

Programming Tasks:

1. Partition an array into two parts

Implement a method *Partition* declared below to divide a given array A into two parts. $j(j \geq 0)$ is the index of the pivot, put all elements $<$ pivot to the left, elements \geq pivot to the right side.

```
1 template<typename T>
2 int Partition(array<T> A, int j, ...) {
3     //...
4 }
```

2. Non-randomized Quicksort

Implement a quick-sort algorithm *Quicksort* and take the last element in the array as pivot. Using *Partition* defined above as its subroutine.

```
1 template<typename T>
2 void Quicksort(array<T> A, ...) {
3     //...
4 }
```

3. Random Selection Algorithm

Implement a method *Rselect* to find i -th ($i > 0$) smallest item of the given array A . Choose the pivot from A uniformly at random. The pseudocode is given below.

```
1 template<typename T>
2 T Rselect(array<T> A, int i, ....) {
3     if only one element in A return A[0];
4     Choose pivot p from array A uniformly at random;
5     Partition A using pivot p;
6     Let j be the index of p;
7     if(j == i) return p;
8     if(j > i) return Rselect(1st part of A, i, ...);
9     else return Rselect(2nd part of A, i-j, ...);
10 }
```

4. Deterministic Selection Algorithm

Implement a method *Dselect* using deterministic selection algorithm to find the i -th ($i > 0$) smallest item of array A . The pivot is chosen by following steps

- Break A into $n/5$ groups of size 5 each
- Sort each group (e.g., use insertion sort, merge sort ...)
- Copy $n/5$ medians into new array C

- (d) Recursively compute median of C by calling the deterministic selection algorithm
- (e) Return the median of C as pivot

The pseudocode of *Dselect* is as follows

```
1 template<typename T>
2 T Dselect(array<T> A, int i, ....) {
3     if(only one element in A) return A[0];
4     //ChoosePivot
5     Break A into groups of 5, sort each group;
6     C = n/5 medians;
7     p = Dselect(C, n/10, ....); //return the median value in C
8
9     //Partition
10    Partition A using pivot p;
11    Let j be the index of p;
12    if(j == i) return p;
13    if(j > i) return Dselect(1st part of A, i, ...);
14    else return Dselect(2nd part of A, i-j, ...);
15 }
```

5. Complete main function

The *main.cpp* is given by us, try to follow the instructions in it to test your functions.

Important Notes:

- **Reference:** The class note of Lecture 7.
- Make sure your program won't crash if the input array is **empty**.
- Remember to submit your **makefile**!
- Due: **2019/10/26 11:59pm**