

MA - 503 Midterm - Fall 2018
NO DOCUMENTS ALLOWED

Exercise 1

Let (X, d) be a metric space. Let K be a compact subset of X and V an open subset of X such that $K \subset V$ and $V \neq X$.

- (i). Does $K \neq V$ hold in general?
- (ii). We set for x in X

$$f(x) = \frac{d(x, V^c)}{d(x, K) + d(x, V^c)}.$$

Show that f is continuous and find, with proof, $f^{-1}(\{0\})$ and $f^{-1}(\{1\})$.

Exercise 2

Let $f(x) = |x|$ for x in $(-\pi, \pi)$.

- (i). Use f to show that $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^4} = \frac{\pi^4}{96}$.
- (ii). Is the Fourier series of f uniformly convergent? Derive the formula

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8}.$$

Exercise 3

Let f be in $L^1(\mathbb{R}^d)$ such that $\int f = 1$. Set $f_n(x) = n^d f(nx)$.

- (i). Let g in $C_c(\mathbb{R}^d)$. Show that $f_n * g \rightarrow g$, pointwise.
- (ii). For h in $L^1(\mathbb{R}^d)$, show that $f_n * h \rightarrow h$, in L^1 norm.

Exercise 4

Let (X, \mathcal{A}, μ) be a measure space. Let A_n be a sequence in \mathcal{A} such that $\mu(A_n)$ converges to zero.

- (i). Prove or disprove:
if $f : X \rightarrow [0, \infty)$ is a measurable function and $\mu(X) < \infty$ then $\int_{A_n} f$ converges to zero.
- (ii). Let g be in $L^1(X)$. Show that $\int_{A_n} g$ converges to zero.