resize_instance(self, context, instance, extra_instance_updates,
2
                            scheduler_hint, flavor, reservations):
3
            self.conductor_compute_rpcapi.migrate_server(
4
5
                context, instance, scheduler_hint, False, False, flavor,
6
                None, None, reservations)
       # nova/conductor/rpcapi.py ComputeTaskAPI.migrate_server()
1
2
        def migrate_server(self, context, instance, scheduler_hint, live, rebuild,
                      flavor, block_migration, disk_over_commit,
3
                      reservations=None):
4
            cctxt = self.client.prepare(version=version)
6
            return cctxt.call(context, 'migrate_server',
                               instance=instance , scheduler_hint=scheduler_hint ,
8
9
                               live=live, rebuild=rebuild, flavor=flavor_p,
                               block\_migration \!\!=\! block\_migration\;,
10
                               disk_over_commit=disk_over_commit,
11
                               reservations=reservations)
```

### 3 nova-conductor 部分

```
# nova/conductor/manager.py ComputeTaskManager.migrate_server()

def migrate_server(self, context, instance, scheduler_hint, live, rebuild,

flavor, block_migration, disk_over_commit, reservations=None):

if live and not rebuild and not flavor:

self._live_migrate(context, instance, scheduler_hint,

block_migration, disk_over_commit)

elif not live and not rebuild and flavor:
```

```
with compute_utils.EventReporter(context, 'cold_migrate',
instance_uuid):

self._cold_migrate(context, instance, flavor,
scheduler_hint['filter_properties'],
reservations)

...
```

### 4 冷迁移

### 4.1 冷迁移中的 nova-conductor 部分

```
1
        \#\ nova/conductor/manager.py\ Compute Task Manager.\_cold\_migrate()
2
        def _cold_migrate(self, context, instance, flavor, filter_properties,
                           reservations):
3
 4
            . . .
5
            try:
6
                # 选择目的主机
                hosts = self.scheduler_client.select_destinations(
                        context , request_spec , filter_properties)
9
                host\_state = hosts[0]
10
11
12
            try:
13
14
15
                (host, node) = (host_state['host'], host_state['nodename'])
16
                self.compute_rpcapi.prep_resize(
                     context, image, instance,
17
                     flavor, host,
                     reservations , request_spec=request_spec ,
19
                     filter_properties=filter_properties, node=node)
20
21
```

```
# nova/compute/rpcapi.py ComputeAPI.prep_resize()
1
        def prep_resize(self, ctxt, image, instance, instance_type, host,
2
3
                         reservations=None, request_spec=None,
                         filter\_properties\!=\!\!None, \ node\!=\!\!None):
4
5
            cctxt = self.client.prepare(server=host, version=version)
7
            cctxt.cast(ctxt, 'prep_resize',
                        instance=instance,
8
                        instance_type=instance_type_p,
10
                        image=image_p, reservations=reservations,
                        request_spec=request_spec ,
11
                        filter_properties=filter_properties,
12
                        node=node)
```

### 4.2 冷迁移中的 nova-compute 部分

### 4.2.1 目的主机上的操作: prep\_resize

```
1
        # nova/compute/manager.py ComputeManager.prep_resize()
2
        def prep_resize(self, context, image, instance, instance_type,
                          reservations\;,\; request\_spec\;,\; filter\_properties\;,\; node):
3
4
             with self._error_out_instance_on_exception(context, instance,
5
6
                                                             quotas=quotas):
8
                 trv:
                      self._prep_resize(context, image, instance,
10
                                          instance_type, quotas,
                                          request_spec, filter_properties,
11
12
                                          node)
13
1
        # nova/compute/manager.py ComputeManager._prep_resize()
        def _prep_resize(self, context, image, instance, instance_type,
2
                 quotas, request_spec, filter_properties, node):
3
4
5
             with \ {\tt rt.resize\_claim} \, (\, {\tt context} \, \, , \ {\tt instance} \, \, , \ {\tt instance\_type} \, \, , \\
6
                                    image_meta=image, limits=limits) as claim:
7
8
                 self.compute_rpcapi.resize_instance(
9
                          context, instance, claim.migration, image,
10
                          instance_type, quotas.reservations)
11
        # nova/compute/rpcapi.py ComputeAPI.resize_instance()
1
2
        def resize_instance(self, ctxt, instance, migration, image, instance_type,
                              reservations \!\!=\!\! None):
3
4
             cctxt = self.client.prepare(server=_compute_host(None, instance),
5
6
                     version=version)
             cctxt.cast(ctxt, 'resize_instance',
                         instance=instance, migration=migration,
8
```

### 4.2.2 源主机的操作: resize\_instance

10

```
# nova/compute/manager.py ComputeManager.resize_instance()
def resize_instance(self, context, instance, image,
reservations, migration, instance_type,
clean_shutdown=True):
...
with self._error_out_instance_on_exception(context, instance,
quotas=quotas):
```

image=image, reservations=reservations,

instance\_type=instance\_type\_p)

```
8
                 # 获得虚拟机块设备的信息
                 block_device_info = self._get_instance_block_device_info(
10
                                       context, instance, bdms=bdms)
11
                 # 关闭虚拟机并迁移虚拟机的增量文件
13
                 disk_info = self.driver.migrate_disk_and_power_off(
14
                          context , instance , migration.dest_host ,
15
                          instance_type, network_info,
16
                          block_device_info,
17
                          timeout, retry_interval)
18
19
                 {\tt self.compute\_rpcapi.finish\_resize} \, (\, {\tt context} \, , \, \, {\tt instance} \, , \, \,
20
                          migration, image, disk_info,
21
                          migration.dest_compute, reservations=quotas.reservations)
```

migrate\_disk\_and\_power\_off() 是源主机上将虚拟机迁移给目的主机的实现函数,主要利用了 libvirt API。这个函数的分析在《nova 调用 libvirt》中的"nova 扩容时对 libvirt 的调用"一节。

```
# nova/compute/rpcapi.py(690) ComputeAPI.finish_resize()

def finish_resize(self, ctxt, instance, migration, image, disk_info,

host, reservations=None):

...

cctxt = self.client.prepare(server=host, version=version)

cctxt.cast(ctxt, 'finish_resize',

instance=instance, migration=migration,

image=image, disk_info=disk_info, reservations=reservations)
```

#### 4.2.3 目的主机上的操作: finish\_resize

```
# nova/compute/manager.py ComputeManager.finish resize()
1
2
        def finish_resize(self, context, disk_info, image, instance,
                           reservations, migration):
3
            quotas = quotas\_obj.\,Quotas.\,from\_reservations\,(\,context\,,
4
                                                             reservations,
                                                             instance=instance)
6
7
            trv:
8
                 self._finish_resize(context, instance, migration,
9
                                      disk_info, image)
10
```

```
image, resize_instance,
block_device_info, power_on)
...
```