```
In [1]:
from pathlib import Path
from geopy import distance
from geopy import Nominatim
import numpy as np
import geopy
import pandas as pd
from Assignment_2_Functions import *
In [2]:
geolocator = Nominatim(user agent='stat159-group3 assignment2')
origin location = geolocator.reverse("37.905098, -122.272225",timeout = 10)
In [3]:
origin_lat, origin_lon = 37.905098, -122.272225
In [5]:
optimal = find optimal(origin lat, origin lon, 5)
optimal1 = optimal[0]
optimal2 = optimal[1]
In [6]:
optimal1
Out[6]:
0.056713928273561295
In [7]:
optimal2
Out[7]:
```

0.09090909090909091

```
In [10]:
```

0 - 20 - 30 - 40 - 50 - 60 - 70 - 80 - 91 - 01 - 11-2 1-3 1 - 41-5 1-6 1 - 71-8 1 - 92 - 0

```
#### IMPORTANT!!!!
#### Since this is extremely time consuming and there is no guarantee geopy will
not shut you down, we decided to save it to a csv file for the first time runnin
g, so that we don't need to run it everytime.
#### Change timeout option if there is timeout error!!!
grid_names = []
grid lat = []
grid lon = []
for n in range(15):
    origin lat = float(origin location.raw['lat'])
    origin_lon = float(origin_location.raw['lon'])
    origin lon = float(origin location.raw['lon']) + n * optimal2
    for i in range(10):
        print(str(n) + '-' + str(i))
        lat = origin lat - i * optimal1
        lon = origin lon + i * optimal1
            location = geolocator.reverse(f'{lat, lon}', timeout = 1)
        except:
            print("You are blocked by geopy. Use our grid points alameda.csv dir
ectly. Or try changing timeout to greater value to avoid being blocked")
        grid lat.append(lat)
        grid lon.append(lon)
        grid names.append(location.raw['display name'])
d = {'name' : grid_names,
     'lat' : grid lat,
     'lon' : grid lon}
locations = pd.DataFrame(data = d)
0 - 0
0 - 1
```

```
2-1
2-2
2-3
2 - 4
2-5
2-6
2-7
2-8
2-9
3-0
3-1
3-2
3-3
3 - 4
3-5
3-6
3-7
3-8
3-9
4 - 0
You are blocked by geopy. Use our grid points alameda.csv directly.
Or try changing timeout to greater value to avoid being blocked
4 - 1
4-2
4-3
4 - 4
4-5
4-6
4 - 7
4-8
4-9
5-0
5-1
5-2
5-3
5-4
5-5
5-6
5-7
5-8
5-9
6-0
6-1
6-2
6-3
6 - 4
6-5
6-6
6-7
6-8
6-9
7-0
7-1
```

7-2

7-3

7-4

7-5

7-6

7-7

7-8

7-9

8-0

8-1

8-2

8-3

8 - 4

8-5 8-6

8-7

8-8 8-9

9-0

9-1

9-2

9-3

9-4 9-5

9-6

9-7

9-8

9-9

10-0

10-1 10-2

10-3

10 - 4

10-5

10-6 10-7

10-8

10-9

11-0

11-1

11-2

11-3 11-4

11-5

11-6

11-7

11-8

11-9 12-0

12-1

12-2

12-3

12-4

```
12-5
12-6
12 - 7
12-8
12-9
13-0
13-1
13-2
13-3
13-4
13-5
13-6
13 - 7
13-8
13-9
14 - 0
14 - 1
14 - 2
14-3
14 - 4
14 - 5
14 - 6
14 - 7
14-8
14-9
```

filter out points that are not in Alameda

```
In [13]:
```

```
locations = pd.DataFrame(data = d)
```

In [15]:

```
locations.head()
```

Out[15]:

	name	lat	lon
0	399, Vassar Avenue, Cragmont, Berkeley, Alamed	37.904360	-122.272787
1	6599, Gwin Road, Oakland, Alameda County, Cali	37.847646	-122.216073
2	Denton Place, Oakland, Alameda County, Califor	37.790932	-122.159359
3	Towhee Trail, Ashland, Alameda County, Califor	37.734218	-122.102645
4	24499, Sarita Street, Fairview, Alameda County	37.677504	-122.045931

```
In [16]:
#number of grid points in Alameda
sum(['Alameda' in location for location in locations.name])
Out[16]:
31
In [17]:
#total number of grid points
len(locations)
Out[17]:
150
In [18]:
#Extract grid points in Alameda into a dataframe called 'locations_alameda'
locations_alameda = locations.loc[['Alameda' in location for location in locatio
ns.name]]
locations_alameda.head()
locations_alameda.to_csv("grid_points_alameda.csv")
```