

5. show $\underline{P} = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \underline{F}} = \underline{U} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_1} & & \\ & \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_2} & \\ & & \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_3} \end{pmatrix} \underline{V}^T$

$$P_{ij} = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial F_{ij}} = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_k} \frac{\partial \sigma_k}{\partial F_{ij}} = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_k} \frac{\partial (U_{km}^T F_{mn} V_{nk})}{\partial F_{ij}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_k} U_{km}^T V_{nk} \delta_{mi} \delta_{nj}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_k} U_{ki}^T V_{jk}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_k} U_{ik} V_{kj}^T = U_{ik} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_k} V_{kj}^T = \left[\underline{U} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_1} & \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_2} & \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \sigma_3} \end{pmatrix} \underline{V}^T \right]_{ij}$$