



# Aurubis Coil Analysis

PRESENTATION



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Xuanhe Xu, Sifeng Zhu, Runhao Zheng



# Agenda

## **PART 01** Project Overview - Designs

Jiangcheng Lin

## **PART 02** DA - Key Findings

Kaili Tan

## **PART 03** Yield Pattern & Dashboard

Sifeng Zhu

## **PART 04** PA - Key Findings

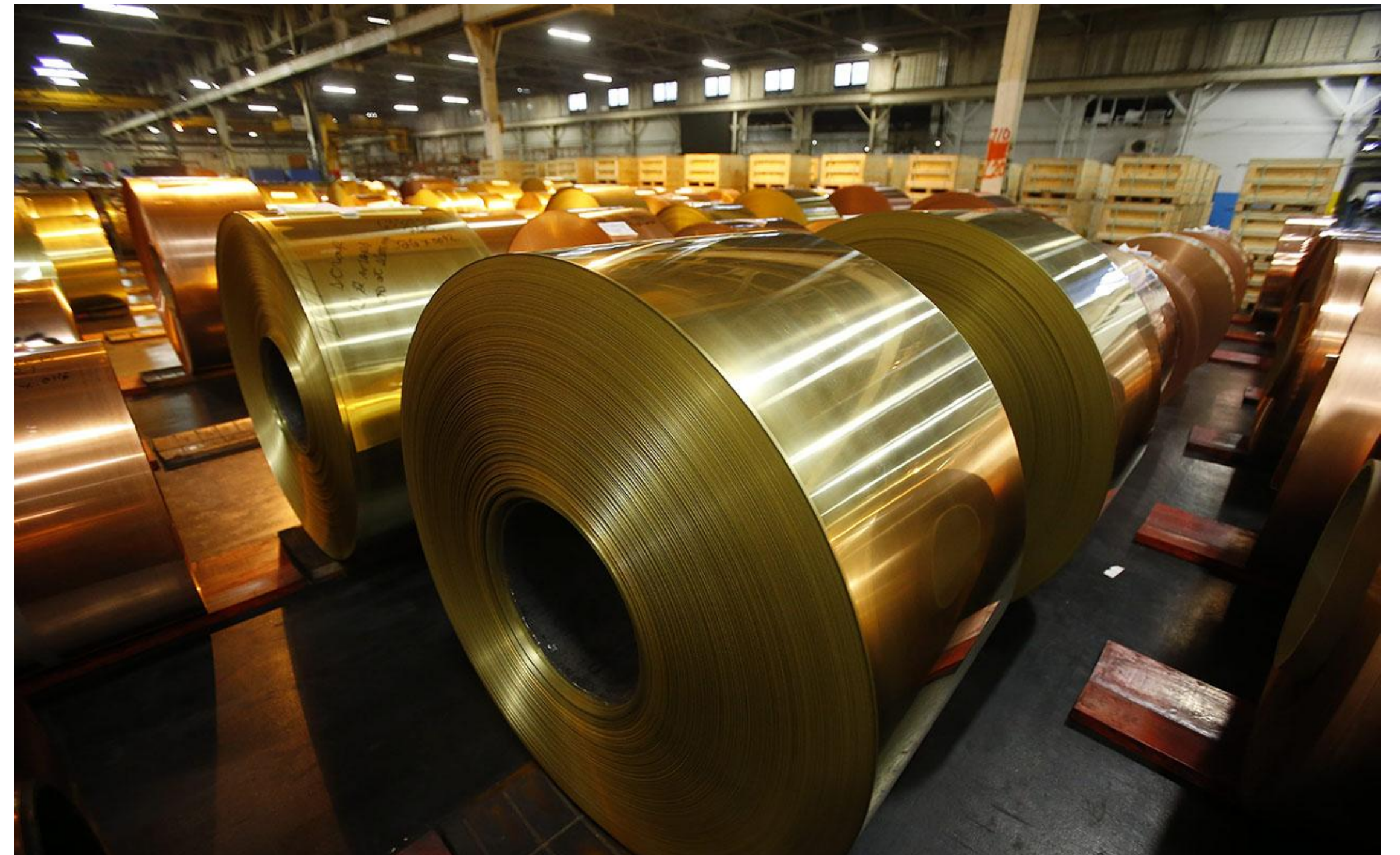
Xuanhe Xu

## **PART 05** Model Prediction

Ze Long

## **PART 06** Interface and Recommendation

Runhe Zheng





# Project Design

3



## Project Mandate

### Yield Improvement

Improving **accuracy** of standard yield.



## Analytic Need

**Descriptive Analytics**  
Yield Pattern across Key Features

**Predictive Analytics**  
yield pattern, Main drivers



## Data Design

**Data Capture**  
Order Detail  
Operational Coil History

**Data Preparation**  
EDA, FEA



## Analysis

Tableau Dashboard  
Creation

**ML - Model Building**  
Random Forest, Ridge  
Lasso



## Action

Data Warehouse

Operation  
Simplification  
Yield Control



# Descriptive Analysis

The goal of the analyzation is to provide:

- Product summary
  - Material and its production utilization
  - Operation yield by sequence
- Production detail
  - Detailed summary of production utilization on order bases



# Key Findings for DA

- Product

| Width in **25-30**, Alloy **260** : **11,333** ½ of total

| Yield Range : 90% - 100%

| Top 5 Operation Use: **50, 60, 30, 40, 70**

| Most Efficiency Performance: **60, 70, 80, 90, 100**

- Production Detail

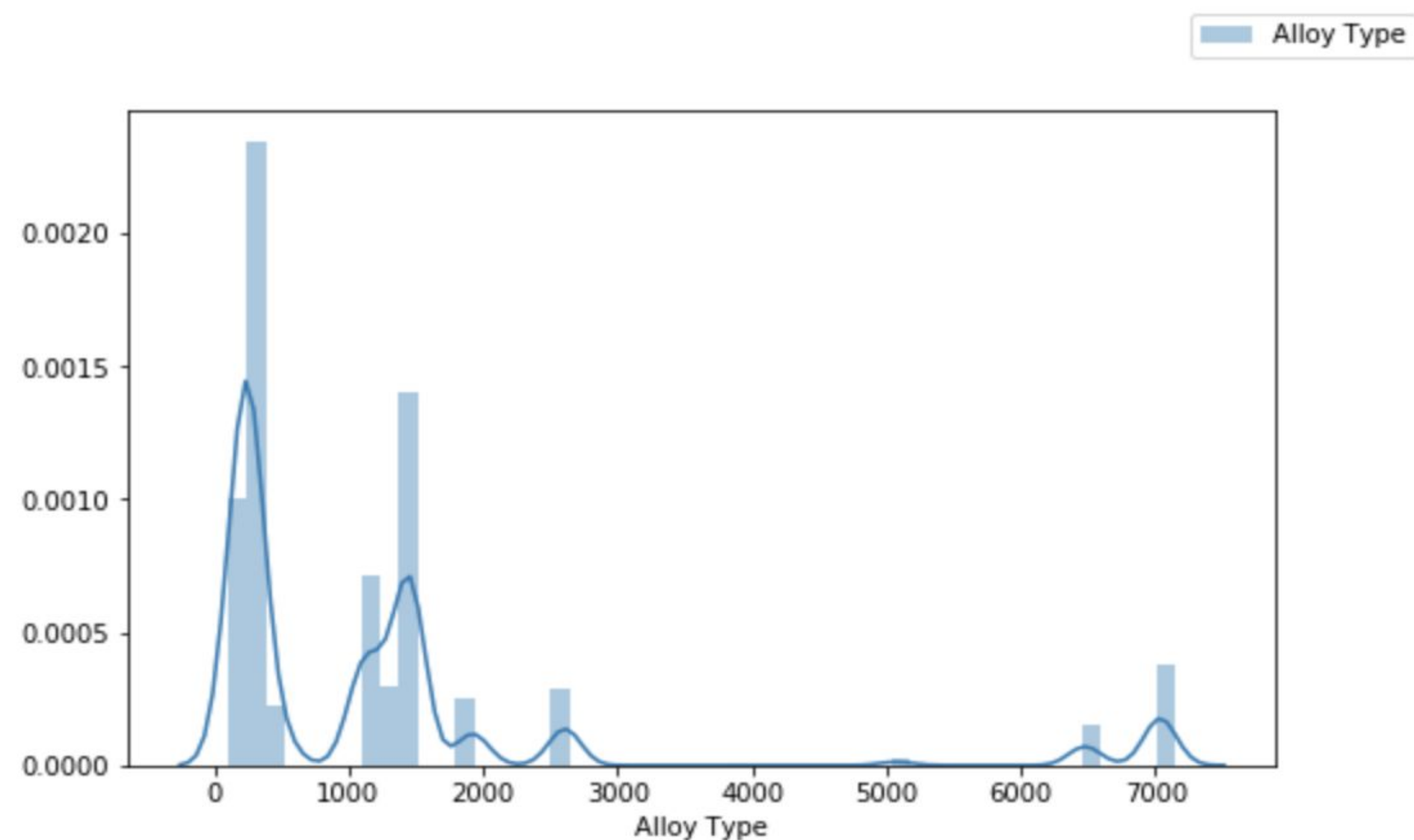
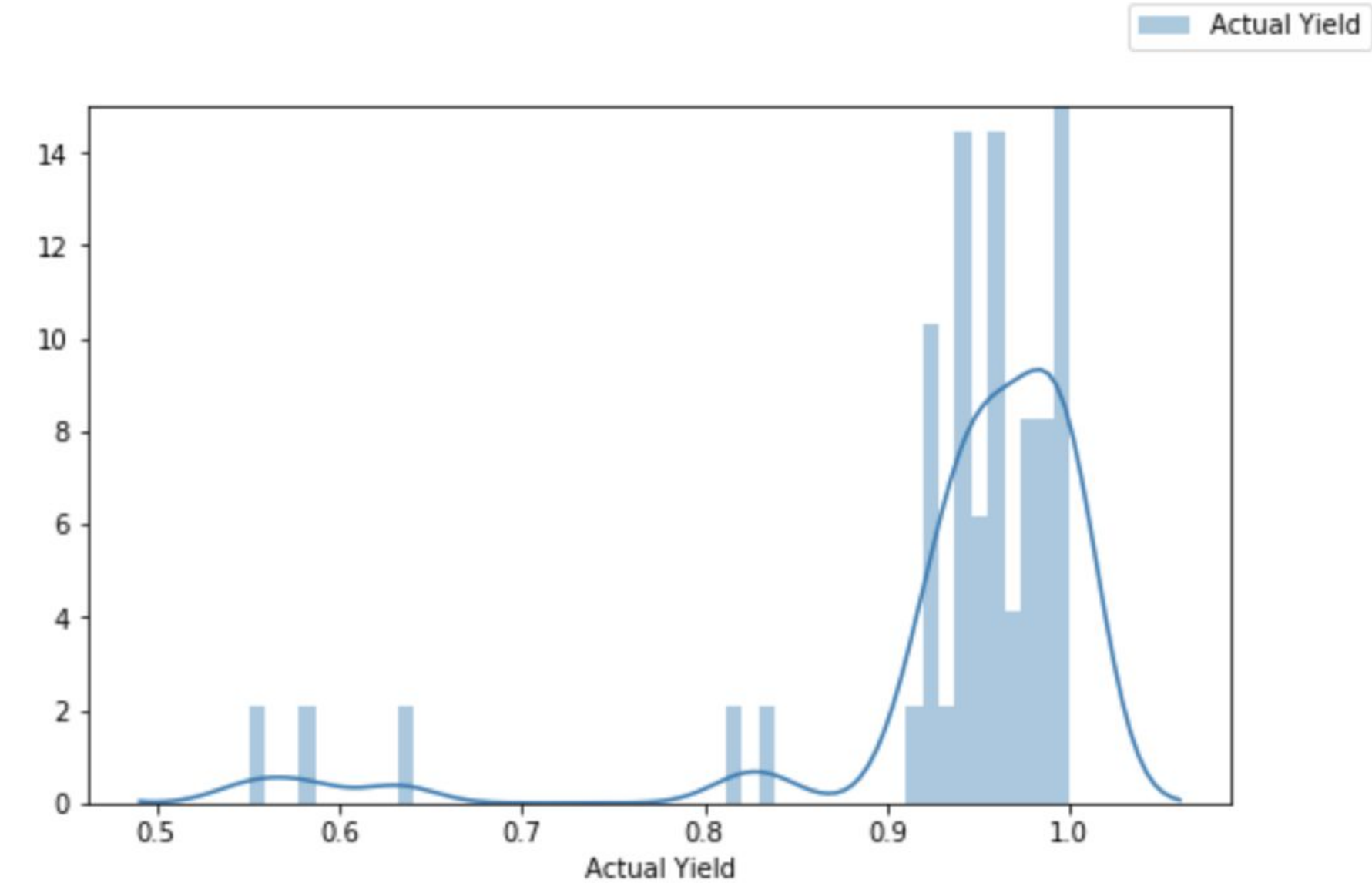
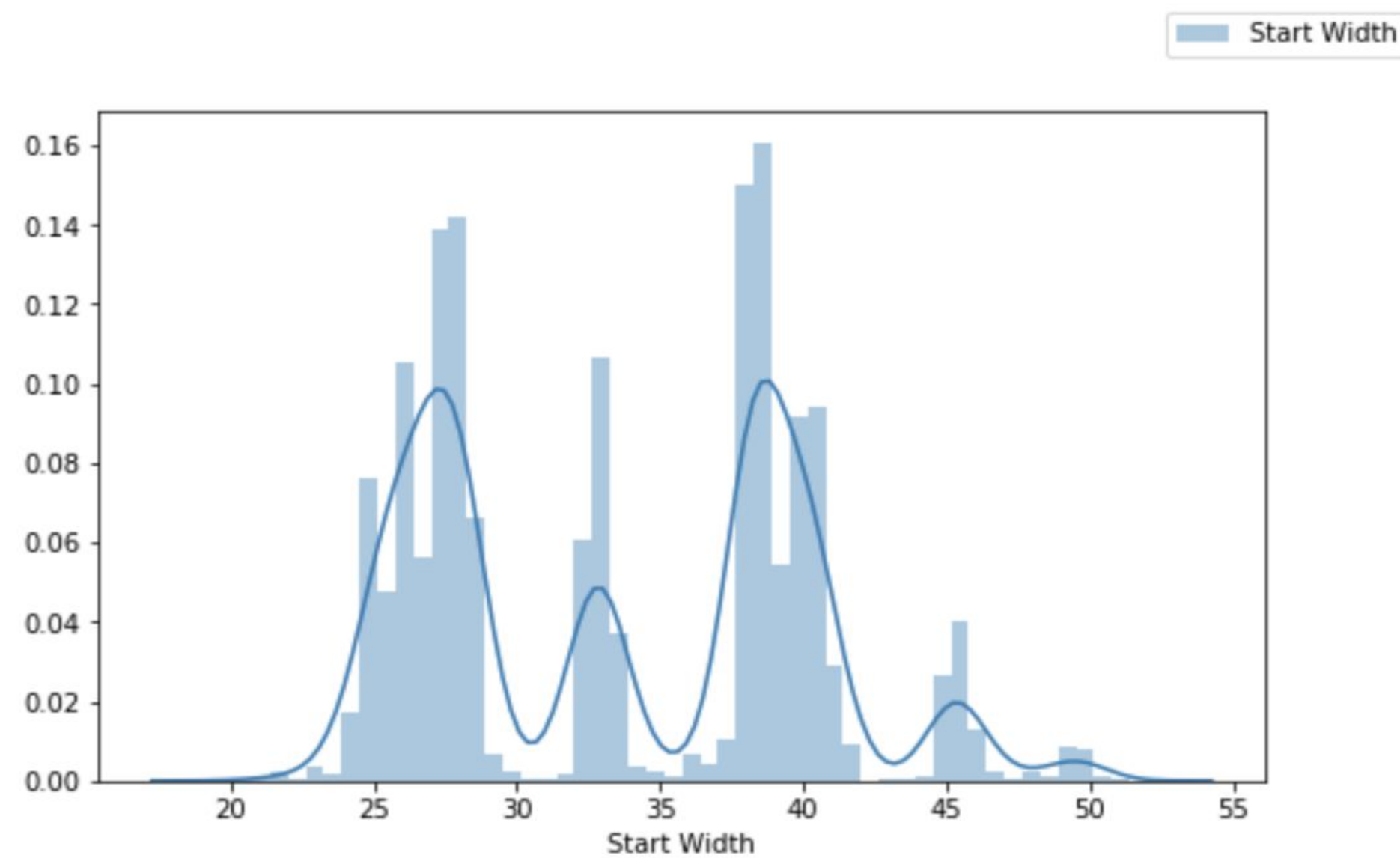
| Machine 27, 46, 47, 77 are performing close to standards

| Machine 133, 134, 147, 148, 36, 613 are constantly under performance

| The average value of actual yield is around **90%**.



# Product & Yield

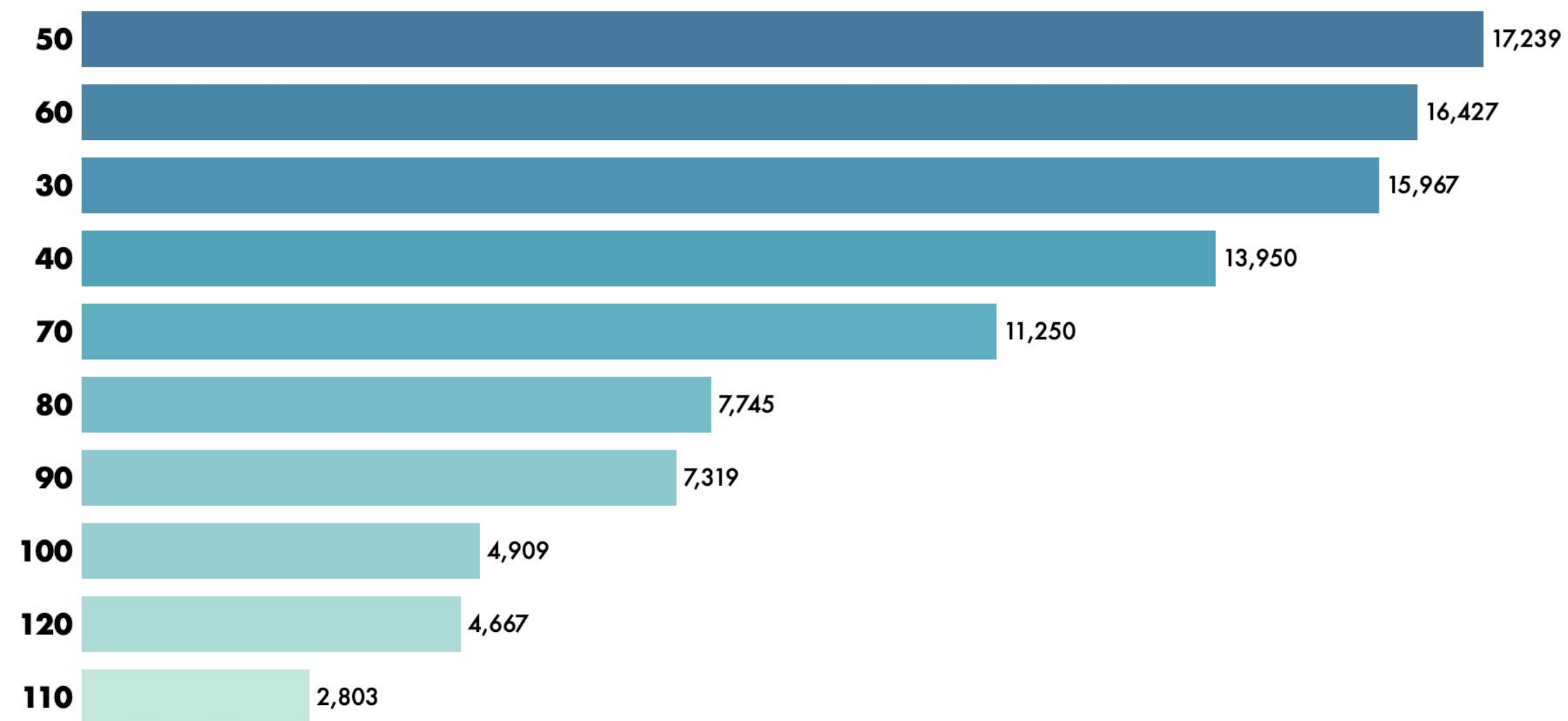


- Coil Start Width has most high frequency in **25 - 30** inches, 35 - 40 is the next.
- Coil production tend to use low number type of alloy (**0 - 1000**).
- The common yield range : **90% - 100 %**
- Highest output product: width 25-30 inches, alloy 260. ½ of total production

# Operation & Yield

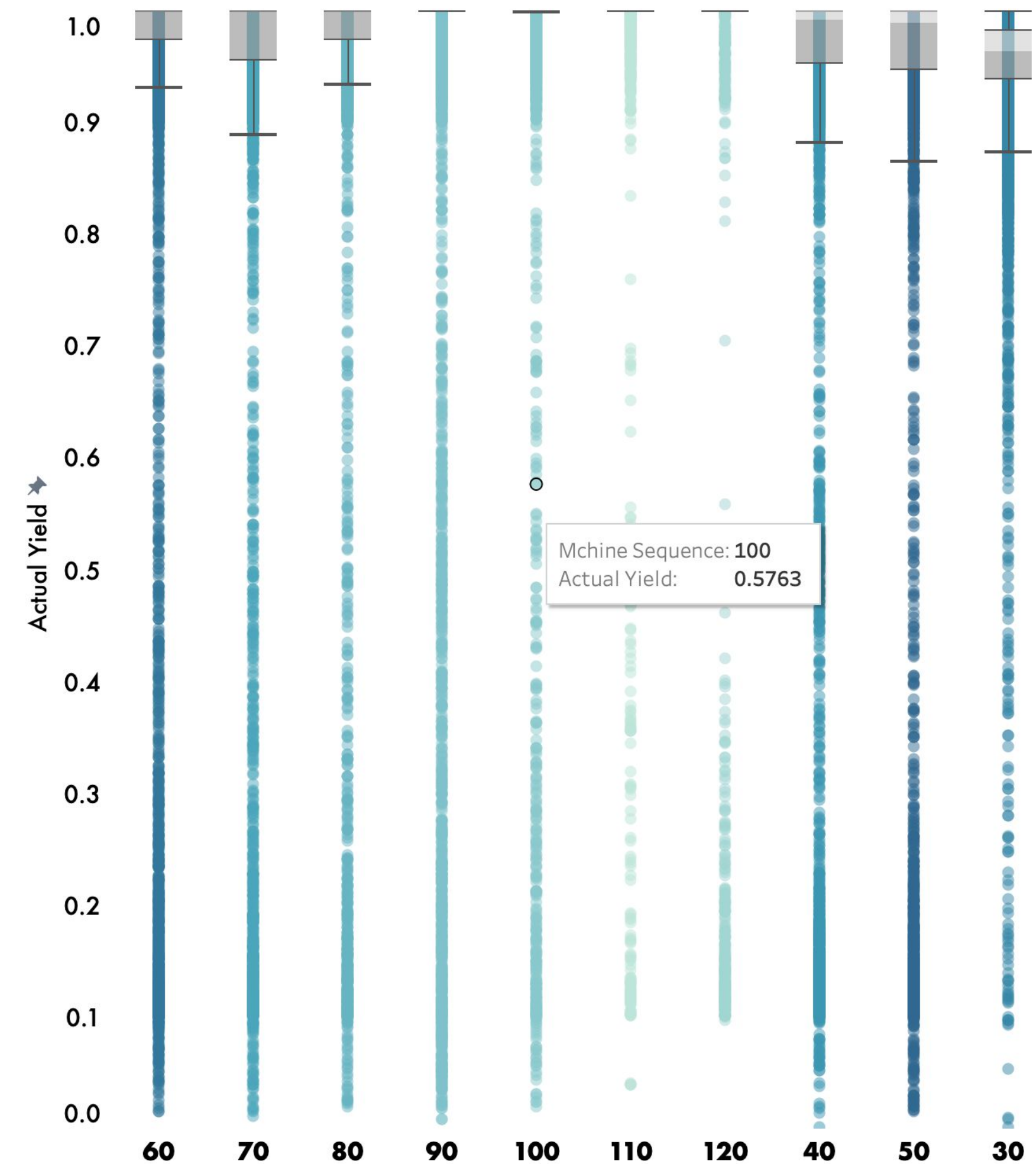
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Top 10 Operation Use



- Operation 50, 60 - operated by 20 machines, main procedure - IN, CR, AN, SL
- Operation 30 - operated by 10 machines, main procedure - IN, CR
- Operation 60, 70, 80 tend to have best yield efficiency

Yield Distribution Of Top 10 Operation



# Product Description



**Granularity** : Identify the frequency and production efficiency of product applied within orders.



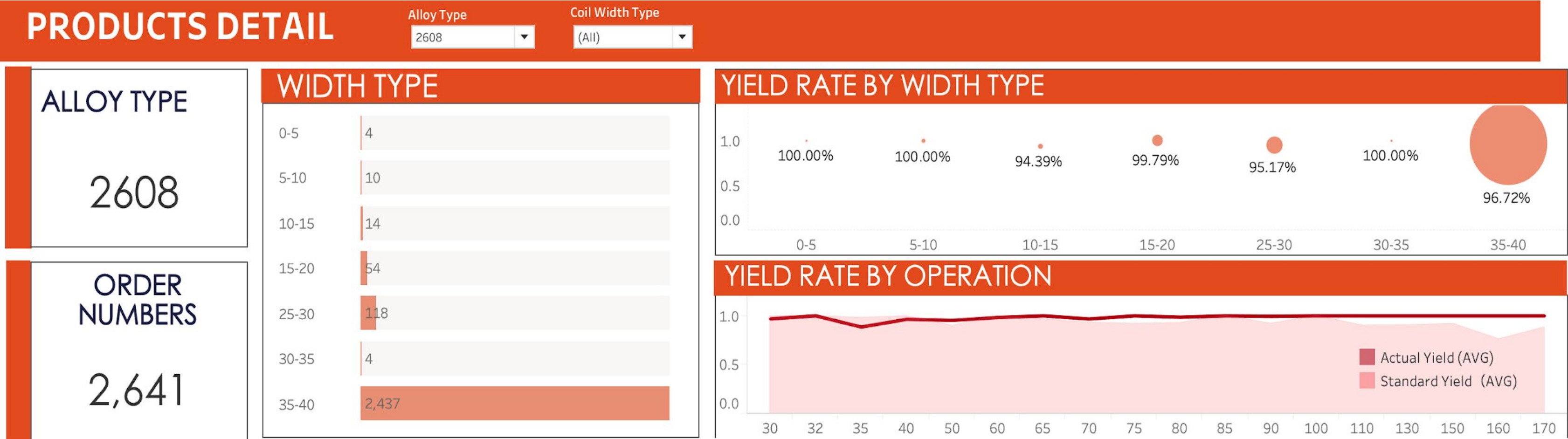
**Area and trend** : The production yield of the production sequence within the alloy type.



**Bars** : The frequency of different width type applied within the order.



**Bubbles** : The combination of production yield and width frequency applied.





# Order Detail



**Granularity** : In our data warehouse, we decided to present the data for each machine.



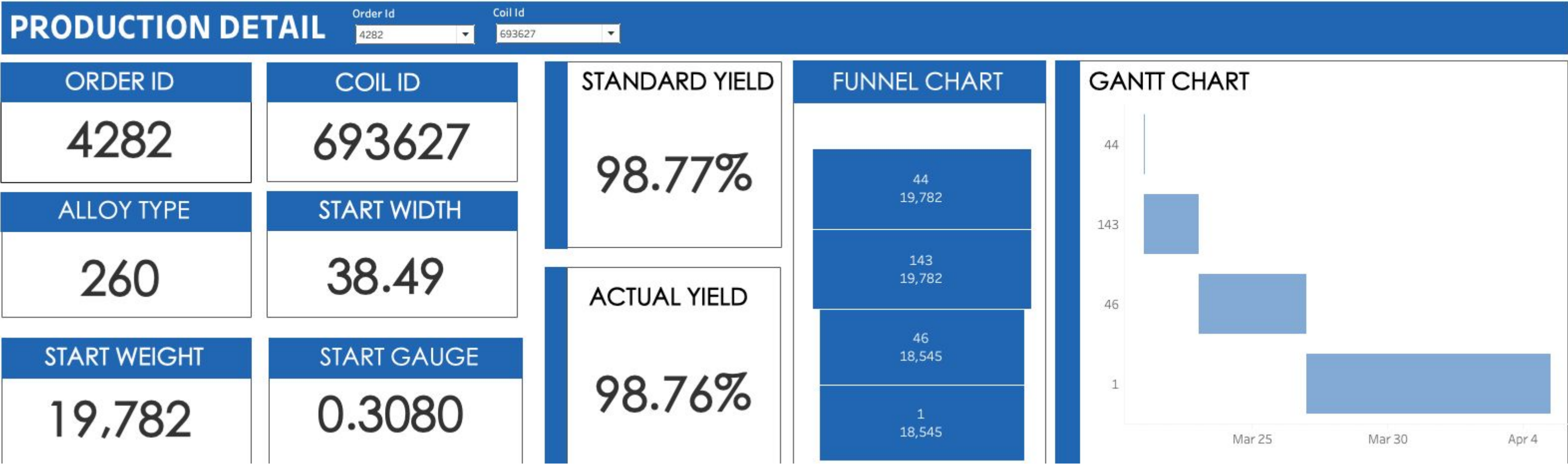
**Funnel Chart** : We also want to figure out how the weight loss for each machine.



**Gantt Chart** : We also want to figure out how the machine planing for each coil.



**Yield Pattern** : We also compared the actual yield with the standard yield.



Some examples about how to use our dashboard



# Predictive Analysis

- Predictive Goal:
  - Predict the yield, by the combination of alloy, density, cast width, gauge, weight and specific time
  - Picked main drivers by checking the feature importance.
- Predictive Tools:
  - Random Forest
  - Ridge
  - Lasso



# Key Findings for PA

- Feature importance

Important Variables: start weight, start gauge, start width, start Date\_Day, start Date\_Week.

Start weight is the most important.

- Model Selection

Ridge regression is the optimal model.

Less around 40% more MSE than the MSE between standard yield and actual yield.

Width the best evaluating estimator  $\alpha = 0.01155$  from using the Cross Validation.

There's no significant difference in performance of the regression models we used.



# Feature Engineering

preparation for predictive analysis

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## Date Variable:

Create new features including year, month, week, day, day of week, isWeekend

## Null Values:

Drop row containing NA

## Outliers:

Limit the standard yield to no more than 1

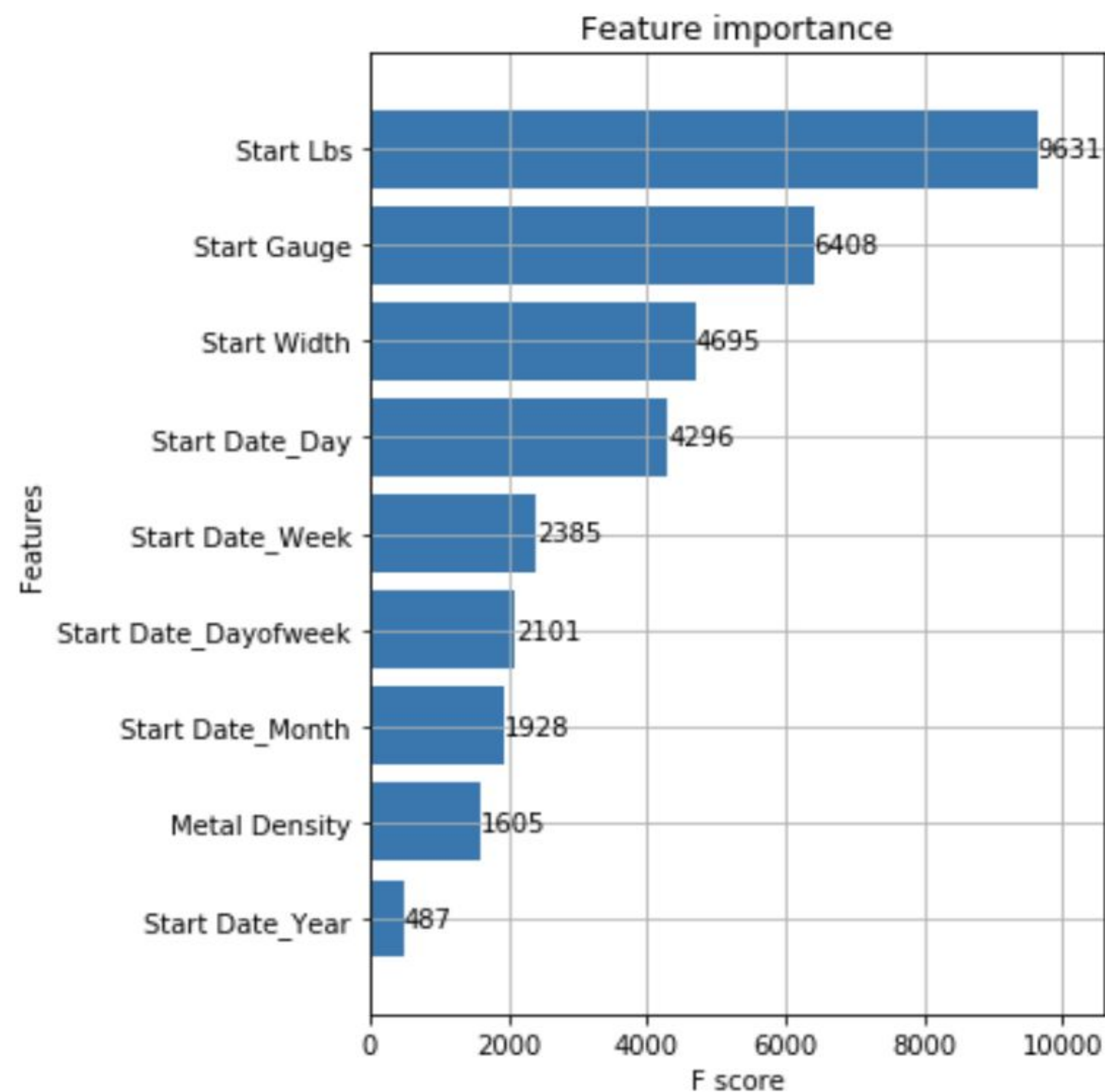
## Categorical variable:

get dummies of the categorical variables



# Feature Importance

Select important features



Top 3 Important features:

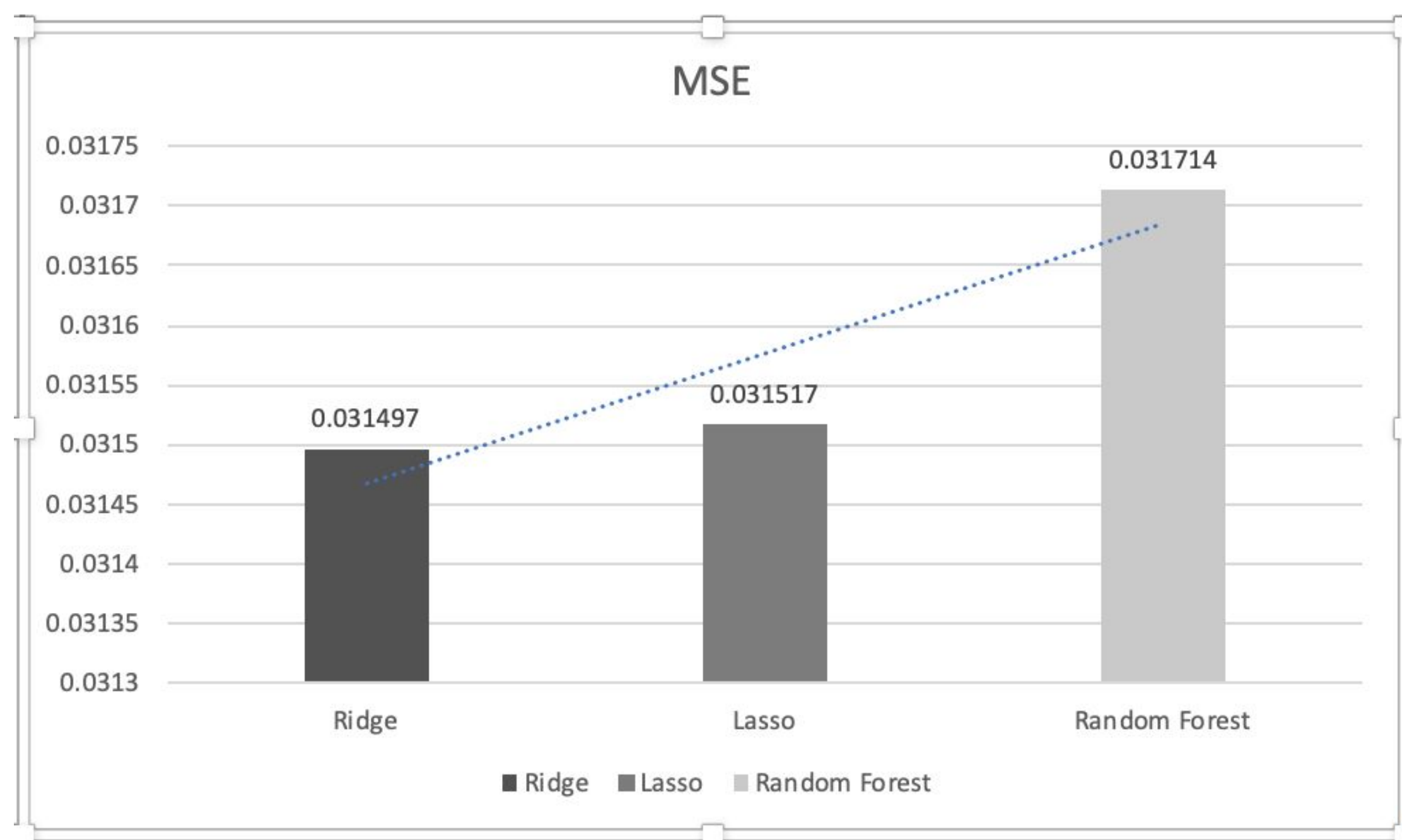
- Start Weight (LBS)
- Start Gauge
- Start Width



# Model Selection

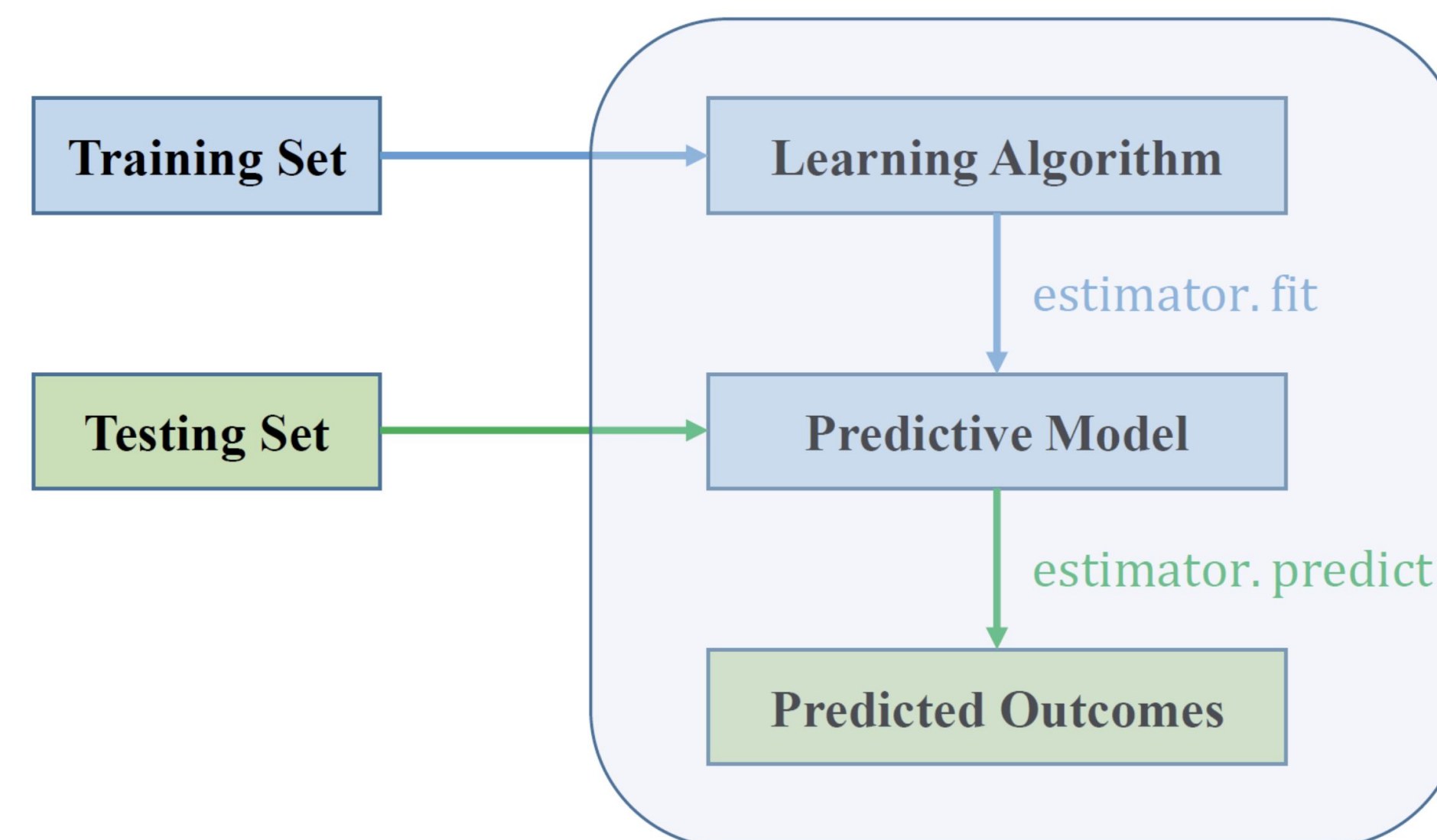
## Models & MSE

- ➔ Ridge Regression: 0.031497
- Lasso Regression: 0.031517
- Random Forest: 0.031714



## Finding the Best Evaluation Estimator:

- Cross Validation
- Model Hyperparameter Tuning





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Metal Density

0.31

0.001.00

Start Gauge

0.09

0.001.00

Start Width

38.43

0.0060.00

Start Lbs

19590

033000

Start Date\_Year

2019

20002100

Start Date\_Month

3

112

Start Date\_Day

28

131

# Aurubis Yield Prediction Model

☒ Show dataframe

	Gauge	Start Width	Start Lbs	Actual Yield	Standard Yield	Start Date
0	1.2500	38.4100	20989	0.9628	0.9957	Mar 27, 2019
1	1.0905	38.4100	20209	1	0.9949	Mar 27, 2019
2	1.0905	38.4100	20209	1	0.8384	Mar 28, 2019
3	1.0905	38.4300	19590	1	0.9949	Mar 27, 2019
4	1.0905	38.4300	19590	1	0.8384	Mar 28, 2019
5	1.0905	38.4500	20564	1	0.9949	Mar 27, 2019
6	1.0905	38.4500	20564	1	0.8384	Mar 28, 2019
7	1.2500	38.7300	21476	0.9394	0.9969	Mar 23, 2019
8	1.0643	38.7300	20175	1	1	Mar 23, 2019
9	1.0643	38.7300	20175	1	0.8512	Mar 25, 2019
10	1.2500	38.8300	21163	0.9357	0.9969	Apr 11, 2019

Choose a row of information in the dataset (0~90652):

4

Which algorithm?

Ridge

Yield Prediction: 0.9567

Average Yield Prediction: 0.9542

Mean Squared Error: 0.03503

# Yield Prediction

Over Time Performances



Used historical data to construct machine-learning models and built a user-friendly interface.



Using slide bars on the left panel to input values.



Choosing a model and making a prediction.





# Recommendation

Improve and Grow

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16

## General Data:

- Inconsistent data recording
- Duplicated data
- Outliers

## Suggestion

- Restructure the data into a data warehouse to increase the usage efficiency

## Descriptive:

- Detail overview of historical production
  - Order detail, performance, & machine historical production
  - Regular maintenance for underperformed machines

## Predictive:

- Customized production predictive model
  - Less MSE to achieve more sufficient yield estimation
  - Recommend to use our model with a higher accuracy





# THANK YOU

.....  
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