

Bring to Structure to Green Fluorescent Protein

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Abstract

About 50 years ago, the wild type green fluorescent protein(wtGFP) was discovered by scientists. Then wtGFP are transferred and expressed in animal. New and enhanced green fluorescent protein were created by mutasis. Now more and more different green fluorescent protein(GFP) variants are developed and used in different experiments. In order to draw a picture between function and structure, we will review the classical and some popular GFP variants. We will focus on how the structure dependent the parameters of fluorescent.

Introduction

In 1962, Osamu Shimomura noticed that a kind of jelly has the fluorescent. Then the results of fluorescent was found out and wtGFP was isolated from jelly. At about 1992, scientists found out the GFP gene, then GFP was expressed in *C. elegans* by Martin Chalfie in the first time. After the crystal structure of GFP was solved, Roger Y.Tsien and other scientists developed more brightness, colorful GFP variants.

Based on above work, biologists use various fluorescent protein in research. Fluorescent protein are efficient genetic markers, indicators inside cell, even contribution to the super resolution microscopy.

Each fluorescent protein has unique fluorescent property. Firstly, we based on the classical wild type green fluorescent protein to find out how it form and provide fluorescence. Then, by comparing different mutasis green fluorescent protein variants, we try to find what is the major to change the fluorescent parameters.

The Structure and Formation of wtGFP

wtGFP contains 11 strands of β -sheets, a α -helix caps which running through the center and fluorophore in the center. In nature condiction, wtGFP exists in the form of dimer. In cell, wtGFP is produced in ..., and composed in ..., and transfer to The β -barrel is formed by the process

The fluorophore is key part in wtGFP, which is result after cyclization and oxygenation by catalyzed by β -barrel. The detail is ...

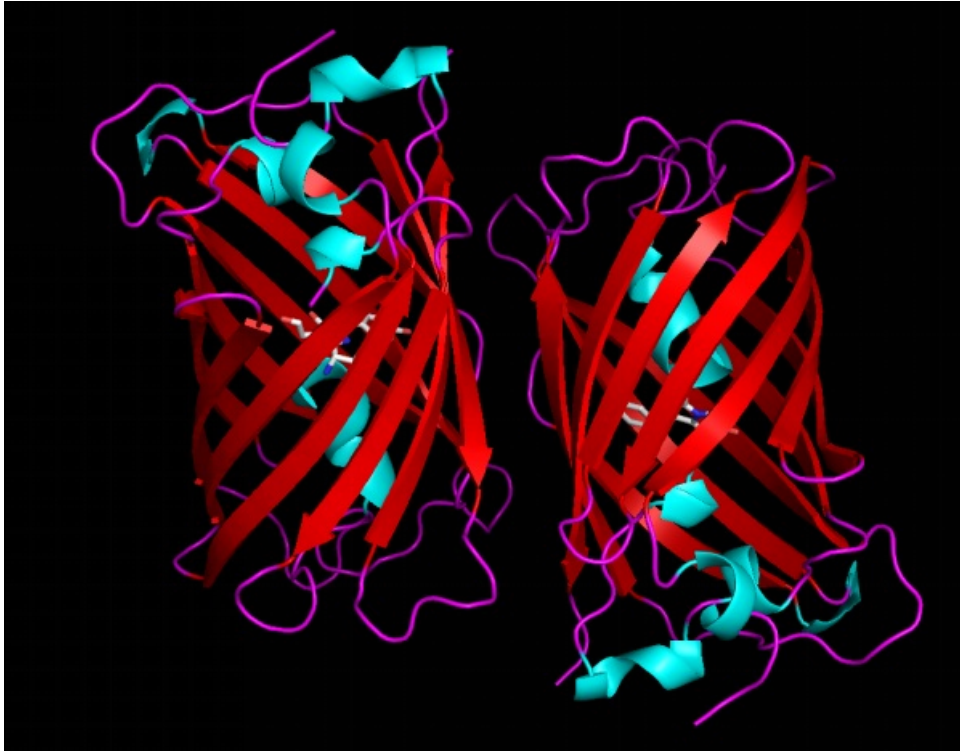


Figure 1. The structure of wtGFP(PDB: 1GFL)

The Generation of Fluorescence

How the structure change the parameter of light

Summary

References