## Grid Computing Cluster

The Development and Integration of Grid Services and Applications



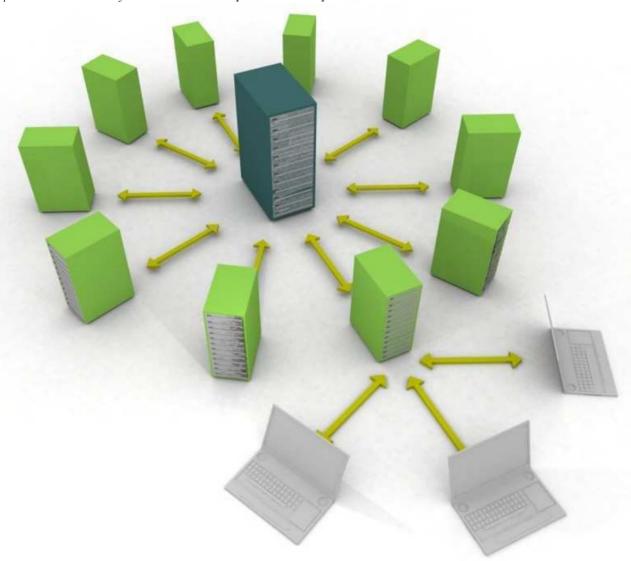
### Edited by Bahari Belaton and Lim Lian Tze

Platform for Information & Communication Technology Research
Universiti Sains Malaysia



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# Grid@USM: DEVELOPING & INTEGRATING GRID APPLICATIONS & SERVICES

#### **USM'S R&D SUSTAINABILITY**

To attain the level of excellence as a research university (RU), USM in recent years has seriously engaged herself in various efforts to formulate and chart her future research and development (R&D) directions. The pinnacle of these efforts was translated into a 2 year strategic plan "USM Research-Intensive University 2007–2009".

One of the crucial input elements

for attaining and subsequently sustaining RU status is the creation of highly conducive research environment and infrastructure. Grid computing is an example of such infrastructure, aiming at providing excellent research facilities by ensuring good computational horsepower to support high impact domains in the bio-sciences, physical sciences, information and communication technology (ICT), Environment sciences, Education, Arts and others.

Grid computing is by its nature highly distributed geographically, consists of highly specialised equipment (storage, grid engines and management tools), as well as expensive. It is as such an ideal example of common, core computational resources to be created and pooled among aspiring researchers who require high performance resources.

Equally important, USM needs a focused, holistic and dedicated effort

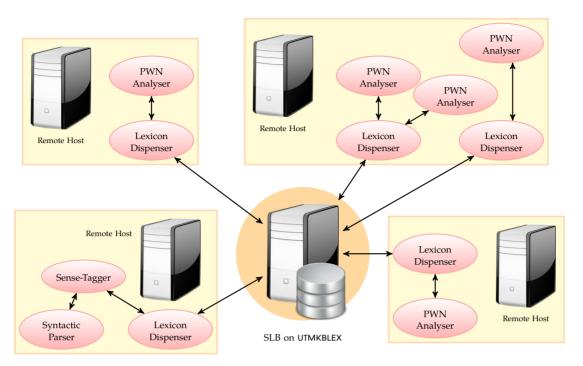
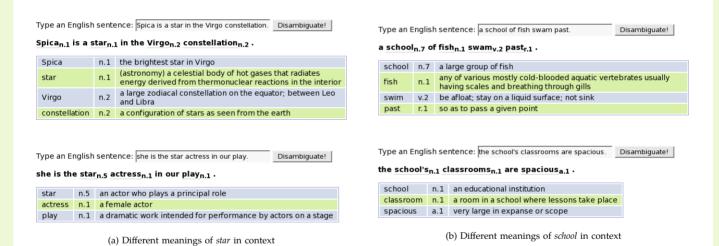


Figure 3: Blexisma2 agents are deployed on USM CAMPUS GRID nodes using the Globus job submission toolkit.



**Figure 4:** SLB data generated by *Blexisma2* agents used to determine most probable meanings of ambiguous lexical item. A Web interface to the Sense-Tagger is available at http://utmkblex.usmgrid.myren.net.my:8080/Blexisma2Servlets/CVSenseTagger.

interested to improve its design to a multilingual setting, where more complicated cross-lingual phenomena will have to be considered. We also hope to improve the agent communication mechanisms to reduce latency. Apart from creating more agents that implement different learning algorithms and heuristics, we are also planning agents responsible for other NLP tasks such as deep parsing, detecting named entities, etc. In other words, we hope to have agents of various responsibilities so that they can be 'mixed-and-matched' to construct new NLP applications, such as those mentioned in the introduction.

On the performance issues, we may attempt several solutions for the SLB bottleneck problem mentioned earlier:

- hardware (RAM) upgrades,
- further optimisation of PostgreSQL server settings,
- database connection pooling,
- · load balancing,
- parallelising queries.

### **PROJECT PUBLICATIONS**

Lim, L. T. & Schwab, D. (2008). Limits of Lexical Semantic Relatedness

with Ontology-based Conceptual Vectors. In *Proceedings of the 5th International Workshop on Natural Language Processing and Cognitive Science (NLPCS'08)*. Barcelona, Spain; pp. 153–158.

Schwab, D. & Lim, L. T. (2008). Blexisma2: a Distributed Agent Framework for Constructing a Semantic Lexical Database based on Conceptual Vectors. In *Proceedings of the International Conference on Distributed Frameworks & Applications* 2008 (DFmA 2008). Penang, Malaysia; pp. 102–110.

