

一个Java程序分析与变换框架 &过程间分析

陈逸凡

yf_chen@pku.edu.cn

由北京大学信息科学技术学院熊英飞研究员主讲的《软件分析技术》课程

2018.11.7

主页 http://sable.github.io/soot/

Soot

A framework for analyzing and transforming Java and Android Applications

What is Soot?

Originally, Soot started off as a Java optimization framework. By now, researchers and practitioners from around the world use Soot to analyze, instrument, optimize and visualize Java and Android applications.

主页 http://sable.github.io/soot/

History

Who develops and maintains Soot?

Soot was originally developed by the **Sable Research Group** of McGill University. The first publication on Soot appeared at CASCON 1999. Since then, Soot has seen contributions from many people inside and outside the research community. The current maintenance is driven by the Secure Software Engineering Group at Technische Universität Darmstadt.

This publication provides an insight into the first ten years of Soot's development.

• Subsequent Products: FlowDroid ···



Soot: Input & Output

• Input: Java源代码



• Output: 程序分析的结果 (例如活跃变量、指 针指向集合)

Q: 分析Java源代码的第一步?

• 困难: 直接分析字符串, 难以知悉代码结构

- 转为中间代码
 - 词法分析、句法分析、语义分析(、代码变换)
- 为什么要转成中间代码?
 - 保留源码信息(映射关系明确)
 - 方便机器理解(简单化、结构化)

- 直接利用Java中间代码Bytecode (字节码)
 - 太贴近机器码(为执行而设计)
 - 语句类型达199种
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java_bytecode
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java_bytecode_instruction_listings
 - 基于栈的代码

- 直接利用Java中间代码Bytecode (字节码)
 - 基于栈的代码

```
for (int i = 2; i < 1000; i++) {
    for (int j = 2; j < i; j++) {
        if (i % j == 0)
            continue outer;
    }
    System.out.println (i);
}</pre>
```

```
iconst 2
   istore_1
2: iload 1
3: sipush 1000
6: if_icmpge
                    44
9: iconst 2
10: istore_2
11: iload 2
12: iload 1
13: if_icmpge
                    31
16: iload 1
17: iload_2
18: irem
19: ifne
            25
    goto
            2, 1
25: iinc
28: goto
            11
                    #84; // Field java/lang/System.out:Ljava/io/PrintStream;
31: getstatic
34: iload 1
                    #85; // Method java/io/PrintStream.println:(I)V
35: invokevirtual
38: iinc
            1, 1
    goto
44: return
```

- · Soot的中间代码——适合程序分析
 - Baf
 - Jimple
 - "Jimple is the principal representation in Soot. The Jimple representation is a typed, 3-address, statement based intermediate representation."
 - 实际转换过程: source code -> bytecode -> Jimple
 - 15种语句
 - Shimple
 - Grimp
 - Dava

• Jimple

Core statements:

```
NopStmt
DefinitionStmt: IdentityStmt,
AssignStmt
```

Intraprocedural control-flow:

```
IfStmt
GotoStmt
TableSwitchStmt, LookupSwitchStmt
```

Interprocedural control-flow:

```
InvokeStmt ReturnVoidStmt
```

Jimple

- ThrowStmt throws an exception
- RetStmt not used; returns from a JSR

mutual exclusion

上机实践(1): Java → Jimple

- 命令行执行Soot
 - 注意设置-soot-class-path(-cp)
 - 输出为Jimple的选项: -f J
 - 命令行说明 Soot command-line options: https://ssebuild.cased.de/nightly/soot/doc/soot_options.ht m
 - 扩展阅读: http://www.bodden.de/2008/08/21/soot-command-line/
- 编写Java程序执行Soot
 - 模拟命令行执行Soot
 - soot.Main.main(args);

遍历程序结构

• 面向对象技术实现

• "环境": Scene

• 类: SootClass

• 域: SootField

• 方法: SootMethod

• 函数体: Body / JimpleBody

• 语句: Unit

扩展阅读: https://github.com/Sable/soot/wiki/Fundamental-Soot-objects

上机实践(2): Soot Objects

- 阅读并运行 CreateClass.java
- 了解每一条语句的效果

Packs & Phases

- https://github.com/Sable/soot/wiki/Packs-andphases-in-Soot
- Whole-program packs

扩展阅读: http://www.bodden.de/2008/11/26/soot-packs/

上机实践(3): 插入phase

- 阅读并运行FetchClass.java
- 尝试修改以获取更多信息

数据流分析

- Soot提供FlowAnalysis抽象类作为定义数据流分析的接口,包括前向和后向分析
- •需要实现以下接口:
 - Constructor
 - newInitialFlow(), entryInitialFlow()
 - copy(..)
 - merge(..)
 - flowThrough(..)

上机实践(4): 数据流分析

FlowAnalysisDemo.java

指针分析

- getPointsToAnalysis...
- Spark
 - -p cg.spark enabled:true
- Paddle

上机实践(5): 指针分析

• 查阅文档,通过API调用指针分析结果

资料

- "A Survivor's Guide to Java Program Analysis with Soot": http://www.brics.dk/SootGuide/
- GitHub项目: https://github.com/Sable/soot/
 - 官方教程: https://github.com/Sable/soot/wiki/Tutorials
 - API: https://ssebuild.cased.de/nightly/soot/javadoc/
- The Soot framework for Java program analysis: a retrospective
 - http://sable.github.io/soot/resources/lblh11soot.pdf

作业

- 访问一个Class的所有Field和Method
 - 自行编写被测程序的源码
 - 3-5个field、2-4个method
 - 提交内容
 - 被测程序的源码
 - 分析程序的源码
 - 执行结果的截图