#### Lecture 12

# Cost Metrics and Pricing Models

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### Cost Metrics & Pricing Models

- Business Cost Metrics
- Cloud Usage Cost Metrics
- Cost Management Considerations

### **Business Cost Metrics**

### **Up-Front and On-Going Costs**

- Up-front costs: Initial investments that organizations need to make in order to fund the IT resources they intend to use.
  - Includes costs of obtaining, deploying, and administering these IT resources.
- On-going costs: Expenses required by an organization to run and maintain IT resources it uses.

#### **Additional Costs**

- Cost of Capital Cost incurred by raising required funds.
- Sunk Costs Prior investment that has been made in the on-premise IT resources.
- Integration Costs Funds to carry out system integration etc.
- Locked-in Costs Costs related to movement of consumers between cloud providers.

## Cloud Usage Cost Metrics

#### Cloud Usage Cost Metrics

- Network Usage: Inbound and outbound network traffic, as well as intra-cloud network traffic.
- Server Usage: Virtual server allocation (and resource reservation)
- Cloud Storage Device: Storage capacity allocation
- Cloud Service: Subscription duration, number of nominated users, number of transactions (of cloud services and cloud-based applications)

## Network Usage

Usage Metric	Inbound Network	Outbound Network	Intra-Cloud WAN
Description	Inbound network traffic	Outbound network traffic	Network traffic between geographically diverse IT resources of same cloud
Measurement	Inbound traffic in bytes	Outbound traffic in bytes	Intra-cloud WAN traffic
Frequency	Continuous and cumulative	Continuous and cumulative	Continuous and cumulative
Delivery Model	IaaS, PaaS, SaaS	IaaS, PaaS, SaaS	IaaS, PaaS, SaaS
Example	Up to 1GB free, RM0.001/GB up to 10TB a month	Up to 1GB free, RM0.001/GB up to 10TB a month	Up to 500MB free daily and RM0.01/GB thereafter.

## Server Usage

Usage Metric	On-Demand Virtual Machine Instance Allocation	Reserved Virtual Machine Instance Allocation
Description	Uptime of a virtual server instance	Up-front cost for reserving a virtual server instance
Measurement	Virtual server start date and stop date	Virtual server reservation start date to expiry date
Frequency	Continuous and cumulative	Daily, monthly, yearly
Delivery Model	IaaS, PaaS	IaaS, PaaS
Example	RM0.10/hour small instance, RM0.20/hour medium instance, RM0.90/hour large instance	RM55.10/small instance, RM99.90/medium instance, RM250.00/large instance

### Cloud Storage Device Usage

Usage Metric	On-Demand Storage Space Allocation	I/O Data Transferred
Description	duration and size of on-demand storage space allocation in bytes	amount of transferred I/O data
Measurement	$\Sigma$ , date of storage release / reallocation to date of storage allocation (resets upon change in storage size)	Σ, I/O data in bytes
Frequency	Continuous	Continuous
Delivery Model	IaaS, PaaS, SaaS	IaaS, PaaS
Example	\$0.01/GB per hour (typically expressed as GB/month)	\$0.10/TB

## Cloud Service Usage

Usage Metric	Application Subscription Duration	Number of Nominated Users	Number of Transaction Users
Description	Duration of cloud service usage subscription	Number of registered users with legitimate access	Number of transactions served by the cloud service
Measurement	Subscription start date to expiry date	Number of users	Number of transactions (request-response message exchanges)
Frequency	Daily, monthly, yearly	Monthly, yearly	Continuos
Delivery Model	SaaS	SaaS	PaaS, SaaS
Example	RM69.90 per month	RM0.90 / additional user per month	RM0.05 per 1000 transactions

#### Amazon Web Services

Cloud Economics and Billing

## Fundamentals of pricing

#### AWS pricing model

#### Three fundamental drivers of cost with AWS

#### **Compute**

- Charged per hour/second\*
- Varies by instance type

\*Linux only

#### **Storage**

Charged typically per GB

#### Data transfer

- Outbound is aggregated and charged
- Inbound has no charge (with some exceptions)
- Charged typically per GB

## How do you pay for AWS?

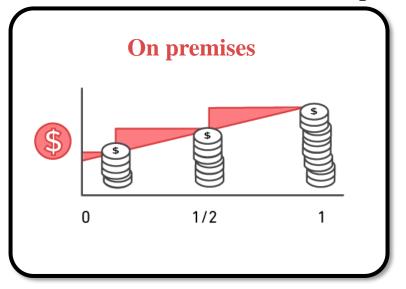


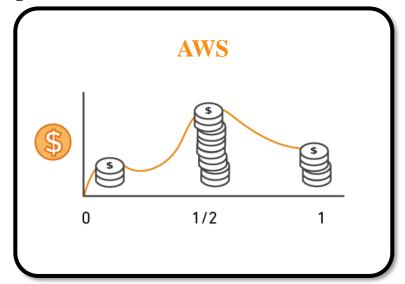




### Pay for what you use

Pay only for the services that you consume, with no large upfront expenses.

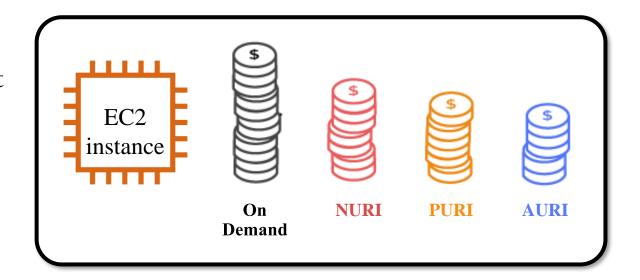




#### Pay less when you reserve

Invest in Reserved Instances (RIs):

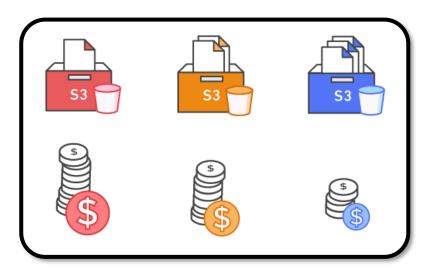
- Save up to 75 percent
- Options:
  - All Upfront Reserved
     Instance (AURI) →
     largest discount
  - Partial Upfront Reserved
     Instance (PURI) → lower
     discounts
  - No Upfront Payments
     Reserved Instance (NURI)
     → smaller discount



### Pay less by using more

#### Realize volume-based discounts:

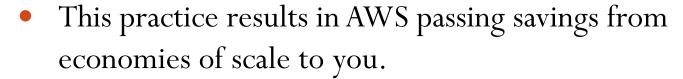
- Savings as usage increases.
- **Tiered pricing** for services like Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3), Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS), or Amazon Elastic File System (Amazon EFS) → the more you use, the less you pay per GB.
- Multiple storage services deliver **lower** storage costs based on needs.



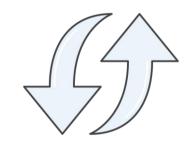
### Pay even less as AWS grows

#### As AWS grows:





- Since 2006, AWS has **lowered pricing 75** times (as of September 2019).
- Future higher-performing resources replace current resources for no extra charge.



## Custom pricing

- Meet varying needs through custom pricing.
- Available for high-volume projects with unique requirements.

#### **AWS Free Tier**

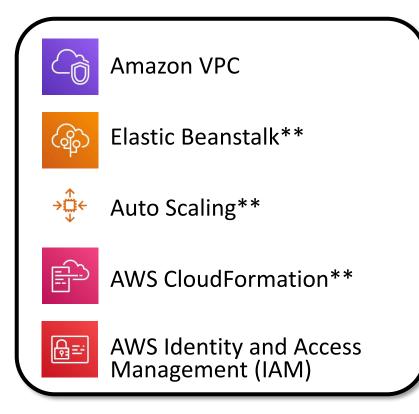
Enables you to gain free hands-on experience with the AWS platform, products, and services. Free for 1 year for new customers.







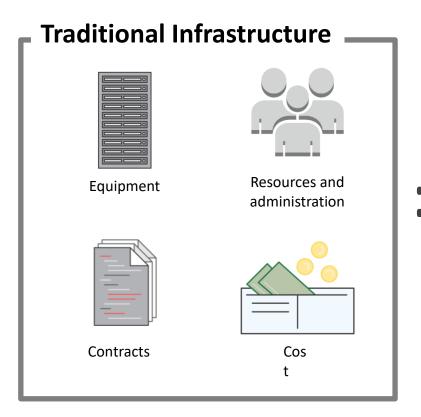
## Services with no charge



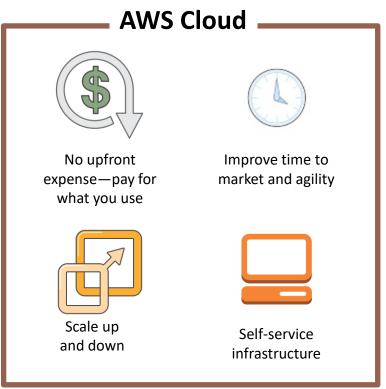
\*\*Note: There might be charges associated with other AWS services that are used with these services.

## Total Cost of Ownership

## On-premises versus cloud







#### What is Total Cost of Ownership (TCO)?

**Total Cost of Ownership (TCO)** is the financial estimate to help identify direct and indirect costs of a system.

#### Why use TCO?

- To compare the costs of running an entire infrastructure environment or specific workload on-premises versus on AWS
- To budget and **build the business case** for moving to the cloud



#### TCO considerations

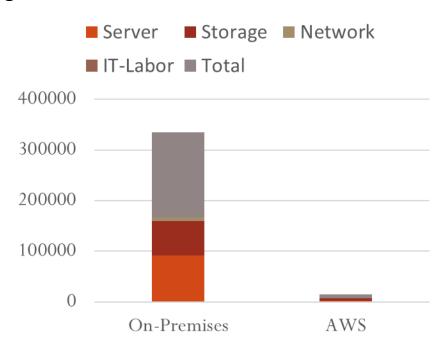
		Hardware: Server, rack chassis power distribution units (PDUs),	Software: Operating system	Facilities cost		
Server Costs	top-of-rack (TOR) switches (and maintenance)	(OS), virtualization licenses (and maintenance)	Space	Power	Cooling	
	2 Storage Costs	Hardware: Storage disks, storage area network (SAN) or Fibre Channel (FC) switches	Storage administration costs	Facilities cost		
2				Space	Power	Cooling
	Network hardware: Local area		Facilities cost			
3	3 Network Costs	network (LAN) switches, load balancer bandwidth costs	Network administration costs	Space	Power	Cooling
4	IT Labor Costs  Server administration costs					

#### On-premises versus all-in-cloud

You could save up to **96 percent** a year by moving your infrastructure to AWS. Your 3-year total savings would be **\$159,913**.

3-Year Total Cost of Ownership			
	On-Premises	AWS	
Server	\$91,922	\$2,547	
Storage	\$67,840	\$4,963	
Network	\$7,660	\$	
IT – Labor	\$	\$	
Total	\$167, 422	\$7,509	

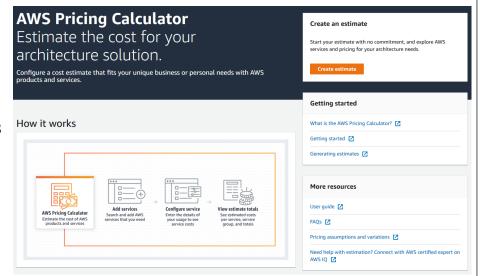
AWS cost includes business-level support and a 3-year PURI EC2 instance



#### **AWS Pricing Calculator**

## Use the AWS Pricing Calculator to:

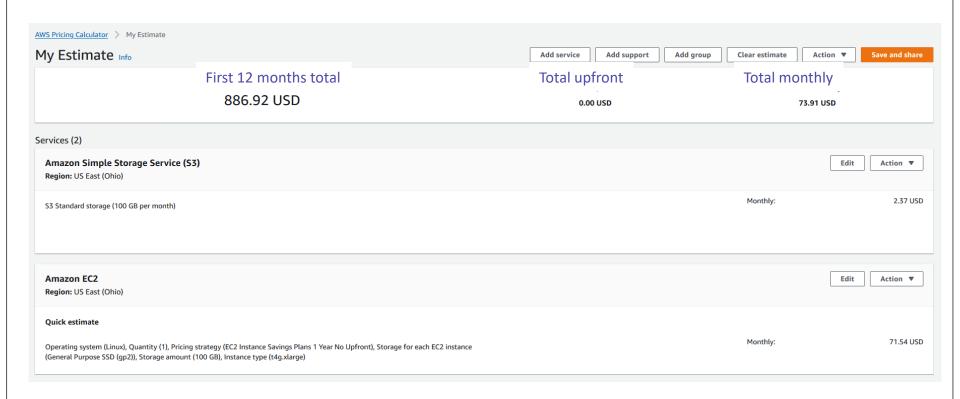
- Estimate monthly costs
- Identify opportunities to reduce monthly costs
- Model your solutions before building them
- Explore price points and calculations behind your estimate
- Find the available instance types and contract terms that meet your needs
- Name your estimate and create and name groups of services



Access the AWS Pricing Calculator

#### Reading an estimate

Your estimate is broken into: first 12 months total, total upfront, and total monthly.



#### Additional benefit considerations

#### Hard benefits

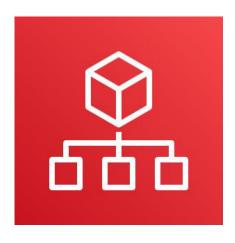
- Reduced spending on compute, storage, networking, security
- Reductions in hardware and software purchases (capex)
- Reductions in operational costs, backup, and disaster recovery
- Reduction in operations personnel

#### **Soft Benefits**

- Reuse of service and applications that enable you to define (and redefine solutions) by using the same cloud service
- Increased developer productivity
- Improved customer satisfaction
- Agile business processes that can quickly respond to new and emerging opportunities
- Increase in global reach

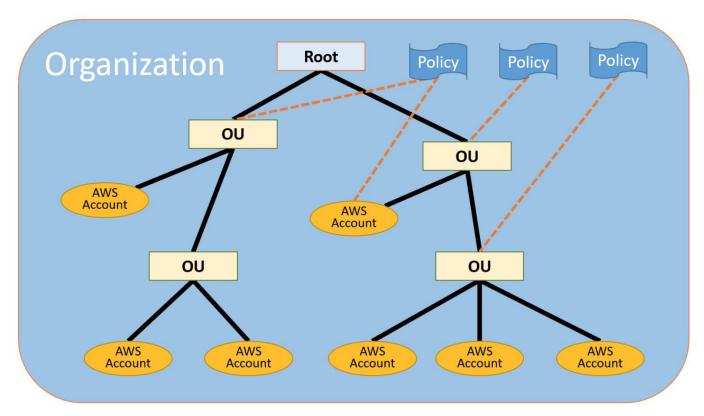
## **AWS Organizations**

### Introduction to AWS Organizations



**AWS Organizations** 

### AWS Organizations terminology



\*Organizational Units (OUs)

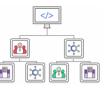
#### Key features and benefits



AWS Organizations



Policy-based account management



Group based account management



Application programming interfaces (APIs) that automate account management



Consolidated billing

#### Security with AWS Organizations

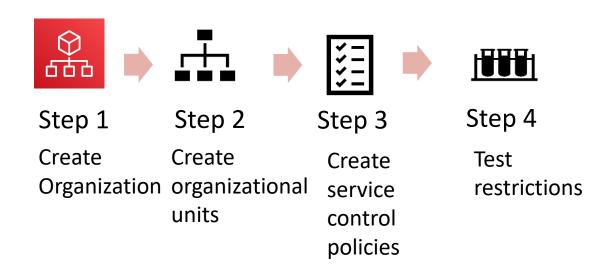




Control access with AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM).

IAM policies enable you to allow or deny access to AWS services for users, groups, and roles. Service control policies (SCPs) enable you to allow or deny access to AWS services for individuals or group accounts in an organizational unit (OU).

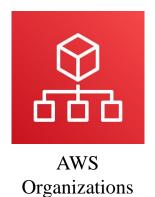
## Organizations setup



# Limits of AWS Organizations

Limits						
Limits on	Names must be composed of Unicode characters.					
Names	Names must not exceed 250 characters in length.					
Maximum and Minimum Values	Number of AWS accounts	Varies. Note: An invitation sent to an account counts against this limit.				
	Number of roots	1				
	Number of OUs	1,000				
	Number of policies	1,000				
	Maximum size of a service control policy document	5,120 bytes				
	Maximum nesting of OUs in a root	5 levels of OUs under a root				
	Invitations sent per day	20				
	Number of member accounts you can create concurrently	Only five can be in progress at one time				
	Number of entities to which you can attach a policy	Unlimited				

## Accessing AWS Organizations





**AWS Management Console** 



AWS Command Line
Interface (AWS CLI) tools



Software development kits (SDKs)



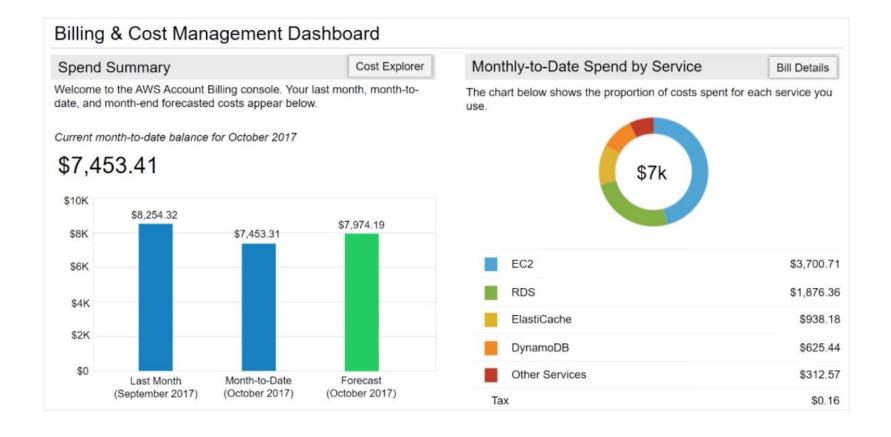
HTTPS Query application programming interfaces (API)

# AWS Billing and Cost Management

## Introducing AWS Billing and Cost Management



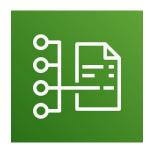
## **AWS Billing Dashboard**



## Tools



**AWS Budgets** 



AWS Cost and Usage Report

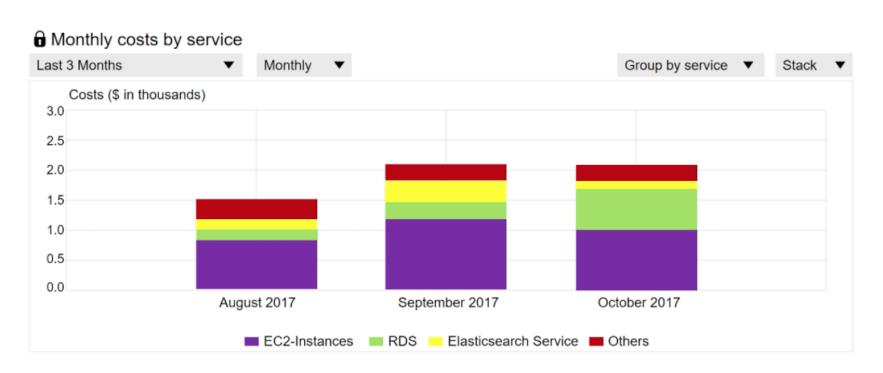


**AWS Cost Explorer** 

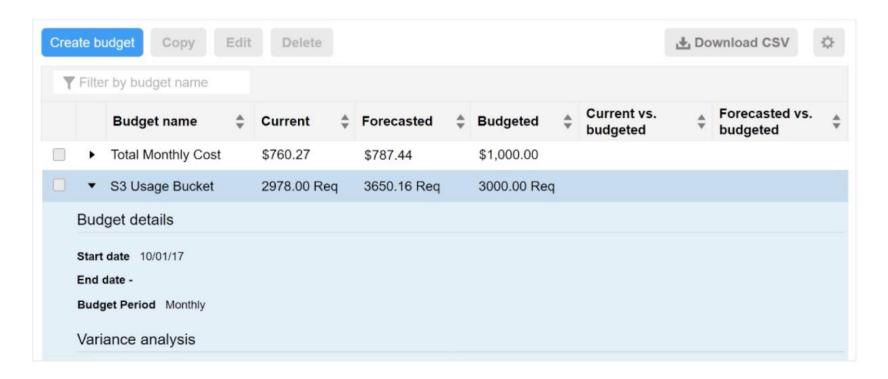
# Monthly bills

Total	\$7,453.41 USD	
AWS Marketplace Charges		\$15.00
▼ Usage Charges and Recurring Fees		\$15.00
Invoice 32342548 – AWS Service Charges: Usage charge for this statement period	2017-10-10	\$15.00
AWS Service Charges		\$7,438.41
▼ Usage Charges and Recurring Fees		\$7,414.41
Invoice 32342513 – AWS Service Charges: Usage charge for this statement period	2017-10-10	\$7,414.41
▼ Usage Charges and Recurring Fees		\$24.00
Invoice 32342507 – AWS Service Charges: Subscription charge	2017-10-10	\$24.00

## Cost Explorer



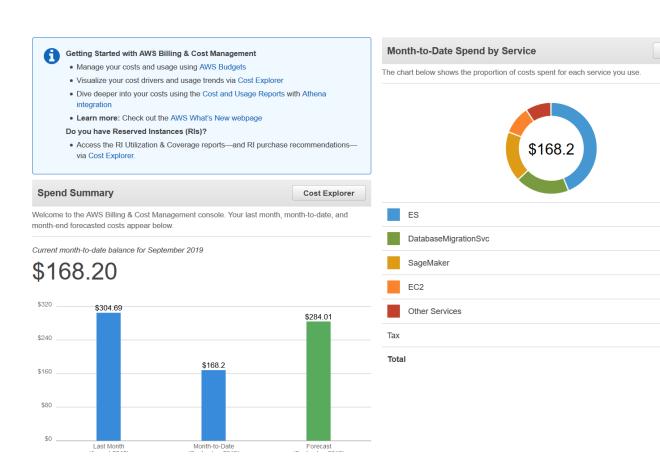
### Forecast and track costs



## Cost and usage reporting

Product Code	Usage Type	Operation	Availability Zone	Usage Amount	Currency Code	Line Item Description
Amazon S3	Requests – Tier 1	ListAllMyBuckets		2	USD	\$0.00 per request – PUT, COPY, POST, LIST under the global free tier
Amazon EC2	USW2-Boxusage:t2.micro	Runinstnaces:0002	us-west-2a	1	USD	\$0.00 per Windows t2.micro instance- hour under monthly free tier
Amazon S3	Requests – Tier 1	ListAllMyBuckets		2	USD	\$0.00 per request – PUT, COPY, POST, LIST under the global free tier
Amazon EC2	USW2-Boxusage:t2.micro	Runinstnaces:0002	us-west-2a	1	USD	\$0.00 per Windows t2.micro instance- hour under monthly free tier
Amazon S3	Requests – Tier 1	ListAllMyBuckets		2	USD	\$0.00 per request – PUT, COPY, POST, LIST under the global free tier
Amazon S3	Requests – Tier 1	ListAllMyBuckets		2	USD	\$0.00 per request – PUT, COPY, POST, LIST under the global free tier

## Billing dashboard demonstration



Bill Details

\$74.52

\$32.12

\$29.99

\$16.59

\$14.98

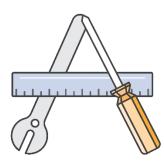
\$0.00

\$168.20

# Technical support

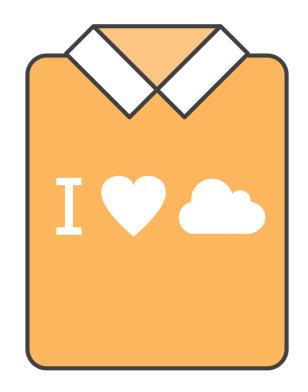
## AWS support (1 of 2)

- Provide unique combination of tools and expertise:
  - AWS Support
  - AWS Support Plans
- Support is provided for:
  - Experimenting with AWS
  - Production use of AWS
  - Business-critical use of AWS



## AWS support (2 of 2)

- Proactive guidance :
  - Technical Account Manager (TAM)
- Best practices :
  - AWS Trusted Advisor
- Account assistance :
  - AWS Support Concierge



## Support plans

#### AWS Support offers four support plans:

- Basic Support Resource Center access, Service Health Dashboard, product FAQs, discussion forums, and support for health checks
- Developer Support: Support for early development on AWS
- **Business Support**: Customers that run production workloads
- Enterprise Support: Customers that run business and mission-critical workloads



# Case severity and response times

	Critical	Urgent	High	Normal	Low		
Basic	No Case Support						
Developer Plan (Business hours)				12 hours or less	24 hours or less		
Business Plan (24/7)		1 hour or less	4 hours or less	12 hours or less	24 hours or less		
Enterprise Plan (24/7)	15 minutes or less	1 hour or less	4 hours or less	12 hours or less	24 hours or less		