An Introduction to LLVM Infrastructure

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About LLVM

• LLVM: Low-level virtual machine

 A framework for writing compilers (including tools for static analysis)

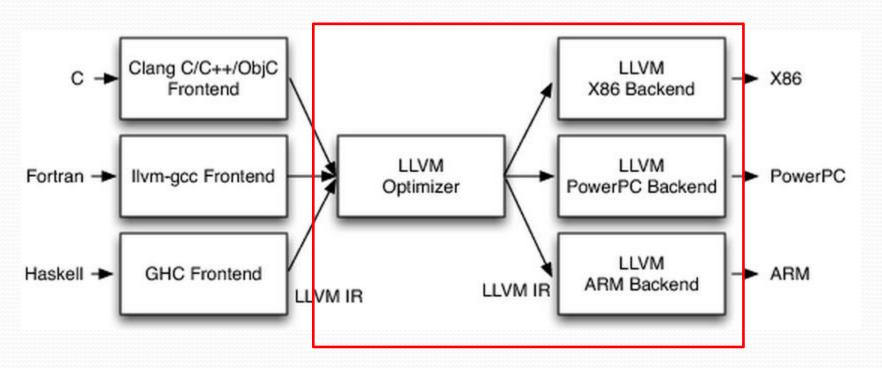
Written in C++

Main author: Chris Lattner

LLVM IR:

Intermediate Representation

Input to LLVM



Example 1

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(){
4  printf("Hello World!\n");
5  return 0;
6 }
```

```
ModuleID = 'hello.o'
  target datalayout = "e-p:64:64:64-i1:8:8-i8:8:8-i16:16:16-i32:32:32-i64:64:64-f32:32:32-f64:64:64-v6
  4:64:64-v128:128:128-a0:0:64-s0:64:64-f80:128:128-n8:16:32:64-S128"
  target triple = "x86 64-unknown-linux-gnu"
  @.str = private unnamed addr constant [14 x i8] c"Hello World!\0A\00", align 1
   ; Function Attrs: nounwind uwtable
  define i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %1
    %2 = call i32 (i8*, ...)* @printf(i8* getelementptr inbounds ([14 x i8]* @.str, i32 0, i32 0))
    ret i32 0
  declare i32 @printf(i8*, ...) #1
  attributes #0 = { nounwind uwtable "less-precise-fpmad"="false" "no-frame-pointer-elim"="true" "no-f
   rame-pointer-elim-non-leaf" "no-infs-fp-math"="false" "no-nans-fp-math"="false" "stack-protector-buf
  fer-size"="8" "unsafe-fp-math"="false" "use-soft-float"="false" }
18 attributes #1 = { "less-precise-fpmad"="false" "no-frame-pointer-elim"="true" "no-frame-pointer-elim
   -non-leaf" "no-infs-fp-math"="false" "no-nans-fp-math"="false" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8" "un
  safe-fp-math"="false" "use-soft-float"="false" }
  !llvm.ident = !{!0}
   !O = metadata !{metadata !"clang version 3.4 (tags/RELEASE 34/final)"}
```

Example 2

Partial-SSA form

```
void f(){
   int *p;
   int *q = malloc(1);
   int *r = malloc(2);
   p = q;
   p = r;
   *p = 1;
}
```

```
define void @f() #0 {
entry:
    %call = call i8* @malloc(i64 1)
    %0 = bitcast i8* %call to i32*
    %1 = bitcast i32* %0 to i32*
    %call1 = call i8* @malloc(i64 2)
    %2 = bitcast i8* %call1 to i32*
    %3 = bitcast i32* %2 to i32*
    %4 = bitcast i32* %3 to i32*
    store i32 1, i32* %4, align 4
    ret void
}
```

Example 3

```
size1 = strlen (s1);
size2 = strlen (s2);
ret_val = xmalloc (size1 + size2 + 1);
strcpy (ret_val, s1);
strcpy (&ret_val[size1], s2);
return ret_val;
```

```
%call = call i64 @strlen(i8* %s1.addr.0)
%conv = trunc i64 %call to i32
%4 = bitcast i32 %conv to i32
%call4 = call i64 @strlen(i8* %s2.addr.0)
%conv5 = trunc i64 %call4 to i32
%5 = bitcast i32 %conv5 to i32
%add = add nsw i32 %4, %5
%add6 = add nsw i32 %add, 1
%call7 = call i8* @xmalloc(i32 %add6)
%6 = bitcast i8* %call7 to i8*
%call8 = call i8* @strcpy(i9* %6, i8* %s1.addr.0)
%idxprom = sext i32 %4 to i64
%arrayidx = getelementptr inbounds i8* %6, i64 %idxprom
%call9 = call i8* @strcpy(i8* %arrayidx, i8* %s2.addr.0)
ret i8* %6
```

How do LLVM work – analyzed object

- Input: IR
 - Analyzing unit: Module
- Modules can be combined to a larger module
 - Useful for linking

How do LLVM work - implementation

- Composition
 - Header files

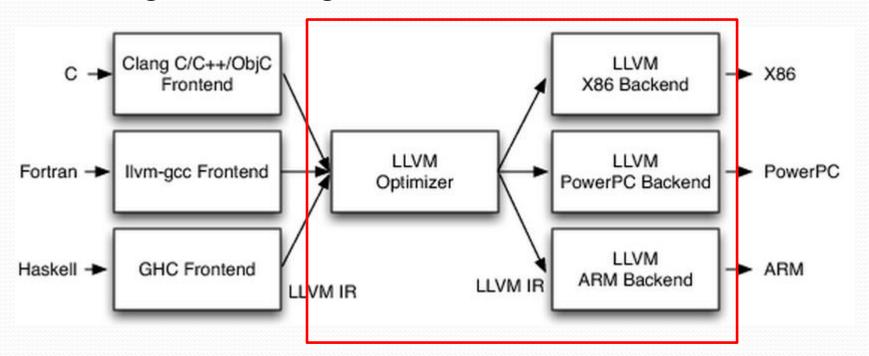
```
root@ubuntu: /mnt/data/llvm/include/llvm# ls
                CodeGen
                                  GVMaterializer.h
                                                                         PassAnalysisSupport.h
ADT
                                                       LinkAllPasses.h
                                                                                                 Support
Analysis
                Config
                                  InitializePasses.h
                                                       Linker.h
                                                                         Pass.h
                                                                                                 TableGen
                DebugInfo
                                                                         PassManager.h
Assembly
                                  InstVisitor.h
                                                       LT0
                                                                                                 Target
                DebugInfo.h
AutoUpgrade.h
                                  IR
                                                       MC
                                                                         PassRegistry.h
                                                                                                 Transforms
                DIBuilder.h
                                                       Object
Bitcode
                                  IRReader
                                                                         PassSupport.h
CMakeLists.txt
                ExecutionEngine
                                  LinkAllIR.h
                                                       Option
                                                                         Summary
```

Source files

```
root@ubuntu: /mnt/data/llvm/lib# ls
Analysis
           CMakeLists.txt
                            ExecutionEngine
                                              Linker
                                                              Makefile
                                                                         Option
                                                                                  TableGen
                                              LLVMBuild.txt
AsmParser
           CodeGen
                            IR
                                                              MC
                                                                         Summary
                                                                                  Target
Bitcode
           DebugInfo
                            IRReader
                                              LT0
                                                              Object
                                                                                  Transforms
                                                                         Support
```

Using LLVM

- Writing frontend compilers
- Writing backend tools
- Writing Tools using both frontend and backend

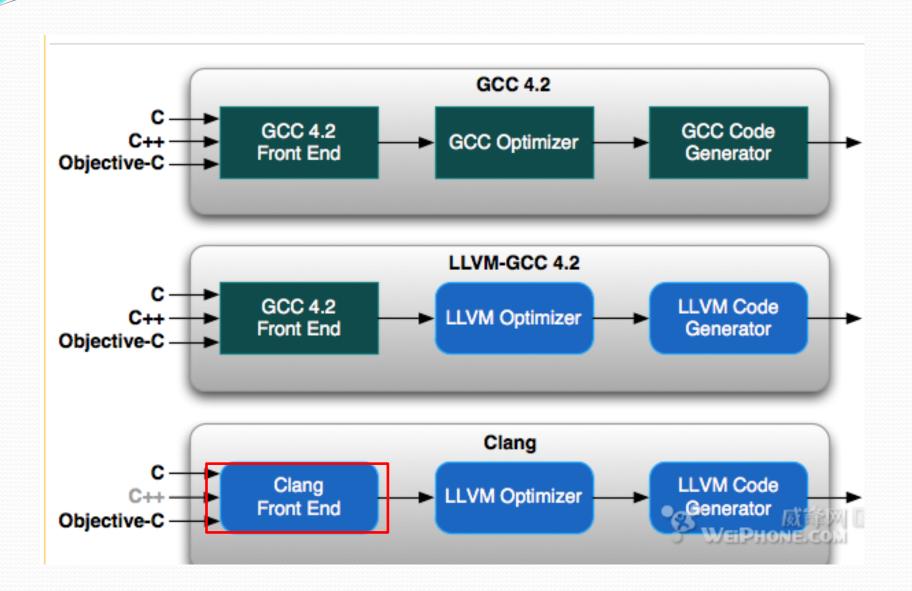


Writing frontend compilers

- Only need to compile source code to IR
- Existing compilers that compile to IR:
 - C/C++
 - Ruby
 - Python
 - Haskell
 - Java
 - D
 - PHP
 - Pure
 - Lua
 - etc.

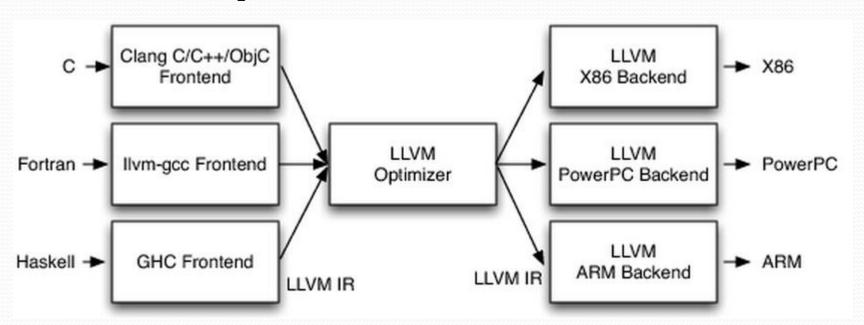
Clang: LLVM Frontend C/C++ Compiler

- Similar to gcc: easy to use
- Faster speed
- Better modularity
- Can be used separately from LLVM: Compile to executables



Writing backend tools

- Simplest way: Using LLVM Passes
 - Module pass
 - Function pass
 - BasicBlock pass



Writing backend tools

- All passes are registered and managed by pass manager
 - Each pass is identified by its field address: ID
 - Running order of passes are written by tool developer

```
void AllocIdentify::getAnalysisUsage(AnalysisUsage &AU) const {
   AU.addRequired<LoopInfo>();
   AU.setPreservesAll();
}
char AllocIdentify::ID = 0;
static RegisterPass<AllocIdentify>
X("alloc-identify", "Identify allocator wrapper functions");
```

Program analysis using LLVM

- Writing intra-procedure analysis tools
 - Using Clang CFG
 - Using LLVM passes
- Define-use chains are already provided
 - Value::use_iterator
- Alias analysis
 - Inherit alias analysis base class
- Pointer analysis
 - DSA

Combining Clang and LLVM

- Clang provides ASTs in source level code
- LLVM provides more powerful program analysis tools
- LLVM gold plugin
 - Used to perform link-time optimization
 - Based on GNU gold linker

Writing an analyzer plugin using Clang

- Cmd
 - clang –ccı –analyze –analyzer-checker=package.Name source.c
- Position
 - llvm/tools/clang/lib/StaticAnalyzer/Checker/Checkers.td
 - llvm/tools/clang/lib/StaticAnalyzer/Checker/selfDefined.cpp
- Compilation
 - llvm/
 - make
- Using two types of CFG representation
 - CFG::buildCFG (see CFG.h)
 - mgr.getASTContext
 - mgr.getCFG