iPhone与iPad应用开发课程 精通iOS开发

第十五讲 动画

主讲人: 关东升

eorient@sina.com

主要知识点

- ◆ 动画介绍
- ◆ Core Animation基础
- ◆ 图层
- ◆ 隐式动画
- ◆ 显示动画
- ◆ 帧动画

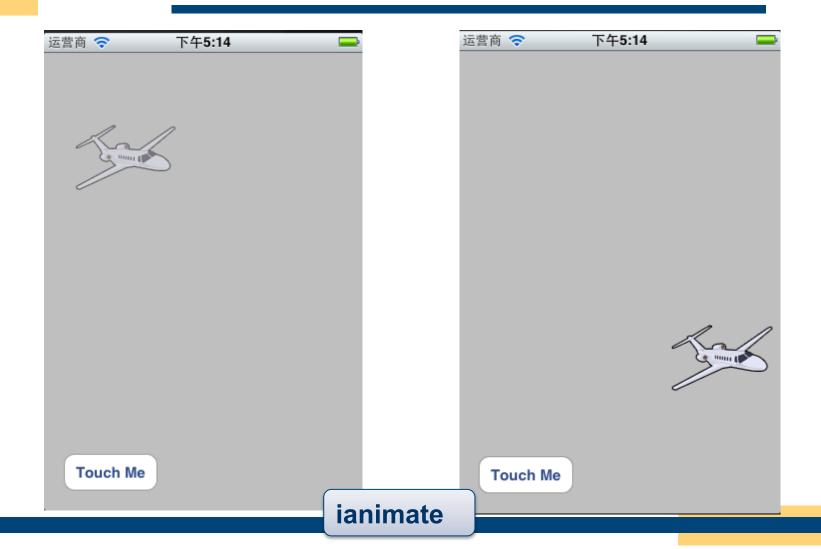
动画介绍

- ◆ 在iOS中动画实现技术主要是: Core Animation。
- ◆ Core Animation负责所有的滚动、旋转、缩小和放大以及所有的iOS动画效果。其中UIKit类通常都有animated:参数部分,它可以允许是否使用动画。
- ◆ Core Animation还与Quartz紧密结合在一起,每个UIView都关联到一个CALayer对象,CALayer是Core Animation中的图层。

Core Animation基础

- ◆ Core Animation创建动画时候会修改CALayer属性,然后让这些属性流畅地变化。Core Animation相关知识点:
 - 图层,图层是动画发生的地方,CALayer总是与UlView关联,通过layer属性访问。
 - 隐式动画,这是一种最简单的动画,不用设置定时器,不用考虑线程或者重画。
 - 显式动画,是一种使用CABasicAnimation创建的动画,通过 CABasicAnimation,可以更明确地定义属性如何改变动画。
 - 关键帧动画,这是一种更复杂的显式动画类型,这里可以定义 动画的起点和终点,还可以定义某些帧之间的动画。

隐式动画实例

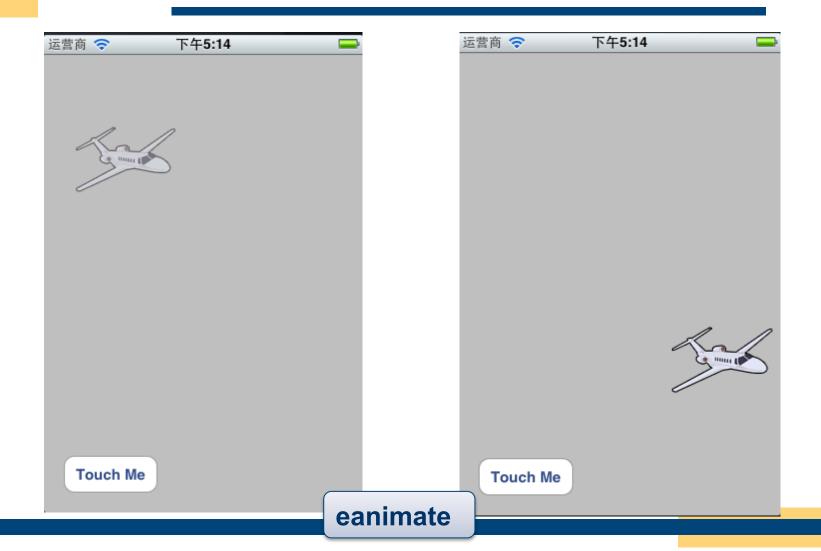


关键代码

```
-(IBAction)movePlane:(id)sender {
   [UIView beginAnimations:nil context:NULL];
    CGAffineTransform moveTransform
              = CGAffineTransformMakeTranslation(180, 200);
   [plane.layer setAffineTransform:moveTransform];
   plane layer opacity = 1;
   [UIView commitAnimations];
```

- ◆ 飞机图片的不透明度(opacity)初始为0.25,然后在动画过程中不透明度设置为1.0。这个过程是设置飞机图片对象的层属性的,plane.layer.opacity = 1;
- ◆ [plane.layer setAffineTransform:moveTransform];设置 飞机图片层对象的仿射移动变换。

显式动画实例

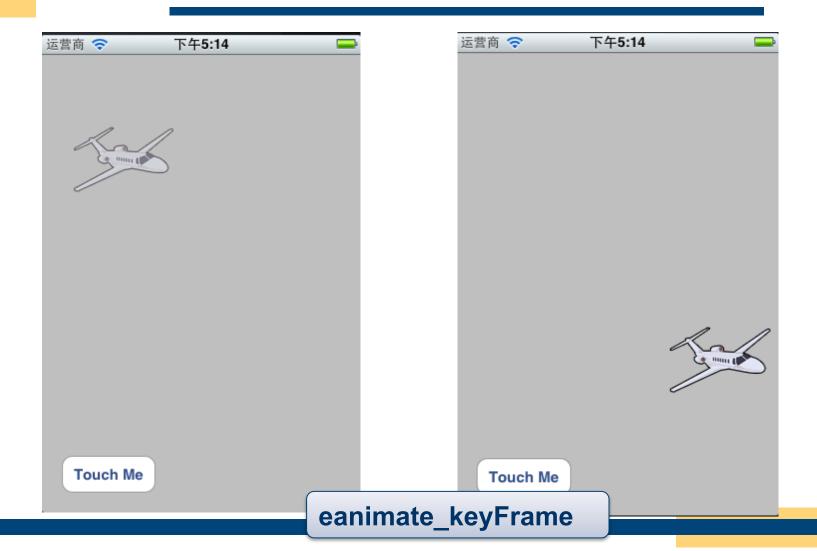


关键代码

```
-(IBAction)movePlane:(id)sender {
    CABasicAnimation *opAnim = [CABasicAnimation animationWithKeyPath:@"opacity"];
    opAnim.duration = 3.0;
    opAnim.fromValue = [NSNumber numberWithFloat:.25];
    opAnim.toValue= [NSNumber numberWithFloat:1.0];
    opAnim.cumulative = YES;
    opAnim.repeatCount = 2;
    [plane.layer addAnimation:opAnim forKey:@"animateOpacity"];
    CGAffineTransform moveTransform = CGAffineTransformMakeTranslation(180, 200);
    CABasicAnimation *moveAnim = [CABasicAnimation animationWithKeyPath:@"transform"];
    moveAnim.duration = 6.0:
    moveAnim.toValue= [NSValue valueWithCATransform3D:
         CATransform3DMakeAffineTransform(moveTransform)];
    [plane_layer addAnimation:moveAnim forKey:@"animateTransform"];
```

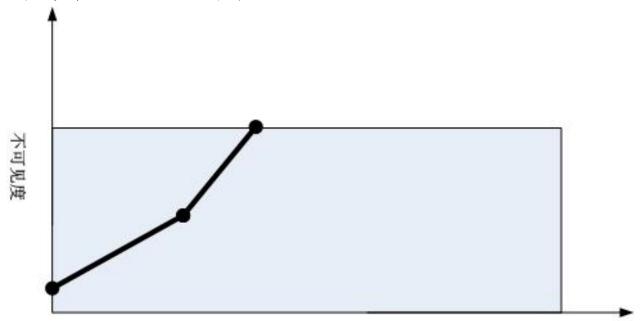
- ◆ 显式动画时候,不必定义CALayer的变化,也不必执行它们,而是通过CABasicAnimation逐个定义动画。其中每个动画都含有各自的duration、repeatCount等属性。然后,使用addAnimation:forKey:方法分别将每个动画应用到层中。
- ◆ [CABasicAnimation animationWithKeyPath:@"opacity"] 获得透明度动画对象,@"transform"是指定转换动画。
- ◆ opAnim.cumulative 属性是指定累计
- ◆ opAnim.repeatCount 重复执行次数
- ◆ CATransform3DMakeAffineTransform函数是将仿射变换矩阵变成Core Animation使用的Transform3D类型的矩阵。

关键帧显式动画实例

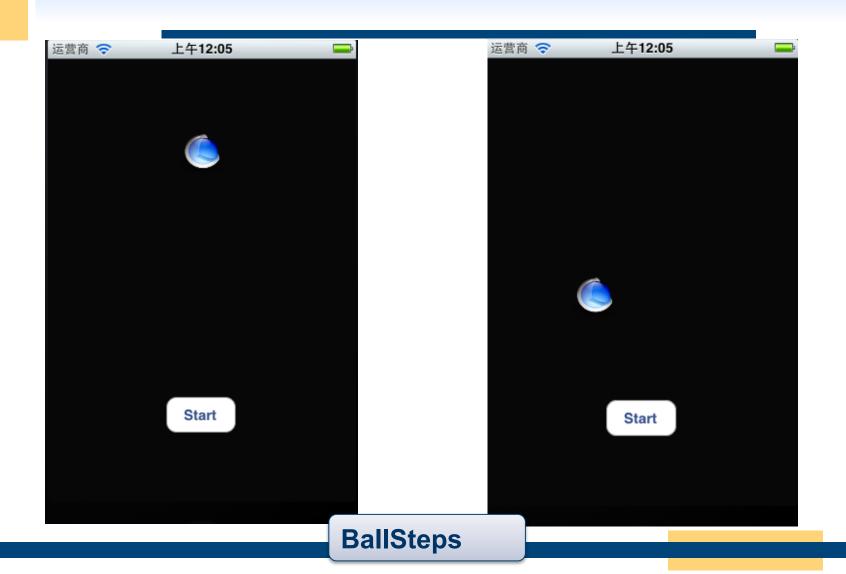


```
-(IBAction)movePlane:(id)sender {
     CAKeyframeAnimation *opAnim = [CAKeyframeAnimation animationWithKeyPath:@"opacity"];
     opAnim.duration = 6.0;
     opAnim.values =[NSArray arrayWithObjects:
                         [NSNumber numberWithFloat:0.25],
                         [NSNumber numberWithFloat:0.75],
                         [NSNumber numberWithFloat:1.0],
                         nil];
     opAnim.keyTimes = [NSArray arrayWithObjects:
                          [NSNumber numberWithFloat:0.0],
                          [NSNumber numberWithFloat:0.5],
                          [NSNumber numberWithFloat:1.0], nil];
     [plane.layer addAnimation:opAnim forKey:@"animateOpacity"];
     CGAffineTransform moveTransform = CGAffineTransformMakeTranslation(180, 200);
     CABasicAnimation *moveAnim = [CABasicAnimation animationWithKeyPath:@"transform"];
     moveAnim.duration = 6.0;
     moveAnim.toValue= [NSValue valueWithCATransform3D:
                          CATransform3DMakeAffineTransform(moveTransform)];
     [plane.layer addAnimation:moveAnim forKey:@"animateTransform"];
```

- ◆ animation.values是一个值的数组。
- ◆ animation.keyTimes是一个每个帧片段持续的时间比例
 - ,取值范围0.0-1.0之间。



关键帧之路径实例

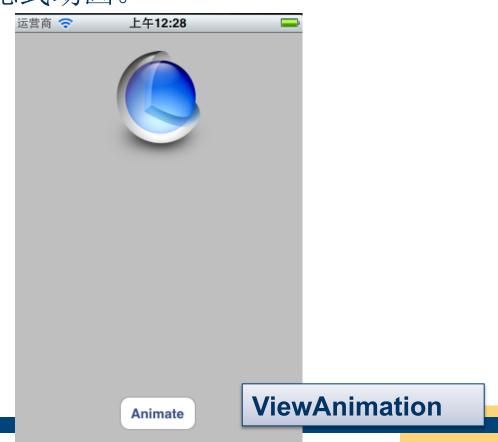


```
- (IBAction)drawStar:(id)sender {
     [drawButton setEnabled:NO];
     CGMutablePathRef starPath = CGPathCreateMutable();
     CGPathMoveToPoint(starPath, NULL, 160.0f, 100.0f);
     CGPathAddLineToPoint(starPath, NULL, 100.0f, 280.0f);
     CGPathAddLineToPoint(starPath, NULL, 260.0, 170.0);
     CGPathAddLineToPoint(starPath, NULL, 60.0, 170.0);
     CGPathAddLineToPoint(starPath, NULL, 220.0, 280.0);
     CGPathCloseSubpath(starPath);
     CAKeyframeAnimation *animation = nil;
     animation = [CAKeyframeAnimation animationWithKeyPath:@"position"];
     [animation setDuration:10.0f];
     [animation setDelegate:self];
     [animation setPath:starPath];
     CFRelease(starPath);
     starPath = nil;
     [[imageView layer] addAnimation:animation forKey:@"position"];
- (void)animationDidStop:(CAAnimation *)theAnimation finished:(BOOL)flag {
     [drawButton setEnabled:YES];
```

- ◆ [CAKeyframeAnimation animationWithKeyPath:@"position"];创建一个position 类型的关键帧动画。
- ◆ 关键帧动画中可以定义路径,把这些路径放入到 CGMutablePathRef 中与CG中的很相似。
- ◆ CGPathCloseSubpath(starPath);结束路径。
- ◆ [animation setPath:starPath];设置路径。
- ◆ [animation setDelegate:self];设置委托对象为本身,即回调方法 animationDidStop:finished:。
- ◆ 最后CFRelease(starPath);时候路径。

UIView级别动画

◆ 除了直接使用Core Animation 层实现动画,我们还有 UIView直接实现隐式动画。



h文件

```
@interface MainViewController: UIViewController
 UllmageView *animImageView;
 UIButton *button;
@property (assign) IBOutlet UllmageView *animImageView;
@property (assign) IBOutlet UIButton *button;
- (IBAction)action:(id)sender;
@end
```

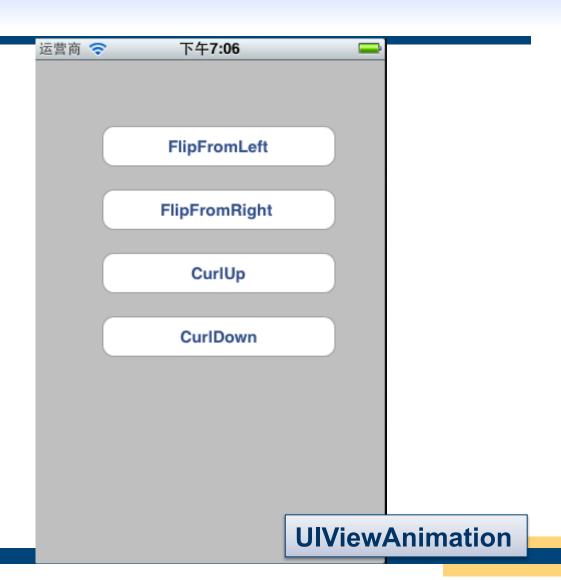
```
- (IBAction)action:(id)sender {
 [UIView beginAnimations:@"Hide Button" context:nil];
 [[self button] setAlpha:0.0];
 [UIView commitAnimations];
 [UIView beginAnimations:@"Slide Around" context:nil];
 [UIView setAnimationDuration:1.0];
 [UIView setAnimationDelegate:self];
 [UIView setAnimationDidStopSelector:@selector(viewAnimationDone:)];
 [UIView setAnimationRepeatCount:3];
 [UIView setAnimationRepeatAutoreverses:YES];
 CGPoint center = [[self animImageView] center];
 center.y += 100;
 [[self animImageView] setCenter:center];
 [UIView commitAnimations];
- (void)viewAnimationDone:(NSString*)name {
 [UIView beginAnimations:@"Show Button" context:nil];
 [[self button] setAlpha:1.0];
 [UIView commitAnimations];
```

- ◆ UIView中的动画是在动画块中定义的,动画块是UIView beginAnimations:context:开始, 在UIView commitAnimations结束。
- ◆ 首先开始将按钮设置透明度为0的,结果是开始动画时 候隐藏了。
- ◆ 然后,又开始新的动画中设置委托事件:
- [UIView setAnimationDelegate:self]
- [UIView setAnimationDidStopSelector:@selector (viewAnimationDone:)];
- ◆ 当动画结束的时候调用viewAnimationDone:方法。

内置UIView动画

- ◆ UIView具有一个UIViewAnimationTransition属性可以设定 动画,这些动画是iOS提供几个常用动画有:
 - UIViewAnimationTransitionNone
 - UIViewAnimationTransitionFlipFromLeft
 - UIViewAnimationTransitionFlipFromRight
 - UIViewAnimationTransitionCurlUp
 - UIViewAnimationTransitionCurlDown

实例



```
- (IBAction)doUIViewAnimation:(id)sender{
     [UIView beginAnimations:@"animationID" context:nil];
     [UIView setAnimationDuration:0.5f];
     [UIView setAnimationCurve:UIViewAnimationCurveEaseInOut];
     [UIView setAnimationRepeatAutoreverses:NO];
     UIButton *theButton = (UIButton *)sender;
     switch (theButton.tag) {
           case 1:
                 [UIView setAnimationTransition:UIViewAnimationTransitionFlipFromLeft forView:self.view cache:YES];
                 break:
           case 2
                 [UIView setAnimationTransition:UIViewAnimationTransitionFlipFromRight forView:self.view cache:YES];
                 break:
           case 3:
                 [UIView setAnimationTransition:UIViewAnimationTransitionCurlUp forView:self.view cache:YES];
                 break:
           case 4:
                 [UIView setAnimationTransition:UIViewAnimationTransitionCurlDown forView:self.view cache:YES];
                 break:
           default:
                 break:
     //[self.view exchangeSubviewAtIndex:1 withSubviewAtIndex:0];
     [UIView commitAnimations];
```

- ◆ [UIView setAnimationCurve:UIViewAnimationCurveEaseInOut]设置动画曲线,动画曲线指定的是动画进入和退出的方式,它也有几个常量:
 - UIViewAnimationCurveEaseInOut
 - UIViewAnimationCurveEaseIn
 - UIViewAnimationCurveEaseOut
 - UIViewAnimationCurveLinear
- ◆ setAnimationTransition: forView: cache:方法第一个参数定义动画类型,第二个参数是当前视图对象,第三个参数上使用缓冲区。