

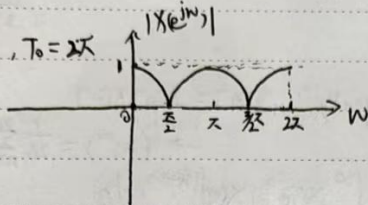
Assignment Week 9

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5.2

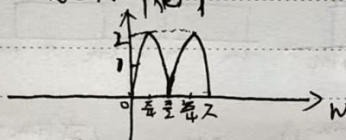
$$(a) \quad x[n] = \delta[n-1] + \delta[n+1], \quad X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (\delta[n-1] + \delta[n+1]) e^{-j\omega n} \\ = e^{-j\omega} + e^{j\omega} = 2\cos\omega$$

$$|X(e^{j\omega})| = 2|\cos\omega|, \quad T_0 = 2\pi$$



$$(b) \quad x[n] = \delta[n+2] - \delta[n-2], \quad X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (\delta[n+2] - \delta[n-2]) e^{-j\omega n} \\ = e^{j2\omega} - e^{-j2\omega} = 2j\sin 2\omega$$

$$|X(e^{j\omega})| = 2|\sin 2\omega|, \quad T_0 = \pi$$



$$5.5 \quad X(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} e^{j(\frac{3}{4}\omega)} & -\frac{\pi}{4} \leq \omega \leq \frac{\pi}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{\pi}{4} < \omega \leq \pi \end{cases} \Rightarrow X[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega \\ = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} e^{j(\frac{3}{4}\omega + \omega n)} d\omega \\ = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} e^{j\omega(n + \frac{3}{4})} d\omega \\ = \frac{1}{2\pi j(n + \frac{3}{4})} e^{j\omega(n + \frac{3}{4})} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \\ = \frac{1}{2\pi j(n + \frac{3}{4})} (e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}(n + \frac{3}{4})} - e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}(n + \frac{3}{4})}) \\ = \frac{1}{2\pi j(n + \frac{3}{4})} 2j \sin(\frac{\pi}{4}(n + \frac{3}{4})) \\ = \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}(n + \frac{3}{4}))}{\pi(n + \frac{3}{4})}$$

$$\text{So } x[n] = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}(n + \frac{3}{4}) = k\pi \quad (k \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{0\})$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 4k + \frac{3}{4} \quad (k \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{0\}) \Rightarrow \text{no integer } n \text{ satisfies.}$$

$$\text{When } n \rightarrow \infty, \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x[n] = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}(n + \frac{3}{4}))}{\pi(n + \frac{3}{4})} = 0, \text{ when } n \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ the same.}$$

So to get $x[n] = 0$, only we take $n \rightarrow \infty$ or $n \rightarrow -\infty$.

5.15 take $X(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} 1, & -W_c + 2\pi \leq \omega \leq W_c + 2\pi \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases} \Rightarrow x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-2\pi}^{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$
 $(k \in \mathbb{Z})$
 $= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-W_c}^{W_c} e^{j\omega n} d\omega$
 $= \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{1}{jn} e^{j\omega n} \Big|_{-W_c}^{W_c}$
 $= \frac{1}{2\pi j n} (e^{jW_c n} - e^{-jW_c n})$
 $= \frac{\sin W_c n}{\pi n}$

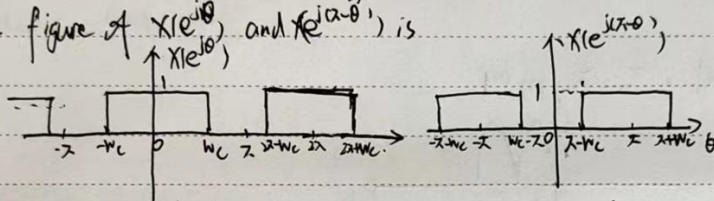
According to Multiplication property: $y[n] = x[n] * x[n]$

$$\Rightarrow Y(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) * X(e^{j\omega})$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-2\pi}^{2\pi} X(e^{j\theta}) X(e^{j(\omega-\theta)}) d\theta$$

$$\therefore Y(e^{j2}) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-2\pi}^{2\pi} X(e^{j\theta}) X(e^{j(2-\theta)}) d\theta$$

the figure of $X(e^{j\theta})$ and $X(e^{j(2-\theta)})$ is



$$\therefore Y(e^{j2}) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\int_{-W_c}^{W_c} d\theta + \int_{W_c}^{2+W_c} d\theta \right) & W_c \geq 2 \\ 0 & W_c < 2 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2\pi} (4W_c - 2\pi) & W_c \geq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0 & W_c < \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore Y(e^{j2}) = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} (4W_c - 2\pi) = \frac{1}{2}, W_c \geq \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow W_c = \frac{3}{4}\pi$$

5.21

a) $X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (u[n-2] - u[n-4]) e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} e^{-j\omega n} = \frac{e^{-j2\omega} (1 - e^{-j4\omega})}{1 - e^{-j\omega}}$
 $= \frac{e^{-j2\omega} - e^{-j6\omega}}{1 - e^{-j\omega}}$

b) $X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n-1] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} e^{-j\omega(n-1)} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n e^{-j\omega n} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} e^{-j\omega}}{1 - \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\omega}}$
 $= \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{2 - e^{-j\omega}}$

c) $X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n-2] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-2} e^{-j\omega(n-2)} = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n e^{-j\omega n} = \frac{\frac{1}{9} e^{-j2\omega}}{1 - \frac{1}{3} e^{-j\omega}}$
 $= \frac{e^{-j2\omega}}{9 - 3e^{-j\omega}}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (d) \quad X(e^{j\omega}) &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} 2^n \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right) e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} 2^n \cdot \frac{1}{2j} (e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}n} - e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}n}) e^{-j\omega n} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2j} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left[2^n e^{j(\frac{\pi}{4}-\omega)n} - 2^n e^{-j(\frac{\pi}{4}+\omega)n} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2j} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n e^{j(\omega-\frac{\pi}{4})n} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n e^{j(\omega+\frac{\pi}{4})n} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2j} \left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j(\omega-\frac{\pi}{4})}} - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j(\omega+\frac{\pi}{4})}} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2j - e^{j(\omega+\frac{\pi}{4})}} - \frac{1}{2j - e^{j(\omega+\frac{3\pi}{4})}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (e) \quad X(e^{j\omega}) &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}(n-1)\right) e^{-j\omega n} \\
 &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \left(e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}(n-1)} + e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}(n-1)} \right) \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\omega n} \\
 &+ \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \left(e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}(n-1)} + e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}(n-1)} \right) \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\omega n} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n e^{j(\omega-\frac{\pi}{8})n} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n e^{j(\omega+\frac{\pi}{8})n} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n e^{j(\omega-\frac{\pi}{8})n} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n e^{j(\omega+\frac{\pi}{8})n} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j(\omega-\frac{\pi}{8})}} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j(\omega+\frac{\pi}{8})}} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j(\omega-\frac{\pi}{8})}} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j(\omega+\frac{\pi}{8})}} \\
 &= \frac{e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{4 - 2e^{j(\omega-\frac{\pi}{8})}} + \frac{e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{4 - 2e^{j(\omega+\frac{\pi}{8})}} + \frac{e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{2 - e^{j(\frac{\pi}{8}-\omega)}} + \frac{e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{2 - e^{j(\omega+\frac{\pi}{8})}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (f) \quad X(e^{j\omega}) &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=-3}^3 n e^{-j\omega n} \text{ and } e^{j\omega} X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-3}^3 n e^{-j\omega(n+1)} \\
 &= \sum_{n=-2}^3 (n-1) e^{-j\omega n} + 3e^{-j\omega} \\
 \Rightarrow (e^{j\omega} - 1) X(e^{j\omega}) &= 3e^{-j\omega} - (-3)e^{j\omega} - \sum_{n=-2}^3 e^{-j\omega n} = 3e^{-j\omega} + 3e^{j\omega} - \frac{e^{j\omega}(1 - e^{-j\omega})}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} \\
 \Rightarrow X(e^{j\omega}) &= \frac{3e^{-j\omega} + 4e^{j\omega} - 4e^{-j\omega} - 3e^{j\omega}}{(1 - e^{-j\omega})^2} = \frac{-4e^{j\omega} + 3e^{-j\omega} - 4e^{j\omega} - 3e^{-j\omega}}{1 - e^{-j\omega}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (h) \quad x[n] &= \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}n\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}n\right) = \frac{1}{2j} e^{j\frac{\pi}{3}n} - \frac{1}{2j} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{3}n} + \frac{1}{2} e^{j\frac{\pi}{3}n} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{3}n} \\
 \Rightarrow X(e^{j\omega}) &= \frac{\pi}{j} b\left(\omega - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) - \frac{\pi}{j} b\left(\omega + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \pi b\left(\omega - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \pi b\left(\omega + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \quad \text{for } |\omega| < \pi
 \end{aligned}$$