

5.5 (10 * 2)

(a)

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n-1]e^{-j\omega n} + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n+1]e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$= e^{-j\omega} + e^{j\omega}$$

$$= 2 \cos \omega$$

$$|X(e^{j\omega})| = |2 \cos \omega|$$

(b)

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n+2]e^{-j\omega n} - \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n-2]e^{-j\omega n}$$

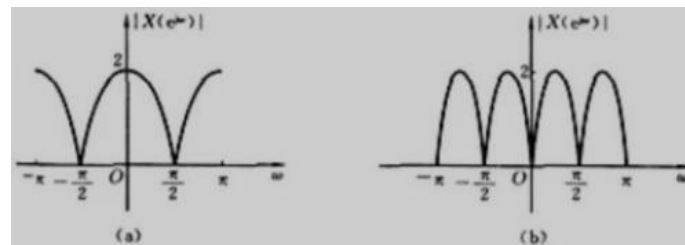
$$= e^{j2\omega} - e^{-j2\omega}$$

$$= 2j \sin 2\omega$$

$$|X(e^{j\omega})| = |2 \sin 2\omega|$$

3

3



Pic. 1

5.5 (20)

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} 1 \cdot e^{-j\frac{3}{2}\omega} \cdot e^{j\omega n} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} e^{j(n-\frac{3}{2})\omega} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{1}{j(n-\frac{3}{2})} e^{j(n-\frac{3}{2})\omega} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$= \frac{\sin[(n-\frac{3}{2})\frac{\pi}{4}]}{\pi(n-\frac{3}{2})}$$

$$= \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n - \frac{3\pi}{8})}{\pi(n-\frac{3}{2})}$$

3

$$\text{Let } \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n - \frac{3\pi}{8}\right) = 0$$

Thus $x[n] = 0$ when $n = 4k + \frac{3}{2}$, $k = \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$

Since n is integer, $n \neq 4k + 3/2$

$x[n] = 0$ only for $n = \pm\infty$

3

5.15 (20)

$$\text{Let } x[n] = \frac{\sin \omega_c n}{\pi n},$$

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = u(\omega + \omega_c) - u(\omega - \omega_c), \quad -\pi < \omega \leq \pi$$

$$Y(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} X(e^{j\theta}) X(e^{j(\omega-\theta)}) d\theta$$

If $2\omega_c \leq \pi$,

$$Y(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{2\pi}|\omega| + \frac{\omega_c}{\pi}, & 0 \leq |\omega| \leq 2\omega_c \\ 0, & 2\omega_c < |\omega| \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

$Y(e^{j\pi}) = 0$ not conform the question,

thus $2\omega_c > \pi$

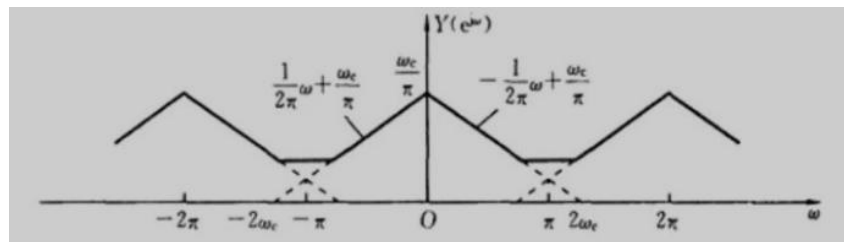
As shown in fig.2,

$$Y(e^{j\pi}) = 2 \left(-\frac{1}{2\pi} \times \pi + \frac{\omega_c}{\pi} \right) = -1 + \frac{2\omega_c}{\pi}$$

$$\text{Since } Y(e^{j\pi}) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{Thus } \omega_c = \frac{3}{4}\pi$$

3



Pic. 2

5.21 (5 * 7)

(a)

$$\begin{aligned} x[n] &= u[n-2] - u[n-6] \\ &= \delta[n-2] + \delta[n-3] + \delta[n-4] + \delta[n-5] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} X(e^{j\omega}) &= e^{-j2\omega} + e^{-j3\omega} + e^{-j4\omega} + e^{-j5\omega} \\ &= \frac{e^{-j2\omega}(1 - e^{-j4\omega})}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} \end{aligned}$$

2

(b)

$$x_1[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n-1] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u[n-1]$$

$$X_1(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = X_1(e^{-j\omega}) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}e^{i\omega}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j\omega}}$$

2

(c)

$$x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{|n|} u[-n-2] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-n} u[-n-2]$$

$$x_1[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n-2] = \frac{1}{9} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-2} u[n-2]$$

$$X_1(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{\frac{1}{9}e^{-j2\omega}}{1 - \frac{1}{3}e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$\text{Since } x[n] = x_1[-n], \quad X(e^{j\omega}) = X_1(e^{-j\omega}) = \frac{\frac{1}{9}e^{j2\omega}}{1 - \frac{1}{3}e^{j\omega}}$$

2

(d)

$$\begin{aligned} x_1[n] &= 2^{-n} \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}n\right) u[n] \\ &= -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right) u[n] \\ &= -\frac{1}{2j} \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)^n u[n] + \frac{1}{2j} \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)^* u[n] \end{aligned}$$

$$X_1(e^{j\omega}) = -\frac{1}{2j} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}e^{-j\omega}} + \frac{1}{2j} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$\text{Since } x[n] = x_1[-n],$$

$$\begin{aligned} X(e^{j\omega}) &= X_1(e^{-j\omega}) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2j} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}e^{j\omega}} + \frac{1}{2j} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}e^{j\omega}} \\ &= \frac{-\sqrt{2}e^{j\omega}}{4 - 2\sqrt{2}e^{j\omega} + e^{j2\omega}} \end{aligned}$$

2

(e)

Solution 1

$$x_1[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{|n|},$$

$$x_2[n] = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}(n-1)\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}n - \frac{\pi}{8}\right)$$

$$X_1(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}{1 - 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \cos \omega + \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{3}{5 - 4 \cos \omega}$$

$$X_2(e^{j\omega}) = \pi e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}} \delta\left(\omega - \frac{\pi}{8}\right) + \pi e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}} \delta\left(\omega + \frac{\pi}{8}\right), \quad -\pi < \omega \leq \pi$$

Thus

Thus

$$\begin{aligned} X(e^{j\omega}) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X_1(e^{j\theta}) X_2(e^{j(\omega-\theta)}) d\theta \\ &= \frac{\frac{3}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{5 - 4\cos(\omega - \frac{\pi}{8})} + \frac{\frac{3}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{5 - 4\cos(\omega + \frac{\pi}{8})} \end{aligned}$$

Solution 2

$$\begin{aligned} x[n] &= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{|n|} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}(n-1)\right) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}n - \frac{\pi}{8}\right) u[n] \\ &\quad + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} \cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{8}n + \frac{\pi}{8}\right) u[-n-1] \end{aligned}$$

$$x_1[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}n - \frac{\pi}{8}\right) u[n]$$

$$x_2[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}n + \frac{\pi}{8}\right) u[n-1]$$

Since

$$\begin{aligned} x_1[n] &= \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}} \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}}\right)^n u[n] + \frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}} \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}\right)^n u[n] \\ x_2[n] &= \frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}} \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}}\right)^n u[n-1] + \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}} \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}\right)^n u[n-1] \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}}\right)^{(n-1)} u[n-1] + \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}\right)^{(n-1)} u[n-1] \end{aligned}$$

then

$$\begin{aligned} X_1(e^{j\omega}) &= \frac{\frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}}e^{-j\omega}} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}e^{-j\omega}} \\ X_2(e^{j\omega}) &= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}}\right)^2 e^{-j\omega}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}}e^{-j\omega}} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}\right)^2 e^{-j\omega}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}e^{-j\omega}} \end{aligned}$$

Since

$$x[n] = x_1[n] + x_2[-n],$$

then

$$\begin{aligned} X(e^{j\omega}) &= X_1(e^{j\omega}) + X_2(e^{-j\omega}) \\ &= \frac{\frac{3}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{5 - 4\cos(\omega - \frac{\pi}{8})} + \frac{\frac{3}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}}}{5 - 4\cos(\omega + \frac{\pi}{8})} \end{aligned}$$

2

(f)

$$x[n] = -3\delta[n+3] - 2\delta[n+2] - \delta[n+1] + \delta[n-1] + 2\delta[n-2] + 3\delta[n-3]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 X(e^{j\omega}) &= -3e^{j3\omega} - 2e^{j2\omega} - e^{j\omega} + e^{-j\omega} + 2e^{-j2\omega} + 3e^{-j3\omega} \\
 &= -6 \cos 3\omega - 4 \cos 2\omega - 2 \cos \omega
 \end{aligned}$$

2

(h)

$$\begin{aligned}
 X(e^{j\omega}) &= j\pi \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} \left\{ \delta\left(\omega + \frac{5\pi}{3} - 2\pi l\right) - \delta\left(\omega - \frac{5\pi}{3} - 2\pi l\right) \right\} \\
 &\quad + \pi \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} \left\{ \delta\left(\omega + \frac{7\pi}{3} - 2\pi l\right) - \delta\left(\omega - \frac{7\pi}{3} - 2\pi l\right) \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 X(e^{j\omega}) &= j\pi \left\{ \delta\left(\omega - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) - \delta\left(\omega + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \right\} \\
 &\quad + \pi \left\{ \delta\left(\omega + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \delta\left(\omega - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \right\}, \quad -\pi < \omega \leq \pi
 \end{aligned}$$

2