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LTC ↳ (Beiberdort)

Part I

$$① \text{ (A) } 40 \text{ g A} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol A}}{60 \text{ g A}} \times \frac{5 \text{ mol C}}{3 \text{ mol A}} = 1.11 \text{ mol C}$$

$$35 \text{ g B} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol B}}{40 \text{ g B}} \times \frac{5 \text{ mol C}}{2 \text{ mol B}} = 2.1875 \text{ mol C}$$

$$② \quad 40 \text{ g A} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol A}}{60 \text{ g A}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol D}}{3 \text{ mol A}} \times \frac{75 \text{ g D}}{1 \text{ mol D}} = 16.7 \text{ g D}$$

$$③ \quad 16.67 \text{ g D} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol D}}{75 \text{ g D}} \times \frac{2 \text{ mol B}}{1 \text{ mol D}} \times \frac{40 \text{ g B}}{1 \text{ mol B}} = 17.78 \text{ g B}$$

$$35 - 17.78 = 17.22 \text{ g B}$$

Part II

$$① \quad \text{Pb(NO}_3)_2 \text{ and KI}$$

$$② \quad \text{Lead (II) nitrate and potassium nitrate}$$



$$④ \quad 9.22 \text{ g PbI}_2 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol PbI}_2}{461 \text{ g}} = 0.02 \text{ mol PbI}_2$$

⑤

$$0.22 \text{ M Pb(NO}_3)_2 = \frac{0.022 \text{ mol Pb(NO}_3)_2}{0.1 \text{ L}}$$

$$0.56 \text{ M KI} \times 0.056 \text{ mol} = 0.056 \text{ mol KI}$$

$$0.022 \text{ mol Pb(NO}_3)_2 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol PbI}_2}{1 \text{ mol Pb(NO}_3)_2} \times \frac{461 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol PbI}_2} = 10.142$$

$$0.056 \text{ mol KI} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol PbI}_2}{2 \text{ mol KI}} \times \frac{461 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 12.908$$

$$\frac{9.22}{10.142} \times 100 = 90.9 \%$$

Part III

$$① \quad 735 \text{ torr} \times \frac{1 \text{ atm}}{760 \text{ torr}} \times \frac{1.0135 \text{ bar}}{1 \text{ atm}} = 0.98 \text{ bar}$$

② Increase b/c the particles will now hit the 'walls' more

③ They have the same

④ The compressed sample