

Assignments of Chapter 18

BY YUEJIAN MO

March 27, 2018

1 18.1

2 18.2

(1)

$$\int_{\Sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{(1+x+y)^2} = \int_{\Sigma_1} \frac{d}{(1+x+y)^2} + \int_{\Sigma_2} \frac{d}{(1+x+y)^2} + \int_{\Sigma_3} \frac{d}{(1+x+y)^2} + \int_{\Sigma_4} \frac{d}{(1+x+y)^2} = \int_0^1 dx \int$$

3 18.3

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{\Sigma} \mathbf{F}(x, y, z) d\sigma &= \iint \mathbf{F} = \iint (P \circ r, Q \circ r, R \circ r) = \int \int_{\Sigma} P dy dx + Q dx dz + R dx dy = \\ &\pm \int \int_{Dx \times y} \mathbf{F} \circ \mathbf{r} \cdot (\mathbf{r}_u \times \mathbf{r}_v) du dv \end{aligned}$$

$$nd\sigma = \pm(\mathbf{r}_u \times \mathbf{r}_v) du dv$$

1.(1)

$$= \frac{1}{3} \int \int_{\Sigma} x^4$$

1.(2)

$$\int \int_{\Sigma} (xz, yz, x^2) \cdot \left(\frac{x}{a}, \frac{y}{a}, \frac{z}{a} \right) d\sigma = \frac{1}{a} \int \int (x^2 z + y^2 z + x^2 z) d\sigma = 0$$

1.(3)

$$= \int_{\Sigma} (f(x) \cos \alpha)$$

1.(4)

$$x = a \sin$$

1.(5)

$$\int \int_{\Sigma} (y-z, z-x, x-y) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+y}}, \frac{y}{(x)}, 1 \right) dx dy dz = \frac{1}{2^{0.5}} \int \int_{Dxy} (y-x)$$

1.(6)

$$\mathbf{n}_1 = \cdot$$

4 18.4 Gauss Formula and Stokes Formula

3.

Prove: