

22.2.The Qal Active Participle Paradigm: Strong Verbs

Singular Plural

M	קָטֵל	קֹטְלִים
F	קֹטֶלֶת	קֹטְלוֹת
F	קֹטֶלֶה	

22.5.The Use of the Qal Active Participle.

22.5.1.Attributive Use.

To modify a noun, and must match the noun in gender, number, and definiteness.

הָעָם הַיֹּשֵׁב בְּאֶרֶץ

The people who dwell (who are dwelling) in the land.

הַמַּלְאָךְ הַדֹּבֵר בִּי

The angel who was speaking with me.

יְהוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ אֵשׁ אֹכֶלֶת

The LORD your God is a consuming fire.

22.5.2.Predicative Use.

Dose not directly modify a noun but rather asserts something about it and creates a predication 谓语, as in “the giant is sleeping ”.

וְהָהָר בֹּעֵר בָּאֵשׁ

And the mountain was burning with fire.

וּשְׁמוּאֵל שָׁכַב בְּהֵיכַל

And Samuel was lying down in the temple.

22.5.3.Substantive Use.

Be used independently as a noun, indicating the “one who” performs a certain action.

הַיּוֹשֵׁב בַּגַּנִּים

The one who dwells in the gardens.

וְלֹא יִישָׁן שׁוֹמֵר יִשְׂרָאֵל

And the one who keeps Israel will not sleep.

22.7.The Qal Passive Participle Paradigm.

Passive Participle

Singular Plural

M קָטוּלִים קָטוּל

F קָטוּלוֹת קָטוּלָה

22.9.The use of the Qal Passive Participle.

22.9.1.Attributive Use.

הַבְּרִית הַכְּתוּבָה בְּסֵפֶר הַתּוֹרָה הַזֶּה

the covenant written in the book of the law

וַיִּבֶן אֶת־כָּל־הַחוֹמָה הַפְּרוּצָה

(And) he (re)built all of the broken wall.

22.9.2.Predicative Use.

בָּרוּךְ יְהוָה לְעוֹלָם

Blessed is the LORD forever.

בָּרוּךְ הַגֵּבֶר אֲשֶׁר יִבְטַח בִּיהוָה

Blessed is the man who trusts(will trust) in the LORD.

בָּרוּךְ הַבָּא בְּשֵׁם יְהוָה

Blessed is he who comes in the name of the LORD.

אָרוּרָה הָאֲדָמָה בְּעִבּוּרְךָ

Cursed is the ground because of you.

22.9.3.Substantive Use.

וַתֵּתְלֹץ יַעֲבֹר לִפְנֵי אָרוֹן יְהוָה

And the one equipped(for battle) will pass before the ark of the LORD.

וַתִּפְּלוּ יַחַת הַרוּגִים

And they will fall among the slain ones.