

缺陷修复技术

熊英飞

北京大学软件工程研究所

报告人介绍-熊英飞



- 2000~2004, 电子科技大学本科
- 2004~2006, 北京大学研究生
 - 导师: 梅宏、杨芙清
- 2006~2009, 日本东京大学博士
 - •导师:胡振江、武市正人
- 2009~2011,加拿大滑铁卢大学博士后
 - 导师: Krzysztof Czarnecki
- 2012~,北京大学"百人计划"研究员(Tenure-Track)
- 研究方向: 软件分析、编程语言设计

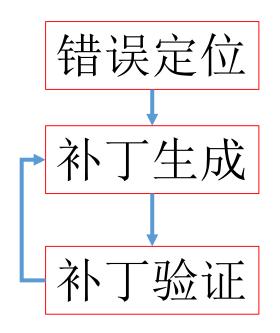
缘起



- 人和Bug的斗争从来没有停止过
- •缺陷检测:到底有没有Bug
 - 从上世纪60年代开始
 - 代表技术: 软件测试、软件验证
- •缺陷定位: Bug在哪里
 - 从上世纪90年代开始
 - 代表技术: 统计性调试
- •缺陷修复:自动消除Bug
 - 约从2000年之后开始
 - 代表技术: 生成-验证缺陷修复技术

"生成-验证"缺陷修复





代表性工作



- GenProg
 - [Westley Weimer: ICSE'09, GECCO'09, CACM'10, ICSE'12]
 - 错误定位: 采用统计性调试
 - 补丁生成:
 - 基本操作: 复制其他语句/删除语句
 - 采用遗传算法从基本操作合成补丁
 - 补丁验证: 运行程序中的测试验证补丁
 - 实证研究: 55/105, 8\$/bug
- 引发一系列相关工作
 - AutoFiix, Nopol, RSRepair, MintHint, AutoRepair, SemFix, DirectFix, SPR...
- •程序员的前景一片光明,"躺着也能把钱挣了"的时代眼看就要到来

转折



- [Qi-ISSTA'15]
 - GenProg被认为修复的55个缺陷中,只有2个是正确的
 - 根本原因: 通过测试并不代表是正确的修复
- [Le Goues-FSE'15]
 - 详细实验了GenProg, AE等多个主流修复方法, 采用了更大的数据集, 更多的测试集
 - 结果基本一致
- 其他后续工作
 - Prophet, Angelix
 - 补丁的正确率最好也只有30%左右

原因分析



- 软件中的规约通常是不充分的
- 已有缺陷修复技术仅已满足规约为目标,但通过规约并不意味着是正确的修复

我们的方法



- 获取领域知识来修复缺陷
 - 有经验的程序员在不知道软件规约的情况下也能修复很多缺陷
 - 获取有经验的程序员的领域知识,利用领域知识修复特定类型的缺陷
- 我们小组的工作
 - 设计编程语言编码领域知识
 - 从已有数据自动获取领域知识
 - 针对里要缺陷类型设计专门修复算法



基于问答网站分析的 复发崩溃缺陷的自动修复

高庆,张汉生,王杰,熊英飞,张路,梅宏

北京大学软件工程研究所 发表于ASE'15

示例



```
public void onReceive (final Context context, final Intent intent) {
    final int action = intent.getExtras().getInt(KEY_ACTION, -1);
    final float bl = BatteryHelper.level context;

LOG.i("AlarmReceiver invoked: action=%s bl=%s.", action, bl);
    switch (action) {
        ...
        ...
}

29
public void onReceive (final Context context, final Intent intent) {
        final int action = intent.getExtras().getInt(KEY_ACTION, -1);
        long intent.getInt(KEY_ACTION, -1);
        long in
```

context: Context

应该为

context.getApplicationContext() : ApplicationContext

java.lang.RuntimeException: Unable to start receiver: android.conten

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android - Battery changed broadcast receiver crashing app ... stackoverflow.com/.../battery-changed-broadcast-receiver-crashing-app-... ▼
Feb 27, 2013 - Battery changed broadcast receiver crashing app on some phones. No ... PowerConnectionReceiver"> <intent-filter> <action android:name="android.intent" action. ... RuntimeException: Unable to start receiver com.doublep.wakey. ReceiverCallNotAllowedException: IntentReceiver components are not ...

android - Want app to execute some code when phone is ... stackoverflow.com/.../want-app-to-execute-some-code-when-phone-is-pl... ▼ Jun 29, 2012 - ACTION_BATTERY_CHANGED)); int plugged = intent. ... The code errors out with: *FATAL EXCEPTION: main:: java.lang.RuntimeException: Unable to start receiver com.example.ChargingOnReceiver: android.content. ... IntentReceiver components are not allowed to register to receive intents *. I kind of ...

push notification - Unable to start receiver com.parse ... stackoverflow.com/.../unable-to-start-receiver-com-parse-parsebroadcastr... ▼ Feb 11, 2013 - ParseBroadcastReceiver on Trigger.io Android app. No problem. ...



Questions

Tags

Isers

Badg

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"IntentReceiver components are not allowed to register to receive in determine Battery level



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- I am trying to get Battery info from my Application following the guidelines at http://developer.android.com/training/monitoring-device-state/batterymonitoring.html
- This is the method is came up with to check the battery level:
- public void sendBatteryInfoMessage(){
 IntentFilter iFilter = new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION_BATTERY_
 Intent batteryStatus = c.registerReceiver(null, iFilter);

Instead of:

context.registerReceiver(null, new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION_BATTERY_CHANGED));

use

context.getApplicationContext().registerReceiver(null, new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION_BATTE

This is annoying -- registerReceiver() should be smarter than this -- but it's the workaround for this particular case.

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示例



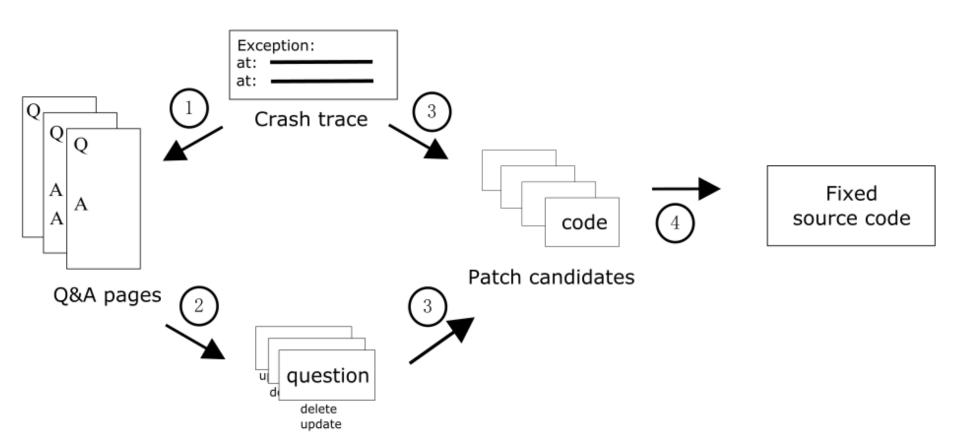


我们的工作

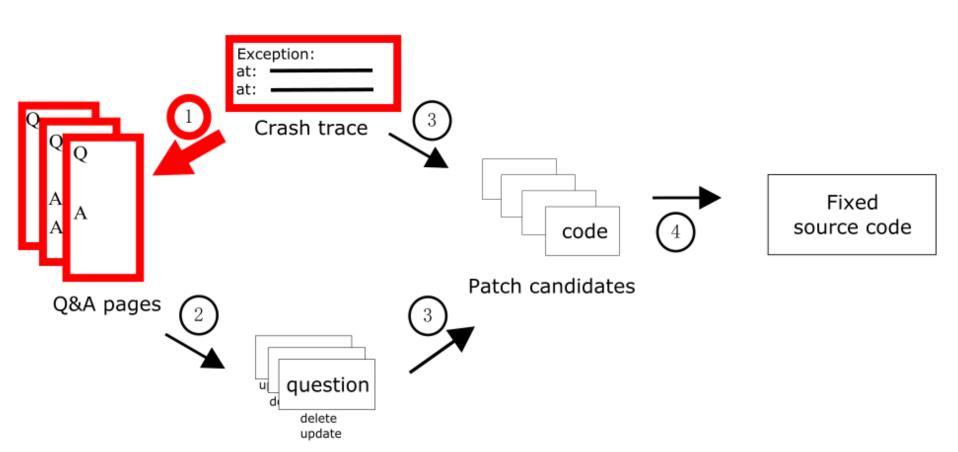


- 主要思想
 - 自动化这个过程
 - 使用因特网资源(问答网站)来修复崩溃缺陷
- 核心
 - 使用代码分析而不是复杂的自然语言处理

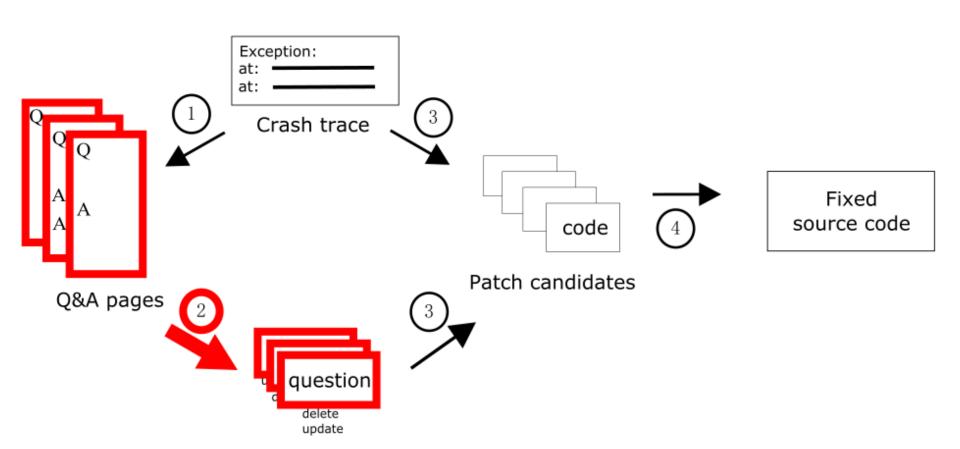




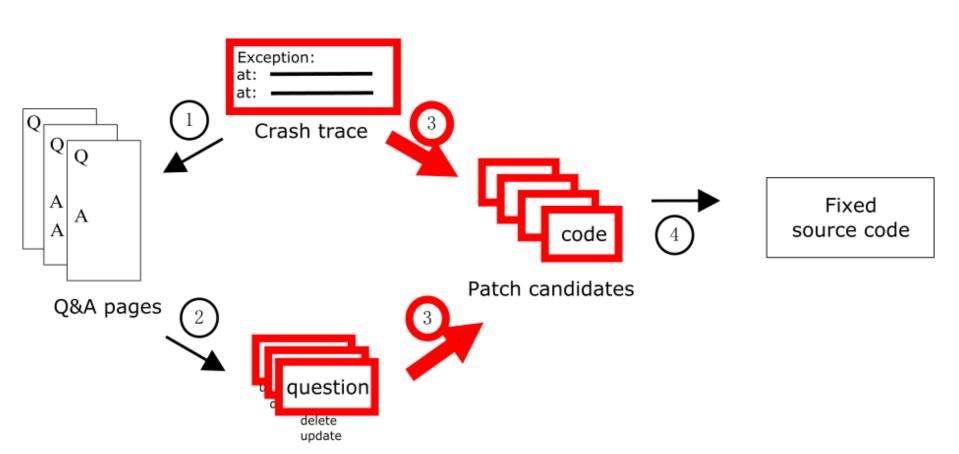




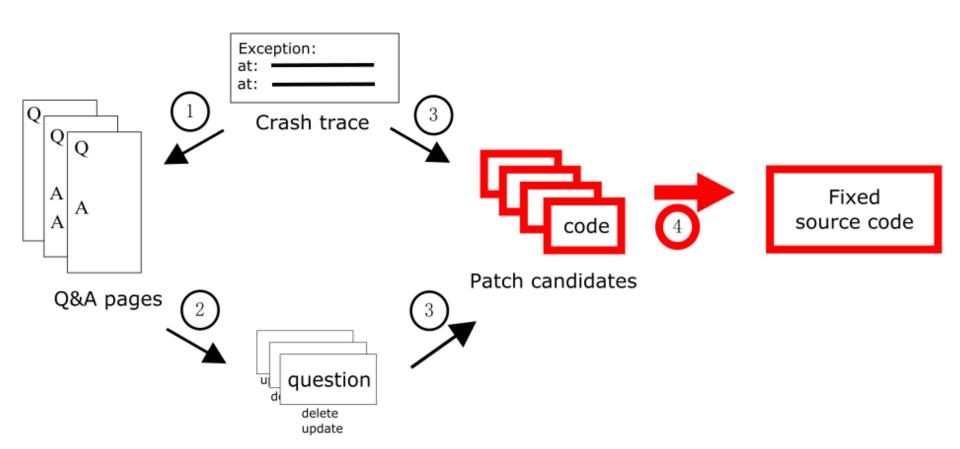






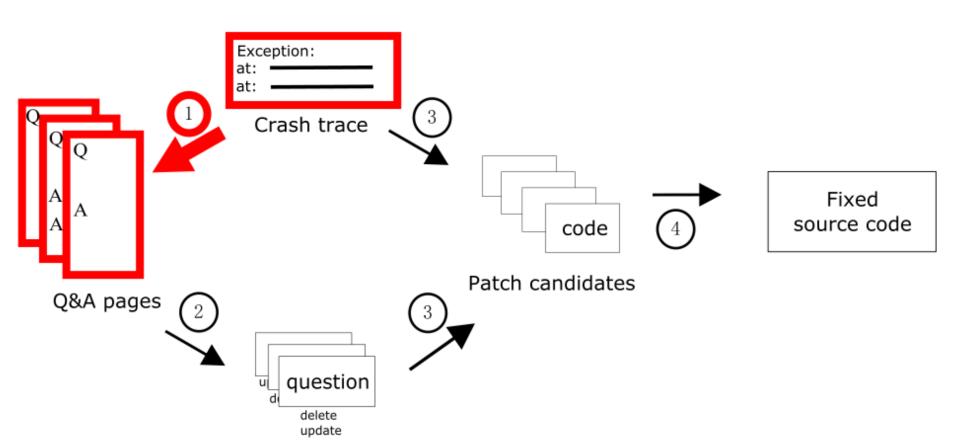




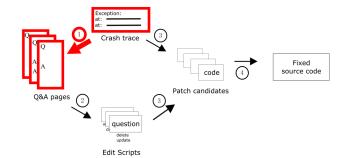


步骤1: 提取问答网页





提取问答网页



- public void onReceive (final Context context, final Intent intent) { 29 final int action = intent.getExtras().getInt(KEY_ACTION, -1); 30 31 final float bl = BatteryHelper.level(context); LOG.i("AlarmReceiver invoked: action=%s bl=%s.", action, bl); 32
- java.lang.RuntimeException: Unable to start receiver com.vaguehope.onosendai.update.AlarmReceiver: android.content.ReceiverCallNotAllowedException: IntentReceiver components are not allowed to register to receive intents

```
at android.app.ActivityThread.handleReceiver(ActivityThread.java:2126)
```

- at android.app.ActivityThread.access\$1500(ActivityThread.java:123)
- at android.app.ActivityThread\$H.handleMessage(ActivityThread.java:1197)
- at android.os.Handler.dispatchMessage(Handler.java:99)
 - at android.os.Looper.loop(Looper.java:137)
 - at android.app.ActivityThread.main(ActivityThread.java:4424)
 - at java.lang.reflect.Method.invokeNative(Native Method)

 - at java.lang.reflect.Method.invoke(Method.java:511)
 - at com.android.internal.os.ZygoteInit\$MethodAndArgsCaller.run(ZygoteInit.java:784)
 - at com.android.internal.os.ZygoteInit.main(ZygoteInit.java:551)
 - at dalvik.system.NativeStart.main(Native Method)
- Caused by: android.content.ReceiverCallNotAllowedException: IntentReceiver components are not allowed to register to rece
- at android.app.ReceiverRestrictedContext.registerReceiver(ContextImpl.java:118) 14
- 15 at android.app.ReceiverRestrictedContext.registerReceiver(ContextImpl.java:112)
- at com.vaguehope.onosendai.update.AlarmReceiver.onReceive(AlarmReceiver.java:31) 16
- at android.app.ActivityThread.handleReceiver(ActivityThread.java:2119) 17
- 18 ... 10 more

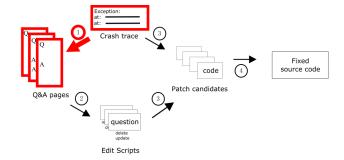
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提取问答网页



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public void onReceive (final Context context, final Intent intent) {
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LOG.i("AlarmReceiver invoked: action=%s bl=%s.", action, bl); 32

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at android.app.ActivityThread\$H.handleM java.lang.RuntimeException: Unable to start receiver at android.os.Handler.dispatchMessage(Ha

at android.os.Looper.loop(Looper.java:13' com.vaguehope.onosendai.update.AlarmReceiver: at android.app.ActivityThread.main(Activ

android.content.ReceiverCallNotAllowedException: at java.lang.reflect.Method.invokeNative(N

IntentReceiver components

are not allowed to register to receive intents

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at android.app.ReceiverRestrictedContext.registerReceiv 15

at com.vaguehope.onosendai.update.AlarmReceiver.onR 16

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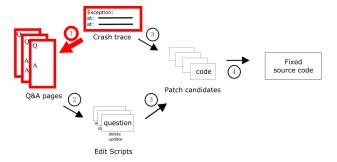
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提取问答网页





java.lang.RuntimeException: Unable to start receiver com.vaguehope.ono





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Your search - java.lang.RuntimeException: Unable to start receiver com.vaguehope.onosendai.update ... - did not match any documents.

Suggestions:

- Make sure that all words are spelled correctly.
- Try different keywords.
- Try more general keywords.
- Try fewer keywords.

是取问答网页

```
source code
```

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是取问答网页

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android - Want app to execute some code when phone is ... Jun 29, 2012 - ACTION_BATTERY_CHANGED)); int plugged = intent. ... The code errors out with: *FATAL EXCEPTION: main:: java.lang.RuntimeException: Unable to start receiver com.example.ChargingOnReceiver: android.content. ... IntentReceiver components are not allowed to register to receive intents *. I kind of ...

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"IntentReceiver components are not allowed to register to receive in determine Battery level



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I am trying to get Battery info from my Application following the guidelines at http://developer.android.com/training/monitoring-device-state/battery-



This is the method is came up with to check the battery level:



public void sendBatteryInfoMessage(){

IntentFilter iFilter = new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION_BATTERY Intent batteryStatus = c.registerReceiver(null, iFilter);

java.lang.RuntimeException: Unable to start receiver wifi.myapp.sudara.lk.sudara_app.Sm at android.app.ActivityThread.handleReceiver(ActivityThread.java:2821) at android.app.ActivityThread.access\$3200(ActivityThread.java:125) at android.app.ActivityThread\$H.handleMessage(ActivityThread.java:2083) at android.os.Handler.dispatchMessage(Handler.java:99) at android.os.Looper.loop(Looper.java:123) at android.app.ActivityThread.main(ActivityThread.java:4627)



Instead of:

context.registerReceiver(null, new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION_BATTERY_CHANGED));





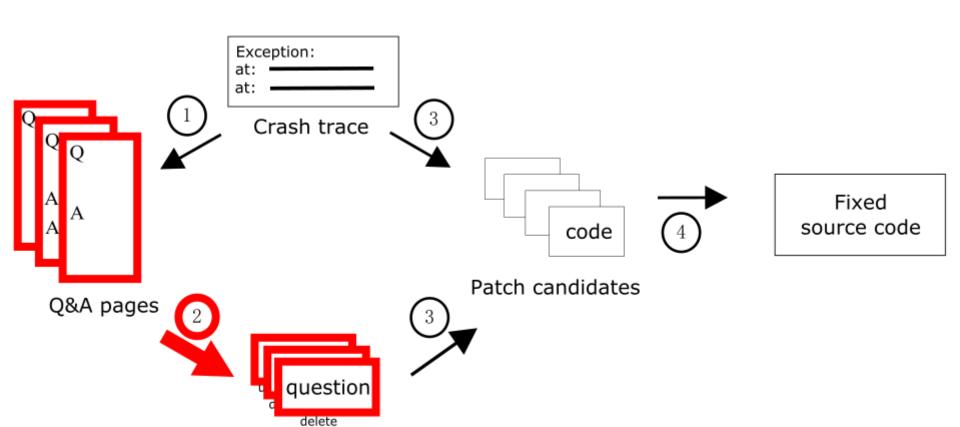
context.getApplicationContext().registerReceiver(null, new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION BATT

This is annoying -- registerReceiver() should be smarter than this -- but it's the workaround for this particular case.

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answered Jun 29 '12 at 19-57





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update

Reception:
at:
at:
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Torash trace

Q&A pages

Q&A pages

Q&A pages

Q&BA pages

Q&BA pages

Q&BA pages

Q&BA pages

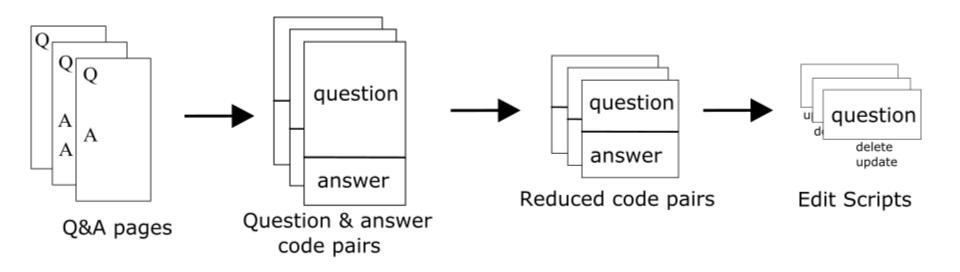
Q&BA pages

QBA pages

QB

- •核心组件
 - 代码对

问题代码:问答网站中的错误代码答案代码:问答网站中的修复代码



Reception:
at:
at:
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Crash trace

Q&A pages

Q&A pages

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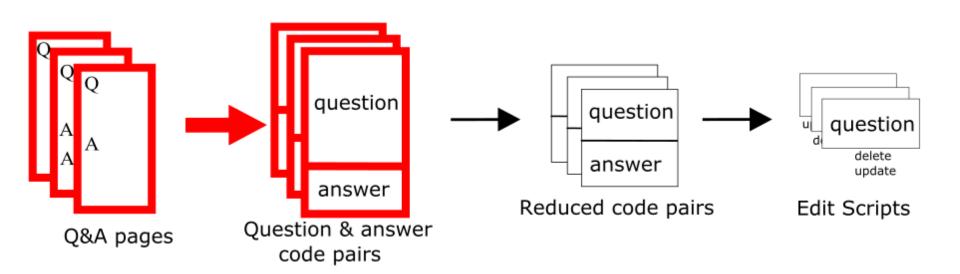
Q&BA pages

Q&BA pages

QBA pages

- •核心组件
 - 代码对

问题代码:问答网站中的错误代码答案代码:问答网站中的修复代码





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public void sendBatteryInfoMessage(){ IntentFilter iFilter = new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION_BATTERY_ Intent batteryStatus = c.registerReceiver(null, iFilter);



Instead of:



context.registerReceiver(null, new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION BATTERY CHANGED));



use:

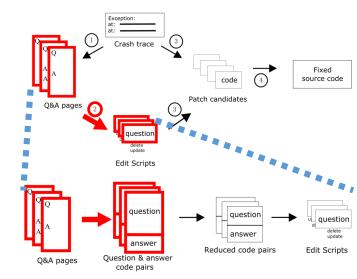


context.getApplicationContext().registerReceiver(null, new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION_BATTER

This is annoying -- registerReceiver() should be smarter than this -- but it's the workaround for this particular case.

share improve this answer

answered Jun 29 '12 at 19:57 CommonsWare 510k • 60 • 1155 • 1221 B



把代码片段组合为代码对

• 两段代码都从答案帖中提取



• 分别从问题帖和答案帖中提取

```
public void sendBatteryInfoMessage(){
    IntentFilter iFilter = new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION_BATTERY_CHANGED);
    Intent batteryStatus = c.registerReceiver(null, iFilter);

int status = batteryStatus.getIntExtra(BatteryManager.EXTRA_STATUS, -1);
boolean isCharging = status == BatteryManager.BATTERY_STATUS_CHARGING || status == BatteryManager.BATTERY_STATUS_CHARGING || status == BatteryManager.BATTERY_PLUGGED_USB;
boolean isJsbcharge = chargePlug == BatteryManager.BATTERY_PLUGGED_USB;
boolean isAcCharge = chargePlug == BatteryManager.BATTERY_PLUGGED_AC;

int batteryLevel = batteryStatus.getIntExtra(BatteryManager.EXTRA_LEVEL, -1);
int scale = batteryStatus.getIntExtra(BatteryManager.EXTRA_SCALE, -1);
float batteryPct = batteryLevel / (float) scale;
}

context.registerReceiver(null, new IntentFilter(Intent.AC)
B
```

```
public void sendBatteryInfoMessage(){
    IntentFilter ifilter = new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION_BATTERY_CHANGED);
    Intent batteryStatus = c.registerReceiver(null, iFilter);

int status = batteryStatus.getIntExtra(BatteryManager.EXTRA_STATUS, -1);
    boolean isCharging = status == BatteryManager.BATTERY_STATUS_CHARGING || status == BatteryManager.BATTERY_STATUS_CHARGING || status == BatteryManager.BATTERY_PLUGGED_USB;
    boolean isUsbCharge = chargePlug == BatteryManager.BATTERY_PLUGGED_USB;
    boolean isAcCharge = chargePlug == BatteryManager.BATTERY_PLUGGED_AC;

int batteryLevel = batteryStatus.getIntExtra(BatteryManager.EXTRA_LEVEL, -1);
    int scale = batteryStatus.getIntExtra(BatteryManager.EXTRA_SCALE, -1);
    float batteryPct = batteryLevel / (float) scale;
}

context.getApplicationContext().registerReceiver(nu
```

Edit Scripts

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answei

Question & answer code pairs

Fixed source code

question

Patch candidates

auestion

answer

Reduced code pairs



Questions

Tags

llear

Badges

Stack Overflow is a community of 4.7 million programmers, just like you, helping each othe only takes a minute:

"IntentReceiver components are not allowed to register to receive inter determine Battery level



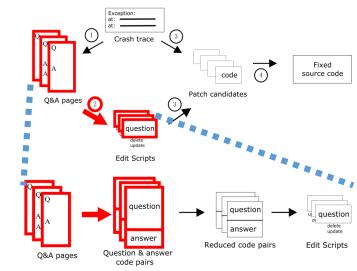
This is annoying -- registerReceiver() should be smarter than this -- but it's the workaround for this particular case.

share improve this answer

answered Jun 29 '12 at 19:57

CommonsWare

510k • 60 • 1155 • 1221

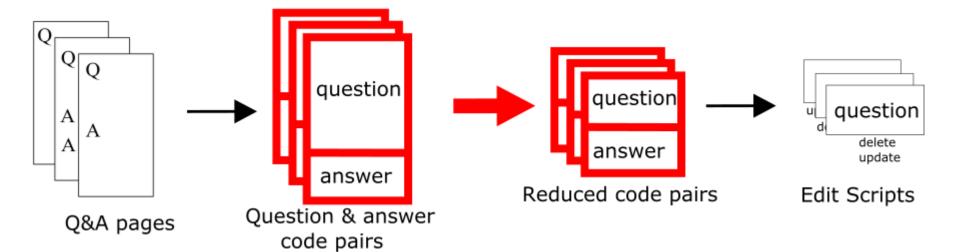


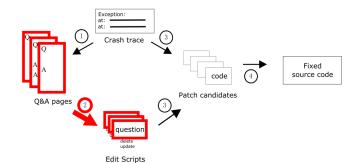
• B | C

• A | B

• A | C

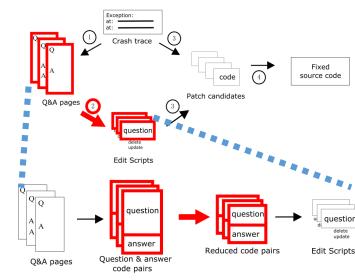
- •核心组件
 - 代码对





消除冗余代码:

- 文本相似度
- 结构相似度



```
public void sendBatteryInfoMessage(){
    IntentFilter iFilter = new IntentFilter(Intent.ACTION_BATTERY_CHANGED);
    Intent batteryStatus = c.registerReceiver(null, iFilter);

int status = batteryStatus.getIntExtra(BatteryManager.EXTRA_STATUS, -1);
    boolean isCharging = status == BatteryManager.BATTERY_STATUS_CHARGING || status == BatteryManager.BATTERY_STATUS_CHARGING || status == BatteryManager.BATTERY_PLUGGED_USB;
    boolean isUsbCharge = chargePlug == BatteryManager.BATTERY_PLUGGED_USB;
    boolean isAcCharge = chargePlug == BatteryManager.BATTERY_PLUGGED_AC;

int batteryLevel = batteryStatus.getIntExtra(BatteryManager.EXTRA_LEVEL, -1);
    int scale = batteryStatus.getIntExtra(BatteryManager.EXTRA_SCALE, -1);

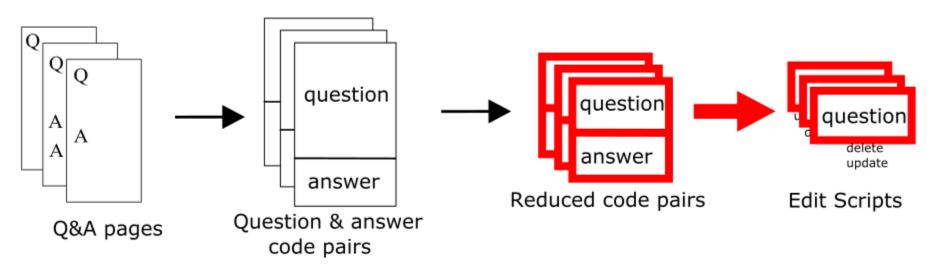
float batteryPct = batteryLevel / (float) scale;

B context.getApplicationContext().registerReceiver(nu
```

1

Intent intent = context.registerReceiver(...);
context.getApplicationContext().registerReceiver(...);

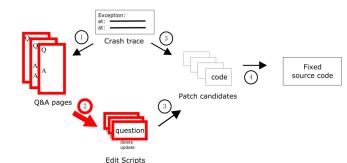
- •核心组件
 - 代码对



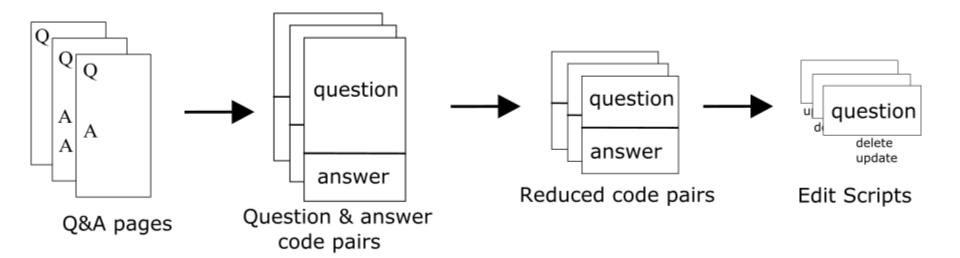
• 现有的编辑脚本生成算法- GumTree

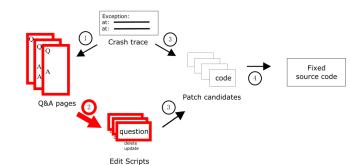
1st position Insert getApplicationContext() after 1st position

context.registerReceiver(...);
context.getApplicationContext() registerReceiver(...);

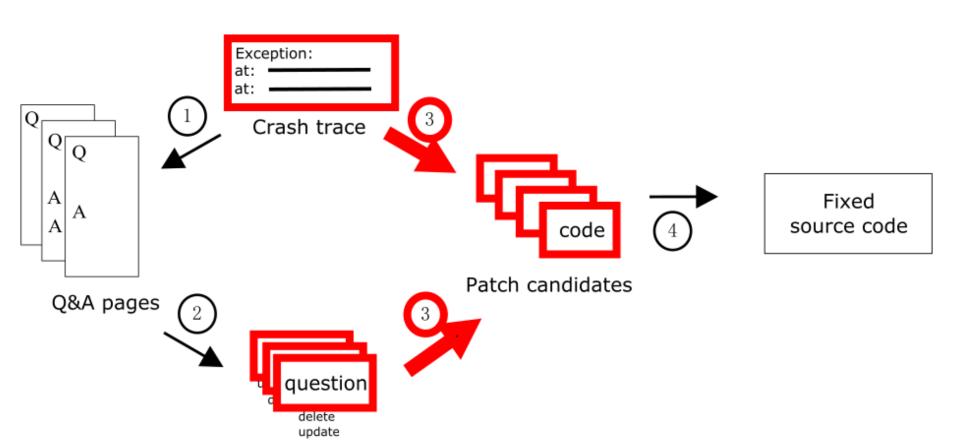


- •核心组件
 - 代码对





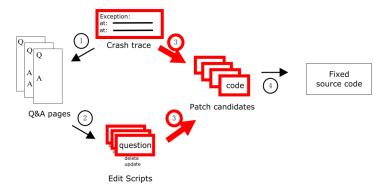




Edit Scripts

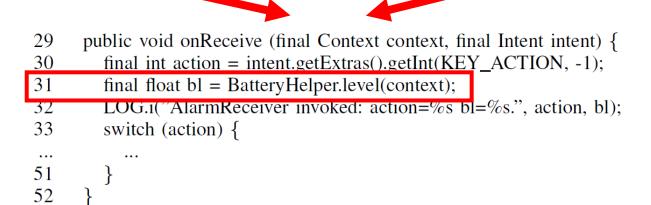
```
10
     at com.android.internal.os.ZygoteInit$MethodAndArgsCaller.run(ZygoteInit.java:784)
11
     at com.android.internal.os.ZygoteInit.main(ZygoteInit.java:551)
12
     at dalvik.system.NativeStart.main(Native Method)
     Caused by: android.content.ReceiverCallNotAllowedException: IntentReceiver compor
13
14
     at android.app.ReceiverRestrictedContext.registerReceiver(ContextImpl.java:118)
15
     at android.app.ReceiverRestrictedContext.registerReceiver(ContextImpl.java:112)
     at com.vaguehope.onosendai.update.AlarmReceiver.onReceive(AlarmReceiver.java 31)
16
17
     at android.app.Activity I hread.handleReceiver(Activity I hread.java:2119)
18
     ... 10 more
```

```
public void onReceive (final Context context, final Intent intent) {
    final int action = intent.getExtras().getInt(KEY_ACTION, -1);
    final float bl = BatteryHelper.level(context);
    LOG.i("AlarmReceiver invoked: action=%s bl=%s.", action, bl);
    switch (action) {
        ...
    }
}
```



t.ReceiverCallNotAllowedException: IntentReceiver compostrictedContext.registerReceiver(ContextImpl.java:118) strictedContext.registerReceiver(ContextImpl.java:112) ai.update.AlarmReceiver.onReceive(AlarmReceiver.java:31) ad.handieReceiver(ActivityThread.java:2119)

context.registerReceiver(null, new I





- 编辑脚本
 - 把一个代码片段变换为另一个代码片段

- 绝对位置=>相对位置
- 绝对变量名=>相对变量名

绝对位置=>相对位置



问题代码

```
context.registerReceiver(...);

1st position
```

编辑脚本:

Insert getApplicationContext()

after 1st position

答案代码

context.getApplicationContext().registerReceiver(...);

缺陷代码

1st position

3rd position

BatteryHelper.level(context);

2nd position

编辑脚本:

Insert getApplicationContext()

after 3rd position

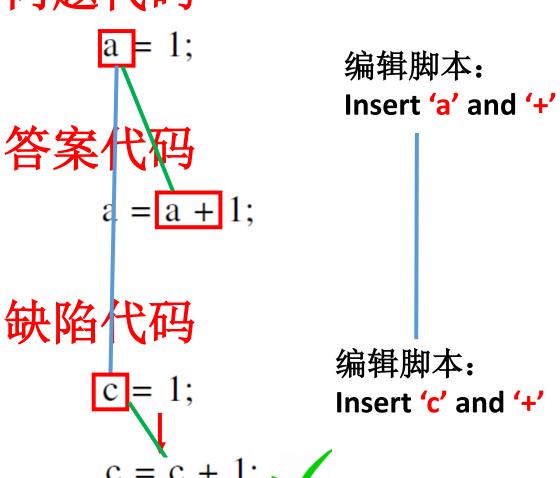
BatteryHelper.level(cor

.getApplicationContext());

绝对变量名=>相对变量名

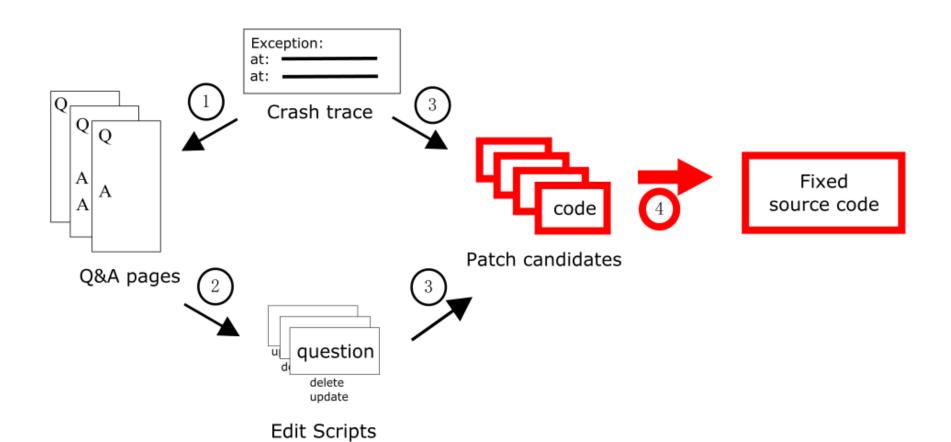






步骤4: 过滤补丁

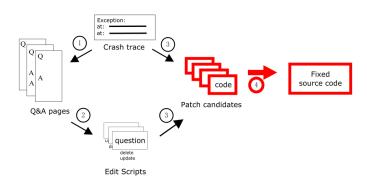




步骤4: 过滤补丁

- 合并等价补丁
- 过滤掉不能通过编译的补丁

- •取出前k个补丁
 - k=1



实验



- RQ1:有效性
 - 我们的方法在修复真实世界的复发缺陷上有效性有多高??
- RQ2:有用性
 - 我们的方法是否能补充现有的修复方法?

实验



- 实验对象: GitHub项目
- 复发缺陷: 24
 - Android 工程
 - 崩溃踪迹
 - 人工写出的补丁
 - 解决方案在因特网中已经存在
- 开源工具
 - http://sei.pku.edu.cn/~gaoqing11/qacrashfix

RQ1-有效性



• 24个缺陷中产生了10个(第一个)补丁,其中8个正确

Project	Issue No.	Loc	#LXIII			#Fatches		
Project			Scripts	Initial	Equivalent	Compile Error	Remaining	Correct
Calligraphy	41	406	0	0	0	0	0	-
screen-notifications	23	846	6	1	0	1	0	-
TuCanMobile	27	2,849	8	20	2	12	6	Y
OpenIAB	62	7,053	8	1	0	0	1	Y
Android-Universal-Image-Loader	660	11,829	8	0	0	0	0	-
couchbase-lite-android	292	12,004	5	9	0	9	0	-
Onosendai	100	17,821	6	12	2	3	7	Y
LNReader-Android	62	21,276	3	1	0	0	1	Y
the-blue-alliance-android	252	24,094	5	1	0	1	0	-
open-keychain	217	31,038	9	9	1	6	2	Y
Ushahidi_Android	100	33,574	9	2	0	2	0	-
cgeo	457	36,963	8	11	1	3	7	N
cgeo	887	42,814	8	13	5	6	2	Y
TextSecure	1397	46,469	9	40	0	40	0	-
cgeo	2537	54,765	6	0	0	0	0	_
WordPress-Android	688	62,344	9	8	0	8	0	-
WordPress-Android	780	62,455	0	0	0	0	0	-
WordPress-Android	1320	62,895	9	5	1	3	1	Y
WordPress-Android	1484	65,307	1	0	0	0	0	_
WordPress-Android	1122	65,539	6	0	0	0	0	_
gnucash-android	221	68,158	11	0	0	0	0	_
cgeo	3991	68,202	12	8	0	3	5	Y
WordPress-Android	1928	71,485	8	1	0	0	1	N
calabash-android	149	93,146	10	30	0	30	0	_
Total	-	963,332	164	172	12	127	33	8

RQ1-时间开销



- 平均时间:62.2 s/bug
- 编译时间: 68.5%
- 得到第一个补 丁的平均时间:37.5 s/bug

Icena No	Loc	Time (sec)			
1880C 190.	Loc		Total	Compilation	
41	406	0.001	0.001	0	
23	846	30.205	30.205	12.187	
27	2,849	10.619	83.447	54.866	
62	7,053	37.106	53.433	35.905	
660	11,829	12.629	12.629	0	
292	12,004	71.361	71.361	52.914	
100	17,821	6.845	70.080	62.945	
62	21,276	13.136	25.987	10.496	
252	24,094	15.949	15.949	7.099	
217	31,038	9.409	106.799	65.869	
100	33,574	54.665	54.665	29.888	
457	36,963	15.500	93.372	62.235	
887	42,814	5.729	43.697	34.343	
1397	46,469	229.263	229.263	211.488	
2537	54,765	24.537	24.537	0	
688	62,344	106.533	106.533	66.409	
780	62,455	0.001	0.001	0	
1320	62,895	18.209	74.008	36.374	
1484	65,307	9.133	9.133	0	
1122	65,539	27.392	27.392	0	
221	68,158	7.146	7.146	0	
3991	68,202	18.411	155.640	122.389	
1928	71,485	14.122	35.444	12.891	
149	93,146	161.855	161.855	143.842	
_	963,332	899.756	1492.577	1022.140	
	23 27 62 660 292 100 62 252 217 100 457 887 1397 2537 688 780 1320 1484 1122 221 3991 1928 149	41 406 23 846 27 2,849 62 7,053 660 11,829 292 12,004 100 17,821 62 21,276 252 24,094 217 31,038 100 33,574 457 36,963 887 42,814 1397 46,469 2537 54,765 688 62,344 780 62,455 1320 62,895 1484 65,307 1122 65,539 221 68,158 3991 68,202 1928 71,485 149 93,146	41	Issue No. Loc First Total 41 406 0.001 0.001 23 846 30.205 30.205 27 2,849 10.619 83.447 62 7,053 37.106 53.433 660 11,829 12.629 12.629 292 12,004 71.361 71.361 100 17,821 6.845 70.080 62 21,276 13.136 25.987 252 24,094 15.949 15.949 217 31,038 9.409 106.799 100 33,574 54.665 54.665 457 36,963 15.500 93.372 887 42,814 5.729 43.697 1397 46,469 229.263 229.263 2537 54,765 24.537 24.537 688 62,344 106.533 106.533 780 62,895 18.209 74.008 1484	

I5双核处理器,8GB内存,Win7

RQ2-有用性



- 定性分析
 - 源代码搜索 [GenProg/RSRepair]
 - 模板/转换模式分析 [PAR/SPR]

Issue	Grep Command	Result
TuCanMobile #27	grep "isShowing" -R.	N
OpenIAB #62	grep "super.onDestroy" -R.	N
Onosendai #100	grep "context.getApplicationContext" -R.	N
open-keychain #217	grep "dismissAllowing" -R.	N
cgeo #887	grep "image/jpeg" -R .	N
cgeo #887	grep "image/*" -R .	N
LNReader-Android #62	grep "super.onDestroy" -R.	N
Wordpress-Android #1320	grep "commitAllowingStateLoss" -R.	N
cgeo #3991	grep "isFinishing" -R.	N
cgeo #3991	grep "\btry\b" -R.	Y
cgeo #3991	grep "\bcatch\b" -R.	Y

修复示例



```
24
       @Override
25
       protected void onDestroy() {
           super.onDestroy();
           OpenIAB.instance().unbindService();
26
           //If there is something wrong with coordinates
27
           try {
562
               finish();
            catch (Exception e) {
               e.printStackTrace();
563
            return;
```

摘要



• 使用因特网资源(问答网站)修复崩溃缺陷

• 使用崩溃踪迹中的文本可以帮助提取web网页

• 分析问答网页中的代码能有效帮助缺陷修复

• 在复发的崩溃缺陷中,精度80%, 召回率 30%



谢谢!



C语言内存泄漏的自动修复

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北京大学软件工程研究所 发表于ICSE'15

内存管理

ISON IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

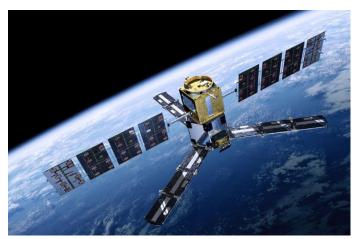
- 软件工程经典问题,数千篇论文
- 垃圾回收
 - 广泛用于Java, Go等大量新语言
 - 通过动态扫描内存发现需要回收的内存



垃圾回收vs安全攸关软件



- 大量系统资源无法通过垃圾回收管理
 - 文件句柄、线程锁等
- •特定类型的软件无法使用垃圾回收管理
 - 实时嵌入式系统,运行资源有限
 - 大数据处理系统, 垃圾收集耗时过长
 - 处理数据量达到10G时,垃圾收集 运行时间占程序运行总时间一半以 上





内存泄露的例子



```
1 #include <stdlib.h>
                      2 #include <stdio.h>
                      4 void f(int *p, int **q){
                          *q = p;
                      7 void g(int *p){
                          free(p);
                      10 int h(int size, int num, int sum){
                           int *p = (int*)malloc(sizeof(int)*size);
内存分配
                          int **q = (int**)malloc(sizeof(int*));
                          if (size == 0)
                     14
内存释放
                          g(p);
                      15
                          else
                      16
                            for (int i = 0: i < size: ++i)
                              if (p[i] != num){
内存使用
                      18
                                f(p, q);
                      19
                                sum += (*a)[i]:
                      20
                              else
    泄露
                                return i;
                          printf("%d". sum):
    泄露
                          return sum;
                      25 }
```

内存泄露的例子



```
1 #include <stdlib.h>
                 2 #include <stdio.h>
                 4 void f(int *p, int **q){
                     *q = p;
                 6 }
                 7 void g(int *p){
                 8
                     free(p);
                 9 }
                10 int h(int size, int num, int sum){
                int *p = (int*)malloc(sizeof(int)*size);
                     int **q = (int**)malloc(sizeof(int*));
      free(q);
                     if (size == 0)
                 14
                     g(p);
                15
                     else
                16
                       for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i)
                17
                         if (p[i] != num){
                18
                            f(p, q);
                19
                            sum += (*q)[i];
     free(p);
                20
                21
                          else
     free(q);
                22
                            return i:
free(p);
                23
                     printf("%d", sum);
free(q);
                24
                     return sum;
                25 }
```

修复内存泄露仍是难题



- 需要考虑多个条件
 - 内存释放前必须已分配
 - 内存释放时必须有能从栈上访问的路径
 - 在任意路径上, 内存不能被释放两次
 - 在任意路径上, 内存使用前不能被释放
- •漏掉任何一条都将导致致命错误
- 实践中,常常出现发现内存泄露但不敢修改的情况

研究成果:自动内存修复技



- 通过对C程序代码的分析,自动查找内存泄露并修复
- 保证修复的正确性
 - 对于任意插入的free语句和任意执行路径
 - 释放前分配: 在执行到free之前所指的内存已经分配
 - 无双重释放:在该路径上没有任何其他free语句释放同一块内存
 - 无释放后使用: 在该free之后所释放内存不能再被使用
- 能在较短时间内完成对大型程序的分析工作
 - 10万行量级的程序约2分钟完成分析
- 能自动修复一定数量的内存泄露
 - 自动修复了SPEC2000上约30%的内存泄露

技术路线和创新



• 反复使用数据流分析



- free的过程
- 确定插入检查释放前 分配
- 检查释放后 使用
- 检查双重释 放

- 处理各种复杂情况
 - 循环、全局变量、多重分配、空指针判断等问题
- 在一定程度上,用数据流分析的效率达到了较高精度 分析的效果



软件配置的交互式修复

北京大学熊英飞

合作者

北京大学

王波、张汉生、王杰、赵海燕、张伟

University of Waterloo

Leonardo Passos, Steven She, Krzysztof Czarnecki

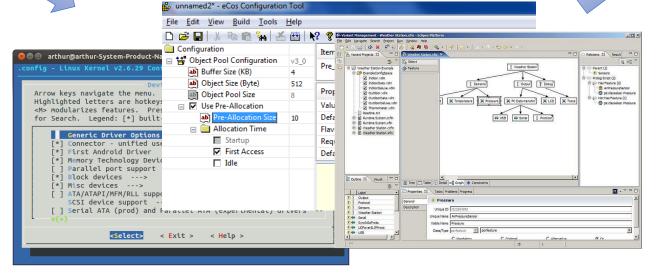
University of Namur

Arnaud Hubaux

Variability Models & Configurators



Configuration

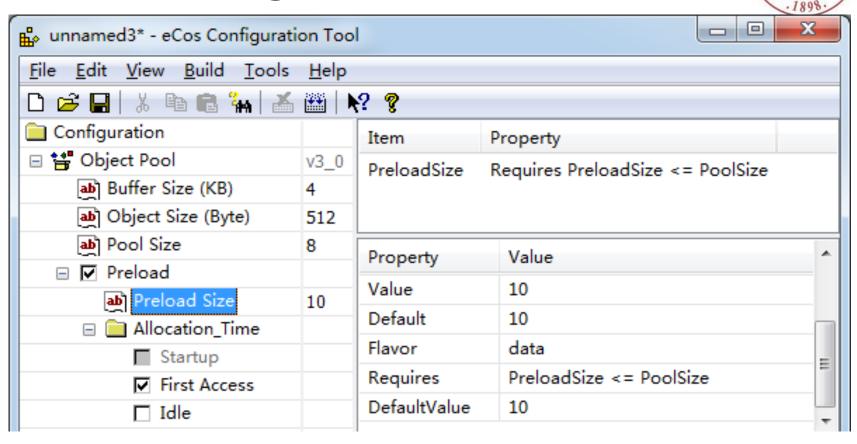


Linux Kconfig, eCos CDL, pure::variants,

. . .

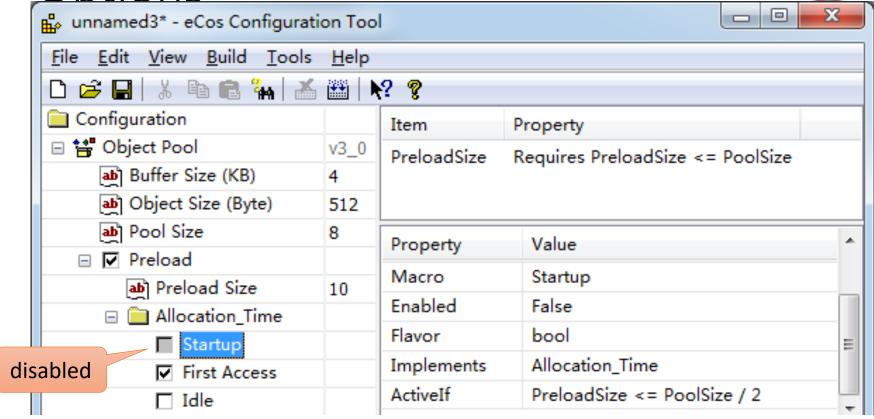
Variability Models

eCos Configurator - Errors



eCos Configurator - Inactive

<u>Options</u>



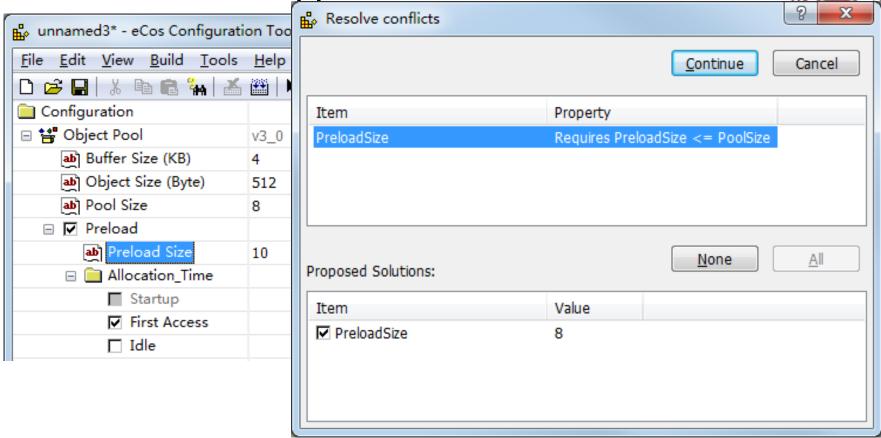
Error resolution and option activation both need to resolve violation of constraint.

Survey



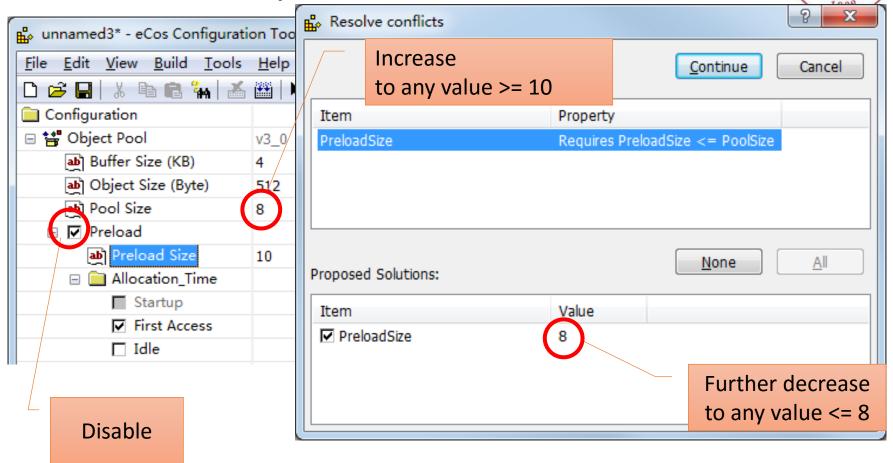
- 97 Linux users and 9 eCos users
- Resolving a violation is hard
 - 20% Linux users need "a few dozen minutes" to activate an option in average
 - 56% eCos users consider activation to be a problem

eCos Configurator



Essentially, fixes work for both resolving errors and activating options

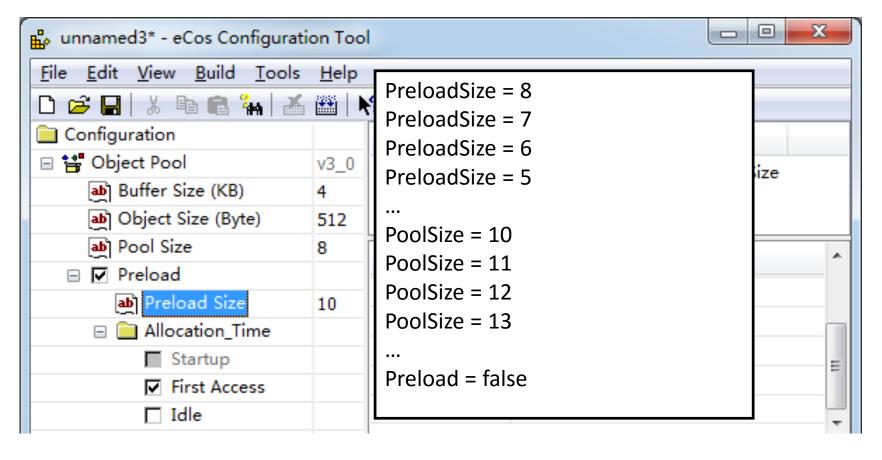
Fix Incompleteness



78% eCos users have ecountered situations where the proposed fix is not useful

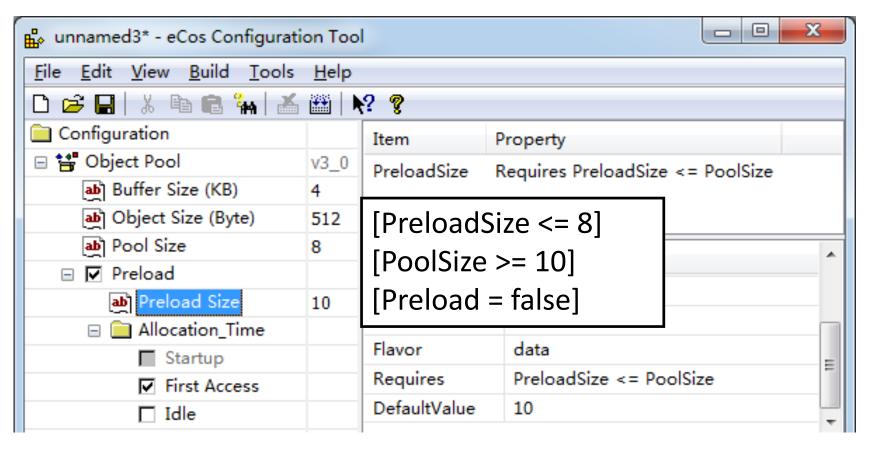
How to complete fixes





Our Solution – Range Fixes





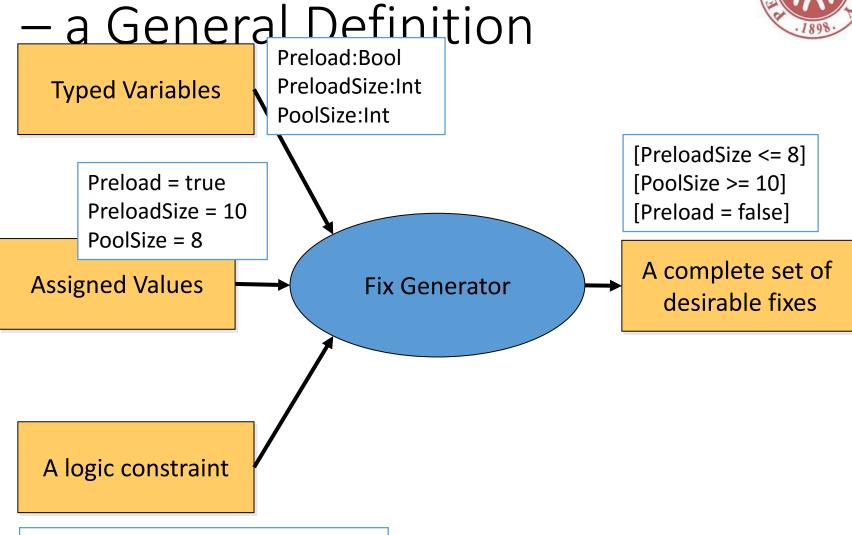
Our Contributions



- Defining the range fix generation problem
 - Three desirable properties of range fixes
- Proposing a range fix generation algorithm
- Exploring the constraint interaction problem
 - Summarizing and adapting three strategies used in existing work
 - Comparing the strategies empirically

Fix Generation Problem 2 General Definition





Preload → PreloadSize <= PoolSize

Desired Properties of Fixes

	•	1000.			
Correctness	Minimality of variables	Maximality of ranges			
Any change represented by a range fix will satisfy the constraint	There is no way to change a subset of variables to satisfy the constraint	A range fix represents the maximal ranges over the variables			
A desirable one: [PreloadSize <=8]					
Undesirable ones					
[PreloadSize <= 9]	[PreloadSize <=8,	[PreloadSize <=7]			

Preload = false]

Algorithm Outline



- Step 1: find the variables to change
 - Basic idea: translating to an SMT problem
 - ① treat configurations also as soft constraints
 - 1. [soft] Preload = true
 - 2. [soft] PreloadSize = 10
 - 3. [soft] PoolSize = 8
 - 4. [hard] Preload → PreloadSize <= PoolSize
 - 2 ask an SMT solver for unsatisfiable cores
 - (1, 2, 3)
 - 3 pick one variable from each core
 - {Preload}, {PreloadSize}, {PoolSize}

Algorithm Outline



- Step 2: find the range of the variables
 - Basic idea: simplify the constraint
 - Example: {PreloadSize}
 - ${\color{gray}\text{\textcircled{1}}}$ replace unchangeable variables with their current values
 - true → PreloadSize <= 8
 - ② simplify the constraint and convert to CNF
 - [PreloadSize <= 8]

Experiments



Source

- Version histories from 5 open source projects
- 535~933 variables, 85~330 constraints

Steps

- Compare each pair of consecutive versions
- Replay the user changes in different orders
- Generate fixes for the violations and compare with user changes

Results



Generation Time

• Average: 50ms

• Maximum: 250ms

Complexity of Fix

- Measured by the number of variables per fix
- Max:58
- Median:2
- 83% of the fix lists contain less than 10 variables



谢谢!